



KARARA MINING LTD

2023 AND 2024 DETAILED AND TARGETED FLORA AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENT

Karara Iron Ore Project Mine Life Extension

FINAL

September 2025



2023 AND 2024 DETAILED AND TARGETED FLORA AND VEGETATION ASSESSMENT

Karara Iron Ore Project Mine Life Extension

FINAL

Prepared by
Umwelt (Australia) Pty Limited
on behalf of
Karara Mining Limited

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Report No. **23712/R04**
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Executive Summary

Karara Mining Limited (KML) operates the Karara Project mine, located at Karara, approximately 200 km east of Geraldton in the Midwest region of Western Australia (WA). The mine includes a large open-cut magnetite pit, a processing plant to produce magnetite concentrate and all associated infrastructure, as well as hematite pits and associated infrastructure at surrounding deposits. KML are seeking approval for the Karara Iron Ore Project Mine Life Extension (KIOP MLE, or 'the Project'). The existing KIOP project was approved under Ministerial Statement (MS) MS805 on 8 September 2009, with a number of Section 45C amendments made to the project since that time. KML are proposing to revise the existing proposal to support the ongoing magnetite mining and processing operations, and are therefore undertaking a new referral to the WA Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for the Project.

KML commissioned Umwelt (Australia) Pty Limited (Umwelt) to undertake a Detailed and Targeted flora and vegetation assessment of the 'Survey Area' and 'Targeted Survey Area' in 2023 and 2024:

- **Survey Area:** the area subject to Detailed flora and vegetation survey. The Survey Area is approximately 13,557 hectares (ha) in size, spanning approximately 143 km and comprising four major areas:
 - Karara Area: from east of Mungada Ridge National Park; encompassing the Karara mine site, airstrip and camp
 - Yandanooka Pipeline: linear corridor extending west along Mungada Road to Koolanooka Hills
 - Tilley Siding: small, disjunct area north of Morawa near Tilley Station
 - Borefield Corridor: linear corridor extending west from Bowgarder Nature Reserve to Yandanooka.
- **Targeted Survey Area:** the area subject to Targeted flora and vegetation survey. The Targeted Survey Area is approximately 1,522 ha and is entirely contained within the Survey Area. The Targeted Survey Area is comprised of two disjunct areas:
 - Mine Area: comprises multiple separate parts including infrastructure corridors, pit, tailings storage facility, and waste rock dumps, and is entirely contained within the Karara Area
 - Wheatbelt Area: small linear area along the western end of the Borefield Corridor.

The flora and vegetation field survey involved sampling via quadrats, relevés and vegetation mapping notes within the Survey Area, and systematic targeted survey in the Targeted Survey Area within areas of potentially suitable habitat. The 2023 and 2024 flora and vegetation field assessment was undertaken over multiple site visits as outlined below:

- **Detailed Survey:**
 - 2 to 7 October 2023 (6 team days)
 - 6 to 12 August 2024 (14 team days)
 - 21 to 27 August 2024 (7 team days)
 - 16 to 22 September 2024 (7 team days).

- **Targeted Survey:**

- 21 to 28 August 2024 (16 team days)
- 16 to 20 September 2024 (10 team days).

A significant number of sample sites have been assessed within the Survey Area, by the 2023 and 2024 survey, as well as by relevant previous flora and vegetation assessments:

- 259 quadrats (measuring 20 m × 20 m), 100 of which were assessed during the 2023 and 2024 field survey.
- 349 relevés, 28 of which were assessed during the 2023 and 2024 field survey.
- 80 vegetation mapping notes, 68 of which were assessed during the 2023 and 2024 field survey.

When including data from all historical sample sites across the Survey Area (after being reviewed for taxonomic and nomenclatural accuracy), a total of 748 discrete vascular flora taxa, two named hybrids (as per WA Herbarium (1998-)), three putative hybrids and one informal taxon variant have been recorded in the Survey Area. Of the 748 flora entities recorded, 64 taxa are introduced (as per WA Herbarium (1998-)). A total of 463 of the 748 flora entities are perennial (including ephemeral perennial and geophytic taxa), and 285 are annual.

Forty (41) significant flora taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area, comprising:

- Four (4) Threatened taxa listed under the *WA Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act) and/or the *Commonwealth Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act).
- Thirty-three (33) Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) Priority flora taxa.
- Four (4) taxa that are considered significant as per WA Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) definitions, as they represent potentially undescribed taxa.

Of the 41 significant flora taxa of the Survey Area, 14 have been recorded in the Targeted Survey Area (Mine Area only; no significant flora taxa have been recorded in the Wheatbelt Area). These 14 taxa are all DBCA Priority flora taxa.

A total of thirty-eight (38) vegetation categories were mapped in the Survey Area, comprising:

- Twenty (20) vegetation types (VTs) defined via floristic analysis of quadrat data (VTs A to T).
- Eight (8) VTs defined structurally using data recorded at quadrats and relevés (VTs U to AA, and VT CP).
- Seven (7) highly modified vegetation types (HMVTs) defined structurally using data recorded at quadrats and relevés, within areas with a long history of disturbance where the vegetation still possessed tree or large shrub taxa but were highly modified otherwise (HMVTs A to G).
- One (1) VT representing planted non-native or non-endemic tree or shrub taxa (VT PL).
- Water in salt lakes and clay pans.
- Cleared land.

Four listed significant vegetation communities were considered to be present in the Survey Area, as below. All listed communities were mapped at known locations within DBCA buffers. No other formally listed TECs or PECs are considered to be present in the Survey Area.

- Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA: P1). Occurs in the Karara Area only.
- Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt (WA: P3; EPBC: CR). Occurs in the far western end of the Borefield Corridor only.
- Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR). Occurs in the western end of the Yandanooka Pipeline only.
- Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR). Occurs within the central part of the Borefield Corridor.

In addition to the TECs and PECs of the Survey Area, 16 Survey Area VTs were considered potentially significant for reasons other than formal listing. This was determined following an assessment of the Survey Area VTs against the definitions of significant vegetation from EPA. The reasoning for VTs potentially representing significant vegetation included:

- Occurring across a restricted distribution or habitat: applied to 15 VTs.
- Playing a role as a refuge or refugium: applied to 10 VTs.
- Providing an important ecological function: applied to 11 VTs.
- Other reasons: applied to 4 VTs (providing preferred habitat for significant flora taxa with restricted distributions in the case of VTs B and Q, and having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes in the case of VTs M and N).

Ten VTs mapped in the Survey Area were considered to represent riparian vegetation and be reliant on ephemeral surface water to some extent. Additionally, seven VTs were likely to be at least partially dependent on surface water in the form of sheet flow originating from higher ground. Three VTs were potentially groundwater dependent: VTs M and N due to forming part of the Yarra Yarra salt lake system which has been determined to be a net discharge point for groundwater; and HMVT D due to the presence of the obligate phreatophyte *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*. Information on the groundwater dependency of taxa recorded in the Survey Area as well as depth to groundwater information is required to confirm this.

The majority of the vegetation in the Survey Area (94.7 %) was rated and mapped as being in Excellent condition, with little to no human or animal disturbance and an absence or low levels of introduced flora taxa. The vegetation in the Karara Area was overwhelmingly mapped as Excellent condition, as well as the eastern part of the Yandanooka Pipeline. There was a general trend of declining vegetation condition east of Weelhamby Lake (and the boundary between the Avon Wheatbelt and Yalgoo IBRA regions), likely associated with a change in the dominant land use to agriculture, and a corresponding increase in weed presence. The vegetation in this part of the Yandanooka Pipeline was generally Very Good to Good, while that of the Borefield Corridor was Good to Degraded, due to proximity to agriculture, high weed loads, and fragmentation. This is typical of vegetation within that area, which has experienced historically high levels of clearing and weed invasion, primarily for agriculture.

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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Project Overview

Karara Mining Limited (KML) operates the Karara Project mine, located at Karara, approximately 200 km east of Geraldton in the Midwest region of Western Australia (WA). The mine includes a large open-cut magnetite pit, a processing plant to produce magnetite concentrate and all associated infrastructure, as well as hematite pits and associated infrastructure at surrounding deposits.

KML are seeking approval for the Karara Iron Ore Project Mine Life Extension (KIOP MLE, or 'the Project'). The existing KIOP project was approved under Ministerial Statement (MS) MS805 on 8 September 2009, with a number of Section 45C amendments made to the project since that time. KML are proposing to revise the existing proposal to support the ongoing magnetite mining and processing operations, and are therefore undertaking a new referral to the WA Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) for the Project.

The eastern part of the area assessed for the flora and vegetation assessment (the 'Survey Area') incorporates areas that have been previously assessed for flora and vegetation by Umwelt (Australia) Pty Limited (Umwelt), as below:

- Karara-Mungada Project, undertaken between 2005 and 2008 (as Woodman Environmental Consulting Pty Limited (Woodman Environmental, 2008d)).
- Regional Flora and Vegetation survey of the Karara to Minjar Block, undertaken between 2009 and 2012 (as Woodman Environmental (2012)).
- Karara Project Expansion project, incorporating Detailed and Targeted assessments, undertaken in 2020 (Umwelt, 2021).

The results of the 2020 flora and vegetation survey were used to prepare an impact assessment for the original Karara Project Expansion footprint (Umwelt, 2022). However, since this impact assessment was conducted, the extent of both the Development Envelope (Survey Area) and Disturbance Footprint (Targeted Survey Area) (which were the areas of focus for the 2020 assessment) have been revised, and therefore additional survey is required in areas that have not received recent survey effort. Furthermore, the 2020 survey recorded a small number of significant flora taxa in the Targeted Survey Area that were only identified as significant post-survey; therefore, they were not specifically searched for during the Targeted survey within the Targeted Survey Area. Additional Targeted searching in the revised Targeted Survey Area (the 'Targeted Survey Area') is therefore required for these taxa.

The western part of the Survey Area has also received historical survey effort from multiple projects undertaken by Umwelt (as Woodman Environmental) from 2007 to 2010; however, the age of this data is now beyond what the EPA will accept in support of an environmental impact assessment (EIA). In addition, changes to EPA survey and reporting standards were introduced in 2016 that require the information in these historical reports to be updated in line with new Technical Guidance for flora and vegetation surveys for EIA (EPA, 2016b). Changes have also occurred with respect to plant taxonomy and conservation status for many taxa since these studies were last reviewed, and further revision is required to reflect these changes.

Therefore, while significant contextual information is available for the Survey Area and Targeted Survey Area, additional data needs to be collected to provide adequate and updated information to inform EIA for the Project.

To inform the EIA for the Project, and to address data deficiencies and issues related to age of data, KML commissioned Umwelt to undertake a Detailed and Targeted flora and vegetation assessment of the Survey Area and Targeted Survey Area in 2023 and 2024. This baseline report documents all methods from the survey and presents the desktop assessment for the Survey Area, and results of field surveys.

1.2 Project Location and Assessment Areas

KML supplied relevant boundaries for the Project (provided by Michael Chen, 26 July 2023), which are herein referred to as the 'Survey Area' (the area subject to Detailed flora and vegetation survey) and 'Targeted Survey Area' (the area subject to Targeted flora and vegetation survey). The Survey Area is approximately 13,557 hectares (ha) in size, spanning approximately 143 km and comprising four major areas (**Figure 1.1**), which are hereafter named:

- Karara Area: from east of Mungada Ridge National Park; encompassing the Karara mine site, airstrip and camp.
- Yandanooka Pipeline: linear corridor extending west along Mungada Road to Koolanooka Hills.
- Tilley Siding: small, disjunct area north of Morawa near Tilley Station.
- Borefield Corridor: linear corridor extending west from near Bowgarder Nature Reserve to near Yandanooka.

The Targeted Survey Area is approximately 1,522 ha and is entirely contained within the Survey Area. The Targeted Survey Area is comprised of two disjunct areas (**Figure 1.1**), which are hereafter named:

- Mine Area: comprises multiple separate parts including infrastructure corridors, pit, tailings storage facility (TSF), and waste rock dumps (WRD). The Mine Area is entirely contained within the Karara Area of the Survey Area.
- Wheatbelt Area: small linear area along the western end of the Borefield Corridor.

A Desktop Study Area was defined for the purpose of the desktop assessment, including interrogation of databases and searches for relevant literature; this encompasses the Survey Area with a 50 km buffer (**Figure 1.1**).

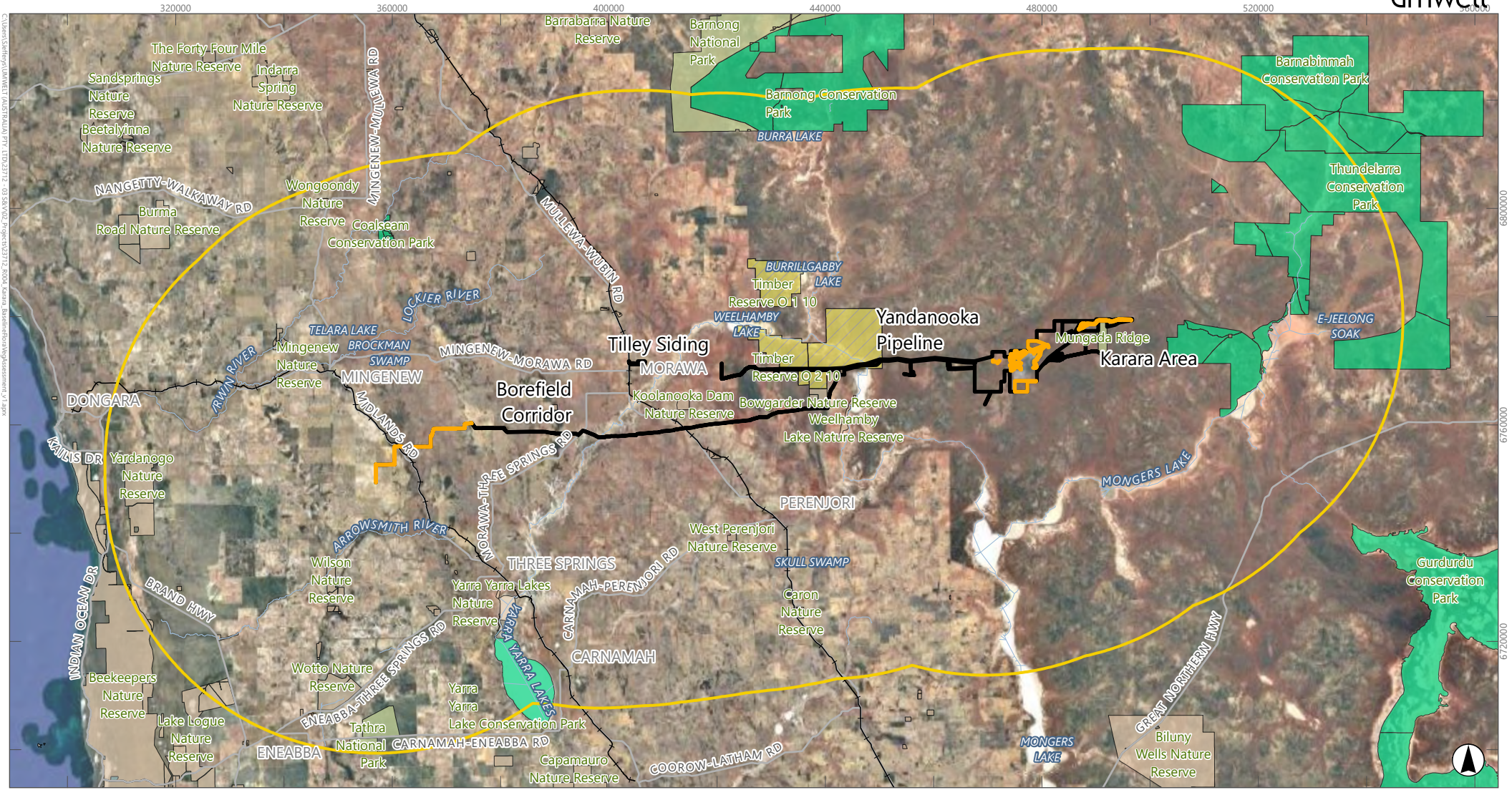
The Survey Area is located within the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions (DBCA) Midwest region. Approximately 10.8 km of the western part of the Borefield Corridor part of the Survey Area extends into the Turquoise Coast DBCA District, with the remainder being within the Geraldton District. In terms of Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation for Australia (IBRA) areas, the Survey Area occurs across three regions and subregions as summarised in **Table 1.1**.

Table 1.1 IBRA Regions and Subregions of the Survey Area

IBRA Region	IBRA Subregion	Location	Region of Survey Area	Area (ha) of Survey Area
Avon Wheatbelt	Merredin	Central part of the Survey Area; between Weelhamby Lake and Midlands Road	Tilley Siding, western half of Yandanooka Pipeline and majority of Borefield Corridor	980
Geraldton Sandplains	Lesueur Sandplain	Western part of the Survey Area; west of Midlands Road	Western end of Borefield Corridor (approx. 9.0 km)	28
Yalgoo	Tallering	Eastern part of the Survey Area; east of Weelhamby Lake	Entirety of Karara Area and eastern half of Yandanooka Pipeline	12,549

The Survey Area occurs within or is adjacent to a number of conservation areas as per below and as presented on **Figure 1.1** (DBCA, 2025a):

- Mungada Ridge National Park: adjacent to eastern part of the Karara Area part of the Survey Area.
- DBCA Timber Reserve O 2 10: intersected by central part of the Yandanooka Pipeline.
- Bowgarder Nature Reserve: adjacent to the eastern end of the Borefield Corridor.



Scale: 1:1,000,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Desktop Study Area
 - Targeted Survey Area
 - Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse
 - Conservation Park
 - National Park
 - Nature Reserve
 - Section 5(1)(h) Reserve
 - Timber Reserve

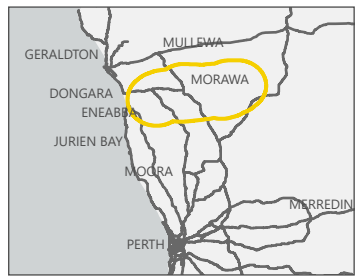
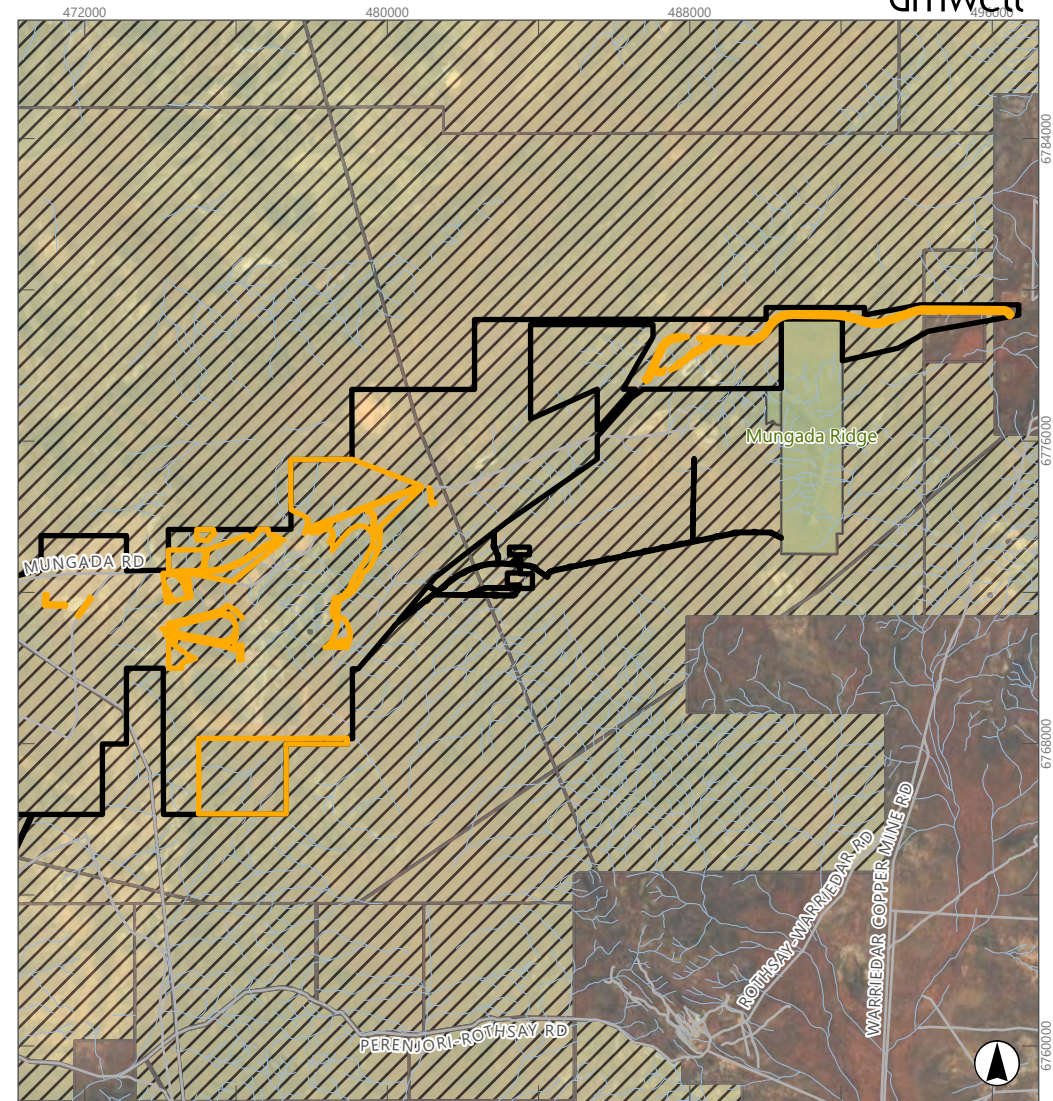
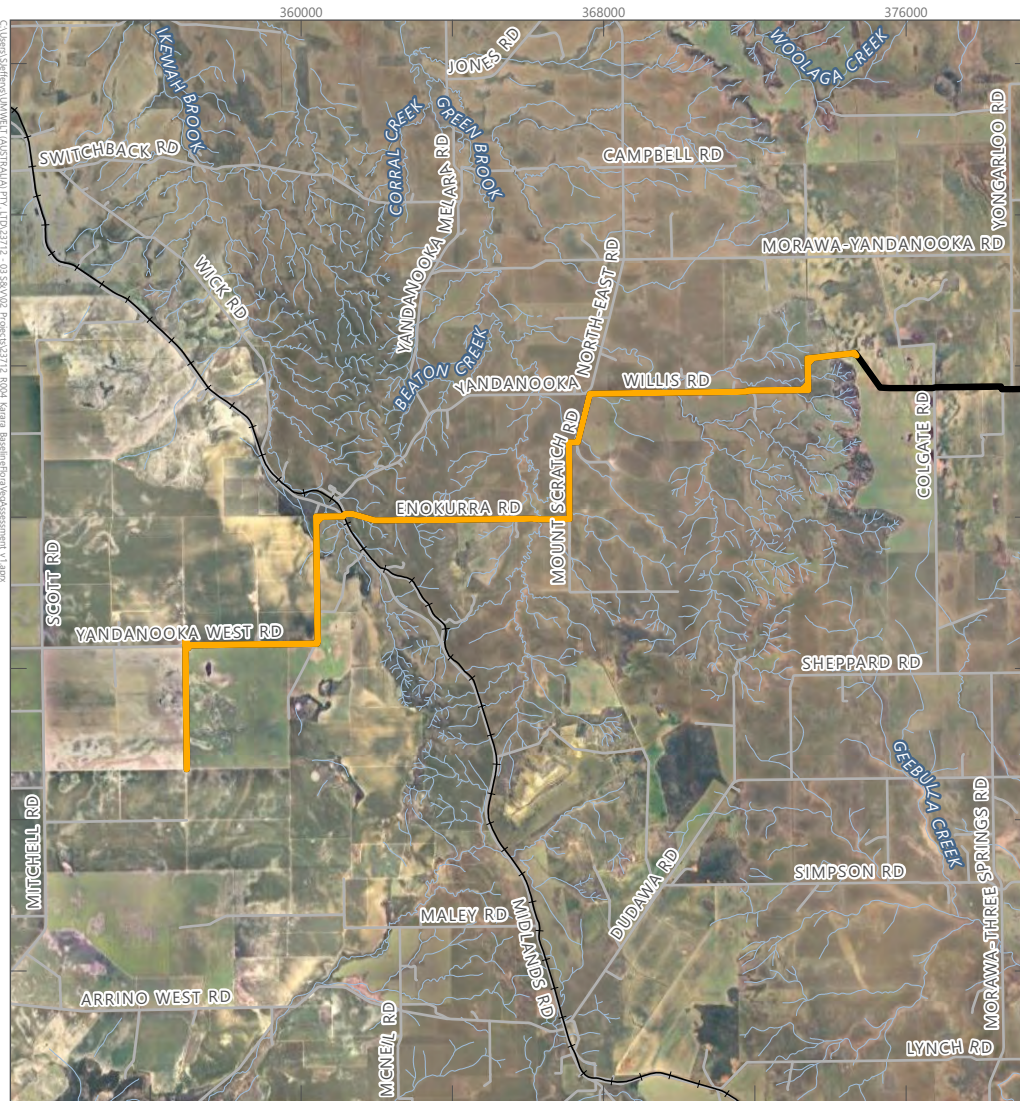


FIGURE 1.1
Project Location



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Scale: 1:200,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Targeted Survey Area
 - Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Watercourse
 - UCL - Dept Interest
 - National Park

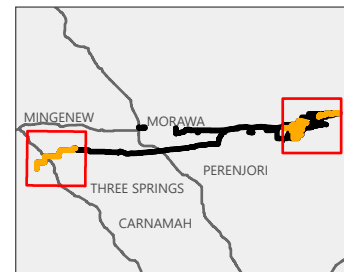


FIGURE 1.2

Targeted Survey Area Location

(left: Wheatbelt Area; right: Mine Area)



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1.3 Aims and Objectives

The primary aim of this assessment was to characterise the flora and vegetation values of the Survey Area and Targeted Survey Area by conducting a Detailed and Targeted flora and vegetation assessment in accordance with current EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b).

The specific objectives of the assessment were to:

- Review and consolidate findings of previous flora and vegetation assessments conducted within the Survey Area, including by:
 - Updating the taxonomy of previous quadrats, relevés and reporting to current nomenclature
 - Revisiting a selection of previous quadrats and relevés to verify that historical vegetation data is still current.
- Compile an inventory of vascular flora taxa that occur in the Survey Area.
- Systematically search for significant flora taxa identified as occurring or potentially occurring within the Targeted Survey Area, as well as opportunistically within the wider Survey Area. Significant flora taxa includes:
 - Threatened flora taxa (T) listed under the *Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999* (EPBC Act) (Commonwealth) (DCCEEW, 2025; TSSC, 2021)
 - Threatened flora taxa (T) listed under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016* (BC Act) (WA) (DBCA, 2023b)
 - Priority flora taxa (P) as classified by DBCA (2023b)
 - Other significant flora taxa as defined by EPA (2016a, 2016b).
- Identify locations and determine the extent of introduced vascular flora taxa, with particular focus on those that are Weeds of National Significance (WoNS), or Declared Pests under the *Biosecurity and Agriculture Management Act 2007* (BAM Act).
- Identify, map and describe Vegetation Types (VTs) within the Survey Area.
- Identify potential groundwater dependent vegetation (GDV), groundwater dependent ecosystems (GDEs), surface-water dependent vegetation (SDV) and riparian vegetation in the Survey Area.
- Identify, map and describe significant vegetation that occurs within the Survey Area. Significant vegetation includes:
 - Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) listed under the EPBC Act (Commonwealth) (DCCEEW, 2025; TSSC, 2017)
 - TECs listed under the BC Act (WA) (DBCA, 2023a)
 - Priority Ecological Communities (PECs) as classified by DBCA (2023a)
 - Other significant vegetation as defined by EPA (2016a, 2016b).
- Map the condition of the vegetation in accordance with EPA (2016b).

1.4 Level of Assessment

The flora and vegetation survey of the Survey Area involved a Targeted and Detailed survey as defined in Sections 4.2 and 4.3 of the *Technical Guidance for Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (EPA, 2016b). This is considered appropriate for the Survey Area, as it is likely to support a high diversity of flora and vegetation, may comprise restricted landforms or vegetation types, and is known to support significant flora and vegetation.

As discussed in **Section 1.1**, this survey builds on considerable previous work conducted in the Survey Area and surrounds. Due to the level of existing information available on the flora and vegetation of the Survey Area, a Reconnaissance survey as per Section 4.1 of EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b) was not considered necessary prior to the Detailed and Targeted surveys.

The survey and reporting works comply with the following documents:

- *Environmental Factor Guideline – Flora and Vegetation* (EPA, 2016a)
- *Technical Guidance – Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (EPA, 2016b).

2.0 Climate

The Survey Area traverses three IBRA subregions, and two botanical provinces as defined by Beard (1980). The Borefield Corridor, Tilley Siding and western half of the Yandanooka Pipeline is situated within the South-West botanical province, while the eastern half of the Yandanooka Pipeline and the entirety of the Karara Area is within the South-West Interzone botanical province. Given the Survey Area's large size, particularly east-west, it is expected to experience slightly different climates in terms of both precipitation and temperature across its extent. As per **Table 2.1**, this varies from Mediterranean in the west (i.e. warm dry summers and cool wet winters), to arid to semi-arid in the east.

Table 2.1 Typical Climates Across the Survey Area in terms of IBRA Subregions

Region of Survey Area	IBRA Region	IBRA Subregion	Climate
Western end of Borefield Corridor (approx. 9.0 km)	Geraldton Sandplains	Lesueur Sandplain	Mediterranean
Tilley Siding, western half of Yandanooka Pipeline and majority of Borefield Corridor	Avon Wheatbelt	Merredin	Semi-arid (dry) warm Mediterranean
Entirety of Karara Area and eastern half of Yandanooka Pipeline	Yalgoo	Tallering	Arid to semi-arid, warm, Mediterranean

Source: 'A Biodiversity Audit of Western Australia's 53 Biogeographical Subregions in 2002' (CALM, 2003).

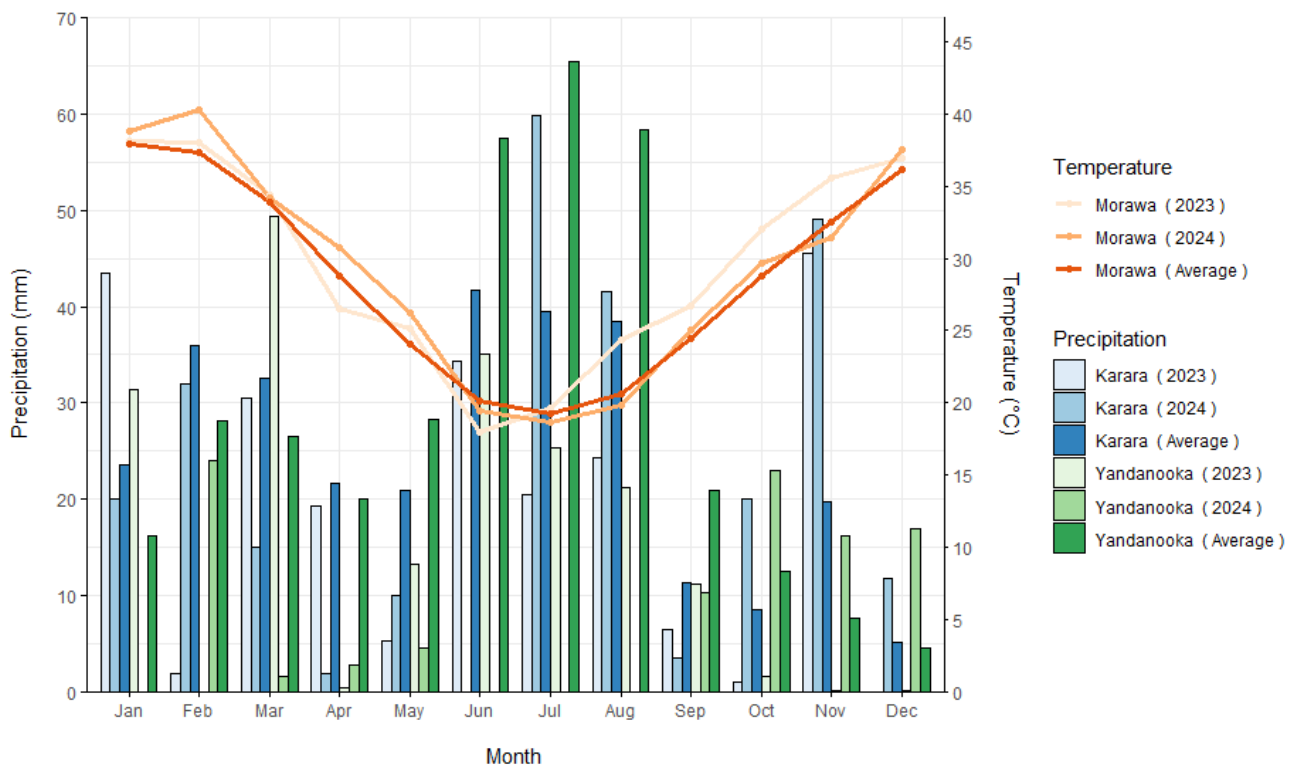
Graph 2.1 presents monthly mean precipitation and maximum temperature statistics for the period 2014 to 2024, as per the below. Note there are no BoM stations within the vicinity of the Survey Area that record both temperature and precipitation, and Morawa Airport BoM station is the only station in the vicinity of the Survey Area that records temperature data.

- Monthly mean maximum temperature (calculated as an average of the daily maximum temperatures across a month):
 - BoM station 8296 at Morawa Airport (within the Merredin IBRA subregion) (BoM, 2025a).
- Monthly precipitation (calculated as the cumulative sum of daily precipitation values across a month):
 - Bureau of Meteorology (BoM) station 8143 at Yandanooka (near the boundary of Lesueur Sandplain and Merredin IBRA subregions) (BoM, 2025a)
 - KML rain gauge at Karara mine site (within the Tallering IBRA subregion) (KML, 2024b).

Monthly maximum temperature at Morawa Airport typically peaks in January (37.9 °C) and February (37.7 °C). Monthly precipitation at both Karara and Yandanooka peaks in winter from June to August, with a total of 120 mm and 181 mm, respectively, received during this period on average. This period is therefore considered the most relevant in terms of promoting plant growth and flowering in the region (**Graph 2.1**).

