

Our Ref: 18/305

Mr Darren Walsh Chair Environmental Protection Authority 8 Davidson Terrace JOONDALUP WA 6027

To Mr Walsh,

SOUTH THOMSON DEVELOPMENT BARGE LANDING - SECTION 40(2)(a) REFERRAL - NOTICE REQUIRING INFORMATION FOR ASSESSMENT

Please see the below responses to the Notice Requiring Information for Assessment dated 14 January 2025.

If you have any questions, please contact David Pond, Environment Compliance and Approvals Coordinator – david.pond@dbca.wa.gov.au.

Yours sincerely

Jason Banks

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

17 March 2025

Schedule 1 – Additional information requested

Item	EPA Comments and Required Actions	RIA Response
1.	The EPA's ability to consider whether its environmental objectives are met is improved when it is provided with information about proposed environmental outcomes or information about residual environmental impacts, rather than just being provided with measures to minimise or manage impacts. An environmental outcome, in the context of EIA, is the state of the environment at a point in time during implementation or after a proposal has been implemented (see Interim guidance - environmental outcomes and outcome-based conditions). Note that:	Environmental outcomes have been revised. Please refer to revised Environmental Referral Document (ERD). Monitoring has been revised in
	 Residual impacts are the impact/s of a proposal that are expected to remain after the application of the mitigation hierarchy. 	accordance with the changes to environmental outcomes. Please refer to revised DEMMP (ERD Appendix O),
	 Environmental outcomes are the state of the environment at a point in time during implementation or after a proposal has been implemented. 	CEMP (ERD Appendix P) and OEMP (ERD Appendix Q). 3. Environmental outcomes are
	Action:1. Develop and propose environmental outcomes that are considered achievable during construction and operation of the proposal consistent with the EPA's guidance.	considered to have been provided for all environmental values.
	Describe monitoring to be undertaken that is robust and capable of substantiating whether the environmental outcomes have been achieved.	
	 Where environmental outcomes are not practical for an environmental value, provide a justification as to why not, and propose an environmental objective and describe how the objective will be achieved, monitored and substantiated. 	
2.	The supporting document specifies that EMPs have been developed to address various environmental matters during the construction and operation of the proposal. The proponent should note the EPA's preference is for outcomes-based conditions rather than EMPs.	The EMPs have been revised to address this item. Please refer to relevant items below regarding EMPs (items 3, 4, 5, 6).
	Conditioned EMPs may be appropriate where impacts to environmental values may be significant without particular management measures in place, and where outcome-based conditions are not practical (refer to item 1). Generally, where proponents have proposed environmental outcomes (consistent with EPA guidance), then they should include details about whether and how proposed environmental outcomes can be assured by conditions, monitoring (via EMPs) or other statutory decision-making processes.	
	In determining whether an EMP is appropriate, the proponent should also have particular regard to the outcome-based EMPs section of the EPA's <u>Instructions: How to prepare EP Act Part IV environmental management plans</u> . Outcome-based EMPs are performance-based. They should focus on monitoring and evaluating specific measurable outcomes and are typically driven by trigger and threshold criteria. Outcome-based EMPs are not prescriptive about management practices, allowing opportunities for proponents to be pragmatic and innovative about how to achieve the environmental outcomes, including those set in outcomes-based conditions of Ministerial Statements.	
	Additional guidance from EPA services can be provided during the revision of the OEMP and DEMMP if required.	