The climatic conditions for 2023 and 2024 are summarised below, with emphasis on those for winter (i.e. June to August):

- 2023:
 - Mean maximum temperature: Mean maximum winter temperatures at Morawa Airport were slightly warmer than average (20.7 °C compared to the average of 20.0 °C). Maximum temperatures were consistently warmer than average from July to November (**Graph 2.1**).
 - Precipitation: Cumulative winter precipitation was lower than average at Karara (79 mm compared to the average of 120 mm), and significantly lower than average at Yandanooka (82 mm compared to the average of 181 mm). There were only two months in 2023 during which precipitation was greater than or equal to the average (January and November at Karara, and January and March at Yandanooka) (**Graph 2.1**).
- 2024:
 - Mean maximum temperature: Mean maximum winter temperatures at Morawa Airport were slightly cooler than average (19.3 °C compared to the average of 20.0 °C). Overall, temperatures were generally quite similar to average over the course of the year (**Graph 2.1**).
 - Precipitation: Cumulative winter precipitation was significantly higher than average at both Karara (259 mm compared to the average of 120 mm), and Yandanooka (353 mm compared to the average of 181 mm) (**Graph 2.1**).



Graph 2.1 Monthly Mean Climate Statistics for the Survey Area (2014 – 2024)

Source: Yandanooka: Bureau of Meteorology Climate Data Online (BoM, 2025a); Karara: KML Karara Mine Site Weather Data (KML, 2024b).

3.0 Methods

3.1 Desktop Assessment

Prior to commencement of the 2023 field survey, a review of flora and vegetation data relevant to the Survey Area was undertaken. A number of additional or replicate data searches were undertaken in 2024 prior to the 2024 field survey, in order to check for any database changes or additions that may have occurred between 2023 and 2024. The desktop assessment of the Survey Area was undertaken as per the requirements of a Desktop Study as defined in Section 3.0 of the *Technical Guidance for Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (EPA, 2016b).

The desktop assessment included obtaining and reviewing copies of reports of previous biological surveys carried out within the vicinity of the Survey Area (including interrogation of the Index of Biodiversity Surveys for Assessments (IBSA) database), and interrogation of relevant regional databases and other sources as listed in **Table 3.1** within the Desktop Study Area (**Figure 1.1**). Where TECs or PECs were identified during the desktop assessment, appropriate DBCA or Department of Climate Change, Energy, the Environment and Water (DCCEE) nomination/listing descriptions and recovery plans of the TEC or PEC were also reviewed prior to field survey, as well as the 'Methods for survey and identification of Western Australian threatened ecological communities' report from DBCA (2024a).

Table 3.1 Searches Undertaken for the Flora and Vegetation Desktop Assessment

Source	Search Attributes	Search Purpose
DBCA NatureMap (WA Herbarium and Threatened and Priority Flora (TPFL) Databases) (DBCA, 2023e, 2024b)	Database initially interrogated using a 10 km buffer of a central point (490000E, 6777750N); search performed 2 October 2023, reference 67-0923NM. Search updated in 2024 using Desktop Study Area boundary; performed 11 July 2024, reference 21-0724NM	Obtain records of DBCA-listed significant flora taxa within the Desktop Study Area
DBCA Significant Flora Database (WA Herbarium Specimen Database and Threatened and Priority Flora (TPFL) Database) (DBCA, 2023d)	Database interrogated using Desktop Study Area boundary. Search performed 17 October 2023, reference 54-1023FL	Obtain records of DBCA-listed significant flora taxa within the Desktop Study Area
DBCA Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities Database (DBCA, 2023c)	Database interrogated using Desktop Study Area boundary. Search performed 17 October 2023, reference 27-1023EC	Obtain records of DBCA-classified TECs and/or PECs within the Desktop Study Area
DBCA TEC and PEC records spatial data (DBCA-038) (DBCA, 2024c)	Review of mapped DBCA TECs and PECs within or in proximity to the Desktop Study Area	Identify whether there are any DBCA-classified TECs or PECs that could occur within the Desktop Study Area
DBCA TEC and PEC lists (DBCA, 2023f, 2023g)	Review of current DBCA TEC and PEC lists for the Midwest DBCA region	Identify whether there are any additional DBCA-classified TECs or PECs that could occur within the Desktop Study Area

Source	Search Attributes	Search Purpose
DCCEEW Species Profile and Threats (SPRAT) Database (interrogated using the Protected Matters Search Tool) (DCCEEW, 2024)	Database interrogated using Desktop Study Area boundary. Search undertaken 12 July 2024	Identify Matters of National Environmental Significance (MNES), including Threatened flora and TECs listed under the EPBC Act, that occur or have the potential to occur within the Desktop Study Area
IBSA database (DWER, 2023, 2024)	Approximate Desktop Study Area boundary	Obtain copies of reports and associated spatial data (where available) to identify records of significant flora and vegetation in the vicinity of the Survey Area
Previous flora and vegetation surveys conducted within or in the vicinity of the Survey Area	Desktop Study Area	Identify records of significant flora taxa and vegetation known from the Desktop Study Area
Soil Landscape Mapping (DPIRD-027) (DPIRD, 2025)	Survey Area	Identify soil landscape units mapped in the Survey Area
2018 Statewide Vegetation Statistics incorporating the CAR Reserve Analysis (Report 3b) and Pre-European Vegetation spatial database (DBCA, 2019; DPIRD, 2019)	Survey Area	Identify extent of Vegetation System Associations (pre-European vegetation mapping) within the Project Area

3.2 Personnel and Licensing

Table 3.2 lists the personnel involved in fieldwork, plant identifications, data analyses and report preparation for the flora and vegetation assessment. The Project Manager and Field Manager have previous experience (9 years and > 20 years, respectively) in WA and the Midwest region, and field team leaders have previous experience in conducting flora and vegetation surveys in WA, including in the Midwest region. Other personnel have previous experience in assisting with flora and vegetation surveys in WA.

All plant material was collected under the relevant *Flora Taking (Biological Assessment) Licence* (under Regulation 62 of the Biodiversity Conservation Regulations 2018) and *Authorisation to Take or Disturb Threatened Species* (pursuant to Section 40 of the BC Act) as outlined in **Table 3.2**. Personnel managing plant identifications have had extensive previous experience (> 15 years) in plant identifications of Western Australian flora, and specifically flora of the Karara area, and checked plant identifications undertaken by less experienced personnel for accuracy.

Table 3.2 Personnel and Licensing Information

Personnel and Qualifications	Experience	Flora Collecting Licence/Permit	Role
Bethea Loudon BSc (Biology)	> 15 years	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant identifications (including review of identifications undertaken by less experienced staff)
Cathy Godden BSc (Biology)	> 20 years	FB62000050-3 TFL 130-2122	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey (field manager) Report review
David Coultas BSc (Environmental Biology) (Hons)	> 15 years	FB62000051-2 TFL 131-2122	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey (field manager) Plant identifications (including review of identifications undertaken by less experienced staff) Data analysis and VT mapping review Report review
Emalyn Loudon Bsc (Hons)	8 years	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Jacinta Harrison BAppSc (Environmental Management)	6 years	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Jaroslav Hruban Mgr (MSc equiv.) (Botany), BSc (Botany) (Hons)	4 years	FB62000251-3 TFL044-2122	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Julia Mattner PhD (Plant Science)	> 20 years	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant identifications
Kyler Rowson BSc (Marine Biology & Biological Sciences)	3 years	FB62000399 TFL 2223-0139	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Liam Chirio BSc (Environmental Science & Wildlife Biology)	2 years	FB62000413-1b	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Lotta Ramrath BSc (Environmental Science)		NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant identifications
Marco Pratisoli DipSc (Environmental Biology and Management)	6 years	FB62000057-2 TFL-2425-0035	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey
Marlee Starcevich BSc (Environmental Science) (Hons)	9 years	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Project management Plant identifications Data analysis and VT mapping Report preparation
Melissa White BSc (Botany)	2 years	FB62000612 TFL 2425 0078	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey Plant identifications
Peter Zuvich BSc (Marine Science)	1 year	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey

Personnel and Qualifications	Experience	Flora Collecting Licence/Permit	Role
Shibi Ullas Chandran BSc (Zoology), MSc (Fisheries Biology and Aquaculture)	7 years	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant identifications
Tom Jones BSc (Botany & Zoology)	2 years	FB62000537	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey Plant identifications
Zachary Borthwick MAppSc (Biological Science) BSc (Botany & Zoology)	1 year	FB62000575	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Field survey Plant identifications

3.3 Aerial Photography Interpretation and Survey Design

The design of the 2023 and 2024 survey complies with the requirements of EPA Technical Guidance (2016b) and is consistent with the methods used for other similar flora and vegetation assessments conducted within the vicinity of the Survey Area (**Section 5.1.4**) and the wider Midwest Bioregion.

Initial interpretation of ortho-rectified aerial photography at a scale of 1:10,000 was conducted to determine preliminary vegetation patterns present within the Survey Area (including areas of restricted or unusual landforms and types). This review considered the size of vegetated areas, visible vegetation patterns, and quadrat locations and density from relevant previous surveys. Additional quadrat locations were proposed to ensure that a minimum of three quadrats sampled each major discernible vegetation pattern where possible; for smaller patterns, fewer quadrats were allocated based on the size of the pattern, while for widespread vegetation patterns, quadrats were allocated across their geographic range.

As mentioned in **Section 1.1**, a large proportion of the eastern part of the Survey Area has received considerable historical survey effort with regard to vegetation quadrat sampling, as summarised below and in **Section 5.1.4**:

- Karara–Mungada Project Survey Area Flora and Vegetation Assessment** (Woodman Environmental, 2008d) (hereafter referred to as ‘Karara–Mungada Assessment’): Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation assessment for Gindalbie Metals Limited. Survey work completed in winter 2006 with detailed recording sites data from previous surveys conducted in 2004 and 2005 (Woodman Environmental, 2004, 2007e, 2007g) and quadrats established by Markey and Dillon (2006) within the survey area utilised to aid in the VT mapping process. Karara–Mungada Assessment survey area overlaps most of the eastern part of the current Survey Area.
- Regional Flora and Vegetation Survey of the Karara to Minjar Block** (Woodman Environmental, 2012) (hereafter referred to as ‘Regional Mapping Assessment’): Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation assessment for Karara Mining Limited. Survey work completed in spring 2008, autumn-winter 2009, and spring-summer 2010–2011. Quadrats previously established within the Woodman Environmental (2012) survey area (Markey & Dillon, 2008; Woodman Environmental, 2007b, 2007c, 2007d, 2007f, 2007k, 2007l, 2007m, 2007b, 2008d, 2009b, 2009d, 2011) were also included in the statistical analysis. Eastern part of the current Survey Area forms a component of the Regional Mapping Assessment survey area.

- **Karara Project Expansion: Detailed and Targeted Flora and Vegetation Assessment** (Umwelt, 2021) (hereafter referred to as ‘2020 Assessment’): Detailed and Targeted flora and vegetation assessment for Karara Mining Limited. Survey work completed in late winter to early spring, 2020. Quadrats previously established or analysed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and Regional Mapping Assessment were also included in the statistical analysis. 2020 Assessment survey area overlaps most of the eastern part of the current Survey Area.

The quadrat data and associated reports from the above surveys were reviewed prior to the 2023 and 2024 field assessment, and a number of these previously established quadrats were identified as requiring a revisit to ensure taxonomic consistency between those surveys and the current survey. Existing sample sites were also revisited in areas where the most recent data was very old (> 10 years) in order to ensure a good geographic spread of recently collected flora and vegetation data. Data from existing quadrats located within the Survey Area, as well as from additional quadrats established in 2023 and 2024, were utilised for the floristic analysis (see **Section 3.6**) and for building a taxon inventory for the Survey Area (see **Section 5.2.1**).

The above-listed assessments, as well as a number of other assessments (**Section 5.1.4**), also included opportunistic and/or targeted significant flora and vegetation surveys. However, due to the timing of some of these surveys and the fact that changes have occurred to plant taxonomy and conservation status for many taxa and vegetation communities since these surveys were undertaken, the entirety of the Targeted Survey Area was reassessed for significant flora and vegetation as part of the 2023 and 2024 survey. The methods utilised to undertake the Targeted assessment are described in **Section 3.4.3**.

3.4 Field Survey Methods

3.4.1 Survey Timing and Access

The 2023 and 2024 flora and vegetation field assessment was undertaken over multiple site visits as outlined below:

- **Detailed Survey:**
 - 2 to 7 October 2023 (6 team days)
 - 6 to 12 August 2024 (14 team days)
 - 21 to 27 August 2024 (7 team days)
 - 16 to 22 September 2024 (7 team days).
- **Targeted Survey:**
 - 21 to 28 August 2024 (16 team days)
 - 16 to 20 September 2024 (10 team days).

The timing of the field survey was selected to coincide with what is considered to be the most appropriate time to survey in the region. As per EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b), the recommended timing for a Primary survey in the South-West and Interzone botanical provinces is spring (September to November). However, the majority of flora taxa in the region flower from late winter to early spring, including many of the significant taxa that potentially occur in the Survey Area (see **Section 5.1.5**), hence the slightly earlier time of most of the field survey.

The Survey Area was accessed by vehicle using existing access tracks/drill lines and via foot traverses. Appropriate landholder/manager permissions were obtained prior to undertaking the field survey. All traverses made during the 2023 and 2024 field survey are mapped as track logs in **Figure 3.1**, along with sample site locations (**Section 3.4.2**).

3.4.2 Sample Sites

3.4.2.1 Quadrats

A total of 259 flora and vegetation survey quadrats have been established in the Survey Area (or within 50 m of the Survey Area), of which 100 were assessed during the 2023 and 2024 field survey (**Figure 3.1**). Five of these 100 sites were existing sites (established for other relevant assessments in the Survey Area; **Sections 3.3** and **5.1.4**) that were revisited and resampled in 2023/2024.

The quadrat size utilised for the flora and vegetation survey is the indicative size for flora and vegetation surveys in the Yalgoo IBRA region, as outlined in Table 1 of the EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b). All quadrats measured 20 m × 20 m, encompassing a total area of 400 metres squared (m²). Quadrat boundaries were demarcated using handheld Global Positioning System (GPS) units and surveying tape measures. Note that as discussed in **Section 1.2**, approximately 7.2 % and 0.2 % of the Survey Area extends into the Avon Wheatbelt and Geraldton Sandplains IBRA regions, respectively, the indicative quadrat sizes for which are 10 m × 10 m (understorey species) and 20 m × 20 m (overstorey species) for the former, and 10 m × 10 m for the latter (EPA, 2016b). However, the larger 20 m × 20 m size was chosen to be used throughout the Survey Area (irrespective of IBRA region) for consistency.

Quadrat locations were proposed to ensure that at least three quadrats sampled each vegetation pattern initially identified from aerial photography interpretation, where possible (as per **Section 3.3**). Vegetation boundaries or transition zones were avoided. Additional quadrats were established in areas that were not identified by the initial aerial photography interpretation but were observed in the field to differ from pre-identified areas, or areas of unusual habitat. The final quadrat locations were adjusted from the initial proposed locations where:

- variations in floristic patterning were observed, including placing additional quadrats in areas of unusual habitat
- the vegetation had been recently disturbed
- the vegetation had been recently burnt (< 2 years) (where possible)
- access or safety issues were encountered.

All vascular flora taxa (native and introduced) that were visually identifiable within each quadrat were recorded. At least one reference specimen of most taxa encountered (excluding common, distinctive taxa) was collected for verification and identification purposes (see **Section 3.5**).

The following information was recorded at each quadrat:

- personnel
- unique quadrat number
- survey date
- GPS coordinates at start corner of quadrat (recorded using handheld GPS units) (Geocentric Datum of Australia (GDA) 1994 or 2020, Zone 50)
- size and dimensions of quadrat
- site photograph, taken diagonally into quadrat from start corner
- compass bearing for two sides of quadrat that commence at start corner of quadrat
- topography (including landform type and slope class)
- soil colour and type (including the presence of any rock outcropping and surface stones)
- vegetation condition (as per EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b) for the South-West and Interzone botanical provinces; scale presented in **Table 3.4**) and a description of disturbances (where relevant)
- approximate time since fire
- foliage cover (%) (for each taxon, native and introduced, including cover within the quadrat of individuals rooted outside of the quadrat)
- height (m) (average for each taxon, native and introduced, excluding climbers/aerial shrubs)
- additional flora taxa present immediately outside of the quadrat.

As mentioned above, five previously surveyed quadrats were revisited in 2023/2024. Historic data from these quadrats, including taxon lists, were taken in the field and taxon presence was confirmed or updated. Representative collections were made where necessary to confirm taxon identities and to align with data collected from quadrats newly established in 2023 and 2024. Additionally, taxa that were observed to be clearly present within previously surveyed quadrats, but were not present on the quadrat taxon list, were added to the taxon list.

3.4.2.2 Relevés

Flora and vegetation survey quadrats are not considered to be the most appropriate sampling method in all instances. Where areas of vegetation in relatively degraded condition are encountered, or if areas of vegetation are too small or narrow to allow for the establishment of quadrats, the establishment and survey of relevés rather than quadrats is considered more appropriate.

A total of 349 relevés have been established in the Survey Area (or within 50 m), of which 28 were assessed during the 2023 and 2024 field survey (**Figure 3.1**). Relevés surveyed an area within a radius of approximately 10 m around a central point. Data recorded for quadrats (as listed above) was also recorded for relevés; however, only dominant taxa of each stratum level were recorded, as well as any taxa not previously observed elsewhere.

3.4.2.3 Vegetation Mapping Notes

Notes on vegetation pattern boundaries and distribution were also taken while traversing the Survey Area. These notes included a GPS location at the point where the notes were taken (GDA94 or GDA2020, Zone 50), and a brief description of the vegetation, including dominant and characteristic taxa and landform information. The notes were used to aid in mapping polygons of vegetation patterns that were not allocated quadrats, as many polygons can be confidently allocated to a final vegetation type (VT) using a combination of field mapping notes and aerial photograph interpretation. Additional flora taxa (significant, opportunistic and introduced taxa) were also recorded opportunistically in the Survey Area during traverses between quadrats and relevés, and while conducting targeted searching, with GPS locations of such taxa recorded.

A total of 80 vegetation mapping notes have been taken in the Survey Area, 68 of which were recorded during the 2023 and 2024 field survey (**Figure 3.1**).

3.4.3 Targeted Survey for Significant Flora Taxa and Vegetation

The desktop assessment (**Section 3.1**), undertaken prior to the field survey, culminated in a list of significant flora taxa and vegetation that had the potential to be present in the Survey Area. The majority of significant flora taxa identified by the desktop assessment were considered to be theoretically identifiable during the 2023 and 2024 field survey (**Section 5.1.5**). In addition, all significant vegetation communities identified by the desktop assessment were considered to be identifiable irrespective of time of survey (**Section 5.1.5**). Therefore, all such taxa and vegetation were targeted (concurrently) during the field survey.

Information relating to identifying characteristics, flowering period and habitat of these taxa, and relating to dominant taxa, soil and landform characteristics for significant vegetation, was provided to all field team members prior to undertaking the 2023 and 2024 survey. In addition, known locations of significant flora taxa were visited prior to survey, where possible, for both verification and familiarisation purposes.

Systematic targeted survey was undertaken in the Targeted Survey Area within areas of potentially suitable habitat. Targeted survey was generally conducted in a grid pattern via transects spaced approximately 50 m apart. Where less conspicuous or cryptic significant flora taxa were encountered, or where traverses intersected habitat of such taxa, survey was undertaken between transects. Significant flora taxa were also recorded opportunistically in the Survey Area during traverses between quadrats and relevés, and while conducting Targeted searching. Note that due to the grid spacing used, numbers of plants recorded are not considered to be a full census of each taxon within the Targeted Survey Area, but instead provide a conservative estimate of the numbers of individuals present and the extent of their distributions in the Targeted Survey Area.

The following information was recorded when significant flora taxa or vegetation were encountered during the Targeted survey, or encountered opportunistically:

- Location (including GPS coordinates and datum, recorded using handheld GPS units), taxon and count of any significant flora encountered at location within a radius of approximately 25 m from GPS coordinates.
- Location (including GPS coordinates and datum, recorded using handheld GPS units), community name and extent of any significant vegetation encountered within a radius of approximately 25 m from GPS coordinates.
- Comments on habitat, including landform and soils, dominant or characteristic taxa, vegetation condition, description of disturbances, and any apparent correlation between vegetation and landform features, as necessary.

If new locations of significant flora taxa were identified, a representative collection of material was made for verification purposes (see **Section 3.5**).

Traverses in the Survey Area and Targeted Survey Area from the 2023 and 2024 field survey are mapped as track logs in **Figure 3.1**, along with sample site locations. Note that track logs from previous surveys in the Survey Area are not presented.

3.4.4 Introduced Flora Taxa

Opportunistic locations of introduced flora taxa encountered while traversing between sample sites or while undertaking Targeted survey were recorded using the same method as for significant flora taxa, with particular emphasis given to WoNS and Declared Pests.

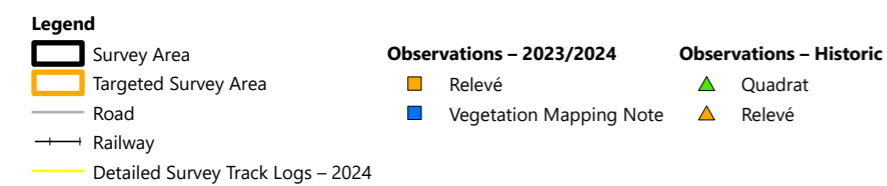
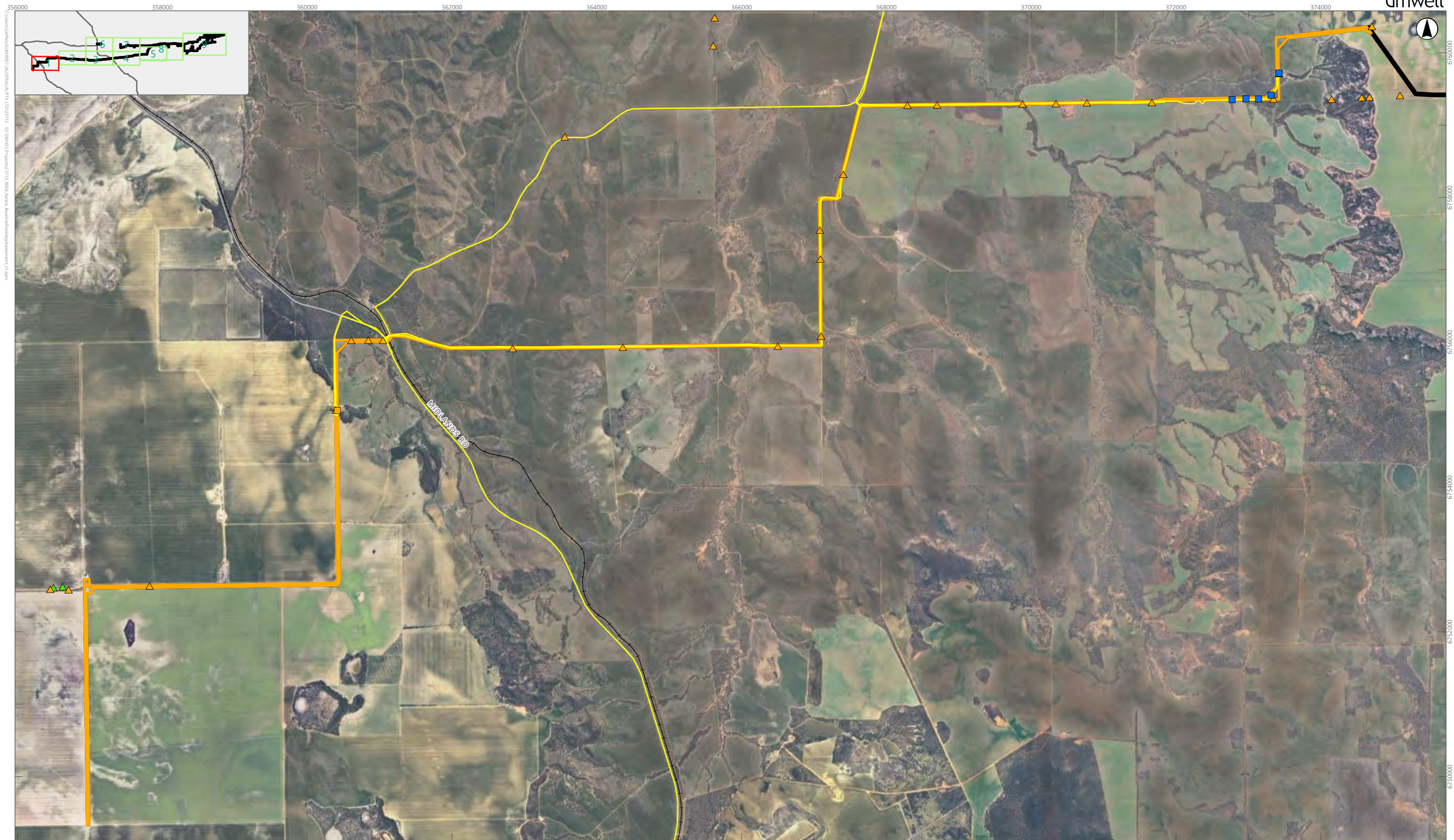


FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 1





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- | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Legend | | |
| Survey Area | Observations – 2023/2024 | Observations – Historic |
| Road | Quadrat | Relevé |
| Major Watercourse | Vegetation Mapping Note | |
| Detailed Survey Track Logs – 2024 | | |

FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 2



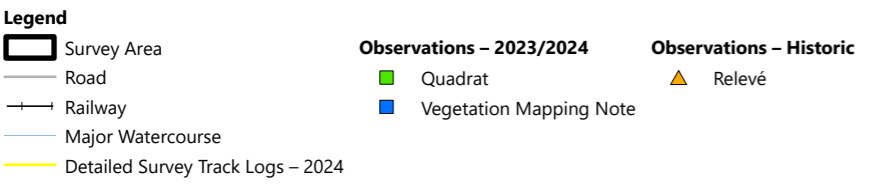
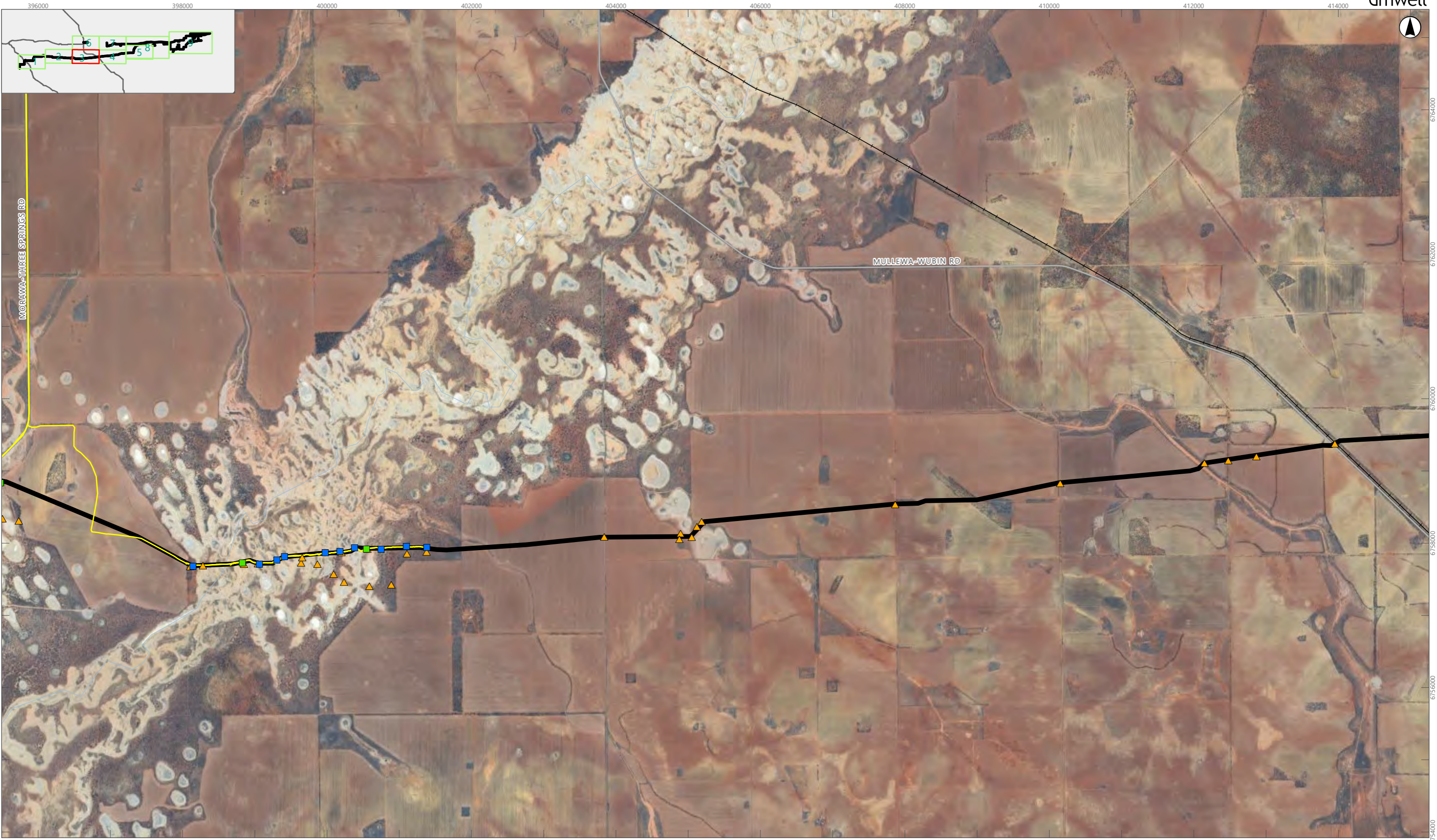
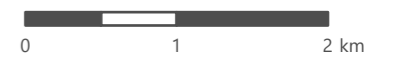


FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 3

Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50





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- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Detailed Survey Track Logs – 2024
- | | |
|---|--|
| Observations – 2023/2024 | Observations – Historic |
| ■ Vegetation Mapping Note | ▲ Quadrat |
| | ▲ Relevé |

FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 4

Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



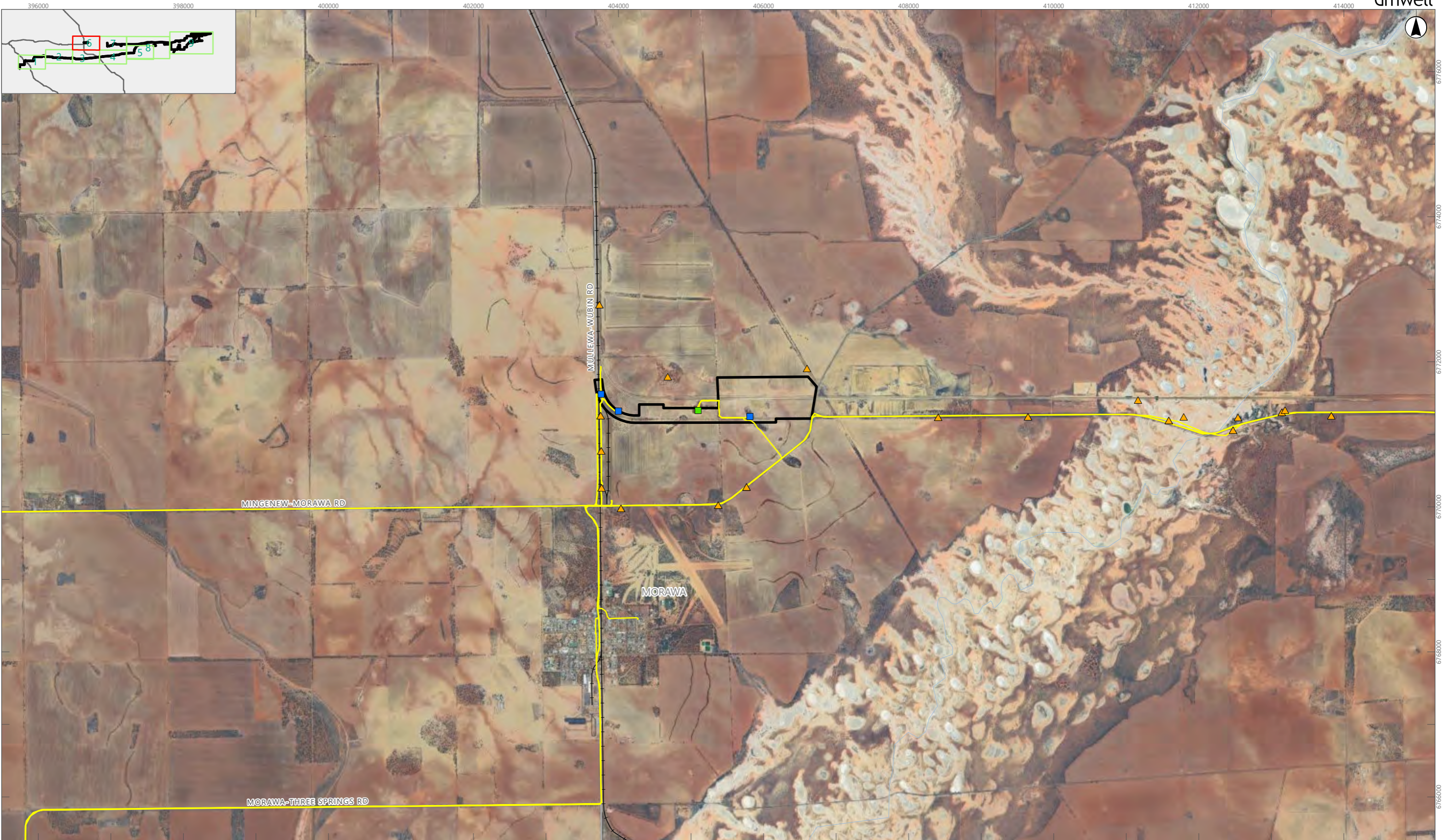


- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Major Watercourse
 - Detailed Survey Track Logs – 2024
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
 - ▲ Quadrat
 - ▲ Relevé

FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 5



Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse
 - Detailed Survey Track Logs - 2024
- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>Observations - 2023/2024</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Quadrat ■ Vegetation Mapping Note | <p>Observations - Historic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▲ Relevé |
|--|---|

FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 6



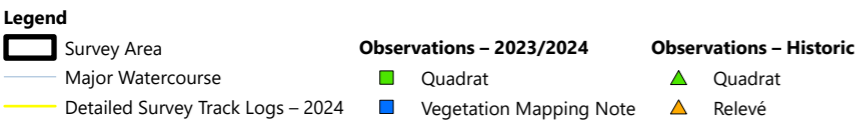
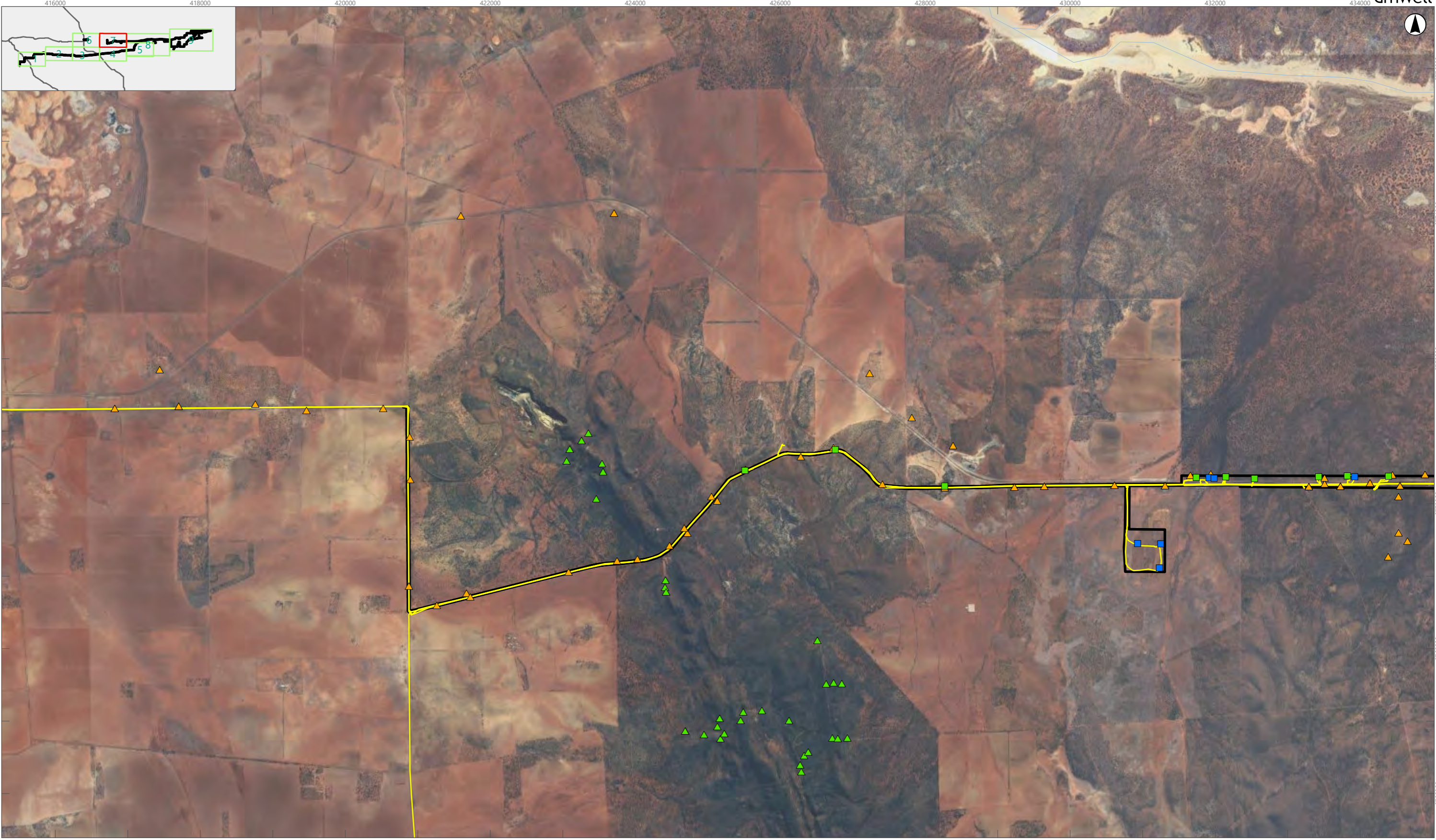


FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 7

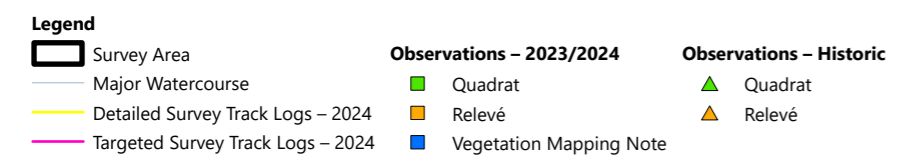
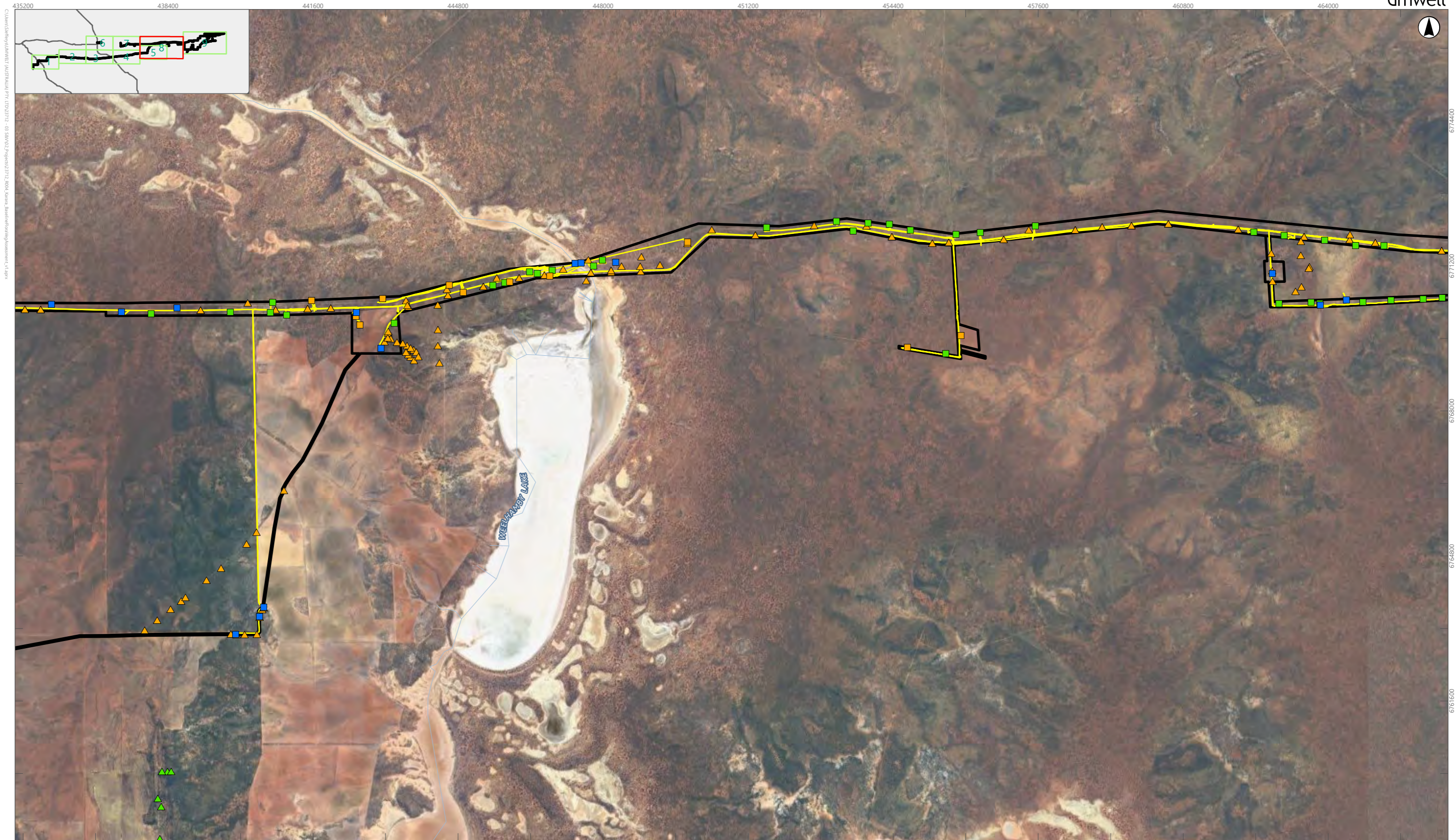
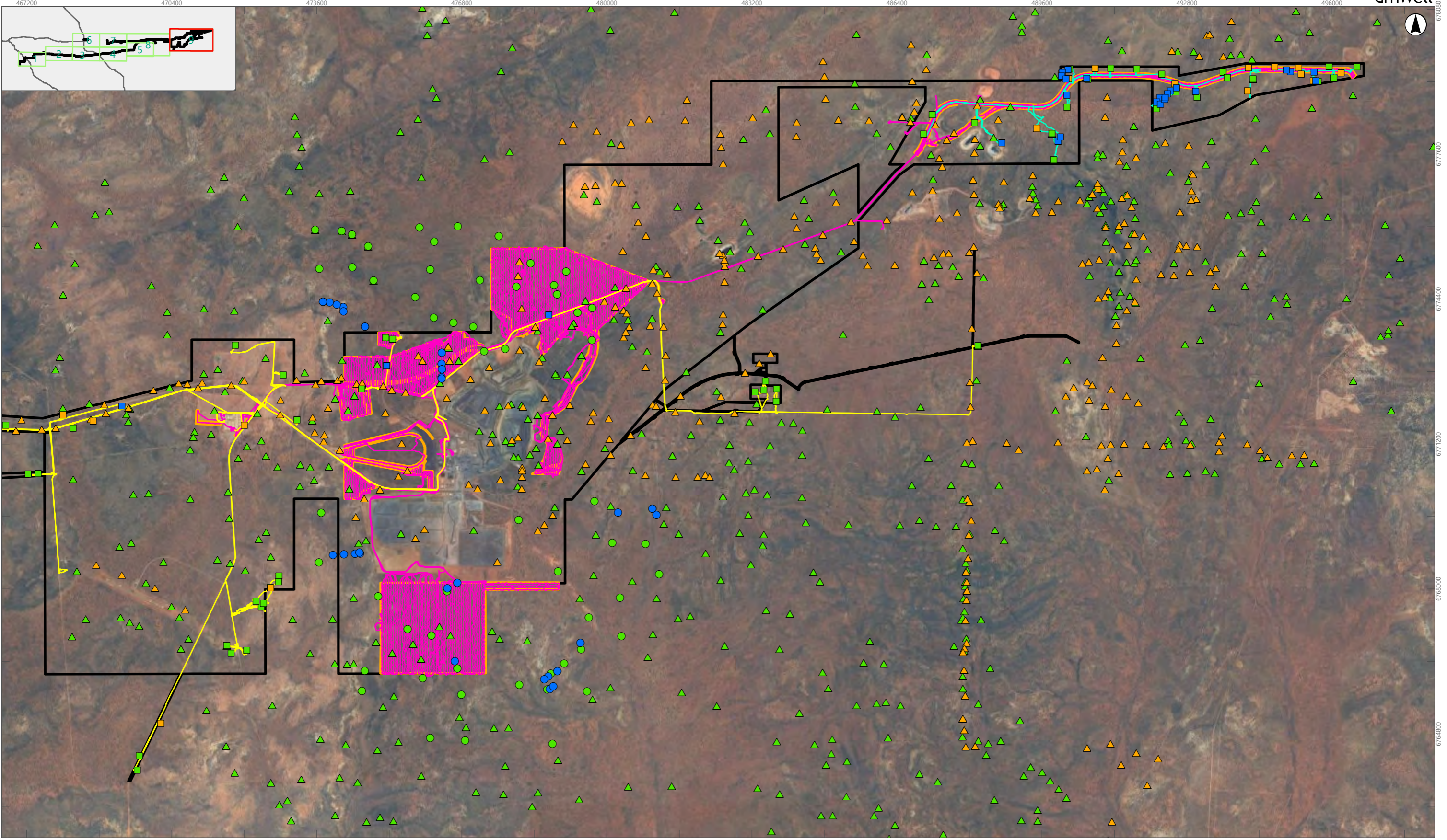


FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 8

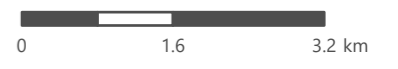




- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Targeted Survey Area
 - Detailed Survey Track Logs – 2023
 - Detailed Survey Track Logs – 2024
 - Targeted Survey Track Logs – 2024
- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>Observations – 2023/2024</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quadrat Relevé Vegetation Mapping Note <p>Observations – 2020</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quadrat Vegetation Mapping Note | <p>Observations – Historic</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Quadrat Relevé |
|---|--|

FIGURE 3.1
Track Logs and Sample Sites
Sheet 9

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3.5 Plant Collection and Identification

Specimens of any unknown flora taxa encountered during the field survey were collected and pressed as per Western Australian Herbarium (WA Herbarium) guidelines (WA Herbarium, 2020). Plant identifications were undertaken at the WA Herbarium and were overseen by Principal Botanists with extensive previous experience (> 15 years) in plant identifications for flora of WA, including flora of the Karara area (**Section 3.2**). The identification of all flora taxa (including significant taxa) used the most up to date information available, including taxonomic keys published in books, journals and online, comparison with herbarium specimens, and consultation with taxonomic experts. External experts of particular families or genera were consulted for any specimens considered to be difficult to identify or of taxonomic interest, including botanists at the WA Herbarium.

Taxon nomenclature generally follows Florabase (WA Herbarium, 1998-), with all names checked against the current DBCA Max database to ensure their validity. However, in cases where names of plant taxa have been published recently in scientific literature but have not yet been adopted on Florabase due to time constraints, nomenclature in the published literature is followed. The conservation status of each taxon was checked against Florabase, which provides the most up-to-date information regarding the conservation status of flora taxa in WA.

As per section 7.2 of EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b), specimens of interest, including significant flora taxa, taxa representing range extensions, potential new taxa, and key species in new occurrences of TECs and PECs, will be sent to the WA Herbarium for consideration for vouchering as soon as practicable. However, this process is via donation, and the WA Herbarium may not voucher all specimens, in accordance with its own requirements. The specimen vouchering will be supported by completed Threatened and Priority Flora Report Forms submitted to DBCA (Species and Communities Branch) in the case of listed significant flora (i.e. Threatened and Priority flora taxa).

3.6 Floristic Classification Analyses

3.6.1 Floristic Analysis with Survey Area Data

Floristic agglomerative hierarchical clustering analysis of data from all 259 quadrats in the Survey Area (**Section 3.4.2.1**) was performed to inform the grouping of VTs. Data from all historical quadrats were reviewed thoroughly for taxonomic currency (both in a nomenclature and conceptual context), with nomenclature updated where required (see **Appendix A** for further details).

The floristic classification analysis was undertaken by a botanist with considerable previous experience (9 years) in undertaking and interpreting floristic analysis results and was reviewed by a botanist with extensive previous experience (18 years) in floristic analyses. Both personnel have previous experience with analyses of floristic data from the Midwest region and from previous projects undertaken in the Karara area.

Taxa belonging to the below categories were removed prior to the classification analysis:

- Annual or ephemeral taxa – the presence of annual or ephemeral taxa is strongly influenced by seasonal conditions, with such taxa typically being patchily-distributed, or entirely absent, in seasons with below-average rainfall; this was observed in the Survey Area during the 2023 field assessment, with annual taxa present in some areas (albeit generally in very poor condition), but completely absent in other areas that otherwise possessed similar vegetation composition. Removal of annual and ephemeral taxa is consistent with the methods used for assessments undertaken by DBCA (then Department of Parks and Wildlife/Department of Environment and Conservation) in the region. DBCA have undertaken multiple vegetation surveys of the greenstone ranges and banded ironstone formation (BIF) of the Yilgarn Craton region, with subsequent floristic analyses; all such analyses were done with annual and ephemeral taxa removed from the dataset (Meissner et al., 2009; Meissner & Coppen, 2013, 2014a, 2014b; Meissner & Wright, 2010b, 2010a, 2010c).
- Introduced taxa – introduced taxa were removed as their distributions are generally defined by the presence of disturbance (e.g. clearing, animal movement) rather than natural ecological drivers. Vegetation type must be determined independently of vegetation condition for the purposes of EIA; therefore, including weeds in the classification analysis introduces the risk of VTs allocated by the analysis being based on condition (presence/absence of introduced species) rather than native taxon presence/absence.
- Hybrids – hybrids are usually the result of random reproductive events that produce small numbers (often only one) of sterile offspring and are often not associated with particular habitat types.
- Taxa where identification was unclear – taxa were removed from the analysis where identification was unclear due to poor available material in the field. However, if such a taxon was known to be unique within the dataset (i.e. although not identifiable to species level, there was enough material to indicate it representing a unique taxon), and the taxon had multiple records in the dataset, it was included in the analysis (e.g. *Corchorus* sp.).
- Singletons – taxa that occur only once in the dataset were removed, as published studies indicate that they provide little information in the dataset (e.g. Markey & Dillon (2008)). Note that singletons were also removed by DBCA for their floristic analyses of vegetation of the Yilgarn Craton greenstone ranges and BIF.

All taxa amalgamated in the classification analysis are presented in **Appendix A**. This was done, for example, where different infra-taxa could not be consistently positively identified at all quadrats due to inadequate material, or when changes to taxon nomenclature had occurred since collection of historic quadrat data.

Additionally, the taxa that comprise the Mulga (*Acacia aneura*) group were amalgamated under a single code for the analysis. Confident identification of Mulga specimens can be difficult, particularly if low rainfall is received in the months prior to field survey, as this often results in a lack of resin (a key diagnostic feature) on the phyllodes. Due to the high level of uncertainty in the identifications within this group, and the proclivity for individuals in this group to produce hybrids within Mulga stands (which are generally omitted from floristic analyses), it was therefore considered that for the purposes of the floristic analyses, all collections identified as belonging to the Mulga group (or being tentatively aligned to a species in the Mulga group), or a putative hybrid or intergrade of Mulga species, would be amalgamated under one taxon code in the analyses. This was also undertaken in the indicator taxon analysis (discussed in **Section 3.7**); this

therefore meant that specific Mulga taxa could not be considered indicator taxa. The approach of amalgamation of Mulga species was supported by a review of the locations of the Mulga species across the Survey Area prior to undertaking the analyses; while some patterns in the distribution of certain species were noted, generally the Mulga species did not exhibit any particular distributional pattern, and often several species and putative hybrids occurred together. A similar approach has also been used previously in DBCA's surveys of BIF ranges in the Yilgarn Craton, with Markey & Dillon (2008) resolving their Mulga entities into approximate morphotypes for their analysis.

The final dataset contained 276 species names from 259 quadrats following the removal and amalgamation of the above-noted taxa.

Prior to undertaking agglomerative hierarchical clustering, a principal components analysis (PCA) using R Statistical Software (R Core Team, 2024) was undertaken on a single-layer data matrix consisting of presence/absence species data. Three analyses were then undertaken to determine the optimal number of clusters, with the minimum of these three metrics being considered to capture the majority of variation in the quadrat data:

- Determining the “elbow” of the curve of a PCA scree plot and retaining all components before this point.
- The point where the principal components contribute 5 % of the standard deviation and the principal components cumulatively contribute 90 % of the standard deviation.
- The point where the percent change in variation between consecutive principal components is less than 0.1 %.

The same presence-absence data matrix was then used in the classification analysis, with the classification and ordination analysis of the data matrix undertaken using the ‘vegan’ (Oksanen et al., 2025) and ‘cluster’ (Maechler et al., 2025) R packages using R Statistical Software (R Core Team, 2024). The Bray-Curtis coefficient was used to generate an association matrix for the classification analysis. This association matrix consisted of pairwise coefficients of similarities between quadrats based on floristic data. Agglomerative hierarchical clustering, using flexible Unweighted Pair Group Method with Arithmetic Mean (UPGMA) ($\beta = -0.1$), was used to generate a quadrat classification dendrogram using the ‘factoextra’ R package (Kassambara & Mundt, 2020).

In addition to the dendrogram, a cluster plot was generated using the ‘factoextra’ R package (Kassambara & Mundt, 2020). Prior to generating the cluster plot, PCA was performed to reduce the number of dimensions such that the data can be represented by clusters in a two-dimensional space. The data was then plotted according to the first two principal components that explain the majority of the variance in the dataset. This plot was utilised to assist in determining the feasibility of clusters and quadrat placement in the dendrogram.

3.6.2 Floristic Analysis with Regional Data

In addition to floristic analysis of quadrats located within the Survey Area as described in **Section 3.6.1**, a second floristic analysis was conducted using quadrat data from the Regional Mapping Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2012) to provide regional context and assist with the identification of potentially regionally significant vegetation in the Survey Area.

Data used for the analysis included floristic data from the Survey Area, as well as from quadrats established within the wider Regional Mapping Assessment study area. Prior to undertaking the analyses, all floristic datasets were reviewed thoroughly for taxonomic currency (both in a nomenclature and conceptual context), with nomenclature updated where required. A summary of the taxonomic and nomenclature updates to the Regional Mapping Assessment quadrats is presented in **Appendix A**.

The methods of analysis used were the same as those described in **Section 3.6.1**, including taxa removed from/amalgamated in the analysis (**Appendix A**), as well as PCA cluster determination, dissimilarity index, and clustering methods. The final dataset contained 281 species codes from 1,102 quadrats following taxa removal and amalgamation.

The resulting classification dendrogram was reviewed to determine the position of Survey Area quadrats in relation to sites from the wider Regional Mapping Assessment study area; from this, the relationships between Survey Area VTs and Regional Floristic Community Types (FCTs) were inferred, with particular attention on Regional FCTs that were identified by Woodman Environmental (2012) to potentially represent significant vegetation. This is discussed further in **Section 3.9.2**.

3.7 Vegetation Type Definition, Mapping and Description

The classification analysis of the Survey Area floristic data aggregated quadrats and taxa into clusters according to the optimal number of cluster analysis (**Section 3.6**). The resulting dendrogram and taxon group matrix were initially examined at this level to determine the plausibility of quadrat groupings with regard to taxon groups, in combination with field observations. This process determined a final number of groups, which were considered to represent VTs.

Following this process, floristic and structural data recorded at relevés was examined to determine whether vegetation sampled by such relevés, such as in the case where vegetation condition may not support classification analysis, was analogous to any of the VTs defined by floristic composition classification. Any such vegetation that was not considered to be analogous with any of the VTs defined by floristic classification was considered to represent a discrete VT.

VT descriptions have been adapted from the National Vegetation Information System (NVIS) Australian Vegetation Attribute Manual (NVIS Technical Working Group, 2017). The use of the NVIS system for VT descriptions is recommended by EPA Technical Guidance (2016b), however it is worthy of note that the latest version (7.0) was published in 2017, subsequent to that of the current EPA Technical Guidance. This model follows nationally-agreed guidelines to describe and represent VTs, so that comparable and consistent data are produced nation-wide. It should be noted that the NVIS system utilises vegetation descriptions derived from structural characteristics of the individual community units, while VTs presented in this report are defined based on the results of a floristic classification analysis, excluding any structural data. Such VTs therefore may include multiple structural types. Considering the effect of disturbance factors such as fire on vegetation structure, this approach is designed to provide a map of VTs that reflect taxon composition and the influences of the physical and chemical environment, rather than disturbance history.

This report describes VTs at the NVIS Sub-Association level; this level is considered most appropriate for the vegetation of the Survey Area, as often the vegetation possessed one or more additional strata to the traditional three-stratum classification system used at the Association level.

For each VT, indicator taxa were defined via Indicator Taxon Analysis (INDVAL). This was conducted using the ‘labdsv’ R package (Roberts, 2023) via the method of Dufrêne and Legendre (1997). This generates INDVAL values (a measure of taxon fidelity to a given VT) that range from 0 to 100; an INDVAL value of 100 indicates that a taxon is present in all quadrats within a particular VT and absent from all other quadrats included in the analysis. The INDVAL values were then tested for significance of the indicator taxa using a Monte Carlo permutation test. Indicator taxa were defined as taxa with a significance *p* value of either < 0.05, < 0.01 or < 0.001. The same taxa exclusions (i.e. annual/ephemeral taxa, introduced taxa and hybrids) and amalgamations that were used for the Survey Area floristic classification analysis (as per **Appendix A**) were employed for the indicator species analysis. Note that only VTs sampled with more than one quadrat can be analysed for indicator species.

Locations of quadrats within each VT were used in conjunction with aerial photograph interpretation, relevé data and vegetation mapping notes data to develop VT mapping polygon boundaries. A number of aerial photography sources were utilised for the vegetation mapping, as per **Table 3.3**. Mapping boundaries were developed using aerial photography at a minimum scale of 1:5,000, and reflected changes in vegetation patterns visible at this scale. The VT mapping polygon boundaries were then digitised using Geographic Information System (GIS) software.

Table 3.3 Aerial Imagery Used for Vegetation Type and Condition Mapping

Imagery	Imagery Year	Description	Purpose
Landgate WA Now Mosaic (LGATE-320)	Varies across Survey Area from 2014 to 2016. Imagery for majority of Survey Area from 2014	Imagery captured from an aircraft at predetermined altitudes and along a predetermined flight path. Resolution ± 1 m, good positional and colour accuracy	Used for VT and vegetation condition mapping for the majority of the Survey Area
KML (Karara_5cm_RGB_Jul2024)	2024	Imagery captured from an aircraft at predetermined altitudes and along a predetermined flight path. Very high resolution (5 cm) and good colour accuracy. Covers only Karara, Blue Hills North and Terapod mine site areas	Used with Landgate WA Now imagery for VT and vegetation condition mapping, where available
KML (Karara_Large_Area_15cm_RGB)	2024	Imagery captured from an aircraft at predetermined altitudes and along a predetermined flight path. Very high resolution (15 cm) and good colour accuracy. Covers only Karara Area of Survey Area	Used with Landgate WA Now imagery for VT and vegetation condition mapping, where available
Google Satellite	Varies across Survey Area from 2022 to 2024. Imagery for majority of Survey Area from 2023 to 2024	Satellite imagery. Resolution, colour accuracy and positional accuracy more poor than that of Landgate	Used to supplement KML imagery to map areas that have been cleared or otherwise disturbed since the capture of Landgate WA Now imagery

3.8 Vegetation Condition Mapping

Vegetation condition was described using the vegetation condition scale presented in EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b) for the South West and Interzone Botanical Provinces (as per **Table 3.4**). Vegetation condition was recorded at all quadrats and relevés, and while traversing the Survey Area. Vegetation condition category polygon boundaries were developed using this information in conjunction with introduced flora taxa location data and were digitised using GIS software as for VT polygon boundaries.

Table 3.4 Vegetation Condition Scale for the South West and Interzone Botanical Provinces

Condition Ranking	Description
Pristine (P)	Pristine or nearly so, no obvious signs of disturbance or damage caused by human activities since European settlement
Excellent (E)	Vegetation structure intact, disturbance affecting individual species and weeds are nonaggressive species. Damage to trees caused by fire, the presence of non-aggressive weeds and occasional vehicle tracks
Very Good (VG)	Vegetation structure altered, obvious signs of disturbance. Disturbance to vegetation structure caused by repeated fires, the presence of some more aggressive weeds, dieback, logging and grazing
Good (G)	Vegetation structure significantly altered by very obvious signs of multiple disturbances. Retains basic vegetation structure or ability to regenerate it. Disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of very aggressive weeds, partial clearing, dieback and grazing
Degraded (D)	Basic vegetation structure severely impacted by disturbance. Scope for regeneration but not to a state approaching good condition without intensive management. Disturbance to vegetation structure caused by very frequent fires, the presence of very aggressive weeds at high density, partial clearing, dieback and grazing
Completely Degraded (CD)	The structure of the vegetation is no longer intact and the area is completely or almost completely without native species. These areas are often described as 'parkland cleared' with the flora comprising weed or crop species with isolated native trees and shrubs

Source: *Technical Guidance for Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment (EPA, 2016b)*.

3.9 Significant Flora and Vegetation Definitions

3.9.1 Significant Flora Taxa

As per EPA definitions (2016a, 2016b), flora taxa may be significant for a range of reasons, including, but not limited to the following:

- being identified as a Threatened or Priority species (formally listed significant taxa – includes taxa listed under both State and Commonwealth legislation, and classified as Priority by DBCA)
- being locally endemic or associated with a restricted habitat type (e.g. surface water or groundwater dependent ecosystems (GDEs))
- being a new species or having anomalous features that indicate a potential new species
- being representative of the range of a species (particularly at the extremes of range, recently discovered range extensions, or isolated outliers of the main range)

- being an unusual species, including restricted subspecies, varieties or naturally occurring hybrids
- having a relictual status, being representative of taxonomic groups that no longer occur widely in the broader landscape.

Significant flora taxa recorded within the Survey Area are discussed in **Section 5.2.2** with reference to the above categories. Data including point locations and abundance of significant flora taxa recorded within the Survey Area (by the 2023/2024 survey and relevant previous surveys) are also presented in this section. Potential duplication of records in the Survey Area has been avoided by assessment of locations of significant flora taxa recorded by the current survey against previous survey data in a GIS environment.

3.9.2 Significant Vegetation

As per EPA definitions (2016a, 2016b), vegetation may be significant for a range of reasons, including, but not limited to the following:

- being identified as a TEC or PEC (formally listed significant vegetation – includes vegetation listed under Commonwealth or State legislation, or classified as a PEC by DBCA)
- having restricted distribution
- having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes
- playing a role as a refuge
- providing an important function required to maintain ecological integrity of a significant ecosystem.

To determine the presence of TECs and PECs defined from quadrat-derived data, EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b) requires comparison of the quadrat data with that of the survey in which the TEC or PEC was originally described. However, limited information is available for TECs and PECs of the Midwest region. Generally, only broad descriptions are provided in the respective TEC and PEC lists to allow for diagnosis. The vegetation of the Survey Area was therefore manually compared to such descriptions to determine whether any vegetation may represent a TEC (as listed under the BC Act) or PEC (as listed by DBCA); specifically, comparisons of dominant taxa, soils, topography and geographical distribution of VTs were made to those of any relevant TEC or PEC. A similar process was followed for TECs listed under the EPBC Act, with comparisons made to the appropriate listing and conservation advice for any TECs likely to occur in the Survey Area.

The remaining significant vegetation criteria other than “being identified as a TEC and PEC” were applied to VTs mapped in the Survey Area to determine whether a VT was significant in a local or regional context. In terms of potential regional significance of VTs, the clustering dendrogram of Survey Area quadrats with quadrats from the Regional Mapping Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2012) (**Section 3.6.2**) was reviewed for the position of Survey Area quadrats with Regional Mapping Assessment quadrats to infer similarities between Survey Area VTs and Regional FCTs. It was assumed that dissolution of groups of quadrats from the Survey Area analysis within this regional analysis likely indicated that the vegetation represented by such quadrats was relatively dissimilar in a regional context; this may not have been obviously evident in the local context of the Survey Area classification analysis due to the comparatively limited size of the dataset being analysed. As mentioned above, it is important to note that this analytical approach does not maintain the original quadrat groupings that formed the basis of the original FCTs

defined by the Regional Mapping Assessment in the resultant dendrogram. Therefore, other information such as quadrat taxon lists, vegetation structure, soils, topography and geographical distribution data was also compared with the information presented for each of the Regional FCTs in order to provide further support for the inferences made. Note also that the Regional Mapping Assessment was undertaken at a much broader scale than the current survey; therefore, it is possible that multiple Survey Area VTs may all have high similarity to a single Regional FCT.

3.10 Likelihood of Occurrence Assessments

Likelihood of occurrence assessments were undertaken for significant flora taxa and vegetation that were identified by the desktop assessment as potentially occurring within the Desktop Study Area. The likelihood of occurrence rated taxa and vegetation communities as ‘known’, ‘likely’, or ‘unlikely’ to occur in the Survey Area, based on whether the Survey Area is located within the known range of the taxon/community, and whether potentially suitable habitat may be present (**Table 3.5**). Key diagnostic characteristics in the relevant TEC or PEC Approved Conservation Advice; nomination/listing descriptions; recovery plans; and the ‘Methods for survey and identification of Western Australian threatened ecological communities’ document from DBCA (2024a), were also reviewed (where available) when assessing the likelihood of occurrence of a significant vegetation community to be present in Survey Area.

Table 3.5 Significant Flora and Vegetation Likelihood of Occurrence Categories

Category	Description
Known	Existing locations within the Survey Area
Likely	Survey Area clearly within or in close proximity to known range, and habitat likely to be present
Possible	Survey Area potentially within or in relatively close proximity to known range, and habitat possibly present
Unlikely	Survey Area not within or in close proximity to known range, and/or habitat unlikely to be present
Not considered to occur	Survey Area > 200 km from known range, and/or habitat not considered to be present

4.0 Adequacy and Survey Limitations

4.1 Adequacy of Survey Assessment

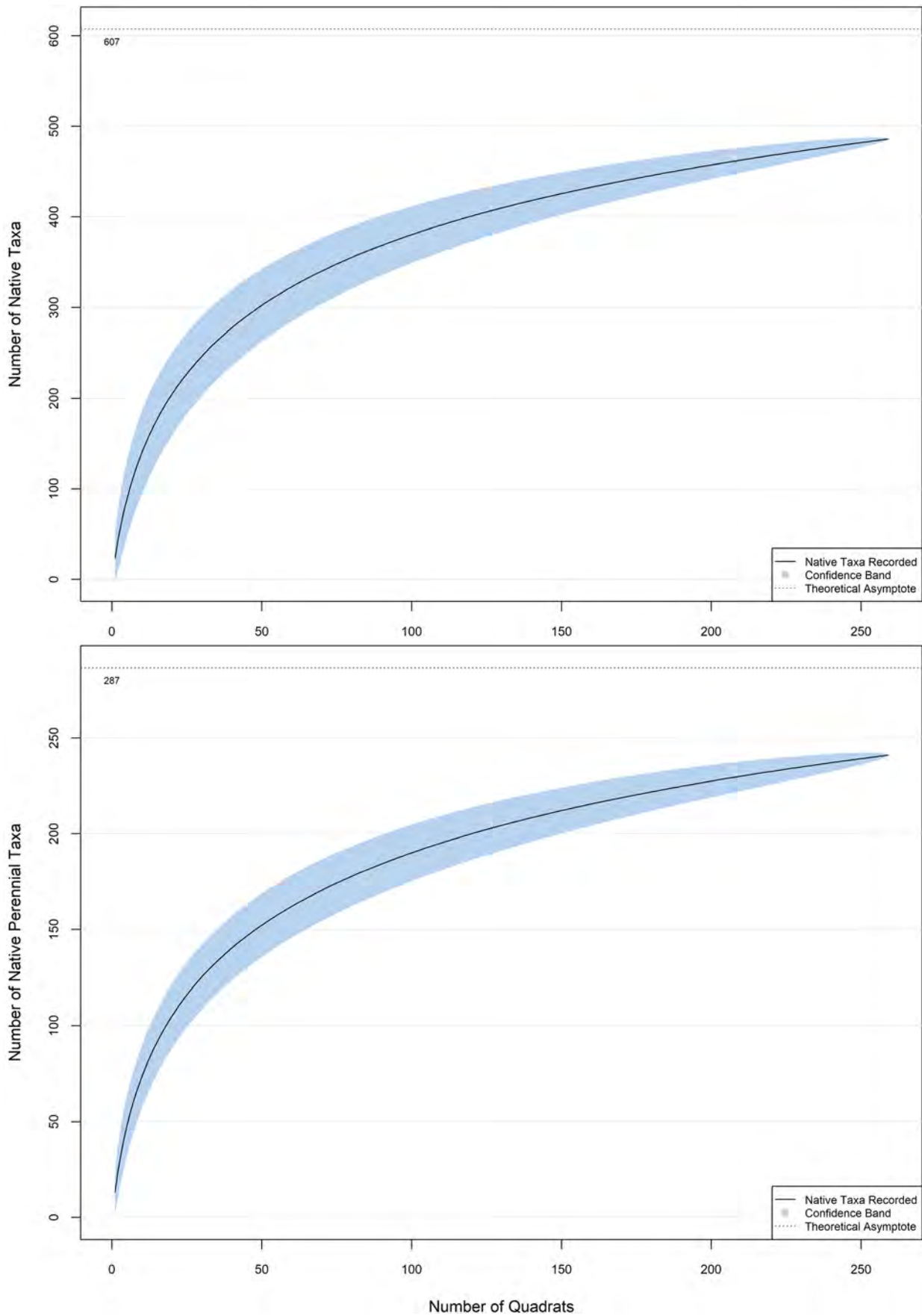
The Survey Area covers 13,557 ha, with 259 quadrats established within it (or within 50 m) by the current survey or relevant previous assessments. Where possible, quadrats were established in all preliminary vegetation patterns discernible by initial aerial photograph interpretation (**Section 3.3** and **Section 3.4.2**), both to adequately sample variation in vegetation throughout the Survey Area, and to ensure adequacy of sampling for vascular plant taxa.