	Action: Refer to items 3, 4, 7 and 8 below for specific matters related to EMPs.	
3.	To fully address the EPA's <u>Technical Guidance - Protection of Benthic Communities and Habitats</u> , the following actions will need to be undertaken:	The OEMP has been revised to address this item. Please refer to revised OEMP (ERD Appendix Q).
	Action:	The DEMMP and OEMP have been
	 Update the OEMP to include methods and monitoring protocols capable of determining actual impacts to BCH (seagrass) during the operational phase of the proposal. The monitoring must include an evaluation against the predicted losses to determine if the proposed BCH outcomes are being achieved. Proposed methods and monitoring are to be developed in accordance with the framework in <u>Technical Guidance - Protection of Benthic Communities and Habitats</u>. 	revised to address this item. Please refer to the revised DEMMP (ERD Appendix O) and OEMP (ERD Appendix Q).
	2. BCH monitoring should align with water and sediment quality monitoring as outlined in item 5.	
4.	To ensure sufficient information is provided to assess coastal processes and is consistent with the requirements of the Environmental Factor Guideline - Coastal Processes , the following actions will need to be undertaken.	Environmental outcomes have been revised to address this. Please refer to revised ERD.
	Action:	Please refer to CHRMAP prepared by
	 Review and revise environmental outcomes relating to Coastal Processes with a particular emphasis on sediment and seagrass wrack accumulation (refer to item 1). 	Baird (2025) (ERD Appendix W) that addresses this item.
	2. Provide estimated volumes of seagrass wrack and sediment material that is likely to be trapped as a result of the proposal. The South Thomson Bay Barge Development- Coastal Processes Assessment (Baird 2024) suggests a potential increase in sediment and seagrass wrack on the eastern side, however no specific quantities were provided to support this claim.	 3. The OEMP has been revised to address this item. Please refer to revised OEMP (ERD Appendix Q). 4. The peer review comments have been addressed via the revision of these
	3. Update the OEMP to include monitoring for sediment and wrack accumulation with management actions should realised volumes exceed predictions, or the coastal process environmental outcomes are not achieved (refer to item 2).	reports which are included as Appendix D and F of the ERD. One comment (#12) on the Dredge Plume
	4. Describe how matters raised in <i>RIA Peer Review of Dredge Plume Modelling and Coastal Processes Reports</i> (RPS 2024c) have been considered and addressed. The supporting document does not clearly outline if comments provided by RPS in the peer review have been addressed.	Modelling report required RPS to re- check Baird's response to the comment, which has been closed out by RPS. Refer to Attachment 1 of this
	5. Provide a site-specific Coastal Hazard Risk Management and Adaptation Plan (CHRMAP). The CHRMAP framework, as outlined in State Planning Policy no. 2.6, includes Schedule One, which provides guidance on estimating the impact of coastal erosion and inundation hazards.	letter. 5. Please refer to CHRMAP prepared by Baird (2025) (ERD Appendix W).
5.	To fully address the EPA's <u>Technical Guidance - Protecting the Quality of WA Marine Environment</u> and <u>Technical Guidance - EIA of Marine Dredging Proposals</u> , the following actions will need to be undertaken.	Environmental outcomes have been revised. Please refer to revised ERD.
	1. With reference to item 1, review and revise the environmental outcomes relating to marine environmental quality to ensure risks, including sediment toxicants and water quality during the construction and operational	 Environmental outcomes have been revised to address this item. Please refer to revised ERD. The DEMMP and OEMP have been revised to address these points.

- environmental outcomes, have regard to monitoring requirements outlined in Technical Guidance Protecting the Quality of WA Marine Environment and Technical Guidance EIA of Marine Dredging Proposals.
- 2. Subject to item 6, provide environmental outcomes and associated monitoring for potential maintenance dredging should it be likely to be required.
- 3. Revise the OEMP and DEMMP to:
 - Include monitoring methods for determining actual impacts to marine environmental quality during construction and operation
 - Include monitoring of toxicants associated with sediments and sediment-elutriates and water quality during operations
 - Include methods to enable substantiation that the environmental quality management framework outcomes will be achieved
 - Include a figure identifying the levels of ecological protection and the implementation of the environmental quality management framework in the OEMP
 - Include a tiered monitoring and management framework (TMMF) to ensure that monitoring sites, management triggers and management actions during dredging activities are clearly identified and rationalised
 - Ensure methods are developed in accordance with the Technical Guidance Protecting the Quality of Western Australia's Marine Environment
 - Include a consideration for BCH outcomes related to MEQ (dredging) and ensure the required monitoring is consistent with Technical guidance Environmental Impact Assessment of Marine Dredging Proposals.
- 4. Describe what actions would be included in an emergency HAZMAT spill response plan.
- To ensure sufficient information is provided to assess marine fauna and is consistent with the requirements of the Environmental Factor Guideline Marine Fauna, the following actions will need to be undertaken.