The number of quadrats established in the Survey Area is considered to be acceptable given the diversity of topography and soil types noted in the Survey Area, as well as its size; approximately 1 quadrat has been established per 51 ha across the entire Survey Area, or 1 quadrat per 42 ha of vegetation within the Survey Area (i.e. excluding areas mapped as 'Water' and 'Cleared Land').

To provide an indication of the adequacy of this survey, taxon accumulation curves were produced with the 'vegan' R package (Oksanen et al., 2025) using R Statistical Software (R Core Team, 2024). Taxon accumulation curves represent a theoretical model of the relationship between sampling intensity and taxon accumulation; when sampling intensity is increased, taxon accumulation is reduced, and the taxon accumulation curve becomes asymptotic. The curves were generated using Survey Area quadrat data (those newly established in 2023/2024 and historical quadrats) using all native recorded within each quadrat, both inclusive and exclusive of annual taxa (to account for quadrats established in low rainfall seasons). Taxon accumulation calculations were then undertaken using the 'SpadeR' R package (Chao et al., 2016), utilising the Chao-2 estimator (bias corrected form) for species richness (Chao, 1987) and compared to the actual number of taxa recorded in the Survey Area. This provides an indication as to whether sufficient quadrats were surveyed to adequately sample the species richness in the Survey Area. However, as the generation of taxon accumulation curves includes quadrat data only, and not opportunistically recorded taxa or taxa recorded at relevés or vegetation mapping notes, the indication of adequacy of survey is considered to be conservative.

Another adequacy of survey measure is that developed by Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg (1974), who suggest that a cut-off point might be when a 10 % increase in quadrats surveyed results in a ≤ 5 % increase in taxa recorded. This measure was also calculated using all native flora taxa recorded within each quadrat, both inclusive and exclusive of annual taxa.

Graph 4.1 presents the native taxon accumulation curves for the Survey Area. A summary of the results of tests against the Chao-2 estimator and Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg measure are presented in **Table 4.1**. Using the Chao-2 estimator, the recorded number of native taxa within quadrats is equivalent to 80.0 % and 84.1 % of the estimated native taxon richness in the Survey Area, including annuals and excluding annuals, respectively. The number of quadrats established by the field survey satisfies the Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg adequacy measure, with an increase in recorded native taxa of 2.3 % (including annuals) and 2.2 % (excluding annuals) following a 10 % increase in quadrats. Therefore, assessments against the Chao-2 estimator and Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg tests both suggest that sampling in the Survey Area was adequate.



Graph 4.1 Survey Area Quadrat Data Native Taxon Accumulation Curve

Top: including annual taxa; bottom: excluding annual taxa.

Table 4.1 Results of Adequacy of Survey Tests for Quadrats of the Survey Area

Parameters	Number of Taxa Recorded	Estimated Taxa Present (Chao-2)	Chao-2 Test Result (%)*	Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg Test Result
Native taxa including annuals	486	607	80.0	2.3
Native taxa excluding annuals	241	287	84.1	2.2

* Calculated as the number of taxa recorded in quadrats, divided by the estimated number of taxa present (using Chao-2).

4.2 Assessment of Potential Limitations of Survey

Table 4.2 presents an assessment of the potential limitations of the flora and vegetation assessment of the Survey Area, in accordance with EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b). Note that this table deals specifically with the current survey conducted in 2023 and 2024. For data used in this assessment which originated from other surveys – either for the purposes of taxon inventory, significant flora distribution and abundance, or floristic analysis – individual reports were reviewed to identify any specific limitations that may have significantly affected the results. Furthermore, as discussed in **Section 1.3**, **Section 3.3** and **Section 3.6**, issues relating to changes in plant nomenclature or taxonomy since these earlier surveys, as well as some of these surveys being conducted out of season, were addressed prior to commencing floristic analysis. This was achieved both via revisiting and resurveying previously established quadrats in the field, and thoroughly reviewing historical quadrats for taxonomic currency and updating nomenclature where required. Therefore, it is considered that there are no significant limitations associated with the utilisation of historical quadrat data.

In summary, there were no limitations that were considered to have had a significant effect on the results of the flora and vegetation assessment.

Table 4.2 Assessment of Potential Limitations of the Flora and Vegetation Assessment of the Survey Area

Limitation	Determination	Comment
Effort and extent	Not a limitation	<p>A Detailed Survey was undertaken over 34 team days across the Borefield Corridor, Tilley Siding, Yandanooka Pipeline and parts of the Karara Area that were unsurveyed or long-unsurveyed. In addition, a Targeted Survey was undertaken over 26 team days across the entire Targeted Survey Area.</p> <p>Multiple sample sites were established in each remnant vegetation pattern identified in the Survey Area, excluding two highly modified vegetation types (HMVTs). All VTs defined by floristic composition analysis were sampled by at least three quadrats, with the exception of VTs I, J and M, due to the small areas of these VTs being intersected by the Survey Area. Overall, 259 quadrats, 349 relevés and 80 vegetation mapping notes have been established in the Survey Area, of which 100, 28 and 68 were newly established by this current survey (Section 3.4.2). The number of sample sites is considered adequate to characterise the flora and vegetation of the Survey Area, and adequacy of survey measures indicated that the Survey Area was well sampled (Section 4.1). Therefore, it is considered that there are no limitations in terms of Detailed survey effort and extent.</p> <p>No constraints prevented appropriate sampling techniques (sample site establishment, foot transects) being employed. Relative ease of access within the Survey Area enabled detailed VT and vegetation condition mapping to be undertaken throughout the Survey Area. Mapping reliability is therefore considered to be relatively high.</p> <p>A desktop assessment was undertaken prior to the field survey to identify significant flora taxa and significant vegetation communities that had the potential to be present in the Survey Area. Systematic Targeted survey for these taxa and communities was undertaken within the Targeted Survey Area, and opportunistically within the wider Survey Area. The Targeted significant flora survey was conducted on foot along transects undertaken at 50 m intervals (Section 3.4.3). A 50 m interval was considered to be adequate to provide appropriate data on the distribution of significant flora taxa within the Targeted Survey Area. When searching for smaller, cryptic taxa such as <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), small deviations were taken off the transect lines to ensure all suitable habitat was checked. Due to the intervals between transects, and large numbers encountered of some small taxa (e.g. <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)), the presented numbers of individuals/locations are not considered to be a full census of each taxon within the Targeted Survey Area. Instead, these likely conservative estimates of the numbers of individuals/locations actually present.</p> <p>Targeted searching for significant flora taxa across the entire Survey Area has not been undertaken. Further survey for significant flora taxa may be required depending on the precise location of future impact areas. In addition, the Survey Area was not surveyed for significant taxa identified subsequent to the field survey being completed (e.g. the potentially undescribed <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' and <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'). However, there were no records of such taxa within the Targeted Survey Area.</p>

Limitation	Determination	Comment
Competency / experience of the team carrying out the survey	Not a limitation	<p>The Project Manager has 9 years' previous experience conducting similar assessments in WA, including in the Karara area. The Field Managers have extensive experience (>15 years) in conducting systematic sampling in WA and the Karara area. Other field team leaders have previous experience (> 4 years) in conducting flora and vegetation surveys, including in the Midwest region, and field team personnel have previous experience assisting in flora and vegetation surveys. Senior personnel provided guidance to less experienced botanists throughout the survey where necessary.</p> <p>Information relating to identifying characteristics, flowering period and habitat of significant flora taxa that may be present, and relating to dominant taxa, soil and landform characteristics for significant vegetation, was provided to all field team members prior to undertaking the field surveys. Where possible, field personnel observed in situ locations of significant flora taxa known to occur in the Targeted Survey Area prior to Targeted searching commencing.</p> <p>Personnel overseeing plant identifications have > 15 years' experience in plant identification in flora of the Midwest region, and have extensive experience in flora of the Karara area specifically. Relevant taxonomic experts (including botanists at the WA Herbarium) were consulted for any specimens considered to be difficult to identify or of taxonomic interest.</p>

Limitation	Determination	Comment
Proportion of flora recorded and/or collected and identified	Not a limitation	<p>The timing of the 2023 and 2024 field survey was selected to coincide with what is considered to be the most appropriate time to survey in the region. As per EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b), the recommended timing for a Primary survey in the South-West and Interzone botanical provinces is spring (September to November). However, the majority of flora taxa in the Karara region flower from late winter to early spring, including many of the significant taxa that potentially occur in the Survey Area (Section 5.1.5), hence the slightly earlier time of the field surveys (August to October).</p> <p>All vascular groups that were present in the Survey Area were sampled. At least one reference specimen of all taxa encountered (excluding common, distinctive taxa) was collected for verification and identification purposes during the 2023 and 2024 field survey. In addition, all unknown vascular taxa were collected. Specimens were identified at the WA Herbarium using the most up to date information available, including taxonomic keys published in books, journals and online, comparison with herbarium specimens, and consultation with taxonomic experts. A very small number of specimens could not be identified to species level due to inadequate material; however, none of these are considered likely to represent significant taxa. This is not considered to constitute a limitation of the assessment.</p> <p>Winter conditions for 2024 were cooler and wetter than average, but were warmer and drier than average in 2023 (Section 2.0). The poor conditions in 2023 and later timing of the site visit (October) corresponded with observable drought stress, senescence of perennial taxa, few perennial taxa in flower, and poor abundance and diversity of annual and ephemeral taxa. It is possible that a small number of particularly fragile taxa (e.g. some grass species) may not have been detectable or identifiable during this site visit. However, the conditions prior to the 2024 site visits were good, corresponding with abundant annual and ephemeral taxa, and many perennial taxa in flower. While the first site visit in August 2024 may have been slightly too early in the germination and emergence cycle of some annual taxa (some annual species had germinated but were not yet reproductively mature or in flower), these taxa, and those that may not have been detectable or identifiable during the 2023 site visit, were likely captured by the subsequent site visits in 2024.</p> <p>Adequacy of survey measures indicate that the Survey Area was well sampled. A high percentage of taxa expected to occur in the Survey Area (using the Chao-2 estimator) was recorded within quadrats (80 % of annual and perennial taxa, and 84.1 % of perennial taxa). The number of quadrats established in the Survey Area satisfies the criterion suggested by Mueller-Dombois & Ellenberg, with a final increase of 2.3 % in annual and perennial taxa, and 2.2 % in perennial taxa, per 10 % increase in quadrats (Section 4.1).</p>
Sources of information e.g. previously available information (whether historic or recent) as distinct from new data	Not a limitation	<p>Reasonable contextual information for the Survey Area was available prior to the field surveys. Sources of information used included government databases including those from DBCA and DCCEEW, with DBCA databases in particular having been extensively populated with data from numerous surveys conducted in the general vicinity of the Survey Area. In addition, other general sources pertaining to the climate, geomorphology, and flora and vegetation of the region, as well as previous surveys conducted within and in the vicinity Survey Area, were utilised. All information sources are considered to have high reliability, unless where stated.</p>

Limitation	Determination	Comment
Survey timing and weather/season/cycle	Not a limitation	The 2023 and 2024 field surveys were conducted in late winter to early/mid spring, corresponding with what is considered the optimum flowering period for the Midwest. As discussed above, the 2023 field survey was conducted following a warmer and drier winter than average. However, the 2024 survey followed a wetter winter than average, and given the survey effort was greater in 2024 than 2023, it is likely that the 2024 surveys would have captured most flora taxa that may not have been detectable or identifiable during the 2023 survey.
Disturbances (e.g. fire, flood, accidental human intervention etc.) that may have affected results of survey	Not a limitation	<p>Some disturbances associated with exploration and historic mining activity were apparent throughout the Karara Area; however, these did not appear to have significantly impacted the flora taxa present and are therefore not considered to have affected the results of the assessment. There was no evidence of recent fires, or evidence of any other significant non-clearing related disturbances.</p> <p>Parts of the Survey Area were drought-affected with widespread condition loss or senescence of shrubs, which was particularly evident during the 2023 field survey. However, this generally did not affect the ability to identify taxa in these areas, as typically there were some individuals present with sufficient material to make an identification.</p> <p>Along the Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor, the vegetation immediately adjacent to roads, railway lines and cleared areas had evidence of edge effects including greater weed presence and dust on foliage, as is to be expected. Vegetation adjacent to areas cleared for pasture also had high weed levels. However, this was generally not reflective of the vegetation condition in these areas as a whole, and did not affect the ability to identify flora taxa in these areas. Sample sites were placed outside areas subject to edge effects, where possible.</p>
Remoteness and/or access restrictions	Not a limitation	Most areas were relatively easy to access using roads and access tracks, allowing high intensity of sampling across the Survey Area. Areas where access tracks were absent were accessed on foot; the flat terrain and generally low, open vegetation allowed foot access to be relatively straight-forward.

5.0 Results

5.1 Desktop Assessment

5.1.1 Geology, Landform and Soils

The Survey Area extends across a transitional area including across multiple IBRA regions and subregions (as discussed in **Section 1.2**). The typical geological, landform and soil features across these IBRA subregions are described in **Table 5.1**.

Soil landscape mapping has been prepared across WA as a compilation of the results of a variety of soil and soil landscape surveys, considering general ecological information, vegetation physiognomy and composition, patterns of variation, conservation status, gradational association and land system representation (DPIRD, 2025). Soil landscape mapping information for the Survey Area originates from three surveys (with data reliability indicated as per DPIRD (2025)):

- Geraldton land resources survey (Rogers, 1996): “High data quality, broad scale mapping”.
- Sandstone Yalgoo Paynes Find soil-landscapes (Payne et al., 1998): “Limited data, broad scale or imprecise mapping”.
- Three Springs Latham land resources survey (unpublished report): “Medium data quality, broad scale mapping”.

The Survey Area occurs across 55 soil-landscape units in six soil landscape zones, as summarised in **Table 5.2** and presented in **Figure 5.1** (DPIRD, 2025). None of these soil landscape units are listed as TECs under the EPBC Act (DCCEEW, 2025) or listed as TECs or PECs by DBCA (DBCA, 2023f, 2023g).

The eastern part of the Survey Area occurs within the Warriedar Fold Belt, which is a series of low undulating hills of Archaean greenstone composed of banded ironstone formation (BIF) and basalts. Greenstone belts consist of metamorphosed volcanic rocks, including mafic rocks such as basalt and gabbro, associated with sedimentary rocks, such as BIF, and are generally expressed at the surface as a series of ranges or hills. The Warriedar Fold Belt includes the larger area of the Blue Hills, Gnows Nest Range, Bullajungadeah Hills, Pinyalling Hill and the unnamed hills in the southwest surrounding Mount Mulgine and the abandoned town of Rothsay (Lipple et al. (1983) in Meissner and Coppen (2014b)).

Table 5.1 Typical Geological, Landform and Soil Features of IBRA Regions and Subregions Intersected by the Survey Area

Region	Region Characteristics	Subregion	Subregion Characteristics	Location in Relation to Survey Area
Avon Wheatbelt	Active drainage dissecting a Tertiary plateau in Yilgarn Craton. Gently undulating landscape of low relief. Residual lateritic uplands and derived sandplains; Quaternary alluvials and eluvials	Merredin	Ancient peneplain with low relief, gently undulating landscape. There is no connected drainage; salt lake chains occur as remnants of ancient drainage systems that now only function in very wet years. Lateritic uplands are dominated by yellow sandplain	Tilley Siding, western half of Yandanooka Pipeline and majority of Borefield Corridor
Geraldton Sandplains	Mainly sedimentary basins exposing Permian to Cretaceous sediments; horsts of Proterozoic rocks. Extensive lateritic sandplain, locally dissected especially near the coast, and covered with leached sandy soils near the coast and yellow sands with an earthy fabric further inland, both overlying laterite	Lesueur Sandplain	Coastal Aeolian and limestones, Jurassic siltstones and sandstones (often heavily lateritised) of central Perth Basin. Alluvials are associated with drainage systems. There are extensive yellow sandplains in south-eastern parts, especially where the subregions overlaps the western edge of the Pilbara Craton	Western end of Borefield Corridor (approx. 9.0 km)
Yalgoo	Sedimentary basin with locally-exposed rocks of Permian to Recent age; most of the surface covered by alluvium and colluvium. Gently undulating plain with mesa-shaped remnants in the east and fields of longitudinal dunes. Hard alkaline red soils predominate in the plains with red sands in the dunefields	Tallering	Red sandy plains of the Western Yilgarn Craton and southern Carnarvon Basin. The latter has a basement of Phanerozoic sediments. Earth to sandy-earth plains in the western Yilgarn Craton	Entirety of Karara Area and eastern half of Yandanooka Pipeline

Source: 'A Biodiversity Audit of Western Australia's 53 Biogeographical Subregions in 2002' (CALM, 2003); 'Plant Life of Western Australia' (Beard, 2015).

Table 5.2 Soil Landscape Units of the Survey Area

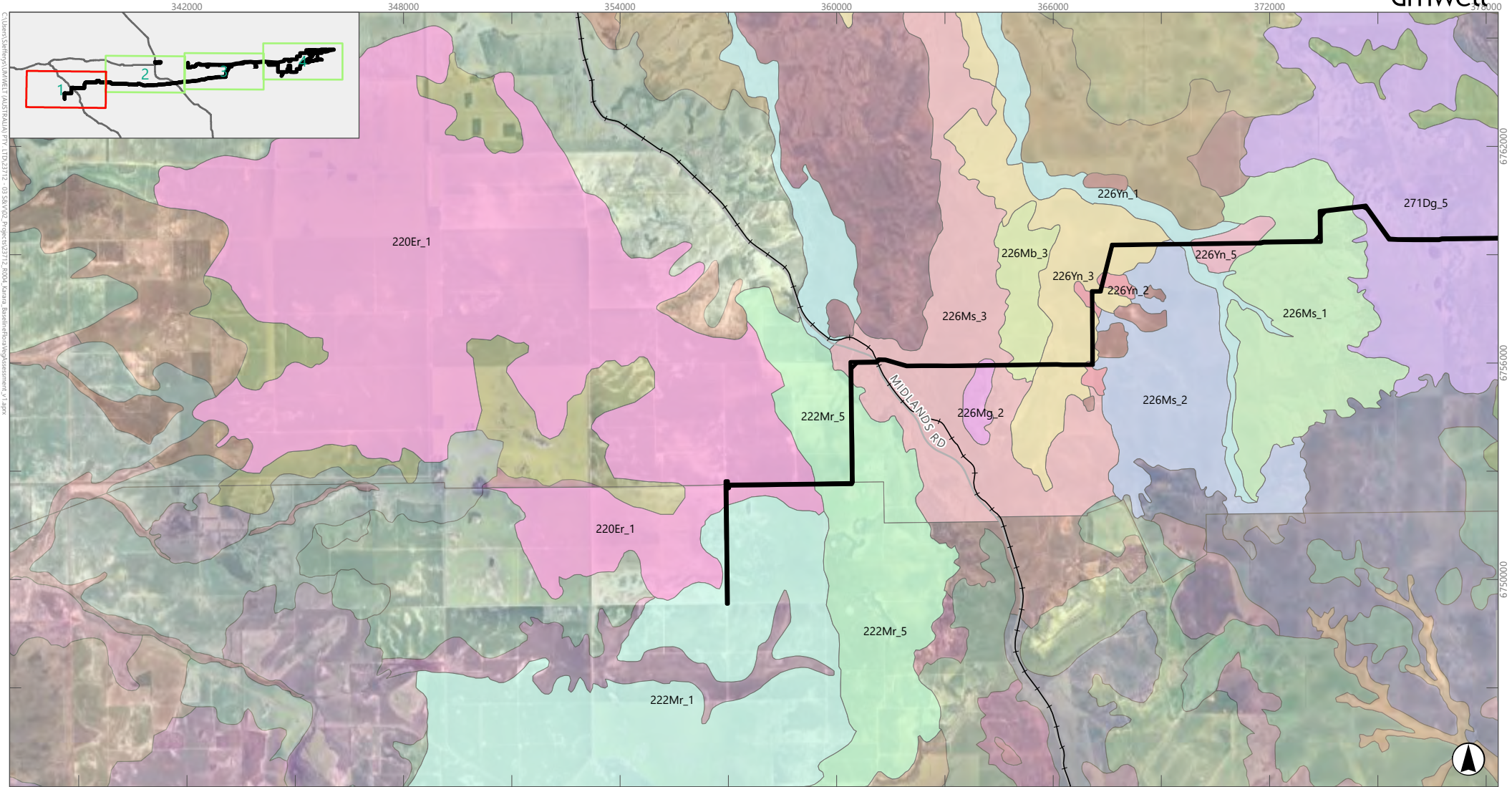
IBRA Subregion	Unit	Description*	Extent (ha) in Survey Area
Lesueur Sandplain	Eradu 1 Subsystem	Level to gently undulating sandplain; deep, yellow siliceous clayey sands and pale sands over ferruginous gravel	10.1
	Mooladara Hill 1 Subsystem	Level to gently undulating sandplain with long gentle gradients with shallow valleys; yellow and pale deep sands or sands over gravel	8.2
	Mooladara Hill 5 Subsystem	Gently inclined hill slopes; Yellow and pale deep sands and some gravels	9.6
Merredin	Bowgarder 1 Subsystem	Ridge crests and upper slopes; red shallow loams and loamy earths, red sandy earths. rock outcrops common	2.7
	Bowgarder 2 Subsystem	Undulating rises and gently inclined foot slopes; red shallow loams and loamy earths, red sandy earths, some alkaline often over hardpan	3.7
	Bowgarder System	Undulating rises and gently inclined slopes	3.8
	Carnegie System	Salt lakes with fringing saline alluvial plains, kopi dunes and sandy banks, supporting halophytic shrublands and acacia tall shrublands	47.9
	Challenge System	Gently undulating gritty and sandy surfaced plains, occasional granite hills, tors and low breakaways, supporting acacia shrublands and occasional halophytic shrublands	3.3
	Dalgooka 1 Subsystem	Undulating low rises with stony ridge crests and a few shallow depressions; loamy duplexes and earths, often alkaline	17.9
	Dalgooka 3 Subsystem	loamy duplexes and earths, commonly alkaline, rock outcrop and stony soils	0.5
	Dalgooka 4 Subsystem	Gently undulating low rises with occasional prominent gravelly ridges; yellow deep sand and sandy earths, some gravels and loamy duplexes	8.1
	Dalgooka 5 Subsystem	undulating sandplain; yellow deep sand and sandy earths	18.6
	Gabarintha System	Greenstone ridges, hills and foot slopes supporting sparse acacia and other mainly non-halophytic shrublands	1.2
	Granada 5 Subsystem	Undulating rises with broad gravelly ridge crests, long gentle gradients; Yellow deep sands and sandy earths, some gravels	1.0
	Koolanooka 1 Subsystem	Crests and slopes of steep low hills; rock and rocky soils with sandy loam matrix with loamy earths and duplexes on lower slopes	16.2
	Koolanooka 2 Subsystem	Lower, rolling hills with occasional rocky outcrops and gently inclined foot slopes; red loams and clays over red-brown hardpan with some rock outcrops and shallow sands and loams	2.7

IBRA Subregion	Unit	Description*	Extent (ha) in Survey Area
	Mooladara Hill 5 Subsystem	Gently inclined hill slopes; Yellow and pale deep sands and some gravels	2.1
	Morawa 1 Subsystem	Low rises and ridges with gentle upper slopes; shallow sands and loams over granite and red-brown hardpan	126.7
	Morawa 2 Subsystem	Gently undulating low rises; shallow sands and loams over granite and red-brown hardpan	3.0
	Morawa East Subsystem 1	Low rises and ridges with gentle upper slopes; shallow sands and loams over granite and red-brown hardpan	0.4
	Moriarty System	Low greenstone rises and stony plains supporting chenopod shrublands with patchy eucalypt overstoreys	1.8
	Mount Budd 3 Subsystem	Very gently to gently inclined lower foot slopes with cracking brown alkaline clays and minor areas of sandy loam gradational soils.	1.8
	Mount Nunn 1 Subsystem	Rolling to steep low hills with rocky crests and upper slopes; rocky soils	3.2
	Mount Nunn 2 Subsystem	long gently inclined sandy foot slopes; red and yellow sands and sandy earths	3.1
	Mount Scratch 1 Subsystem	Undulating to rolling rises with numerous drainage lines, shallow stony soils on hill crests and gravelly loams	12.4
	Mount Scratch 2 Subsystem	Line of rolling low hills; duplexes, loams and clays, often rocky or alkaline	1.2
	Mount Scratch 3 Subsystem	Slopes and undulating rises; loamy earths and duplexes, some saline	11.1
	Mullingarra 2 Subsystem	Rocky outcrops, hill crests and isolated knolls; shallow stony soils with occasional lateritic remnants and silicified pallid zone material. Shallow rocky and gravelly soils	1.0
	Nerramyne System	Undulating plains of sandy-surfaced laterite and weathered granite with low remnant plateau, breakaways and rises supporting acacia shrublands	161.7
	Noolagabbi 1 Subsystem	Level to very gently inclined valley flats; brown loamy duplexes and red shallow loams over hardpans	28.3
	Noolagabbi 2 Subsystem	Level to very gently inclined valley flats; sandy loams over red-brown hardpans	9.5
		Noolagabbi 4 Subsystem	Very gently to gently inclined slopes; sandy loams over red-brown hardpans, often with rock
Noolagabbi 5 Subsystem		Level to very gently inclined valley flats and foot slopes. red gradational loams and clays, alkaline	3.3
Noolagabbi 7 Subsystem		narrow drainage line, moderate secondary salinity; saline loamy soils, often with red-brown hardpans	5.3
Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2		Level to very gently inclined valley flats; sandy loams over red-brown hardpans	179.4

IBRA Subregion	Unit	Description*	Extent (ha) in Survey Area
	Noolagabbi East Subsystem 7	Narrow drainage line, moderate secondary salinity; saline loamy soils, often with red-brown hardpans	1.4
	Noolagabbi Saline Drainage, Phase 2	Narrow drainage lines to broad level salt plains in broad mature valleys	4.0
	Pindar 2 Subsystem	Gently undulating sandplain and gentle slopes; acid yellow deep sand and sandy earths with some loamy earths and hardpan soils	9.6
	Pindar A System	Loamy plains surrounded by sandplain supporting York gum woodlands and acacia shrublands	42.2
	Pindar South Subsystem 1	Gently undulating sandplain and long gentle slopes; acidic yellow and brown deep sands and sandy earths	3.0
	Pindar South Subsystem 4	Gently undulating sandplain; red and yellow deep sands with sandy and loamy earths	59.8
	Saline Drainage 2 Subsystem	Narrow drainage lines to broad level salt plains in broad mature valleys; salt lakes and saline soils	11.9
	Saline Drainage System	Narrow drainage lines to broad level salt plains in broad mature valleys	7.1
	Yandanooka 1 Subsystem	Stream bed and immediate alluvial plain of rivers and creeks of the Yandanooka Valley. Well drained red sands and moderately well to poorly drained sandy loamy duplex soils	0.7
	Yandanooka 2 Subsystem	Low rises of yellowish red and red sandy soils over sandstone	2.0
	Yandanooka 3 Subsystem	Alluvial plain and lower slopes of the Yandanooka Valley. Sandy loam duplex soils and red and brown clays	10.6
	Yandanooka 5 Subsystem	Alluvial plain of well drained red sands and loams	3.8
	Yowie System	Sandy plains supporting tall shrublands of mulga and bowgada with patchy wanderrie grasses	138.1
Tallering	Campsite System	Alluvial plains supporting eucalypt woodlands with halophytic understoreys and acacia shrublands	733.8
	Carnegie System	Salt lakes with fringing saline alluvial plains, kopi dunes and sandy banks, supporting halophytic shrublands and acacia tall shrublands	459.5
	Challenge System	Gently undulating gritty and sandy surfaced plains, occasional granite hills, tors and low breakaways, supporting acacia shrublands and occasional halophytic shrublands	849.3
	Cunyu System	Calcrete platforms, intervening drainage floors and channels and minor alluvial plains, supporting acacia shrublands, occasional casuarina woodlands and minor halophytic shrublands	0.0
	Doney System	Calcareous alluvial plains with eucalypt woodlands adjacent to salt lake systems	559.0

IBRA Subregion	Unit	Description*	Extent (ha) in Survey Area
	Euchre System	Low granite breakaways with alluvial plains and sandy tracts supporting eucalypt woodlands and acacia shrublands	101.6
	Graves System	Basalt and greenstone rises and low hills supporting eucalypt woodlands with prominent saltbush and bluebush understoreys	15.5
	Joseph System	Undulating yellow sandplain supporting dense mixed acacia, melaleuca and casuarina shrublands with patchy mallees	2,316.8
	Moriarty System	Low greenstone rises and stony plains supporting chenopod shrublands with patchy eucalypt overstoreys	765.2
	Nerramyne System	Undulating plains of sandy-surfaced laterite and weathered granite with low remnant plateaux, breakaways and rises supporting acacia shrublands	568.4
	Pindar A System	Loamy plains surrounded by sandplain supporting York gum woodlands and acacia shrublands	2,782.7
	Tallering System	Prominent ridges and hills of banded ironstone, dolerite and sedimentary rocks supporting bowgada and other acacia shrublands	1,539.2
	Tealtoo System	Level to gently undulating loamy plains with fine ironstone gravel mantles supporting dense acacia shrublands	672.1
	Yowie System	Sandy plains supporting tall shrublands of mulga and bowgada with patchy wanderrie grasses	1,186.5

* Source: Soil Landscape Mapping - Best Available spatial dataset (DPIRD-027) (DPIRD, 2025).



Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

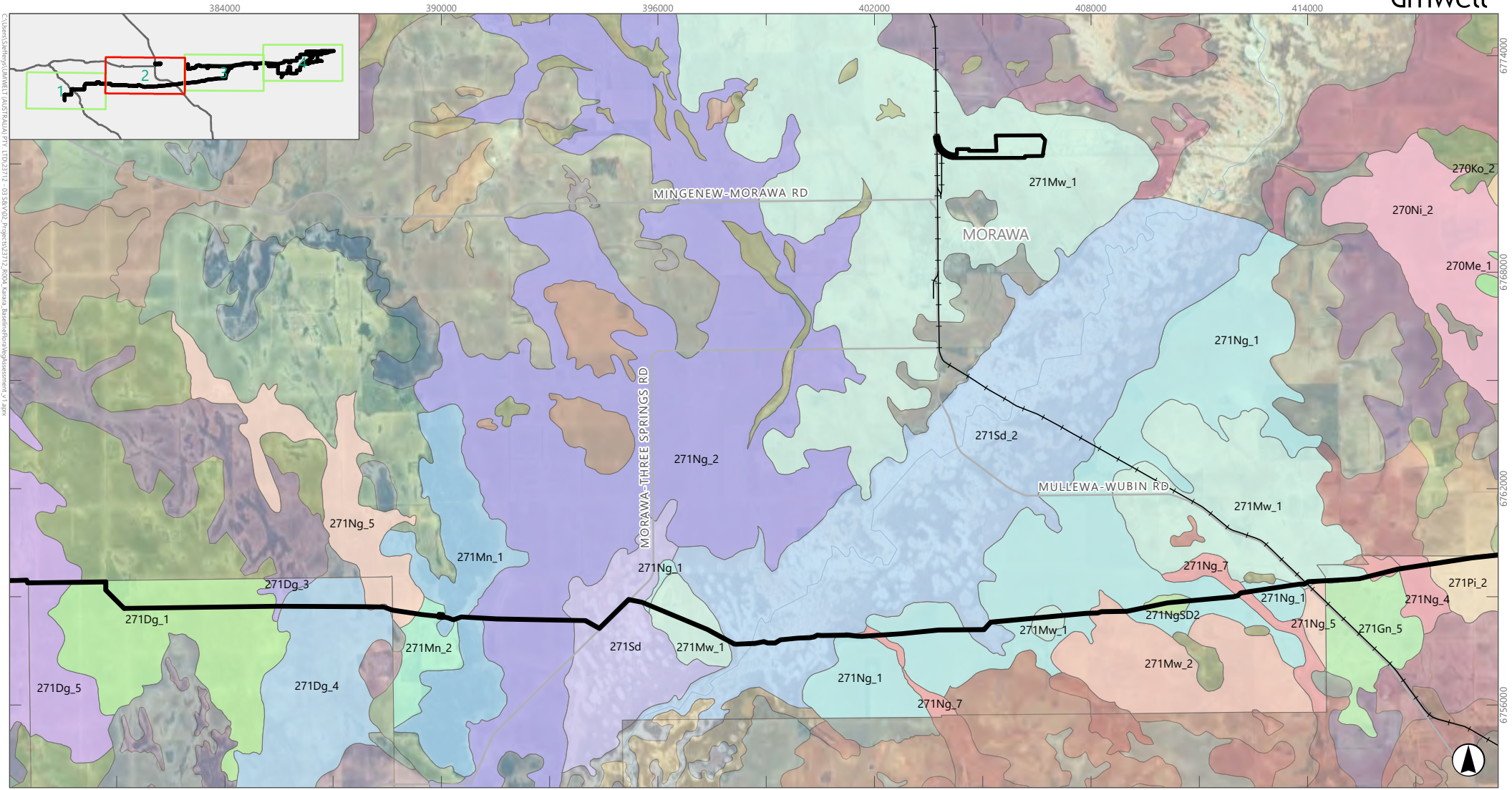
- | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Survey Area | Soil Landscape Mapping | 226Ms_3: Mount Scratch 3 subsystem |
| Road | 220Er_1: Eradu 1 subsystem | 226Yn_1: Yandanooka 1 subsystem |
| Railway | 222Mr_1: Mooladara Hill 1 subsystem | 226Yn_2: Yandanooka 2 subsystem |
| | 222Mr_5: Mooladara Hill 5 subsystem | 226Yn_3: Yandanooka 3 subsystem |
| | 226Mb_3: Mount Budd 3 subsystem | 226Yn_5: Yandanooka 5 subsystem |
| | 226Mg_2: Mullingarra 2 subsystem | 271Dg_5: Dalgooka 5 subsystem |
| | 226Ms_1: Mount Scratch 1 subsystem | |
| | 226Ms_2: Mount Scratch 2 subsystem | |

FIGURE 5.1

Soil Landscape Mapping Sheet 1

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Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

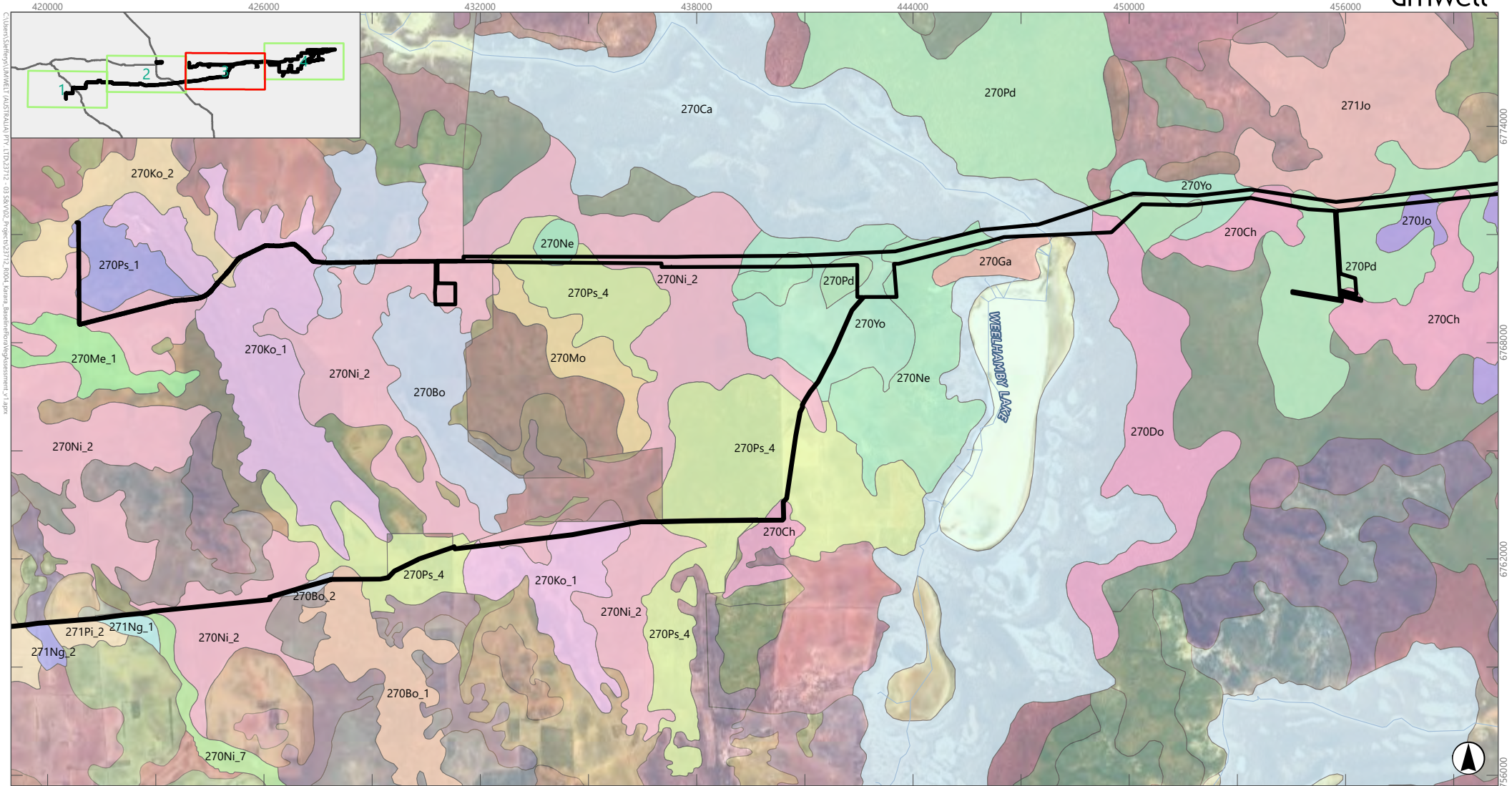
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse
- Soil Landscape Mapping**
- | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 270Ko_2: Koolanooka 2 subsystem | 271Mn_1: Mount Nunn 1 subsystem | 271Gn_5: Granada 5 subsystem | 271Ng_4: Noolagabbi 4 subsystem |
| 270Me_1: Morawa East subsystem 1 | 271Mn_2: Mount Nunn 2 subsystem | 271Mw_1: Morawa 1 subsystem | 271Ng_5: Noolagabbi 5 subsystem |
| 270Ni_2: Noolagabbi East subsystem 2 | 271Mw_1: Morawa 1 subsystem | 271Mw_2: Morawa 2 subsystem | 271Ng_7: Noolagabbi 7 subsystem |
| 271Dg_1: Dalgooka 1 subsystem | 271NgSD2: Noolagabbi Saline Drainage, phase 2 | 271Ng_1: Noolagabbi 1 subsystem | 271Pi_2: Pindar 2 subsystem |
| 271Dg_3: Dalgooka 3 subsystem | 271Ng_1: Noolagabbi 1 subsystem | 271Ng_2: Noolagabbi 2 subsystem | 271Sd: Saline Drainage system |
| 271Dg_4: Dalgooka 4 subsystem | 271Ng_2: Noolagabbi 2 subsystem | | 271Sd_2: Saline Drainage 2 subsystem |
| 271Dg_5: Dalgooka 5 subsystem | | | |

FIGURE 5.1

Soil Landscape Mapping Sheet 2



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Legend

Survey Area	Soil Landscape Mapping	270Jo: Joseph system	270Pd: Pindar A system
Major Watercourse	270Bo: Bowgarder system	270Ko_1: Koolanooka 1 subsystem	270Ps_1: Pindar South subsystem 1
	270Bo_1: Bowgarder 1 subsystem	270Ko_2: Koolanooka 2 subsystem	270Ps_4: Pindar South subsystem 4
	270Bo_2: Bowgarder 2 subsystem	270Me_1: Morawa East subsystem 1	270Yo: Yowie system
	270Ca: Carnegie system	270Mo: Moriarty system	271Jo: Joseph system
	270Ch: Challenge system	270Ne: Narramyne system	271Ng_1: Noolagabbi 1 subsystem
	270Do: Doney system	270Ni_2: Noolagabbi East subsystem 2	271Ng_2: Noolagabbi 2 subsystem
	270Ga: Gabanintha system	270Ni_7: Noolagabbi East subsystem 7	271Pi_2: Pindar 2 subsystem

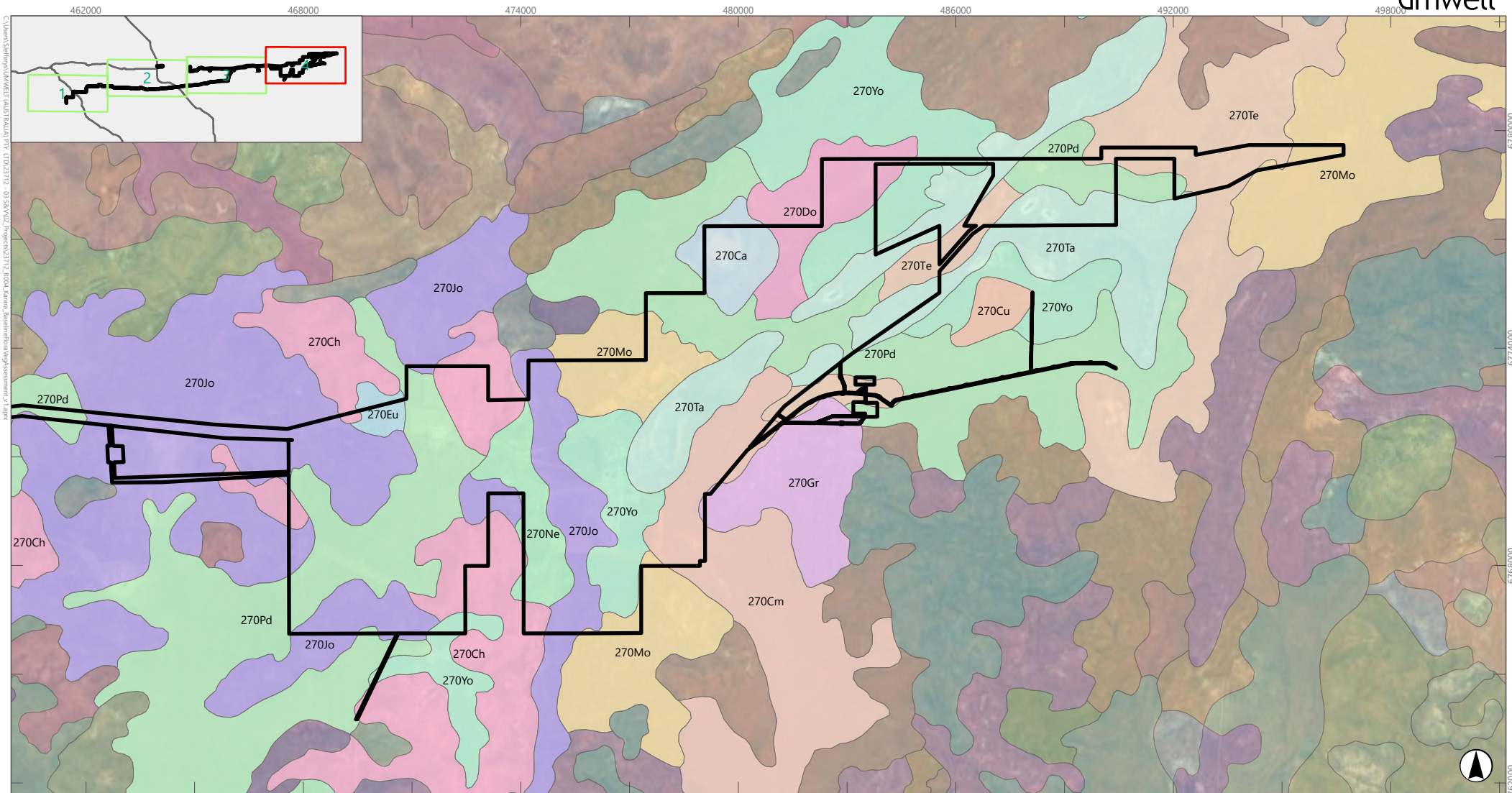
FIGURE 5.1

Soil Landscape Mapping Sheet 3

Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



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Legend

Survey Area	Soil Landscape Mapping	270Jo: Joseph system
270Ca: Carnegie system	270Mo: Moriarty system	270Ne: Nerramyne system
270Ch: Challenge system	270Pd: Pindar A system	270Ta: Tallering system
270Cm: Campsite system	270Te: Tealtoo system	270Yo: Yowie system
270Cu: Cunyu system	270Gr: Graves system	
270Do: Doney system		
270Eu: Euchre system		

FIGURE 5.1

**Soil Landscape Mapping
Sheet 4**

5.1.2 Regional Vegetation

Table 5.3 presents the typical vegetation communities associated with the IBRA subregions of the Survey Area.

The Pre-European Vegetation Spatial Dataset has been created from previous State-wide vegetation mapping datasets, primarily by J. S. Beard (Beard et al., 2013; DPIRD, 2019). It represents the vegetation of WA (as vegetation system associations (VSAs)) as presumed to have existed prior to European settlement, at a scale of 1:250,000. The Survey Area occurs across 27 VSAs, as summarised in **Table 5.4**. This table also presents the current extent of each VSA in relation to its pre-European extent within the respective IBRA subregion, and the percentage of the current extent of each VSA currently protected for conservation (as a proportion of the current extent) within the respective IBRA subregion (DBCA, 2019). Note that as per DBCA's Statewide Vegetation Statistics Report (DBCA, 2019), protected areas in this context are considered to be any areas listed in DBCA's Legislated Lands and Waters dataset as either Crown reserves or lands managed under Section 8A of the *Conservation and Land Management Act 1984* that have an International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) category of I to IV. Note that this dataset was last updated in 2018, and it is understood that no further updates are currently planned.

All VSAs that occur within the Tallering IBRA subregion have greater than 84 % of their Pre-European extents remaining, but the VSAs in the Merredin and Lesueur Sandplain subregions are generally less well represented, with a minimum of 7.9 % and an average of 42.5 %. There is generally little conservation of VSAs in the respective subregion, and 12 VSAs do not have any area protected in the subregion (**Table 5.4**).

Table 5.3 Typical Vegetation of IBRA Regions and Subregions Intersected by the Survey Area

Region	Region Characteristics	Subregion	Subregion Characteristics	Location in Relation to Survey Area
Avon Wheatbelt	Proteaceous scrub-heaths, rich in endemics; mixed eucalypt, <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i> and Jam-York Gum woodlands on alluvials and eluvials	Merredin	Scrub-heath on sandplain; <i>Acacia-Casuarina</i> thickets on ironstone gravels; York gum (<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i>), salmon gum (<i>Eucalyptus salmonophloia</i>) and wandoo (<i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i>) woodlands on loams; halophytes on saline soils	Tilley Siding, western half of Yandanooka Pipeline and majority of Borefield Corridor
Geraldton Sandplains	Proteaceous scrub-heaths, rich in endemics. Extensive York Gum and Jam woodlands on outwash plains associated drainage	Lesueur Sandplain	Scrub-heath on sandplain near the coast; <i>Acacia-Casuarina</i> thickets further inland. <i>Acacia</i> scrub with scattered trees of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> on hard-setting loams	Western end of Borefield Corridor (approx. 9.0 km)
Yalgoo	Mainly <i>Acacia</i> scrub and low woodland becoming tree and shrub steppe in the north, and with halophytes along the lower river courses	Tallering	Low woodlands to open woodlands of <i>Eucalyptus</i> , <i>Acacia</i> and <i>Callitris</i> on the Western Yilgarn Craton and southern Carnarvon Basin. Mulga, <i>Callitris-Eucalyptus salubris</i> , and Bowgada open woodlands and scrubs in the western Yilgarn Craton. The subregion is particularly rich in ephemerals	Entirety of Karara Area and eastern half of Yandanooka Pipeline

Source: 'A Biodiversity Audit of Western Australia's 53 Biogeographical Subregions in 2002' (CALM, 2003); 'Plant Life of Western Australia' (Beard, 2015).

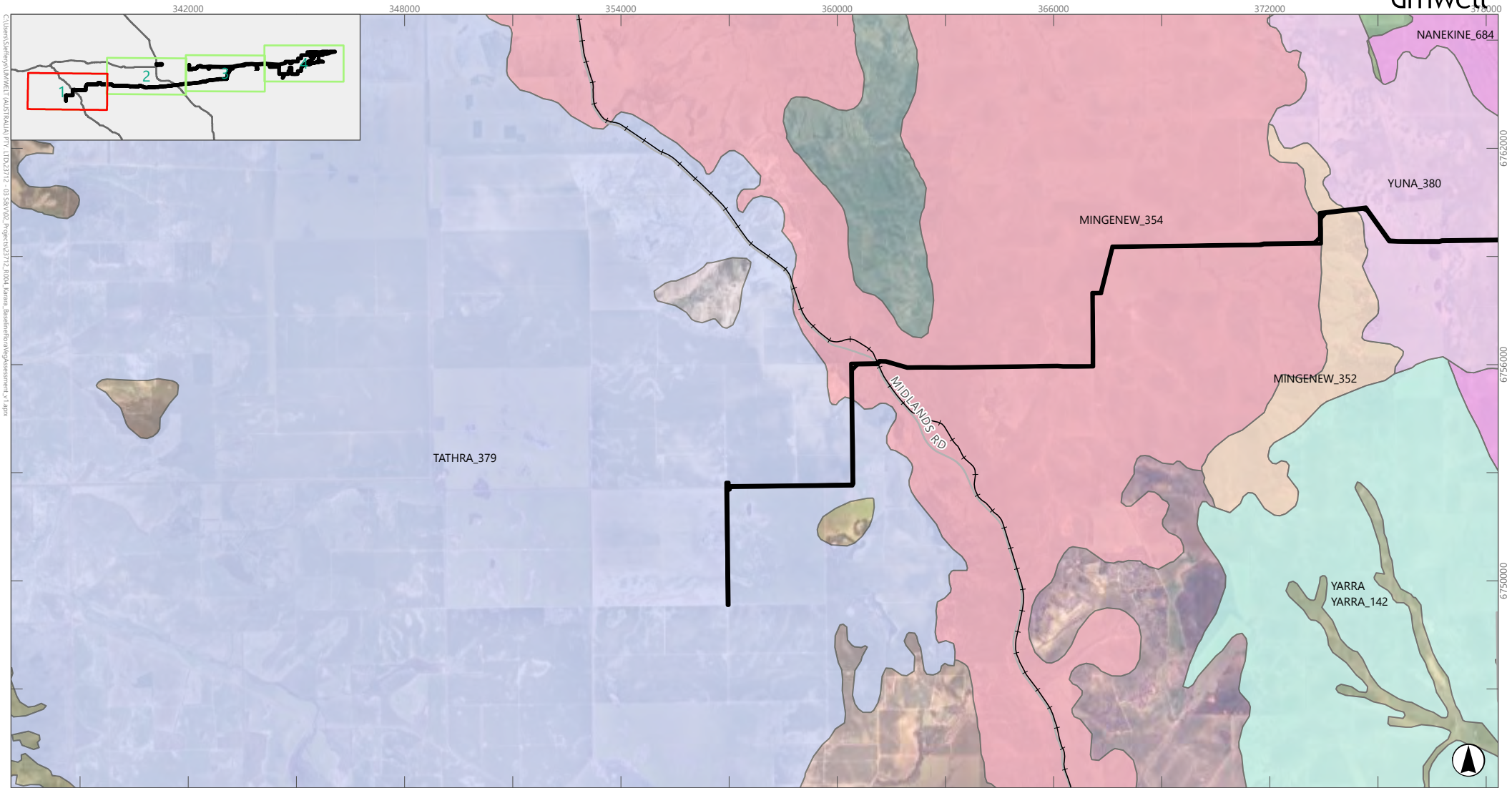
Table 5.4 Vegetation System Associations of the Survey Area

IBRA Subregion	VSA	Description*	Extent (ha)			Pre-European Extent Remaining (%)*	Current Extent Protected for Conservation (%) *
			Survey Area^	Pre-European*	Current*		
Lesueur Sandplain	Tathra_379	Shrublands; scrub-heath on lateritic sandplain in the central Geraldton Sandplain Region	28.5	369,252	111,607	30.2	5.58
Merredin	Billeranga_692	Shrublands; casuarina & melaleuca thicket	5.3	2,639	1,633	61.9	2.80
	Jibberding_352	Medium woodland; York gum	198.1	89,070	53,997	60.6	0.10
	Jibberding_374	Shrublands; bowgada scrub with scattered York gum	240.0	4,930	2,256	45.8	2.24
	Jibberding_420	Shrublands; bowgada & jam scrub	113.3	7,623	6,980	91.6	0
	Jibberding_437	Shrublands; Mixed acacia thicket on sandplain	25.5	163,512	143,130	87.5	1.36
	Jibberding_551	Shrublands; <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket	2.0	15,479	6,106	39.5	0
	Jibberding_631	Succulent steppe with woodland and thicket; York gum over <i>Melaleuca thyoides</i> & samphire	43.9	47,781	28,437	59.5	0.72
	Mingenew_352	Medium woodland; York gum	3.5	2,631	1,238	47.1	0
	Mingenew_354	Shrublands; jam and <i>Acacia rostelifera</i> (+ hakea) scrub with scattered York gum	42.1	91,100	10,353	11.4	0.98
	Nanekine_684	Mosaic: Shrublands; Shrublands; jam scrub with scattered York gum in the valleys / <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket	25.6	124,221	33,139	26.7	0.96
	Perenjori_352	Medium woodland; York gum	78.2	194,632	15,336	7.9	0.35
	Perenjori_358	Shrublands; bowgada & <i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i> on stony ridges	0.0	274	213	77.9	0
	Perenjori_551	Shrublands; <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket	90.9	107,903	12,547	11.6	0.44

IBRA Subregion	VSA	Description*	Extent (ha)			Pre-European Extent Remaining (%)*	Current Extent Protected for Conservation (%) *
			Survey Area^	Pre-European*	Current*		
	Perenjori_631	Succulent steppe with woodland and thicket; York gum over <i>Melaleuca thyooides</i> & samphire	17.0	30,707	13,390	43.6	0.19
	Perenjori_693	Mosaic: Low woodland: <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i> over mallee and acacia scrub / <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket	4.6	4,219	3,077	72.9	0
	Perenjori_1155	Mosaic: Medium woodland; York gum / Shrublands; <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket	15.6	14,384	1,342	9.3	1.39
	Yarra Yarra_142	Medium woodland; York gum & salmon gum	56.4	107,152	11,857	11.1	0.15
	Yuna_380	Shrublands; scrub-heath on sandplain	24.7	17,464	2,143	12.3	1.51
Tallering	Yalgoo_41	Shrublands; Teatree scrub	102.7	287	287	100	0
	Yalgoo_125	Bare areas; salt lakes	64.5	25,181	21,377	84.9	0
	Yalgoo_355	Shrublands; bowgada & jam scrub with scattered York gum & red mallee	58.9	55,020	54,692	99.4	0
	Yalgoo_358	Shrublands; bowgada & <i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i> on stony ridges	2,814.6	55,530	55,448	99.9	0
	Yalgoo_363	Shrublands; bowgada scrub with scattered cypress pine	4,210.5	11,915	11,729	98.5	0
	Yalgoo_364	Shrublands; bowgada scrub with scattered eucalypts & cypress pine	2,552.9	108,810	108,535	99.8	0
	Yalgoo_419	Shrublands; bowgada, jam and <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> thicket	1,989.6	302,322	289,440	95.7	0
	Yalgoo_420	Shrublands; bowgada & jam scrub	748.1	455,832	454,715	99.8	0.02

* Source: 2018 DBCA Statewide Vegetation Statistics report (DBCA, 2019).

^ Source: Pre-European Vegetation spatial dataset (DPIRD-006) (DPIRD, 2019).



Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

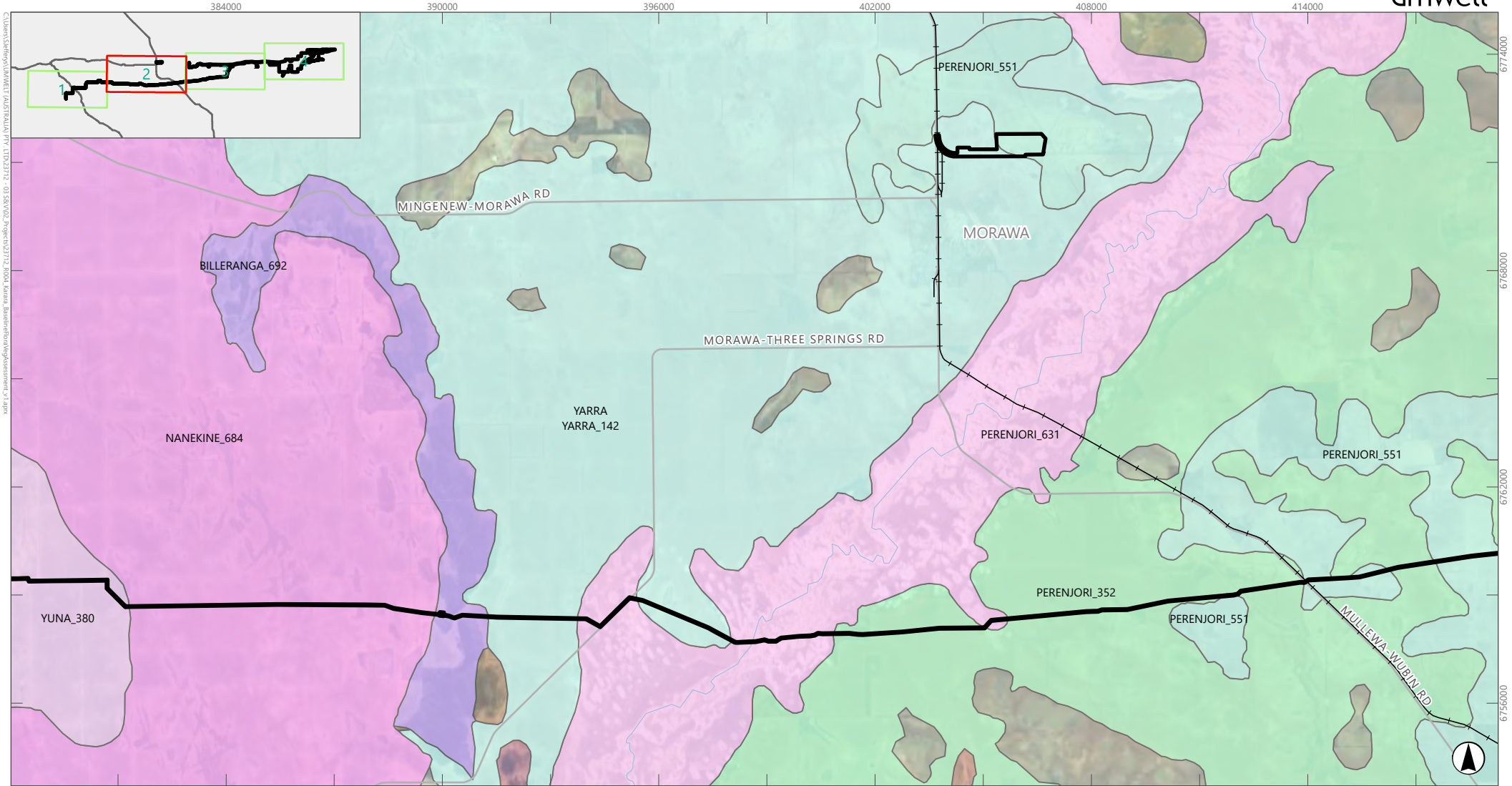
Legend

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Survey Area | Vegetation System Association |
| Road | MINGENEW_352 |
| Railway | MINGENEW_354 |
| | NANEKINE_684 |
| | TATHRA_379 |
| | YARRA YARRA_142 |
| | YUNA_380 |

FIGURE 5.2

Vegetation System Associations Sheet 1





Legend

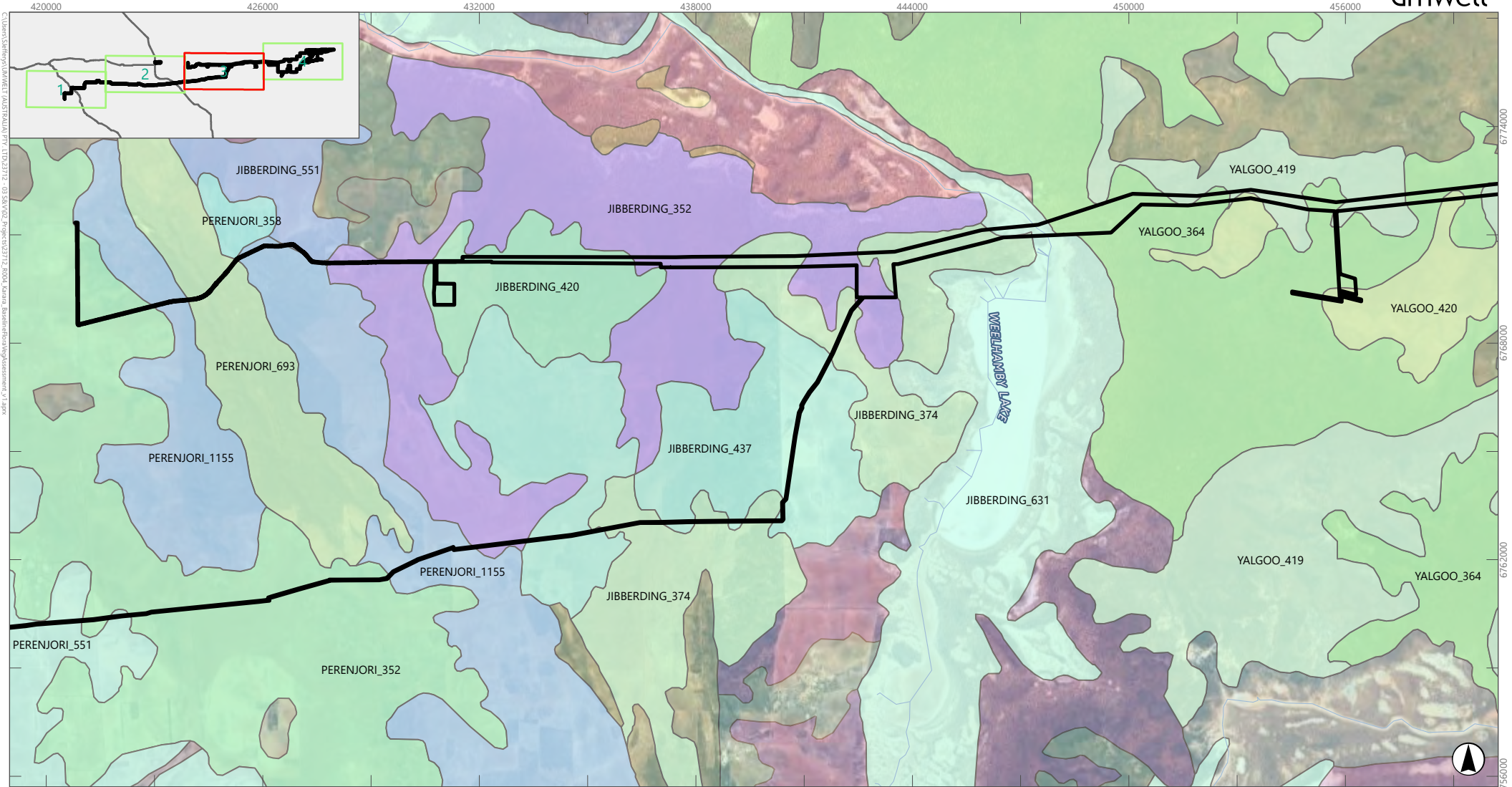
- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway
- Major Watercourse

Vegetation System Association

- BILLERANGA_692
- NANEKINE_684
- PERENJORI_352
- PERENJORI_551
- PERENJORI_631
- YARRA YARRA_142
- YUNA_380

FIGURE 5.2

**Vegetation System Associations
Sheet 2**



Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation System Association	PERENJORI_358
Major Watercourse	JIBBERDING_352	PERENJORI_551
	JIBBERDING_374	PERENJORI_693
	JIBBERDING_420	PERENJORI_1155
	JIBBERDING_437	YALGOO_364
	JIBBERDING_551	YALGOO_419
	JIBBERDING_631	YALGOO_420
	PERENJORI_352	

FIGURE 5.2

Vegetation System Associations Sheet 3

Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



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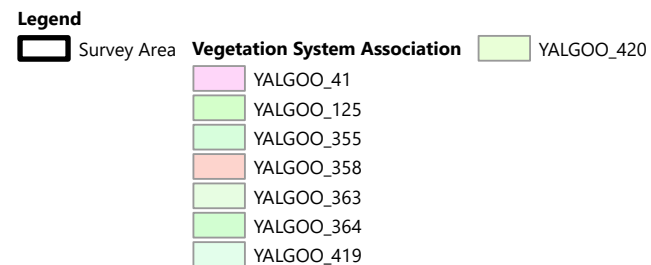
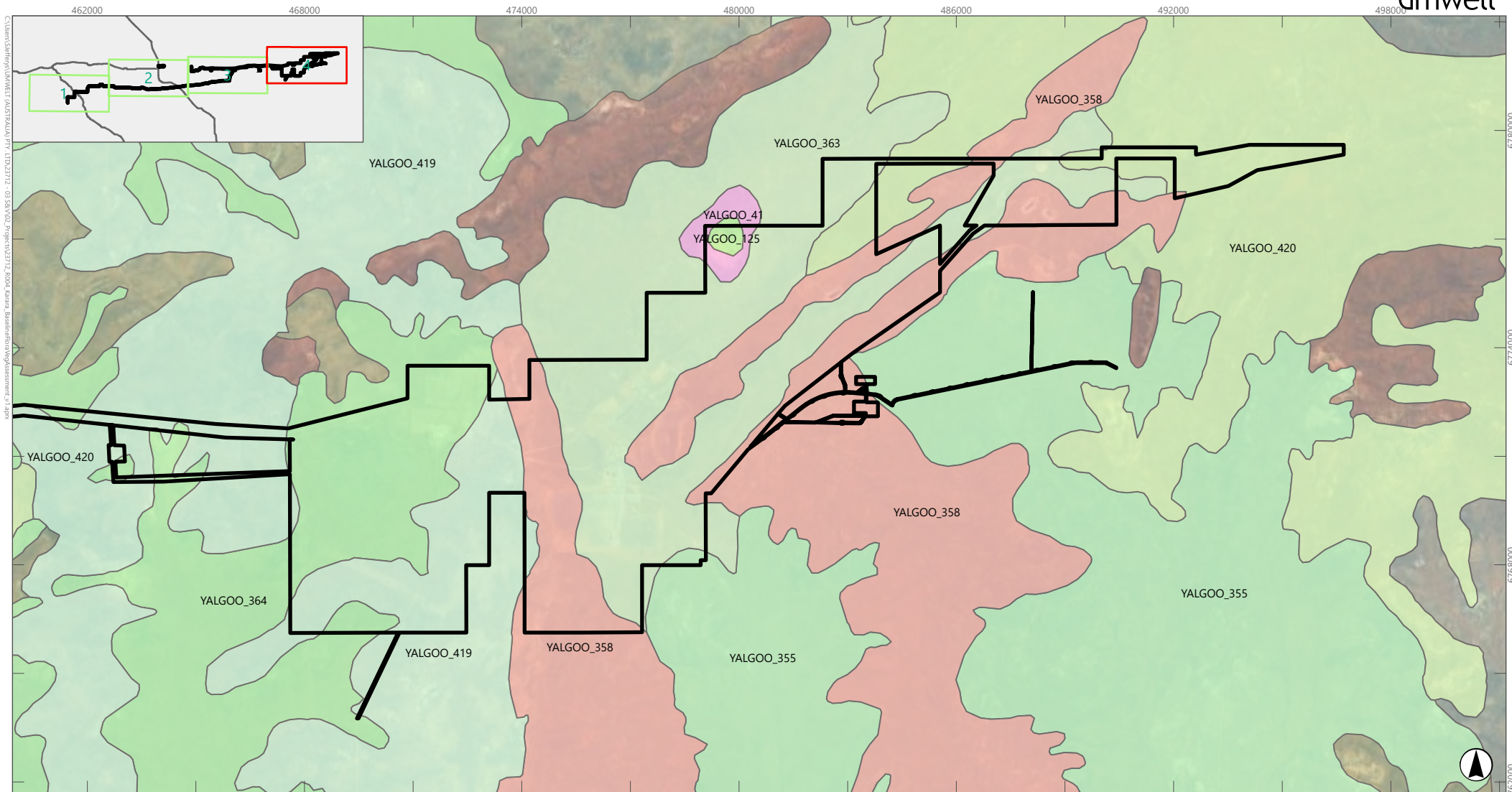


FIGURE 5.2

**Vegetation System Associations
Sheet 4**



5.1.3 Fire History

The DBCA Fire History dataset (DBCA-060) contains records of fire events (prescribed burns; bushfire) on DBCA managed lands, or fire events which otherwise have incurred costs borne by DBCA. The only fire information contained in this dataset for the Survey Area is a small area burnt in January 2008 on the eastern end of the Yandanooka Pipeline area of the Survey Area, approximately 7 km west of Karara camp (DBCA, 2025b).