Action:

- 1. Revise the measures, protocols and exclusion zones to include temporary mitigation measures to prevent susceptible fauna injuries during any likely hammer piling method. It is noted that there is a commitment to the use of a vibratory piling method during construction, with the contingency to use impact hammer piling in the event piling refusal occurs. Based on data provided in the underwater acoustic assessment the size of the proposed exclusion zone is only adequate for vibratory piling activities. In the event the hammer piling contingency is implemented, the proposed exclusions zones are not considered adequate to protect dolphins and whales.
- 2. Include additional information to cover invertebrate and fish species as a result of impacts to seagrass meadows. Additionally, impacts to infauna (e.g., polychaetes, crustaceans, bivalves) and epifauna (e.g. sponges, echinoderms, gastropods, decapods) are to be considered.

- Please refer to revised DEMMP (ERD Appendix O) and OEMP (ERD Appendix Q).
- Please refer to Spill Prevention and Response Plan (RIA 2025) (ERD Appendix V).

- The CEMP has been updated to address the potential use of hammer piling. Please refer to revised CEMP (ERD Appendix P).
- The ERD has been updated to address this item. Please refer to revised ERD.
- 3. The ERD has been updated to address this item. Please refer to revised ERD.

	3. Update the supporting document to recognise the haul out site at Dyer Island used by Australian sea lions	
	adjacent to Rottnest Island. The supporting documentation only recognised this haul out for fur seals.	
	Assessment, the following actions will need to be undertaken.	The ERD has been updated to address this item. Please refer to revised ERD. The ERD has been updated to
	Action: 1. Update the supporting document to correctly identify FCT30a as the TEC to be impacted with implementation of the proposal. The threatened ecological community (TEC) 'Callitris preissii (or Melaleuca lanceolata) forests and woodlands, Swan Coastal Plain' was identified within the development envelope. This community was in correctly identified as Floristic Community Type (FCT) 30c. DBCA determined this community to be the Critically Endangered - Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (BC Act) FCT 30a.	address this item and the CEMP and OEMP have been updated to ensure that impacts to the TEC are addressed. Please refer to revised ERD, CEMP (ERD Appendix P) and
	2. Review and revise the environmental outcomes relating to terrestrial flora to ensure that indirect impacts on the TEC during both the construction and operational phases of the proposal are adequately addressed.	OEMP (ERD Appendix Q).
8.	The assessment of potential impacts to Aboriginal cultural heritage (ACH) is currently limited to registered sites. It is noted that no registered sites were identified within or adjacent to the proposed development envelope. However, the EPA recognises that ACH includes tangible and intangible aspects, and living and historical values and expects the assessment to include the extent to which ACH values may be directly or indirectly affected by the proposal. See Technical Guidance - EIA of Social Surroundings - Aboriginal Cultural Heritage with a particular regard to section 3.2 and 3.3.	Section 13 of the ERD has been updated to address this item. Please refer to the revised ERD.
	 Action: Update the supporting document to provide information consistent with section 3 (information requirements) of the EPA's technical guidance. 	
9.	 Action: Review the zone of high impact (ZoHI) and the boundary of the proposal. If required, a request to amend the proposal should be submitted to ensure the area of irreversible impact is included in the development envelope of the proposal. The Supporting Document defines the ZoHI as the area where impacts on benthic communities or habitats are predicted to be irreversible. The term irreversible means 'lacking a capacity to return or recover to a state resembling that prior to being impacted within a timeframe of five years or less'. 	The Development Envelope has been revised. Please refer to figures within the revised ERD.
10.	Data associated with land-based biodiversity survey reports submitted to the <u>Department of Water and Environmental Regulation</u> (DWER), the <u>Environmental Protection Authority</u> (EPA) under the EP Act are required to be submitted to IBSA. This includes surveys conducted for assessment and post-assessment processes for significant and strategic proposals, schemes and scheme amendments, native vegetation clearing permits and works approvals and licences. For instructions on preparing IBSA and IMSA data packages please see <u>Instructions for preparing IBSA data packages</u> and <u>Instructions for preparing IMSA data packages</u> .	RIA confirms that relevant IBSA and IMSA submissions have been completed. The IMSA submission was completed on 15 August 2024 although IMSA numbers are not generated. The IBSA numbers are: • IBSASUB-20240805-A371209D • IBSASUB-20240802-70B354C3.
	Action:Submit relevant survey reports to IBSA and IMSA and advise IBSA and IMSA numbers once received.	