There is no fire history information for the Survey Area (either in the last 10 years or long term) in the North Australia and Rangelands Fire Information (NAFI) database (NAFI, 2025).

5.1.4 Local Flora and Vegetation Surveys

Many flora and vegetation assessments have been undertaken within and in the vicinity of the Survey Area. Those that are relevant to the Project are summarised in **Table 5.5**. This table was generally limited to surveys undertaken within the last 10 years, unless that survey was highly relevant to this current assessment. Note that the nomenclature and conservation status of the taxa presented in **Table 5.5** have been updated where required, and taxa that are no longer listed as significant are not presented.

Table 5.5 Summary of Key Results of Local Flora and Vegetation Surveys

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa [^]	Introduced Flora Taxa [^]	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation [*]
Flora and vegetation of the banded iron formations of the Yilgarn Craton: the central Talling Land System (Markey & Dillon, 2008)	Partially located within the Survey Area (Karara Area) and extending north to Minjar and east to Walagnumming Hill)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation survey 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 103 quadrats 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> September and October 2005 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 414 taxa 4 hybrids 	10 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3) <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3) <i>Psammomoya implexa</i> (P3) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) 	26 taxa recorded	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8 FCTs described
Karara–Mungada Project Survey Area Flora and Vegetation Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2008d)	Overlaps majority of eastern part of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation survey Targeted searching for significant flora taxa Incorporates data from Markey and Dillon (2006) and Woodman Environmental (2004, 2007a, 2007e, 2007g, 2007h, 2007i, 2007j, 2008a, 2008c) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 155 quadrats 53 targeted flora searching transects 119 significant flora monitoring quadrats 	Main survey: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> June–September 2006 (quadrats and targeted searching) Other surveys from which data was incorporated in assessment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September–October 2005 (quadrats, targeted searching) April–May 2006 (targeted searching) September 2007 (targeted searching) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 514 taxa 202 genera 72 families 	20 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T) <i>Calandrinia kalanniensis</i> (P2) <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3) <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3) <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3) <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T) 	26 taxa, including two Declared Pests: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> <i>Galium aparine</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 23 FCTs mapped One PEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (FCTs 4, 8, 9, 10a, 10b, 11, 12, 13, and 14).

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa^	Introduced Flora Taxa^	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation*
Regional Flora and Vegetation Survey of the Karara to Minjar Block (Woodman Environmental, 2012)	Overlaps the majority of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 (Detailed) regional flora and vegetation survey Incorporates data from Markey and Dillon (2008) and Woodman Environmental (2007b, 2007c, 2007d, 2007f, 2007k, 2007l, 2007m, 2007b, 2008d, 2009b, 2009d, 2011) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 990 quadrats 	<p>Main survey:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September–October 2008 May, July–August, October–December 2009 September–January 2010–2011 <p>Other surveys from which data has been incorporated in assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September–October 2005 August 2006 May–June 2007 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 640 taxa 2 known hybrids 14 putative hybrids 241 genera 70 families 	<p>28 taxa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia diallaga</i> (P1) <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Acacia subsessilis</i> (P3) <i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T) <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3) <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3) <i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100) (P1) <i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3) <i>Dicrastylis linearifolia</i> (P3) <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Eremophila grandiflora</i> (P1) <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3) <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3) <i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3) <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1) <i>Psammomoya implexa</i> (P3) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T) 	<p>41 taxa, including two Declared Pests:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> <i>Galium aparine</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32 FCTs, two of which were split further into 4 subtypes each, and one additional plant community mapped Three PECs identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (FCTs 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10 and 12) Yalgoo (Gnows Nest/Wolla Wolla and Woolgah–Wadgingarra) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (FCTs 2 and 3) Warriedar/Pinyalling/Walagnumming Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (FCTs 1, 10 and 28).
Flora and Vegetation Survey of the Railway Corridor and Associated Borrow Pits (Karara to Tilley Siding) (Woodman Environmental, 2009c)	Overlaps majority of Survey Area; extends from Tilley Siding to near western boundary of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1 (Reconnaissance) flora and vegetation survey Incorporates data from Woodman Environmental (Woodman Environmental, 2007g, 2008b, 2008d) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 106 relevés ('detailed site recordings') 	<p>Main survey:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September–October 2008 December 2008 <p>Other surveys from which data has been incorporated in assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> October 2005 August 2006 October–November 2006 February 2007 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 348 taxa 160 genera 60 families 	<p>7 taxa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) <i>Tecticornia bulbosa</i> (T) 	<p>17 taxa, including one Declared Pest:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 39 plant communities identified, as well as 6 disturbance community types No PECs or TECs identified

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa [^]	Introduced Flora Taxa [^]	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation*
Flora and Vegetation Assessment of the Proposed Linear Infrastructure Corridor: Proposed Karara Iron Ore Project (Woodman Environmental, 2009a)	Overlaps majority of Survey Area; extends from near the western end of the Borefield Corridor to near Karara mine site	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 1 (Reconnaissance) flora and vegetation survey Incorporates data from Woodman Environmental (Woodman Environmental, 2007g, 2008d, 2009c) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'Detailed recording sites' (number of sites not provided in text) 	Main survey: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> March 2009 Other surveys from which data has been incorporated in assessment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> October 2006 May 2007 July 2007 October 2008 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 364 taxa 171 genera 63 families 	9 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2) <i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) <i>Verticordia comosa</i> (P1) <i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> (T) 	25 taxa, including one Declared Pest: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 47 plant communities (and degraded versions of plant communities) mapped One TEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (CR).
Flora and vegetation of the greenstone ranges of the Yilgarn Craton: Warriedar Fold Belt (Meissner & Coppen, 2014b)	Just south of eastern part of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation survey 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 50 quadrats 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 2011 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 286 taxa 91 genera 36 families 	20 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia diallaga</i> (P1) <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Acacia subsessilis</i> (P3) <i>Acacia sulcataulis</i> (T) <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3) <i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09) (P2) <i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100) (P1) <i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3) <i>Dodonaea amplisemina</i> (P4) <i>Eremophila grandiflora</i> (P1) <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3) <i>Hydrocotyle dimorphocarpa</i> (P1) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) 	14 taxa, none of which are Declared Pests of WoNS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6 vegetation units (VUs) identified VUs were not compared to any known PECs or TECs
Blue Hills (Tenements M59/595 & M59/596) Targeted Flora Survey (Maia, 2014)	Overlaps eastern part of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant flora taxa 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted flora searching transects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> June 2014 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 70 taxa 52 genera 33 families 	7 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T) <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) 	2 taxa, neither of which are Declared Pests of WoNS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 7 VUs from Karara–Mungada Survey identified within study area One PEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1).

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa^	Introduced Flora Taxa^	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation*
Conservation Significant Flora Survey Northern Leases – Golden Grove (Woodman Environmental, 2014a)	Approximately 47 km north of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant flora taxa 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted flora searching transects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> June 2014 	NA	1 taxon: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia speckii</i> (P4) 	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Two PECs identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minjar and Chulaar Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (P1) Yalgoo (Gnows Nest/Wolla Wolla and Woolgah–Wadgingarra) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (P1)
Rothsay Iron Ore Project Programme of Works Significant Flora and Vegetation Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2014b)	Approximately 9.8 km south of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant flora taxa and vegetation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching along proposed drill pads and access tracks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> January 2014 	NA	4 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3) 	NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> One PEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1)
Shine Project Targeted Biological Survey Shine Survey Area – Footprint and Buffer Area (Woodman Environmental, 2014c)	Approximately 28 km north of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant and introduced flora taxa 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted flora searching transects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> September 2014 	NA	3 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) 	4 taxa, none of which are Declared Pests of WoNS	NA

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa^	Introduced Flora Taxa^	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation*
Rothsay Gold Project Flora and Vegetation Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2017)	Approximately 10 km south of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Level 2 (Detailed) flora and vegetation survey Targeted searching for significant flora taxa within select areas of appropriate habitat 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 35 quadrats 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> October 2016 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 300 taxa 1 putative hybrid 163 genera 59 families 	16 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3) <i>Bossiaea</i> sp. Jackson Range (G. Cockerton & S. McNee LCS 13614) (P3) <i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09) (P2) ?<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3) <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3) <i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i> (P1) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) Habitat for <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T) but survey potentially later than the flowering period of this taxon 	22 taxa, including one Declared Pest: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 9 VUs mapped One PEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (VUs 2 and 3). VUs 2, 6, 7 and 9 identified as being potential significant vegetation in a local context (as per EPA (2016b)) VUs 6, 7 and 9 identified as being potential significant vegetation in a regional context (as per EPA (2016b))
Rothsay Gold Project – Targeted Survey for <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (Threatened) (Woodman Environmental, 2018)	Approximately 10 km south of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant flora taxa within select areas of appropriate habitat 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted flora searching transects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> August 2018 	NA	4 taxa: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09) (P2) <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3) 	NA	NA
Rothsay Gold Project – Targeted Survey for <i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i> (Woodman Environmental, 2019)	Approximately 11 km south of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted searching for significant flora taxa within select areas of appropriate habitat 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Targeted flora searching transects 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> June 2019 	NA	1 taxon: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i> (P1) 	NA	NA

Project and Source	Location in Relation to Survey Area	Survey Scope	Parameters of Assessment	Timing	Number of Flora Taxa	Significant Flora Taxa^	Introduced Flora Taxa^	Vegetation and Significant Vegetation*
Karara Project Expansion Detailed and Targeted Flora and Vegetation Assessment (Umwelt, 2021)	Overlaps eastern part of Karara Area	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Detailed flora and vegetation survey Targeted flora and vegetation survey within project footprint Incorporates data from Markey and Dillon (2008) and Woodman Environmental (2007b, 2007c, 2007d, 2007f, 2007k, 2007l, 2007m, 2007b, 2008d, 2009b, 2009d, 2011) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 265 quadrats 269 relevés Targeted searching at 50 m spacing 	<p>Main survey:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> August–September 2020 (quadrats and targeted searching) <p>Other surveys from which data was incorporated in assessment:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> September–October 2005 (quadrats, targeted searching) April–May 2006 (targeted searching) June–September 2006 (quadrats and targeted searching) September 2007 (targeted searching) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 271 taxa 137 genera 54 families 	<p>26 taxa:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) <i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T) <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3) <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1) <i>Calandrinia ?kalanniensis</i> (P2) <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3) <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3) <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3) <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3) <i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3) <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1) <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3) <i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3) <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1) <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3) <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T) <i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1) <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (potentially undescribed) 	<p>32 taxa, including two Declared Pests:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <i>Echium plantagineum</i> <i>Galium aparine</i> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 32 VUs mapped One PEC identified: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation complexes (banded ironstone formation) (P1) (VUs 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28). 18 VUs identified as being potential significant vegetation in a local context (as per EPA (2016b)) 9 VUs identified as being potential significant vegetation in a regional context (as per EPA (2016b))

5.1.5 Significant Flora Taxa

The interrogation of the DBCA WA Herbarium specimen database and TPFL databases (DBCA, 2023d) returned 333 listed significant vascular flora taxa that have records within the Desktop Study Area. The majority of these taxa have records in the western half of the Desktop Study Area in the Geraldton Sandplains and Avon Wheatbelt IBRA regions. The 333 taxa include 45 taxa listed as Threatened under the BC Act. A total of 14 of the 333 taxa have DBCA records within the Survey Area, of which four also have records within the Targeted Survey Area: *Acacia karinae*, *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096), *Gunniopsis divisa* and *Rhodanthe collina* (all DBCA-listed P3 taxa, and all within the Mine Area part of the Targeted Survey Area).

The 2023 search of the DBCA database via NatureMap did not return any significant flora taxa additional to those returned by the interrogation of the DBCA WA Herbarium specimen database and TPFL databases, but the updated search in 2024 with the larger interrogation area (i.e. the Desktop Study Area) returned an additional 12 listed flora taxa with records within the Desktop Study Area (DBCA, 2023e, 2024b). This includes *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982), which is listed as Endangered under the EPBC Act, and was previously listed as Threatened under the BC Act. Following an update to the taxonomy of *Hypocalymma* sect. *Hypocalymma* published in 2023 (Keighery et al., 2023), *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982) and a more common subspecies, *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Swan Coastal Plain (G.J. Keighery 16777), were both included in the new name *Hypocalymma balbakiae*. The records that were previously attributable to *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982) are now considered to represent a less common ecological variant of *Hypocalymma balbakiae*, rather than a distinct taxonomic entity. Consequently, the accepted range of this consolidated entity under this new treatment has resulted in a considerable expansion compared to the previously accepted range of *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982), with *Hypocalymma balbakiae* extending from near Gregory in the north to near Denmark in the south, and being common within that range (WA Herbarium, 1998-). Therefore, *Hypocalymma balbakiae* is not considered to be at risk and is not listed at State or Commonwealth level. The authors of the paper within which this taxonomic update was published noted that a nomination would be prepared to the Threatened Species Scientific Committee for delisting of the name *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982) (Keighery et al., 2023). Therefore, given *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982) is no longer a formally recognised name, this taxon has not been included in this desktop assessment and will not be discussed further in this report in a significant flora context.

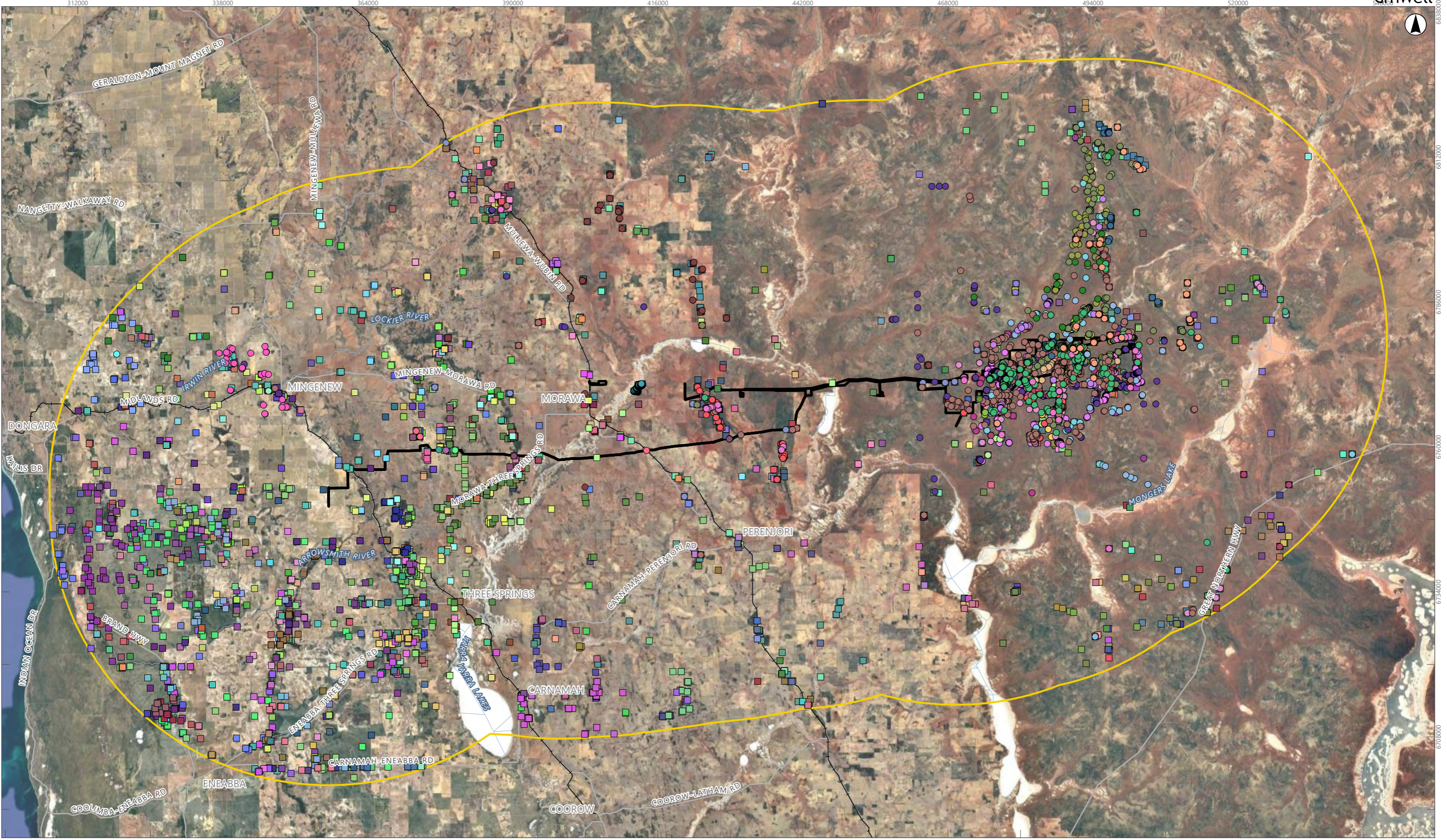
The interrogation of the DCCEEW SPRAT database with regard to MNES listed under the EPBC Act (DCCEEW, 2024) identified 63 flora taxa (or habitat for such taxa) as occurring or potentially occurring within the Desktop Study Area (full interrogation results presented in **Appendix B**). The results included *Hypocalymma angustifolium* subsp. Hutt River (S. Patrick 2982), but as discussed above, this taxon has been excluded from the desktop assessment. Note that the DCCEEW SPRAT database search results include intersections with broadly mapped, potentially suitable habitat for each taxon, rather than point records alone (as per the DBCA database searches); the results therefore include taxa that ‘may occur’ or are ‘likely to occur’, as well as those ‘known to occur’. Of the 63 taxa returned by this search, 25 were indicated as potentially occurring in the Survey Area itself (**Appendix B**).

Appendix C presents a summary of significant flora taxa known to occur or potentially occurring within the Desktop Study Area. This list has been compiled from the results of searches of DBCA’s TPFL and WA Herbarium databases (DBCA, 2023d), DBCA NatureMap database (DBCA, 2023e, 2024b), DCCEEW SPRAT database (DCCEEW, 2024), and the results of local surveys (**Section 5.1.4**). **Appendix C** also presents the known flowering period and habitat for each taxon, according to data from specimens lodged at the WA Herbarium (1998-).

A total of 368 listed significant flora taxa were returned by the desktop assessment of the Desktop Study Area (**Appendix C**), comprising 70 taxa listed under the EPBC and/or BC Acts, 297 taxa listed as Priority by DBCA only, and one potentially undescribed species. The locations of these taxa are presented in **Figure 5.3** (subject to the availability of spatial data in the case of records from previous local surveys).

According to all sources compiled for the desktop assessment, 24 taxa have existing records within the Survey Area (shaded grey in **Appendix C**), and of these, 13 have existing records within the Targeted Survey Area (shaded light blue in **Appendix C** and listed below):

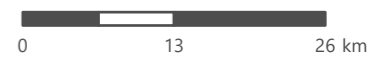
- *Acacia karinae* (P3)
- *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
- *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
- *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
- *Crassula* sp. nov. (potentially undescribed)
- *Grevillea globosa* (P3)
- *Grevillea scabrida* (P3)
- *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)
- *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
- *Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)
- *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
- *Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
- *Rhodanthe collina* (P3).



Scale: 1:650,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Desktop Study Area
 - Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse

FIGURE 5.3
Existing Significant Flora
Records of the Desktop Study
Area



Significant Flora (Umwelt)

● Acdia	<i>Acacia diallaga</i> (P1)
● Ackar	<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)
● Acsus	<i>Acacia subsessilis</i> (P3)
● Acsul	<i>Acacia sulcaticaulis</i> (T)
● Acwo	<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T)
● Alte	<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)
● BaspPe	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)
● Basc	<i>Banksia scabrella</i> (P4)
● BospJR	<i>Bossiaea</i> sp. Jackson Range (G. Cockerton & S. McNee LCS 13614) (P3)
● CaspKH	<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
● Caka	<i>Calandrinia kalanniensis</i> (P2)
● CaspPS	<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
● ChspWa	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100) (P1)
● ChspYa	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Yalgoo (Y. Chadwick 1816) (P1)
● Csn	<i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU)
● Cyfr	<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3)
● Dili	<i>Dicrastylis linearifolia</i> (P3)
● Dosc	<i>Dodonaea scurra</i> (P1)
● Drfu	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)
● Ergr	<i>Eremophila grandiflora</i> (P1)
● Erolp	<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>papula</i> (P1)
● Eujuk	<i>Eucalyptus jutsonii</i> subsp. <i>kobela</i> (P1)
● Eusy	<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T)
● Grgl	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)
● Grle	<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3)
● Grph	<i>Grevillea phanerophlebia</i> (T)
● Grsc	<i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3)
● Grsu	<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)

● Gudi	<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)
● Hico	<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)
● LespBH	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
● Made	<i>Malleostemon decipiens</i> (P1)
● Meba	<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)
● Mesc	<i>Melaleuca sclerophylla</i> (P3)
● Medr	<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)
● Miac	<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)
● Mitru	<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)
● Midi	<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)
● Pepe	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)
● Pepau	<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)
● Pivi	<i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)
● Poco	<i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3)
● PrspKa	<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
● Psim	<i>Psammomya implexa</i> (P3)
● Rhco	<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)
● Stpo	<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)
● Stsc	<i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T)
● Swpi	<i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1)v
● Tebu	<i>Tecticornia bulbosa</i> (T)
● Thni	<i>Thryptomene nitida</i> (P3)
● Veco	<i>Verticordia comosa</i> (P1)
● Vesps	<i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> (T)

Significant Flora (DBCA)

■ Acce	<i>Acacia cerastes</i> (P3)
■ Acchc	<i>Acacia chapmanii</i> subsp. <i>chapmanii</i> (P2)
■ Accocl	<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>cliftoniana</i> (P1)
■ Accow	<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>wonganensis</i> (P2)
■ Acdia	<i>Acacia diallaga</i> (P1)
■ Acfla	<i>Acacia flabellifolia</i> (P3)
■ Acform	<i>Acacia formidabilis</i> (P3)

■ Acgra	<i>Acacia graciliformis</i> (P1)
■ Acimi	<i>Acacia imitans</i> (P4)
■ Acisi	<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>isoneura</i> (P3)
■ Acisn	<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>nimia</i> (P3)
■ Ackar	<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)
■ Acla	<i>Acacia lanceolata</i> (P3)
■ Aclal	<i>Acacia latipes</i> subsp. <i>licina</i> (P3)
■ Aclim	<i>Acacia lineolata</i> subsp. <i>multilineata</i> (P1)
■ Acme	<i>Acacia megacephala</i> (P3)
■ Acmuri	<i>Acacia muriculata</i> (P1)
■ Acnil	<i>Acacia nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i> (P1)
■ Acno	<i>Acacia nodiflora</i> (P3)
■ Acpt	<i>Acacia pterocaulon</i> (P1)
■ Acrec	<i>Acacia recurvata</i> (T)
■ AcspG	<i>Acacia</i> sp. Goodlands (B.R. Maslin 7761) (P1)
■ Acspe	<i>Acacia speckii</i> (P4)
■ Acsb	<i>Acacia subrigida</i> (P2)
■ Acsus	<i>Acacia subsessilis</i> (P3)
■ Acsul	<i>Acacia sulcaticaulis</i> (T)
■ Actel	<i>Acacia telmica</i> (P3)
■ Acung	<i>Acacia unguicula</i> (T)
■ Acvi	<i>Acacia vittata</i> (P2)
■ Acwi	<i>Acacia wilsonii</i> (T)
■ Acwo	<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i> (T)
■ Algr	<i>Allocasuarina grevilleoides</i> (P3)
■ Alra	<i>Allocasuarina ramosissima</i> (P3)
■ Alte	<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)
■ Anad	<i>Androcalva adenothalia</i> (T)
■ Anmicr	<i>Angianthus micropodioides</i> (P3)
■ Apex	<i>Apectospernum exsertum</i> (P3)
■ Asmo	<i>Asteridea morawana</i> (P1)
■ Atmu	<i>Atriplex muelleri</i> (P1)
■ Aunu	<i>Austrostipa nunaginis</i> (P3)
■ Bafa	<i>Babingtonia fascifolia</i> (P1)

■ Bamin	<i>Babingtonia minutifolia</i> (P1)
■ Bape	<i>Babingtonia peteriana</i> (P2)
■ BaspBH	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Billeranga Hills (M.E. Trudgen 2206) (P1)
■ BaspMo	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Morawa (M.A. Langley MAL4177) (P1)
■ BaspPe	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)
■ BaspWa	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Walkaway (A.S. George 11249) (P3)
■ Bagr	<i>Balaustion grande</i> (P3)
■ Bahe	<i>Balaustion hemisphaericum</i> (P1)
■ Babe	<i>Banksia benthamiana</i> (P4)
■ Baboe	<i>Banksia borealis</i> subsp. <i>elator</i> (P3)
■ Bach	<i>Banksia chamaephyton</i> (P4)
■ Bacy	<i>Banksia cypholoba</i> (P3)
■ Bael	<i>Banksia elegans</i> (P4)
■ Bafrc	<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>crebra</i> (P3)
■ Bafro	<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>oxycedra</i> (P3)
■ Basc	<i>Banksia scabrella</i> (P4)
■ BaspM	<i>Banksia splendida</i> subsp. <i>macrocarpa</i> (P3)
■ Basu	<i>Banksia subulata</i> (P3)
■ Batr	<i>Banksia trifontinalis</i> (P3)
■ Beap	<i>Beyeria apiculata</i> (P1)
■ Bega	<i>Beyeria gardneri</i> (P3)
■ BospJR	<i>Bossiaea</i> sp. Jackson Range (G. Cockerton & S. McNee LCS 13614) (P3)
■ CaspKH	<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
■ Cadea	<i>Caladenia denticulata</i> subsp. <i>albicans</i> (P1)
■ Calom	<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>minima</i> (P2)
■ Caka	<i>Calandrinia kalanniensis</i> (P2)
■ CaspWa	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09) (P2)
■ Cabr	<i>Calectasia browneana</i> (P2)

■ Caac	<i>Calothamnus accedens</i> (P4)
■ Caar	<i>Calothamnus arcuatus</i> (P2)
■ CaspPS	<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
■ Cach	<i>Calytrix chrysantha</i> (P4)
■ Caece	<i>Calytrix ecalycata</i> subsp. <i>ecalycata</i> (P3)
■ Caene	<i>Calytrix eneabbensis</i> (P4)
■ Capl	<i>Calytrix plumulosa</i> (P3)
■ Capur	<i>Calytrix purpurea</i> (P2)
■ Casu	<i>Calytrix superba</i> (P4)
■ Cemi	<i>Centrolepis milleri</i> (P3)
■ Chrep	<i>Chamelaucium repens</i> (P1)
■ ChspBu	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Bunjil (M.E. Ballingall 1970) (P1)
■ ChspWa	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100) (P1)
■ ChspWH	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Wongan Hills (B.H. Smith 1140) (P3)
■ ChspYa	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Yalgoo (Y. Chadwick 1816) (P1)
■ Chrh	<i>Cheyniana rhodella</i> (P2)
■ Chhu	<i>Chorizema humile</i> (T)
■ Cogr	<i>Comesperma griffinii</i> (P2)
■ Corh	<i>Comesperma rhadinocarpum</i> (P3)
■ Codit	<i>Conostylis dielsii</i> subsp. <i>teres</i> (T)
■ Comi	<i>Conostylis micrantha</i> (T)
■ Coac	<i>Corynotheca acanthoclada</i> (P1)
■ Crno	<i>Cryptandra nola</i> (P3)
■ Crst	<i>Cryptandra stellulata</i> (P3)
■ Cyfr	<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3)
■ Dasc	<i>Dampiera scaevolina</i> (P1)
■ Date	<i>Dampiera tephrea</i> (P3)
■ Dacha	<i>Darwinia chantiae</i> (P3)
■ Dapol	<i>Darwinia polychroma</i> (T)
■ DaspSt	<i>Darwinia</i> sp. Strawberry (M.G. Corrick 8279) (P2)

FIGURE 5.3

LEGEND: Existing Significant Flora Records of the Desktop Study Area

■ Dasph	<i>Darwinia sphaerica</i> (P2)	■ Euebp	<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>photina</i> (P4)	■ Grhi	<i>Grevillea hirtella</i> (P3)	■ Hyps	<i>Hydrocotyle spinulifera</i> (P3)	■ Midi	<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)
■ Daax	<i>Dasymalla axillaris</i> (T)	■ Eujuk	<i>Eucalyptus jutsonii</i> subsp. <i>kobela</i> (P1)	■ Grle	<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3)	■ Hyte	<i>Hypocalymma tetrapterum</i> (P3)	■ Mija	<i>Millotia jacksonii</i> (P2)
■ Dabu	<i>Daviesia bursarioides</i> (T)	■ Eule	<i>Eucalyptus leptophloia</i> (T)	■ Grma	<i>Grevillea mackinsonii</i> (P3)	■ Ispe	<i>Isotropis petrensis</i> (P1)	■ Mife	<i>Mirbelia ferricola</i> (P3)
■ Dasp	<i>Daviesia speciosa</i> (T)	■ Eumae	<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> subsp. <i>elachantha</i> (P4)	■ Grmu	<i>Grevillea murex</i> (T)	■ Kole	<i>Korthalsella leucothrix</i> (P1)	■ MispTe	<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Ternata (M.D. Crisp & L.G. Cook MDC 9267) (P1)
■ Deel	<i>Desmodcladus elongatus</i> (P4)	■ Eumap	<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> x <i>pyrififormis</i> (P3)	■ Grobc	<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>cullenii</i> (P3)	■ Lade	<i>Lasiopetalum decoratum</i> (P2)	■ Nisa	<i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)
■ Dili	<i>Dicrastylis linearifolia</i> (P3)	■ Eupr	<i>Eucalyptus pruiniramis</i> (T)	■ Grph	<i>Grevillea phanerophlebia</i> (T)	■ Laog	<i>Lasiopetalum ogilvieanum</i> (P1)	■ Pagr	<i>Papistylus grandiflorus</i> (P2)
■ Dieb	<i>Diuris eburnea</i> (P1)	■ Eurhr	<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. <i>rhodantha</i> (T)	■ Grru	<i>Grevillea rosieri</i> (P2)	■ Leju	<i>Lechenaultia galactites</i> (P3)	■ Padix	<i>Paracaleana dixonii</i> (T)
■ Dire	<i>Diuris recurva</i> (P4)	■ Eurhp	<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. <i>x petiolaris</i> (P4)	■ Grsc	<i>Grevillea rudis</i> (P4)	■ Lelo	<i>Lechenaultia juncea</i> (P3)	■ Pech	<i>Persoonia chapmaniana</i> (P3)
■ Doam	<i>Dodonaea amplisemina</i> (P4)	■ Eusy	<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T)	■ Grsu	<i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3)	■ Lefa	<i>Lechenaultia longiloba</i> (P4)	■ Pefi	<i>Persoonia filiformis</i> (P3)
■ Dosc	<i>Dodonaea scurra</i> (P1)	■ Euzo	<i>Eucalyptus zopherophloia</i> (P4)	■ Grte	<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)	■ Lesa	<i>Lepidium fasciculatum</i> (P3)	■ Peka	<i>Persoonia kararae</i> (P2)
■ Drco	<i>Drakaea concolor</i> (T)	■ Eure	<i>Euryomyrtus recurva</i> (P3)	■ Gual	<i>Grevillea tenuiloba</i> (P3)	■ Lede	<i>Lepidium sagittulatum</i> (P1)	■ Pepe	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)
■ Drpe	<i>Drosera pedicellaris</i> (P1)	■ EuspJH	<i>Eutaxia</i> sp. Jasper Hill (R.J. Cranfield 8607) (P1)	■ Guqu	<i>Guichenotia alba</i> (P3)	■ Legi	<i>Lepidosperma gibsonii</i> (T)	■ Peru	<i>Persoonia rudis</i> (P3)
■ Drfu	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	■ Fiax	<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)	■ Gudi	<i>Guichenotia quasicalva</i> (P2)	■ LespBH	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	■ Pebi	<i>Petrophile biternata</i> (P3)
■ Drru	<i>Drummondita rubriviridis</i> (P1)	■ Frcon	<i>Frankenia conferta</i> (T)	■ Gyre	<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	■ Lest	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Koolanooka (K.R. Newbey 9336) (P1)	■ Pecod	<i>Petrophile conifera</i> subsp. <i>divaricata</i> (P2)
■ Elma	<i>Elatine macrocalyx</i> (P3)	■ Frgl	<i>Frankenia glomerata</i> (P4)	■ Hata	<i>Gyrostemon reticulatus</i> (T)	■ Legr	<i>Leucopogon grammatus</i> (P3)	■ Pegl	<i>Petrophile globifera</i> (P3)
■ Endu	<i>Enekbatus dualis</i> (P1)	■ Garo	<i>Gastrolobium rotundifolium</i> (P3)	■ Halor	<i>Haegiella tatei</i> (P4)	■ LespYa	<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Yanneymooning (F. Mollemans 3797) (P3)	■ Pepau	<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)
■ Enlo	<i>Enekbatus longistylus</i> (P3)	■ Gldr	<i>Glyceria drummondii</i> (T)	■ Hame	<i>Haemodorum loratum</i> (P3)	■ Phnu	<i>Leucopogon stokesii</i> (T)	■ Pese	<i>Petrophile septemfida</i> (P3)
■ Enpl	<i>Enekbatus planifolius</i> (P1)	■ Gnca	<i>Gnephosis cassiniana</i> (P3)	■ HespE	<i>Hakea megalosperma</i> (T)	■ Phpi	<i>Leucopogon stokesii</i> (T)	■ Phipip	<i>Philothea nutans</i> (P1)
■ Epde	<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)	■ Gnse	<i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)	■ Hemiandra	<i>Hakea megalosperma</i> (T)	■ Pico	<i>Liparophyllum congestiflorum</i> (P4)	■ Picy	<i>Phlebocarya pilosissima</i> subsp. <i>pilosissima</i> (P3)
■ Eracut	<i>Eremaea acutifolia</i> (P3)	■ Goci	<i>Gompholobium cinereum</i> (P3)	■ Hedi	<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Eneabba (H. Demarz 3687) (P3)	■ Piv	<i>Liparophyllum congestiflorum</i> (P4)	■ Pivi	<i>Pigea cymulosa</i> (T)
■ ErglMo	<i>Eremophila glabra</i> subsp. <i>Morawa</i> (C.A. Gardner 7521) (P1)	■ Goneo	<i>Goodenia neogoodenia</i> (P4)	■ Hepi	<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Watheroo (S. Hancocks 4) (P4)	■ Popr	<i>Lyginia excelsa</i> (P2)	■ Ppou	<i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)
■ Ergr	<i>Eremophila grandiflora</i> (P1)	■ Goper	<i>Goodenia perryi</i> (P3)	■ Hesa	<i>Hemigenia sp. major</i> (C.A. Gardner 2677) (P1)	■ Poun	<i>Malleostemon decipiens</i> (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Podotheca pritzelii</i> (P3)
■ Erni	<i>Eremophila nivea</i> (T)	■ Grama	<i>Goodenia perryi</i> (P3)	■ Hespma	<i>Hemigenia sp. major</i> (C.A. Gardner 2677) (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Malleostemon</i> sp. Yalgoo Road (Morawa Tree Committee 329) (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Podotheca unisetia</i> (P3)
■ Erolp	<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>papula</i> (P1)	■ Grasp	<i>Grevillea amplexans</i> subsp. <i>adpressa</i> (P1)	■ Heti	<i>Hemigenia diadela</i> (P2)	■ Ppou	<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Podotheca unisetia</i> (P3)
■ Errot	<i>Eremophila rostrata</i> subsp. <i>trifida</i> (T)	■ Grbic	<i>Grevillea asparagoides</i> (P3)	■ Hech	<i>Hemigenia pimeleifolia</i> (P2)	■ Ppou	<i>Melaleuca sclerophylla</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Podotheca unisetia</i> (P3)
■ Ersar	<i>Eremophila sargentii</i> (P2)	■ Grbrh	<i>Grevillea bififormis</i> subsp. <i>cymbiformis</i> (P3)	■ Hest	<i>Hemigenia saligna</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Polanthion collinum</i> (P3)
■ Erser	<i>Eremophila sericea</i> (P1)	■ Grer	<i>Grevillea bracteosa</i> subsp. <i>howatharra</i> (T)	■ Hico	<i>Hemigenia sp. major</i> (C.A. Gardner 2677) (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Mesomelaena stygia</i> subsp. <i>deflexa</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Poranthera asybosca</i> (P1)
■ ErspTh	<i>Eremophila</i> sp. Thundelarra (B. Buirchell BB 324) (P1)	■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea erinacea</i> (P3)	■ Higl	<i>Hemigenia sp. major</i> (C.A. Gardner 2677) (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)	■ PrspKa	<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
■ Ervi	<i>Eremophila viscida</i> (T)	■ Grgr	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	■ Hisu	<i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i> (P1)v	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus mucronulata</i> (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Psamomoya implexa</i> (P3)
■ Euab	<i>Eucalyptus abdita</i> (P2)	■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	■ Hech	<i>Hensmania chapmanii</i> (T)	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus ninghanensis</i> (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Ptilotus fasciculatus</i> (P4)
■ Euara	<i>Eucalyptus arachnaea</i> subsp. <i>arrecta</i> (P3)	■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	■ Hest	<i>Hensmania stoniella</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus rogeri</i> (P1)	■ Ppou	<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)
■ Eubl	<i>Eucalyptus blaxellii</i> (P4)	■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	■ Hico	<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Rhodanthe</i> sp. Yuna (G.J. Keighery, B.J. Keighery & B. Moyle 2820) (P3)
■ Eucr	<i>Eucalyptus crispata</i> (T)	■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	■ Higl	<i>Hibbertia glomerata</i> var. <i>bistrata</i> (P3)	■ Ppou	<i>Micromyrtus uniovulum</i> (P2)	■ Ppou	<i>Ricinocarpos oliganthus</i> (P1)
		■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	■ Hisu	<i>Hibbertia subvillosa</i> (P3)	■ Ppou		■ Riola	<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)
		■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	■ Hydi	<i>Hyalosperma stoveae</i> (P2)			■ Roha	
		■ Grgl	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)		<i>Hydrocotyle dimorphocarpa</i> (P1)				

FIGURE 5.3

LEGEND: Existing Significant Flora Records of the Desktop Study Area

■ Scch	<i>Scaevola chrysopogon</i> (P2)	■ Stfi	<i>Styphelia filifolia</i> (P3)	■ Veine	<i>Verticordia insignis</i> subsp. <i>eomagis</i> (P3)
■ Scka	<i>Scaevola kallophylla</i> (P4)	■ Sthya	<i>Styphelia hyalina</i> (P3)	■ Velul	<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>luteola</i> (P3)
■ Scfis	<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>subulifolia</i> (T)	■ Stlon	<i>Styphelia longissima</i> (T)	■ Velur	<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>rosea</i> (P1)
■ Scba	<i>Schoenus badius</i> (P2)	■ Stmarg	<i>Styphelia marginata</i> (T)	■ Vemum	<i>Verticordia muelleriana</i> subsp. <i>muelleriana</i> (P3)
■ Scgr	<i>Schoenus griffinianus</i> (P4)	■ Stob	<i>Styphelia obtecta</i> (T)	■ Vepe	<i>Verticordia penicillaris</i> (P4)
■ Scna	<i>Schoenus natans</i> (P4)	■ Stpal	<i>Styphelia pallens</i> (P2)v	■ Vepo	<i>Verticordia polytricha</i> (P4)
■ ScspEn	<i>Schoenus</i> sp. Eneabba (F. Obbens & C. Godden 1154) (P2)	■ Swpi	<i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1)v	■ Vesps	<i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> (T)
■ Scbrb	<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>brevistylis</i> (P1)	■ Syou	<i>Synaphea oulopha</i> (P3)	■ Veve	<i>Verticordia venusta</i> (P3)
■ Scbrp	<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>prowaka</i> (P2)	■ Sysp	<i>Synaphea sparsiflora</i> (P2)	■ Viceo	<i>Vittadinia cervicalis</i> var. <i>occidentalis</i> (P1)
■ Sccal	<i>Scholtzia calcicola</i> (P2)	■ Syxe	<i>Synaphea xela</i> (P2)	■ Wumu	<i>Wurmbea murchisoniana</i> (P4)
■ Scpro	<i>Scholtzia prostrata</i> (P3)	■ Tebu	<i>Tecticornia bulbosa</i> (T)	■ Wutu	<i>Wurmbea tubulosa</i> (T)
■ Scsub	<i>Scholtzia subsessilis</i> (P1)	■ Tefi	<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)		
■ ScspKH	<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 437) (P1)	■ Thap	<i>Thelymitra apiculata</i> (P4)		
■ Spne	<i>Spergularia nesophila</i> (P3)	■ Thst	<i>Thelymitra stellata</i> (T)		
■ Stdin	<i>Stawellia dimorphantha</i> (P4)	■ Thfo	<i>Thomasia x formosa</i> (P1)		
■ Stpo	<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)	■ Thni	<i>Thryptomene nitida</i> (P3)		
■ StcaN	<i>Stylidium carnosum</i> subsp. <i>Narrow leaves</i> (J.A. Wege 490) (P1)	■ Thsh	<i>Thryptomene shirleyae</i> (P2)		
■ Stcor	<i>Stylidium cornuatum</i> (P2)	■ ThspWa	<i>Thryptomene</i> sp. <i>Wandana</i> (M.E. Trudgen MET 22016) (P3)		
■ Stdr	<i>Stylidium drummondianum</i> (P3)	■ Thsp	<i>Thryptomene spicata</i> (P2)		
■ Stlo	<i>Stylidium longitubum</i> (P4)	■ Thvel	<i>Thryptomene velutina</i> (P2)		
■ Stpen	<i>Stylidium pendulum</i> (P1)	■ Thgl	<i>Thysanotus glaucus</i> (P4)		
■ Stpse	<i>Stylidium pseudocaesepitosum</i> (P2)	■ Thve	<i>Thysanotus vernalis</i> (P3)		
■ Stric	<i>Stylidium ricae</i> (P3)	■ Trso	<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)		
■ Stsc	<i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T)	■ Trpr	<i>Triglochin protuberans</i> (P3)		
■ StspTS	<i>Stylidium</i> sp. <i>Three Springs</i> (J.A. Wege & C. Wilkins JAW 600) (P2)	■ TrspWH			
■ Stti	<i>Stylidium tinkeri</i> (P2)	■ Urca	<i>Urodon capitatus</i> (P3)		
■ Stto	<i>Stylidium torticarpum</i> (P3)	■ Veal	<i>Verticordia albida</i> (T)		
■ Stwil	<i>Stylidium wilroyense</i> (P3)	■ Veap	<i>Verticordia argentea</i> (P2)		
■ Stxan	<i>Stylidium xanthopis</i> (P1)	■ Veau	<i>Verticordia aurea</i> (P4)		
		■ Vecap	<i>Verticordia capillaris</i> (P4)		
		■ Vechp	<i>Verticordia chrysostachys</i> var. <i>pallida</i> (P3)v		
		■ Veco	<i>Verticordia comosa</i> (P1)		
		■ Vedao	<i>Verticordia dasystylis</i> subsp. <i>oestopoia</i> (P1)		
		■ Veder	<i>Verticordia densiflora</i> var. <i>roseostella</i> (P3)		
		■ Vefr	<i>Verticordia fragrans</i> (P3)		

FIGURE 5.3

LEGEND: Existing Significant Flora Records of the Desktop Study Area

5.1.6 Significant Vegetation

The interrogation of DBCA’s TEC and PEC Database (DBCA, 2023c) returned a total of 16 State TECs and PECs with DBCA-applied buffer polygons that intersect or occur within the Desktop Study Area. However, three of these communities relate to invertebrate fauna communities and are not relevant to a flora and vegetation assessment; therefore, they are not discussed further in this report. These communities are:

- Badja calcrete groundwater assemblage type on Moore palaeodrainage on Badja Station
- Granite outcrop pools with endemic aquatic fauna
- Ninghan calcrete groundwater assemblage type on Moore palaeodrainage on Ninghan Station.

The remaining 13 State-listed significant vegetation communities comprise six TECs listed under the BC Act (all Critically Endangered (CR)), six Priority 1 PECs and one Priority 3 PEC, as presented in **Table 5.6** and **Figure 5.4**. Of these 16 communities, the buffer polygons of two TECs and two PECs intersect the Survey Area (shaded in light blue in **Table 5.6**).

A review of DBCA’s TEC and PEC records spatial database (DBCA-038) (DBCA, 2024c) and current DBCA TEC and PEC lists (DBCA, 2023f, 2023g) did not identify any additional significant vegetation communities within, or having the potential to occur within, the Survey Area.

The interrogation of the DCCEEW SPRAT database with regard to MNES listed under the EPBC Act (DCCEEW, 2024) identified one vegetation community listed under the EPBC Act that is “‘likely’ to occur in Survey Area”, being the ‘Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt’ TEC (CR) (full interrogation results presented in **Appendix B**). This TEC was also returned by the interrogation of DBCA’s TEC and PEC Database (DBCA, 2023c).

Review of previous flora and vegetation surveys discussed in **Section 5.1.4** returned an additional listed significant vegetation community in the Desktop Study Area, being the ‘Yalgoo (Gnows Nest/Wolla Wolla and Woolgah-Wadgingarra) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)’ P1 PEC. This community was not returned by the DBCA TEC and PEC Database interrogation as it occurs slightly north of the Desktop Study Area near Yalgoo, approximately 54 km north of the Karara Area.

In summary, a total of 14 listed significant vegetation communities were returned by the desktop assessment of the Desktop Study Area, including six TECs listed under the BC Act and an additional TEC listed under the EPBC Act. According to DBCA records, four of these 14 communities have buffer polygons that intersect the Survey Area, as presented in **Figure 5.4**.

Table 5.6 Significant Vegetation Communities Returned from Desktop Assessment

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCA Description*	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Source
Assemblages of the organic mound springs of the Three Springs area	TEC (CR)	-	This community occurs in the Three Springs area. The mound spring habitat is characterised by continuous discharge of groundwater in raised areas of peat. The peat and surrounds provide a stable, permanently moist series of microhabitats. There is a high level of heterogeneity of invertebrate fauna assemblages between occurrences, and all are associated with a rich and healthy fauna. The distinctive assemblages are composed of invertebrate groups commonly including beetles, oligochaetes, non-biting midges and bugs. The vegetation component of the community contains many moisture-loving species including an overstorey of <i>Melaleuca preissiana</i> (moonah) trees. <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> (river red gum) and <i>Eucalyptus rudis</i> (flooded gum) are also found in a number of the mound springs. The shrub layer often includes <i>Hypocalymma angustifolium</i> (white myrtle) and <i>Acacia saligna</i> (orange wattle) over <i>Machaerina vaginalis</i> (sheath twigrush) and other sedges. The herbaceous <i>Patersonia occidentalis</i> (purple flag, swamp variant) has been recorded at several occurrences	3.9 km south of western end of Borefield Corridor	DBCA
Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	Includes vegetation assemblages associated with the BIF in the Blue Hills Range, including Mt Karara and Windaning Hill (Mungada Ridge) (part of the Central Talling Land System), as described in Markey and Dillon (2008)	Within Karara Area	DBCA; Maia; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
Coastal sands dominated by <i>Acacia rostellifera</i>, <i>Eucalyptus oraria</i> and <i>Eucalyptus obtusiflora</i>	PEC (P1)	-	Floristically, this community is similar to other <i>Acacia rostellifera</i> communities but is differentiated on structure, being dominated by mallee eucalypts. The community occurs on limestone ridges, in some swales in the coastal dunes between Cape Burney and Dongara, on the Greenough Alluvial Flats on limestone soil and near Tarcoola Beach. Some very small occurrences have also been recorded on the limestone scarp north of the Buller River	48.3 km west of western end of Borefield Corridor	DBCA

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCAs Description*	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Source
Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt	PEC (P3)	TEC (CR)	This community occurs in the IBRA Avon Wheatbelt 1 and 2 and Western Mallee subregions. It also includes outlying patches in the eastern parts of JAF01 Northern Jarrah Forests and JAF02 Jarrah Forests adjacent to the Avon Wheatbelt, that are off the Darling Range, and receive less than 600 mm mean annual rainfall. The structure of the ecological community is a woodland in which the minimum crown cover of the tree canopy in a mature woodland is 10 %. The key dominant or co-dominant species of the tree canopy are species of <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees that typically have a single trunk. Native understorey is present but is of variable composition, being a combination of grasses, other herbs and shrubs. The description, area and condition thresholds that apply to the EPBC-listed TEC of the same name, also apply to this PEC	Multiple occurrences intersect Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor in multiple locations	DBCAs, DCCEEW ('likely' to occur in Survey Area)
Ferricrete floristic community (Rocky Springs type)	TEC (CR)	-	This community comprises tall shrubland and has been recorded between Arrino and Eneabba, on irregularly inundated red brown sandy loams over ferricrete. It is generally dominated by <i>Acacia blakelyi</i> , <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> and <i>Labichea lanceolata</i> subsp. <i>lanceolata</i> . Associated species include <i>Alyogyne hakeifolia</i> , <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , <i>Isotoma hypocateriformis</i> (Woodbridge poison), <i>Petrophile seminuda</i> , <i>Stylidium dichotomum</i> (pins-and-needles), <i>Thysanotus patersonii</i> and <i>Pterochaeta paniculata</i> (woolly waitzia)	11.7 km south of western end of Borefield Corridor	DBCAs

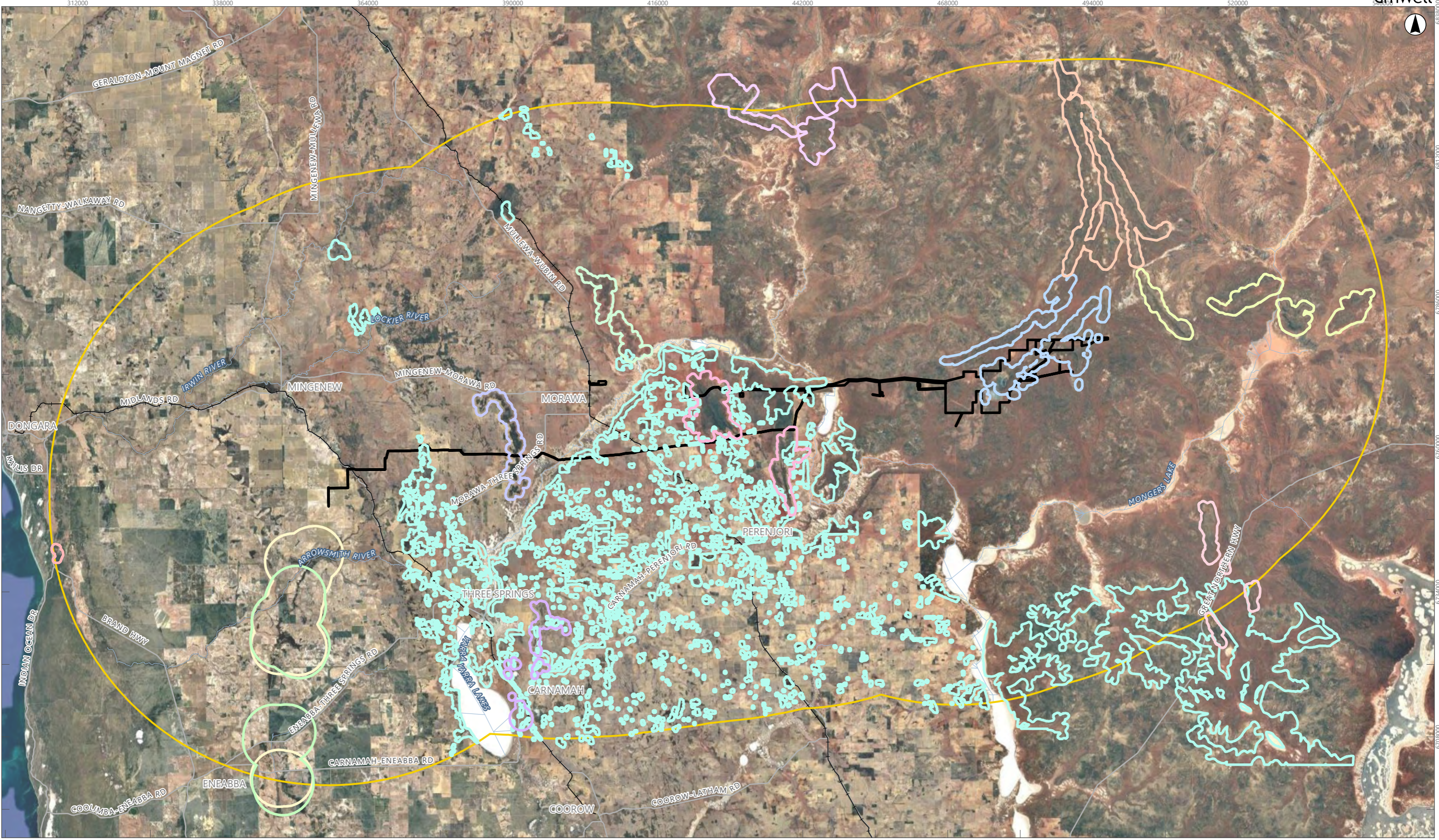
Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCA Description*	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Source
Gullewa vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	<p>Includes Buddadoo Range, Edamura Range, Mugga Mugga Hill and Murdaburia Hill; vegetation assemblages associated with BIF as described by Markey and Dillon (2010).</p> <p>Community types 1, 2, 3, 4a and 4b were associated with BIF landforms and lateritic breakaways. It was noted by Markey and Dillon (2010) that the lower slopes and stony colluvial and outwash plains communities were broadly similar to those of the Central Talling land system (which includes the Blue Hills PEC); however, the rocky upland communities (Communities 2 and 4a) of the Central Talling area were not similar to those of Gullewa. Likewise, the mafic hills and saline depressions of Gullewa were not represented in the Central Talling dataset.</p> <p>It was noted by Markey and Dillon (2010) that there was less than 50 % of taxa in common between the Gullewa and Central Talling datasets</p>	39.0 km north of central part of Yandanooka Pipeline	DBCA
Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	<p>This community is known from the Koolanooka Hills, its footslopes and the Perenjori Hills. It comprises <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> mallee and <i>Acacia</i> sp. scrub with scattered <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i> (rock sheoak) over red loam and ironstone on the upper slopes and summits, <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> scrub over red loam on hill slopes, shrubs and emergent mallees on shallow red loam over massive ironstone on steep rocky slopes, <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) woodland over scrub on the footslopes, and mixed <i>Acacia</i> sp. scrub on granite. The community was originally described in Beard's (1976a) <i>The vegetation of the Perenjori area, Western Australia: Map and explanatory memoir</i> (1:250,000 vegetation series, Vegmap Publications, Perth, Western Australia)</p>	Western end of Yandanooka pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor south of Bowgarder Nature Reserve	DBCA
Minjar and Chulaar Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	<p>Includes vegetation assemblages associated with BIF at Minjar and Chulaar Hills (part of the Central Talling Land System), as described in Markey and Dillon (2008)</p>	11.2 km north of eastern end of Karara Area	DBCA; Woodman Environmental Area

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCAs Description*	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Source
Mount Gibson Range vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	Includes Buddadoo Range, Edamura Range, Mugga Mugga Hill and Murdaburia Hill; vegetation assemblages associated with BIF in the Mount Gibson Range (Meissner & Caruso, 2008b)	32.7 km south-southeast of eastern end of Karara Area	DBCAs
Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	The community occurs in the Billeranga Hills in the north-eastern Wheatbelt of WA. It generally comprises: <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> (wiry honeymyrtle) - <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket on clay sands over laterite on slopes and ridges; open mallee over mixed scrub on yellow sand over gravel on western slopes; <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) woodland over sandy clay loam or rocky clay on lower slopes and creeklines; and mixed scrub or scrub dominated by <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> over red brown loamy soils on the slopes and ridges. The community was originally described by Beard (1976a)	Borefield Corridor west of Three Springs-Morawa Road	DBCAs; Woodman Environmental
Plant assemblages of the Inering System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	The community occurs in the Inering Hills in the northern Wheatbelt of WA. It generally comprises: <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> scrub over chert and granite hills; <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket with scattered <i>Acacia acuminata</i> and <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i> (rock sheoak) over brown sandy loam over stony and lateritic summits and slopes; <i>Acacia</i> sp. mixed low woodland on red brown sandy loam over granite on summits and slopes; <i>Melaleuca cardiophylla</i> (tangling melaleuca) thicket with scattered <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) and <i>Eucalyptus salmonophloia</i> (salmon gum) over granite on the lower slopes and foothills; and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> woodland over clay loam on the foothills. The community was originally described by Beard (1976a). The total range of this TEC was estimated at 2,175.5 ha in 2002, encompassing both the original Inering system mapped by Beard (1976a) and some additional areas as noted in the Interim Recovery Plan (CALM, 2002). The estimated area of occupancy included the Archaean-Granite complex of hills 2.5 km southwest of Carnamah northwards to Three Springs	25.5 km south of central part of Borefield Corridor	DBCAs

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCA Description*	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Source
Plant assemblages of the Moonagin System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	The community occurs on the fine-grained Archaean rocks of the Moonagin and Milhun Ranges (north-east of Morawa). It generally comprises <i>Acacia</i> spp. scrub on red soil on the summits and slopes of the hills; <i>Acacia</i> spp. scrub with scattered <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) and <i>Eucalyptus oleosa</i> (giant mallee) on red loam flats on the foothills; and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> woodland on red loam flats of the pediments. The community was originally described by Beard (1976a). The total Pre-European vegetation extent was estimated to originally cover 6,536 ha, of which 32.8 % was remaining in 2019 (DPIRD, 2019)	5.3 km north of eastern end of Yandanooka Pipeline	DBCA
Warriedar/Pinyalling/Walagnumming Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	Includes vegetation assemblages associated with BIF at the Warriedar, Pinyalling and Walagnumming Hills (part of the Central Talling land system) as described in Markey and Dillon (2008)	9.1 km east of eastern end of Karara Area	DBCA; Woodman Environmental
Yalgoo (Gnows Nest/Wolla Wolla and Woolgah-Wadgingarra) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	Includes vegetation assemblages associated with BIF in Gnows Nest Range, Wolla Wolla and Woolgah-Wadgingarra Hills, as described by Markey and Dillon (2011)	54 km north of central part of Karara Area	Woodman Environmental

* Source: Priority Ecological Communities for Western Australia Version 35 (DBCA, 2023f); Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) Listed under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (DBCA, 2023g).

^ Source: DBCA Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities Database interrogation spatial data (DBCA, 2023c).



Scale: 1:650,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Desktop Study Area
 - Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse
- Significant Vegetation (DBCA, 2023c)**
- Assemblages of the organic mound springs of the Three Springs area (WA – CR)
 - Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)
 - Coastal sands dominated by *Acacia rostellifera*, *Eucalyptus oraria* and *Eucalyptus obtusiflora* (WA – P1)
 - Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt (WA – P3, EPBC – CR)
 - Ferricrete floristic community (Rocky Springs type) (WA – CR)
 - Gullewa vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)
 - Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)
 - Minjar and Chulaar Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)
 - Mount Gibson Range vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)
 - Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)
 - Plant assemblages of the Inering System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)
 - Plant assemblages of the Moonagin System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)
 - Warriedar/Pinyalling/Walagnumming Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)

FIGURE 5.4
Existing Significant Vegetation Records of the Desktop Study Area

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5.1.7 Groundwater and Surface Water Values

5.1.7.1 Surface Water

The majority of the Survey Area is located within the Yarra Monger hydrographic catchments within the Yarra Yarra basin, with the western 25 km of the Borefield Corridor intersecting the Irwin catchment of the Greenough River basin (DWER, 2018).

The Survey Area intersects numerous non-perennial minor watercourses, including Ikewah Brook and Green Brook, which are intersected by the Wheatbelt Area at the very western end of the Survey Area and Targeted Survey Area (Landgate, 2022). Given these watercourses are ephemeral, they would only flow after heavy rainfall events. The Borefield Corridor and Yandanooka Pipeline parts of the Survey Area also intersect numerous saline lakes and drainage areas, including a saline drainage line that feeds into Weelhamby Lake.

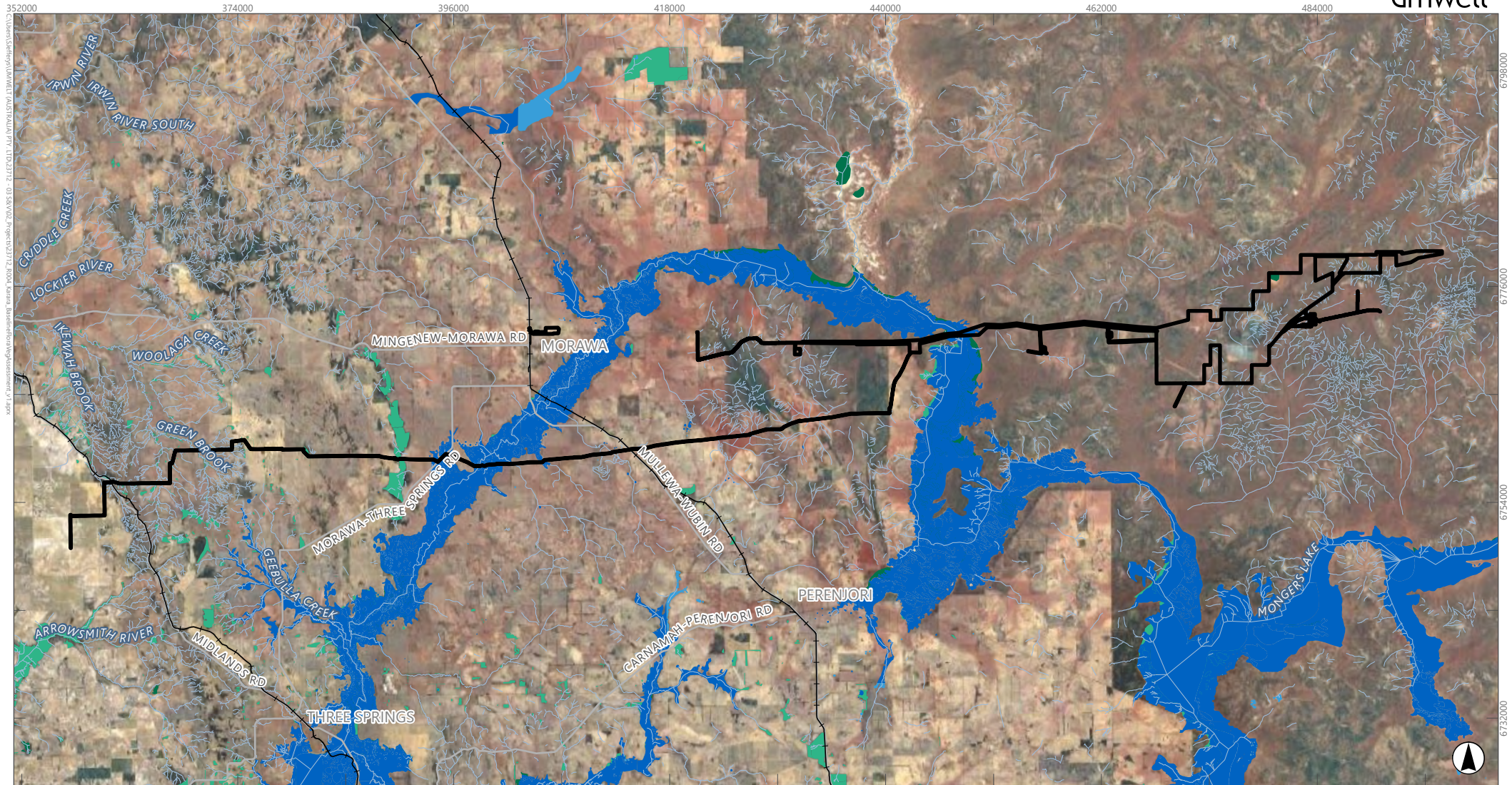
There are no Ramsar sites in the Desktop Study Area (DBCA, 2017a). Thundelarra Lignum Swamp, located approximately 25 km northeast of the eastern end of the Karara Area, is a listed swamp in the Australian Wetlands Database Directory of Important Wetlands (DBCA, 2018; DCCEEW, 2019). The Thundelarra Lignum Swamp supports a significant example of 'lignum-canegrass' community which occurs very sparsely from Carnarvon to Kalgoorlie. Inundation of the Thundelarra Lignum Swamp is very sporadic and is a significant breeding area for waterbird species (DCCEEW, 2019).

5.1.7.2 Groundwater

The BoM GDE Atlas is a national dataset of Australian GDEs that can be used to inform groundwater planning and management. The Atlas was interrogated using the Desktop Study Area boundary to obtain locations and information about two types of GDEs:

- Aquatic GDEs: ecosystems that rely on the surface expression of groundwater – this includes surface water ecosystems that may have a groundwater component, such as rivers, wetlands and springs. Note that marine and estuarine ecosystems can also be groundwater dependent, but these are not mapped in the Atlas.
- Terrestrial GDEs: ecosystems that rely on the subsurface presence of groundwater – this includes all vegetation ecosystems.

According to the BoM Groundwater Dependent Ecosystems (GDE) Atlas, there are numerous 'High' and 'Moderate' potential aquatic and terrestrial GDEs in and within the vicinity of the Survey Area, including those associated with saline clay pans and drainage areas, salt lakes, and Ikewah Brook and Green Brook (BoM, 2025b) (**Figure 5.5**).



Scale: 1:550,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway
- Watercourse
- GDE – Aquatic**
- High potential GDE - from national assessment
- Moderate potential GDE - from national assessment
- GDE – Terrestrial**
- High potential GDE - from national assessment
- Moderate potential GDE - from national assessment

FIGURE 5.5

BoM GDE Atlas 'High' and 'Moderate' Potential GDEs



5.2 Field Survey Results

5.2.1 Flora Census

A total of 497 discrete vascular flora taxa, two putative hybrids and one informal taxon variant were recorded in the Survey Area by the 2023 and 2024 survey. Of the 500 flora entities recorded, 43 taxa are introduced (as per WA Herbarium (1998-), discussed further in **Section 5.2.5**). A total of 279 of the 500 flora entities are perennial (including ephemeral perennial and geophytic taxa; e.g. tuberous species that have above-ground parts visible only during certain times of the year), and 221 taxa are annual.

Within quadrats established in 2023 and 2024, average native taxon richness (excluding putative hybrids and taxon variants) per quadrat was 28 (± 15), with the greatest number of taxa recorded in a single quadrat being 67 (MLEQ07), and the lowest number being 3 (MLEQ-009).

When including data from all historical sample sites across the Survey Area (amended for taxonomic and nomenclatural accuracy as per **Appendix A**), a total of 748 discrete vascular flora taxa, two named hybrids (as per WA Herbarium (1998-)), three putative hybrids and one informal taxon variant have been recorded in the Survey Area. Of the 748 flora entities recorded, 64 taxa are introduced (as per WA Herbarium (1998-), discussed further in **Section 5.2.5**). A total of 463 of the 748 flora entities are perennial (including ephemeral perennial and geophytic taxa), and 285 are annual. The discrete taxa, hybrids and variants in the Survey Area represent 75 families and 286 genera. The most well-represented families were:

- Asteraceae: 103 discrete taxa
- Fabaceae: 85 discrete taxa and 2 named hybrids
- Chenopodiaceae: 65 discrete taxa and 1 putative hybrid
- Myrtaceae: 60 discrete taxa and 1 putative hybrid
- Poaceae: 51 discrete taxa.

A full list of flora taxa that have been recorded in the Survey Area by the current survey and relevant previous surveys is presented in **Appendix D**. Raw data recorded at all sample sites in the Survey Area (including those established for relevant previous flora and vegetation assessments) are presented in **Appendix E**.