Attachment 1

RE: Baird response to peer review comme Wednesday, 12 March 2025 10:03:18 AM

[External Email] This email was sent from outside the department – be cautious, particularly with links and attachments. Hi David

RPS' coastal engineers and modellers have reviewed Table 4.3 from Baird's report. The stated loss rates of dredged sediments and initial vertical distribution of suspended sediments in the water column are sensible and broadly in line with how we would define dredging source terms for a BHD and the values are considered fine.

I think we can consider the comment in the email below closed.

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From: David Pond <david.pond@dbca.wa.gov.au>

Sent: Thursday, March 6, 2025 9:16 PM

To: Dawson, Rebecca < Rebecca. Dawson@rpsconsulting.com
Subject: Baird response to peer review comments

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OFFICIAL

Hi Bec.

Baird have updated the Plume Modelling and Coastal Processes reports. There was one peer review comment by RPS on the plume modelling report, see the last sentence where it seems to note that final assessment would be needed once Baird defined the comment. See attached the Baird report. Can you check if this comment can be closed out?

Report section	RPS Comment	Baird response	Item closed	RIA comments
			(Y/N)	
Section 4.3.2	Table 4.3 lists parameters used to configure the sediment	These parameters have been included in the modelling	Check with	Noting that this is now Section 4.4.2, RIA confirms
	plume model (Delft3D-MOR), but two key dredging source	through the inputs to the MOR module (e.g., specific	RPS.	that the following model parameter features and
	terms are not included or discussed elsewhere: the loss rate	density, cohesive or non cohesive soil, settling		decriptions/settings have been added to table 4.3:
	of dredged sediment to the water column (i.e. what	verlocities), as well as the release of sediment into the		- Loss rate of dredged sediment to the water column
	proportion of the in situ dredge quantity is assumed by the	model at different rates/percentages within the 5		- Vertical distribution of sediment initially suspended
	model to be 'mobile'); and the vertical distribution of	vertical layers of the modelled water column. Explicit		in the water column (prior to far-field dispersion and
	sediment initially suspended in the water column (prior to	detail of the release into each layer of the model can be		settlement).
	far-field dispersion and settlement). Both of these parameters	specified in Table 4.3 if RIA would like an updated		
	serve to relate sediment sources to the type of dredge plant	report, which would include the percentages of loss to		Query whether RPS need to add any further
	being used and to the manner in which it brings sediment	the water column included in In2Dredging's reporting on		assessment given their final sentence and with these
	from seabed to surface. Without knowledge of how these	typical and exptected source terms for this stite that		features now described?
	source terms have been defined, the accuracy of the	have been included in the input parameters for this		
	predicted dredge plume cannot be fully judged.	model. A table showing the percentage of the source		
		terms that have been included in each of the 5 model		
l		layers can be included in Section 4.3.2.		

Regards

David Pond

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