Note that several collections from the Survey Area could not be identified to species level due to poor material. Some are known to be distinct taxa relative to other taxa recorded by the survey, and therefore have been included in the totals presented above and in **Appendix D** (e.g. *Corchorus* sp.). This includes four *Tecticornia* entities *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1' to *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 4', collections of which were reviewed by *Tecticornia* expert Kelly Shepherd at the WA Herbarium. Of these, *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1' and *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' potentially represent unrecognised taxa, and are discussed further in **Section 5.2.2**. According to Shepherd, the *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 3' specimen was unusual in that it had dorsiventrally flattened flowers and soft cup-like bracts, but the flowers were too immature to make a proper assessment of its identity. Mature fruits and seeds and DNA sequencing would be required to determine whether the specimen represents a distinct new species. Therefore, this entity has precautionarily been treated as a distinct taxon relative to the other *Tecticornia* taxa recorded by the survey. Finally, the *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 4' specimen was sterile and could not be assigned an identification, but has also been treated as a distinct taxon.

Other collections made in the Survey Area may represent distinct taxa relative to other taxa recorded by the survey; however, it is more likely that they represent taxa already recorded elsewhere, with the quality of the material such that this distinction cannot be made (e.g. *Sclerolaena* sp.). Such collections are not included in the totals above or presented in **Appendix D**, but are presented in the raw sample site data in **Appendix E**. None of these collections are considered to represent significant flora taxa.

5.2.2 Significant Flora Taxa

A total of 41 significant flora taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area by the 2023 and 2024 survey and previous surveys (including survey data sourced from DBCA database interrogations), comprising four Threatened taxa (listed under the BC and/or EPBC Acts), 33 Priority flora taxa, as well as four taxa that are considered significant as per EPA definitions (2016a, 2016b) as they represent potentially undescribed taxa ('PU') (discussed further below). Of the 41 significant flora taxa of the Survey Area, 14 have been recorded in the Targeted Survey Area (Mine Area only; no significant flora taxa have been recorded in the Wheatbelt Area) (**Table 5.7**). These 14 taxa are all DBCA Priority flora taxa. With the exception of *Seringia exastia* (EPBC: CR), all of the 37 listed significant flora taxa have been previously recorded in the Desktop Study Area (**Section 5.1.5**).

Table 5.7 presents a summary of data relating to significant flora taxa that have been recorded within the Survey Area. A description and summary of regional information for each taxon recorded in the Survey Area is provided in **Table 5.8**. Photographs of each species are presented in **Appendix F** and location coordinates for the 2023 and 2024 records are provided in **Appendix G**. Locations of all significant flora taxa recorded in the Survey Area (as well as those recorded within 50 m of the Survey Area) are presented in **Figure 5.6**.

Abundance information is provided for perennial taxa in **Table 5.7**, but is not considered appropriate for annual or ephemeral taxa, as the abundance of these taxa is strongly influenced by seasonal conditions, with fewer individuals usually present following below-average rainfall; instead, the number of locations is presented for annual and ephemeral taxa in **Table 5.7**. Note that abundance information is not available for some historical data records; these records were attributed a count of '1' for the purpose of **Table 5.7**. The plant counts for these taxa are therefore likely to be conservative. Historical records of significant flora taxa that were located in areas that have since been cleared have been removed from the dataset presented in **Table 5.7**. Potential duplication of records elsewhere in the Survey Area has been avoided by assessment of locations of significant flora recorded by the 2023 and 2024 survey against historical data in a GIS environment.

Table 5.7 also presents a summary of the VTs within which each significant flora taxon was recorded (refer to **Section 5.2.6** for VT descriptions), and their potential preferred habitat based on proportional location representation and landforms/soils (indicated in **Table 5.7** with '^'). However, it is worthy of note that some taxa have been recorded from few locations, and therefore there may not be sufficient data to confidently assign preferred habitat for these taxa.

Further discussion on specific significant flora taxa is provided below.

***Acacia woodmaniorum* (T)**

According to DBCA databases (DBCA, 2023d), three records of *Acacia woodmaniorum* (T) are present within the Survey Area (**Section 5.1.5**). However, two of these three records relate to individuals that have been artificially introduced in March 2017 (via planting cuttings or translocating whole plants) as part of KML's Translocation Proposal. The first of the translocation sites is on the rehabilitated mine area of the Terapod North Pit, and the second on the Blue Hills North rehabilitated Waste Rock Dump. Monitoring of these translocation sites has been undertaken since 2017, with the most recent monitoring from October 2024 demonstrating a survival rate of 100 % of cuttings and 83 % of salvaged plants at the first translocation site (a total of 15 plants present at October 2024), and a survival rate of 55 % for cuttings and 61 % for salvaged plants at the second site (a total of 25 plants present at October 2024) (KML, 2024a). The translocated plants have demonstrated evidence of flowering and fruiting over the history of monitoring, although KML's Translocation Report (KML, 2024a) does not indicate whether new seedlings have been recorded at the translocation sites.

The third DBCA record of *Acacia woodmaniorum* (T) within the Survey Area relates to a location of a single individual growing on the edge of the Terapod South pit within the abandonment bund. It is not clear how this individual came to be at this location. According to KML (2024a), monitoring of this plant has been ruled out due to safety concerns.

No other records of *Acacia woodmaniorum* (T) are known from the Survey Area. As of 2007, *Acacia woodmaniorum* was known from just three regional populations (at Mungada Ridge, Mungada West/Blue Hills North and Jasper Hill) over an area of approximately 40 km². The main population comprised several to many thousand individuals while the other two populations contained much smaller numbers (Maslin & Buscumb, 2007). Woodman Environmental (2008a) conducted a regional survey for this taxon in 2007 to attempt to extend the distribution and increase the known number of individuals by discovering additional populations. Many of the locations visited during the survey possessed similar habitat, at least superficially, to that which the known populations occupy, however no further populations were found. It was therefore considered highly unlikely that further substantial populations of *Acacia woodmaniorum* would be discovered in the future. Whilst every potential location was not comprehensively searched during the survey, the most likely locations were searched, and a relatively wide geographical spread of locations was obtained (Woodman Environmental, 2008a). Indeed, when discounting the three records discussed above that have been artificially introduced or are growing on an old mine pit, according to DBCA databases (DBCA, 2023d) no further populations of *Acacia woodmaniorum* have been identified in addition to those at Mungada Ridge, Mungada West and Jasper Hill. Therefore, given this taxon has not been recorded occurring naturally in the Survey Area despite significant historic survey effort, it is unlikely that the Survey Area provides suitable habitat for this taxon.

***Seringia exastia* (EPBC: CR)**

Seringia exastia was recorded in the Desktop Study Area and Survey Area for the first time in 2024. The taxon was recorded at a single location on a cleared road verge within the Mine Area. The record from the Survey Area represents a range extension to the known range of this taxon by approximately 90 km to the west (WA Herbarium, 1998-).

Seringia exastia is currently listed as Threatened (Critically Endangered) under the Commonwealth EPBC Act only; it was recently removed from the list of Threatened flora gazetted under the WA BC Act. The listing of this taxon as Threatened was supported by knowledge at the time of listing, which indicated that the taxon was discrete from all other *Seringia* taxa on morphological grounds, and was known from a single population within the Port of Broome. Recent taxonomic work has determined that *Seringia exastia* is conspecific with (i.e. the same as) *Seringia elliptica*, a taxon widespread across northern and central WA, Northern Territory (NT) and extending into South Australia (SA) (Binks et al., 2020). Consequently, *Seringia elliptica* and *Seringia exastia* were amalgamated. Under international nomenclatural rules, the name applied to amalgamated taxon must be the oldest valid name; in this case this was *Seringia exastia*. This amalgamation has created an anomalous situation whereby *Seringia exastia* as now circumscribed is a common, widespread species that clearly no longer meets the criteria for Threatened status under either of the aforementioned Acts. This taxon is now known from across the arid zone of WA from almost 300 vouchered records, including from within numerous national parks and nature reserves. It also extends well into the NT, and the northwest of SA.

There are now effectively no reasons for *Seringia exastia* to still be listed as a Threatened taxon other than a delayed administrative response to new information concerning its taxonomic and conservation status. Following removal of *Seringia exastia* from the list of Threatened flora, the State of WA did not assign any other conservation rating to this taxon. This reflects the relatively unusual circumstances of this case, as taxa that are delisted in WA are typically by default assigned a Priority 4 conservation rating. It is expected that this taxon will be delisted on a Commonwealth level in the near future given its delisting in WA, but it is unclear when this will occur.

The entity recorded in the Survey Area was identified by Umwelt on morphological grounds to represent the now re-circumscribed *Seringia exastia*. The material is a good match for what was previously (prior to the genetic study by Binks et al. (2020)) formally recognised as *Seringia elliptica*; this corresponds with what was conventionally accepted prior to the genetic study by Binks et al. (2020), in that *Seringia elliptica* was known to be widespread in the Eremaean region. Genetic studies of the entity in the Survey Area have not been undertaken as part of the identification process. Identification on morphological grounds is the standard method of plant identification for flora and vegetation assessments (and is discussed by EPA in their *Technical Guidance for Flora and Vegetation Surveys for Environmental Impact Assessment* (EPA, 2016b)); it is also the same methodology used by taxonomic experts at the WA Herbarium. Large scale genomic testing of *Seringia exastia* in the Survey Area, or any other taxon present in a study area, is not feasible from a financial perspective unless supported with significant justification, and is considered unnecessary in this instance. Although it could be inferred that the somewhat unexpected results of the genetic study by Binks et al. (2020) may suggest that there are further hitherto unrecognised *Seringia* taxa that have been overlooked in the past on morphological grounds, this inference is purely hypothetical, and could theoretically be applied to any taxa recorded by surveys for the Project and identified on morphological grounds. Importantly, there is no morphological evidence to suggest that this population differs from the now synonymised *Seringia elliptica*, and by proxy, the currently accepted *Seringia exastia*, and this determination is in keeping with currently accepted taxonomic knowledge.

The State of WA recognised that the listed status of *Seringia exastia* as Threatened was an administrative anomaly, and that its delisting was a formality. As a result, it waived the requirement for any specific survey for, or assessment of impacts to, this species, in an environmental approvals context. Advice previously received by Umwelt from DBCA was that an Application for Authorisation under Section 40 of the BC Act to Take Threatened Flora was required for *Seringia exastia*, until such time as the taxon is formally delisted, but that Targeted surveys for the taxon were not required:

A nomination to delist the species due to no plausible significant threats to the species has been prepared and considered by the WA Threatened Species Scientific Committee (TSSC). We anticipate that at the next TSSC meeting recommendations will be made to the Minister to delist. However until changes are officially made to the threatened species list, S. exastia is still legally listed as threatened flora, and authorisation to take under section 40 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 is still required. Although some loss of plants is likely to have occurred and will continue to occur during mining and road works in some parts of the species' distribution, this is not expected to be significant in the context of the entire population. Therefore there should be no impediments to granting authorisation, following the standard process of application made to DBCA's Species and Communities Program.

*To reduce timeframes and costs associated with approvals under the BC Act, DBCA will not require the standard targeted surveys to be undertaken to inform the threatened flora authorisation impact assessment for *Seringia exastia*. However, survey reports should still consider *Seringia exastia* as a listed threatened species and note the presence of the species within a survey area when encountered. Authorisation applications with basic details that the species is known to occur within the applied project area will be accepted and fast-tracked for approval.*

Although no specific Targeted survey was undertaken for this taxon in the Survey Area, it has only been observed once, despite a significant number of sampling sites being surveyed in its habitat in the Survey Area. Additionally, several botanists familiar with this taxon did not observe any individuals while undertaking the current survey. *Seringia exastia* is therefore likely to be uncommon at best in the Survey Area, and relatively few individuals are likely to be impacted by the Project.

***Crassula* sp. nov. (Potentially Undescribed)**

Two collections were made during the 2020 Assessment of a potentially undescribed *Crassula* entity. As part of that assessment, a representative specimen of the entity was sent to the WA Herbarium for identification, who remarked that the entity is likely undescribed (M. Hislop, pers. comm., 2021). The entity's affinities appeared to lie with *Crassula tetramera* and *Crassula extrorsa*, as it possessed the small flower size and smooth seeds of *Crassula tetramera* but lacked the saccate follicles of that taxon, and in addition had remarkably long styles. A collection of what is likely the same entity had been previously examined by Hellmut Toelken, a *Crassula* expert at the State Herbarium of South Australia, who believed it may represent an unrecognised taxon (H. Toelken, pers. comm. to Stephen Hopper, 2017). However, the collections made by the 2020 Assessment were very depauperate, and better material was required to confirm these differences before a phrase name for the entity could be raised and conservation assessment undertaken.

During Targeted searching in 2024, eight collections were made of a *Crassula* species that resembles *Crassula* sp. nov., in the same general area and same habitat as where *Crassula* sp. nov. was collected (granitic areas and near/on granite outcrops). However, all collections were determined by Umwelt to be *Crassula extrorsa*. A representative specimen was sent to the WA Herbarium for verification, with Mike Hislop confirming the identification of *Crassula extrorsa*, noting that the floral parts were on the small side, but otherwise fit the species well enough.

It is not clear why there were no collections made of the potentially undescribed *Crassula* entity in 2023 or 2024, particularly given the exceptional season and above-average winter rainfall received in 2024. It is possible that the entity is in fact *Crassula extrorsa*, with the original collection being either aberrant or under-developed. However, as a precaution, the *Crassula* entity is still considered to be a potentially undescribed taxon, and is therefore considered significant under the ‘new species or species with anomalous features that indicate a potential new species’ reason from EPA (2016a, 2016b) (**Section 3.9.1**). Further sampling is required in order to resolve the taxonomic status of this entity.

***Hemigenia* sp. aff. *botryphylla* (Potentially Undescribed)**

A collection was made in 2024 of an entity that has similarities to *Hemigenia botryphylla*, but that had pedicels ranging from 5-8 mm, which is considerably longer than the published range for *Hemigenia botryphylla* (0.7-1.2 mm) (Guerin, 2008). This collection was sent to the WA Herbarium for identification, with Kylie Sadgrove and Mike Hislop noting that the specimen resembles but is not a complete match for *Hemigenia botryphylla*, and does not resemble any of the other recognised taxa in WA. Therefore, this entity is considered to be significant under the ‘new species or species with anomalous features that indicate a potential new species’ reason from EPA (2016a, 2016b) (**Section 3.9.1**).

Hemigenia sp. aff. *botryphylla* was recorded in two locations approximately 17 km west of Weelhamby Lake, within the Yandanooka Pipeline area, 25 km east of the eastern-most boundary of the Karara Area. The locations occur within tall Acacia shrubland on gravelly brown clay loam flat (VT A), within 400 m of a large chain of saline playas and lakes. The identity and significance of this entity was not determined until after completion of the 2024 field survey, and therefore it was not searched for during the Targeted assessment. VT A was mapped widely in the Survey Area, including within the Targeted Survey Area (Mine Area only). It is unknown whether the entity could occur within the Mine Area, however it is unlikely given a lack of similar occurrences of VT A in the Mine Area (i.e. in proximity to large, highly saline areas). Suitable habitat for this entity is not considered to be present in the Wheatbelt Area.

***Tecticornia* sp. ‘Karara 1’ (Potentially Undescribed)**

A collection was made in 2024 of a *Tecticornia* that could not be matched by Umwelt to any currently recognised taxa. The specimen was sent to *Tecticornia* expert Kelly Shepherd for identification, who noted that the entity potentially represents an unrecognised taxon, but is likely part of the *Tecticornia* aff. *halocnemoides* ‘tuberculate seed’ species aggregate due to the specimen having the characteristic small vegetative articles of this group. Shepherd noted that she had seen a few specimens that have somewhat similar seeds to the Survey Area specimen (rounded with tuberculate bumps on the sides and top margin), but it cannot be confirmed at this stage whether they all represent a single taxon. According to Shepherd, DNA sequencing has confirmed that multiple genetically distinct, potentially new species are present within the *Tecticornia halocnemoides* aggregate. Thus, further collections and sequencing of the Survey Area entity ‘*Tecticornia* sp. ‘Karara 1’’ would be required to confirm its relationship to other collections (K. Shepherd, pers. comm., 2024). Thus, under the precautionary principle, this entity is considered to be significant under the ‘new species or species with anomalous features that indicate a potential new species’ reason from EPA (2016a, 2016b) (**Section 3.9.1**).

Tecticornia sp. 'Karara 1' was recorded at five locations in the Borefield Corridor area, within the chain of salt lakes south-southwest of Morawa. While the identity and significance of this entity was not determined until after completion of the 2024 field survey (and therefore it was not searched for during the Targeted assessment), there is no suitable habitat for this taxon within the Targeted Survey Area.

***Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially Undescribed)**

Similarly to *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1', another *Tecticornia* entity was collected in 2024 that could not be identified by Umwelt. This specimen was also sent to Kelly Shepherd at the WA Herbarium, who stated it was also potentially undescribed. While sharing some features with *Tecticornia pruinosa* (thus placing it in the *Tecticornia* aff. *pruinosa* species aggregate), the *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' collection was distinct from the type specimen. The Survey Area entity had narrow and glaucous vegetative articles, but with mature fruits that were broader than the typical form of *Tecticornia pruinosa*. Shepherd stated that DNA sequencing has confirmed that there are several divergent and genetically distinct taxa that have previously been included in a broad concept of *Tecticornia pruinosa* that should be recognised as new species, but was uncertain whether there are other collections that match the Survey Area entity. An in-depth study with more collections and sequencing would be required to clarify its status (K. Shepherd, pers. comm., 2024). Under the precautionary principle, this entity is considered to be significant under the 'new species or species with anomalous features that indicate a potential new species' reason from EPA (2016a, 2016b) (**Section 3.9.1**).

Tecticornia sp. 'Karara 2' was recorded at five locations in the Borefield Corridor area; four within the chain of salt lakes south-southwest of Morawa, and a fifth 23 km east in a degraded transitional area between Eucalyptus woodland (VT G) and a saline chenopod/samphire flat (HMVT A). While the identity and significance of this entity was not determined until after completion of the 2024 field survey (and therefore it was not searched for during the Targeted assessment), there is no suitable habitat for this taxon within the Targeted Survey Area.

Table 5.7 Summary of Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Longevity	Number of Individuals (Perennial Taxa) / Number of Locations (Annual & Ephemeral Taxa)						Grand Total	Location(s)	VTs*
				Targeted Survey Area			Survey Area (excluding Targeted Survey Area)					
				This Survey	Previous Surveys~	Total	This Survey	Previous Surveys~	Total			
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	-	Perennial	489	2,496	2,985	1	2,060	2,061	5,046	Karara Area	A^, B, D, E, F, G, K, O^, P^, Q, R, S^
<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i>	T	EN	Perennial	-	-	-	-	41#	41#	41#	Karara Area	NA – artificially introduced or growing in old mine pit
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	-	Perennial	558	138	696	-	30	30	726	Karara Area	A^, B, D, F, K, O, P, Q, R, S^
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516)	P2	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	29	29	29	Borefield Corridor	E^, G, AA^
<i>Caesia</i> sp. <i>Koolanooka Hills</i> (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	-	Ephemeral	215	1	216	18	-	18	234	Yandanooka Pipeline; Karara Area	A^, D, E, F, G, H, K, O, P, Q, R, S^, T
<i>Calotis</i> sp. <i>Perrinvale Station</i> (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	-	Annual	36	1	37	1	-	1	38	Karara Area	A, D^, G^, H, K, O^, P, R
<i>Crassula</i> sp. <i>nov.</i>	PU	-	Annual	-	2	2	-	2	2	4	Karara Area	B^, D, R
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	-	Perennial	131	-	131	3	345	348	479	Karara Area	G, O^, P^, Q, R^
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	-	Annual	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	Borefield Corridor	L, N^
<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i>	T	VU	Perennial	-	-	-	-	46	46	46	Karara Area	D, Q, R^
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i>	P2	-	Annual	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	Borefield Corridor	N^
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1	-	Annual	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	Borefield Corridor; Yandanooka Pipeline	M^, N^
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	-	Perennial	127	248	375	1	320	321	696	Karara Area	A, D, G, H, P^, Q^, R^
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	11	-	11	11	Yandanooka Pipeline	R, S, T^
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	-	Perennial	479	470	949	31	1	32	981	Karara Area	A^, D^, E, G, K^, R
<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	Karara Area	F^
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	-	Annual	19	2	21	2	-	2	23	Borefield Corridor; Karara Area	A, D, G^, K^, L, N, R, S
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. <i>aff. botryphylla</i>	PU	-	Perennial	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	Yandanooka Pipeline	A^
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	Karara Area	Q^
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Blue Hills</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	-	Perennial	88	2,826	2,914	301	15,872	16,173	19,087	Yandanooka Pipeline; Karara Area	A, B, D, E, F, K, O^, P^, Q, R, S
<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	4	4	4	Yandanooka Pipeline; Karara Area	E, P^, T^
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3	-	Annual	-	-	-	1	1	2	2	Yandanooka Pipeline; Karara Area	A^, E^, S^
<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	1,931	1,931	1,931	Karara Area	O^, P
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	28	28	-	616	616	644	Karara Area	F, O^, P, Q

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Longevity	Number of Individuals (Perennial Taxa) / Number of Locations (Annual & Ephemeral Taxa)						Grand Total	Location(s)	VTs*
				Targeted Survey Area			Survey Area (excluding Targeted Survey Area)					
				This Survey	Previous Surveys~	Total	This Survey	Previous Surveys~	Total			
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i>	P1	-	Annual	-	-	-	-	11	11	11	Karara Area	O [^] , Q
<i>Nicotiana salina</i>	P1	-	Annual	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	Borefield Corridor	L [^]
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	-	Perennial	99	278	377	3	122	125	502	Borefield Corridor; Karara Area	A, C, D [^] , E, F, G [^] , H [^] , K [^] , O, P, Q, R, S
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	22	22	22	Karara Area	A, O [^]
<i>Pityrodia viscida</i>	P4	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	Borefield Corridor	HMVT B [^]
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i>	P3	-	Annual	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	Borefield Corridor	L [^]
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	-	Perennial	8	1	9	-	-	-	9	Karara Area	P, Q [^] , R
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	-	Annual	313	76	389	15	54	69	458	Karara Area	A [^] , D, E, F, G, K [^] , O [^] , P, Q, R, S
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	-	Annual	-	-	-	13	-	13	13	Borefield Corridor; Yandanooka Pipeline	A, E [^] , G [^] , L, O, P, R [^]
<i>Seringia exastia</i>	-	CR	Perennial	-	-	-	10	-	10	10	Karara Area	D [^]
<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	-	22	22	22	Karara Area	D, E [^]
<i>Stylidium scintillans</i>	T	-	Ephemeral	-	-	-	-	15	15	15	Karara Area	O [^] , P, R
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1	-	Annual	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	Karara Area	B [^]
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3	-	Perennial	-	-	-	2	-	2	2	Borefield Corridor	L [^] , N [^]
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	-	Perennial	-	-	-	4	-	4	4	Borefield Corridor	L, N [^]
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	-	Perennial	-	-	-	5	-	5	5	Borefield Corridor	G, L, N [^] , HMVT G
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3	-	Ephemeral	-	-	-	1	-	1	1	Yandanooka Pipeline	I [^] , T [^]

* Refer to Section 5.2.6 for VT descriptions.

~ Data from the Karara–Mungada, Regional Mapping and 2020 Assessments (Umwelt, 2021; Woodman Environmental, 2008d, 2012) and DBCA databases (DBCA, 2023d). Note that the values presented here represent significant flora locations that occur in uncleared vegetation only (as per the mapping presented in this report; see Section 5.2.6) within the current Survey Area, and therefore may differ from the values presented in the original reports.

[^] Designates preferred habitat (tentative), based on proportional location representation and landforms/soils.

Acacia woodmaniorum (T) abundance current to October 2024 according to monitoring undertaken by KML at translocation sites (KML, 2024a). Taxon known in the Survey Area from two translocation sites and on the edge of an old mine pit only.

Table 5.8 Detailed Information of Significant Flora Taxa Recorded in the Survey Area

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Plant Description	Habitat*	Endemic to WA^	Approximate Range*	WA Herbarium Records*	Approx. Regional Populations*~ (based on location records)	Approx. Regional Populations in Conservation Estate*~
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	-	Woody, openly branched shrub to 3 m high with filiform terete phyllodes and light golden flowers in a simple or rudimentary raceme inflorescence.	Red-brown to yellowish red sandy clay loam, basalt and BIF. Plains, slopes and hills.	Yes	80 km Near Karara mine site in northwest to near Lake Moore in southeast.	40	26	2 Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i>	T	EN	Intricately branched, sprawling, harsh, prickly perennial shrub growing to 1–2 m high. Inflorescences simple or rudimentary racemes with light golden globular heads.	Red clay loam, silt over ironstone. Hill slopes, scattered among rocks.	Yes	8 km Jasper Hill in northeast to near Blue Hills Mine in southwest.	16	5	2 Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	-	Dioecious shrub or tree growing to approximately 3–5 m high. Male spikes or female cones with sterile apices.	Red sandy loam over laterite and ironstone. Slopes and rocky basalt outcrops.	Yes	85 km Near Karara Airport in northwest to near Lake Moore in southeast.	50	20	0
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516)	P2	-	Woody round perennial shrub to 0.5 m high and 1 m wide. Leaves arranged in opposite pairs. Small pink flowers.	Red brown sandy loam or clay, or silty sands. Often with granite or ironstone on ridges and hills.	Yes	80 km Koolanooka Springs in northwest to near Maya in southeast.	20	14	1 Bowgarder Nature Reserve.
<i>Caesia</i> sp. <i>Koolanooka Hills</i> (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	-	Perennial herb to 0.3 m high. Strappy leaves. Inflorescence with small yellow flowers.	Yellow, red clayey sand over granite or laterite, rocky banded ironstone. Moderately inclined slopes.	Yes	230 km Near Ex Warrieder in northwest to near North Kununoppin in southeast.	16	8	0
<i>Calotis</i> sp. <i>Perrinvale Station</i> (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	-	Low herb 5-20 cm high, occasionally prostrate. Red spiky heads.	Ridges and slopes with banded ironstone.	Yes	490 km Near Mount Narryer Airport in northwest to near Ullarring in southeast.	24	20	2 Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Crassula</i> sp. <i>nov.</i>	PU	-	Erect annual herb to 15 cm high.	Granitic areas, granite outcrops.	Unknown but presumed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	-	Erect branching shrub 0.5-1.5m high. Crowded fleshy leaves. Solitary red flowers.	Orange-brown sandy loam. Hillslopes.	Yes	60 km Yalgoo in northeast to near Weelhamby Lake Nature Reserve in southwest.	19	12	1 Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	-	Prostrate annual herb. White or red flowers.	Edges of saline lakes and depressions. Grey sands, occasionally with clay.	Yes	340 km Near Koolanooka Nature Reserve in northwest to near Bugin Nature Reserve in southeast.	17	9	2 Yarra Yarra Lakes Nature Reserve.
<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i>	T	VU	Smooth barked open mallee to 3.5-10 m high. Alternate leaves. Ovoid buds, cream to pink flowers, hemispherical-obconical to almost saucer-like pedicellate fruit.	Hills, flats and valleys. Yellow or light brown-orange, red sandy gravel, ironstone and laterite.	Yes	260 km Pindar in northwest to near Mollerin Rock in southeast.	68	33	5 Unnamed Nature Reserve R51564, Unnamed Timber Reserve O 1 10 , Karroun Hill Nature Reserve.
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i>	P2	-	Ascending to erect annual herb 3-14 cm high. White flowers.	White saline sandy clay on low gypsum ridges or flats near or on salt lake edges.	Yes	530 km Near Kadji Kadji in northwest to near Chinocup Nature Reserve in southeast.	20	13	4 Chinocup Nature Reserve, Lake Magenta Nature Reserve.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Plant Description	Habitat*	Endemic to WA^	Approximate Range*	WA Herbarium Records*	Approx. Regional Populations*~ (based on location records)	Approx. Regional Populations in Conservation Estate*~
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1	-	Small prostrate annual herb. Yellow flowers.	White to pale grey/brown sandy soil. Sandy flats or ridges fringing salt lakes.	Yes	170 km Tardun in northwest to near Wubin Golf Course in southeast.	15	11	0
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	-	Perennial spreading non-lignotuberous woody shrub 1-3 m high. Leaves pinnatifid with 3-9 lobes. Axillary or terminal, erect conflorescence with cream to white, green/red-brown flowers.	Ridges, flats and plains. Red-brown sandy soil.	Yes	145 km Near Mappa Lake in northwest to near Lake Moore in southeast.	48	40	4 Barnong National Park, Mungada Ridge National Park, Dalgaranga National Park.
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	-	Erect perennial compact woody shrub 0.4-1.5 m high. Leaves entire, linear. Axillary or cauline conflorescence with red flowers.	Slopes and margins of salt lakes. Yellow sand, red-brown saline clay-loam, lateritic or fluvial gravel.	Yes	240 km South of South Murchison in north to near Watheroo train station in south.	50	37 (Excluding 1 cultivated population in Kings Park)	1 Wilroy Nature Reserve.
<i>Grevillea scabrata</i>	P3	-	Densely and irregularly branched perennial woody shrub 0.6-1.5 m high. Axillary or terminal erect conflorescence with green-white/green-yellow/white flowers.	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils over dolerite and/or ironstone. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	Yes	85 km Near Ex Karara in northwest to near Mount Gibson Quartz Ridge Campgrounds in southeast.	46	29	0
<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i>	P3	-	Erect to spreading perennial woody shrub 1-2.5 m high. Leaves pinnatisect with 3-11 primary lobes. Terminal and axillary, erect to decurved conflorescence with white flowers.	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	Yes	65 km Near Warriendar mine in northwest to near Lake Moore in southeast.	43	23	0
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	-	Low prostrate annual herb up to 20 cm wide. Leaves ovate, spatulate or oblong. White-cream flowers arranged in cymes.	Slopes with banded ironstone and chert, sandy clay loam soil.	Yes	410 km North of East Murchison in northwest to near Lake Moore in southeast.	28	25	0
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i>	PU		Erect spreading shrub to 1 m high.	Flat with gravelly brown clay loam flat.	Unknown but presumed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i>	P3	-	Spreading to erect perennial shrub 0.4-1 m high. Leaves sessile, spreading-erect and linear. Solitary yellow flowers.	Orange and brown rocky soils. Banded ironstone outcrops.	Yes	160 km Near Canna Nature Reserve in northwest to near Mount Gibson Sanctuary in southeast.	31	14	1 Canna Nature Reserve.
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	-	Erect sedge growing in clumps up to 0.7 m high. Flowers arranged in spikes.	Seasonally wet brown to red sandy loam at the base of granite outcrops or across moderate to steeply inclined hillslopes of rocky magnetite and laterite banded ironstone.	Yes	80 km Near Ex Warriendar in northeast to near Mongers Lake in southwest.	28	20	0
<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i>	P3	-	Erect open perennial woody shrub 1.5-1.8 m high. Mauve to purple flowers.	Slopes, flats and roadsides. Hard gravelly yellow or red or brown sandy clay loam, banded ironstone or laterite.	Yes	250 km West of Pindar in northwest to near Kalarnie train station in southeast.	34	18 (excluding 1 cultivated population in Girraween Farmhouse)	3 Buntine Nature Reserve, Biluny Wells Nature Reserve, Wilroy Nature Reserve.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Plant Description	Habitat*	Endemic to WA^	Approximate Range*	WA Herbarium Records*	Approx. Regional Populations*~ (based on location records)	Approx. Regional Populations in Conservation Estate*~
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3	-	Small prostrate, spreading annual herb to 60 cm wide. Basal leaves obovate, entire with cauline leaves. White-cream flowers.	Granitic flats with brown clay loam or red soils.	Yes	710 km Near Peace Gorge in northwest to near Lake Cowan in southeast.	10	7	0
<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i>	P3	-	Erect perennial woody shrub 0.8-2 m high. Moderately to densely arranged, antrorse oblong-obovate leaves. White flowers.	Red and red-brown loam and rocky soils. Banded ironstone.	Yes	60 km Near Ex Warriedar in north to Charles Darwin Reserve in south.	19	15	3 Thundelarra Conservation Park, Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>	P3	-	Erect perennial open shrub 1-2 m high and up to 1 m wide. Leaves antrorse, narrowly to broadly obovate. Yellow flowers.	Shallow, rocky red to brown sandy clay loam over moderately inclined hillcrests of banded ironstone or basalt.	Yes	55 km Near Golden Grove Airport in northeast to near Rothsay Mine in southwest.	39	29	2 Mungada Ridge National Park.
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i>	P1	-	Erect or ascending annual herb to 10 cm high. Yellow-white flowers.	Rocky red to brown clay loam across moderately inclined slopes of banded (often laterised with haematite) ironstone.	Yes	115 km In Canna Nature Reserve in northwest to near Warriedar Mine in southeast.	23	15	1 Canna Nature Reserve.
<i>Nicotiana salina</i>	P1	-	Erect open annual herb to 40 cm high. Basal rosette leaves, smaller stem leaves. White flowers.	Slopes fringing major salt lakes and islands in salt lakes. Red-brown sandy loam to yellow clay.	Yes	710 km Near Morawa in northwest to Queen Victoria Spring Nature Reserve in southeast.	14	10	4 Barnabinmah Conservation Park, Queen Victoria Spring Nature Reserve, Unnamed Timber Reserve O 2 10.
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	-	Erect perennial spreading shrub 0.4-1.8 m high. Leaves linear. Yellow flowers.	Slope of low rises, sides of ridges and drainage lines. Rocky basalt outcrops with red-brown or orange shallow sandy clay soils, fragments of granite, haematite, ironstone, quartz or ochre.	Yes	250 km Near Noondamurra Pool in northwest to near Paynes Find Quartz Reef in southeast.	51	39	7 Mungada Ridge National Park, Unnamed Timber Reserve O 2 10, West Perenjori Nature Reserve, Barnong Conservation Park, East Yuna Nature Reserve.
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i>	P3	-	Shrub to 1 m high. Leaves erect, sparse, terete and usually three-forked. Inflorescence globose, yellow flowers.	Breakaways with granite or laterite. Flats or slopes with loam and clay.	Yes	325 km Near Iron Ridge Mine Camp in northwest to west of Bimbijy in southeast.	24	24	0
<i>Pityrodia viscida</i>	P4	-	Erect, open, spreading, viscid shrub 0.3-0.6 m high. White flowers with brown spots.	Upper slopes and mid slopes with white or grey sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	270 km Near Kalbarri Airport in northwest to South Eneabba Nature Reserve in southeast.	28	24	2 Mingenew Nature Reserve, Wotto Nature Reserve.
<i>Podotheca unisetata</i>	P3	-	Ascending erect, annual succulent herb 5-25 cm high. Yellow flowers.	White/grey sand, sandy loam. Samphire flats.	Yes	230 km Near Mingenev in northwest to West of Mollerin in southeast.	29	26	5 Watheroo National Park, Pinjarrega National Park, Marchagee Nature Reserve, Gurdurdu Conservation Park.
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	-	Small shrub to 1 m high.	Red silty clay loam. Low to mid slopes of low rises.	Yes	15 km Northeast of Rothsay in northwest to west of Paynes Find in southeast.	7	6	0

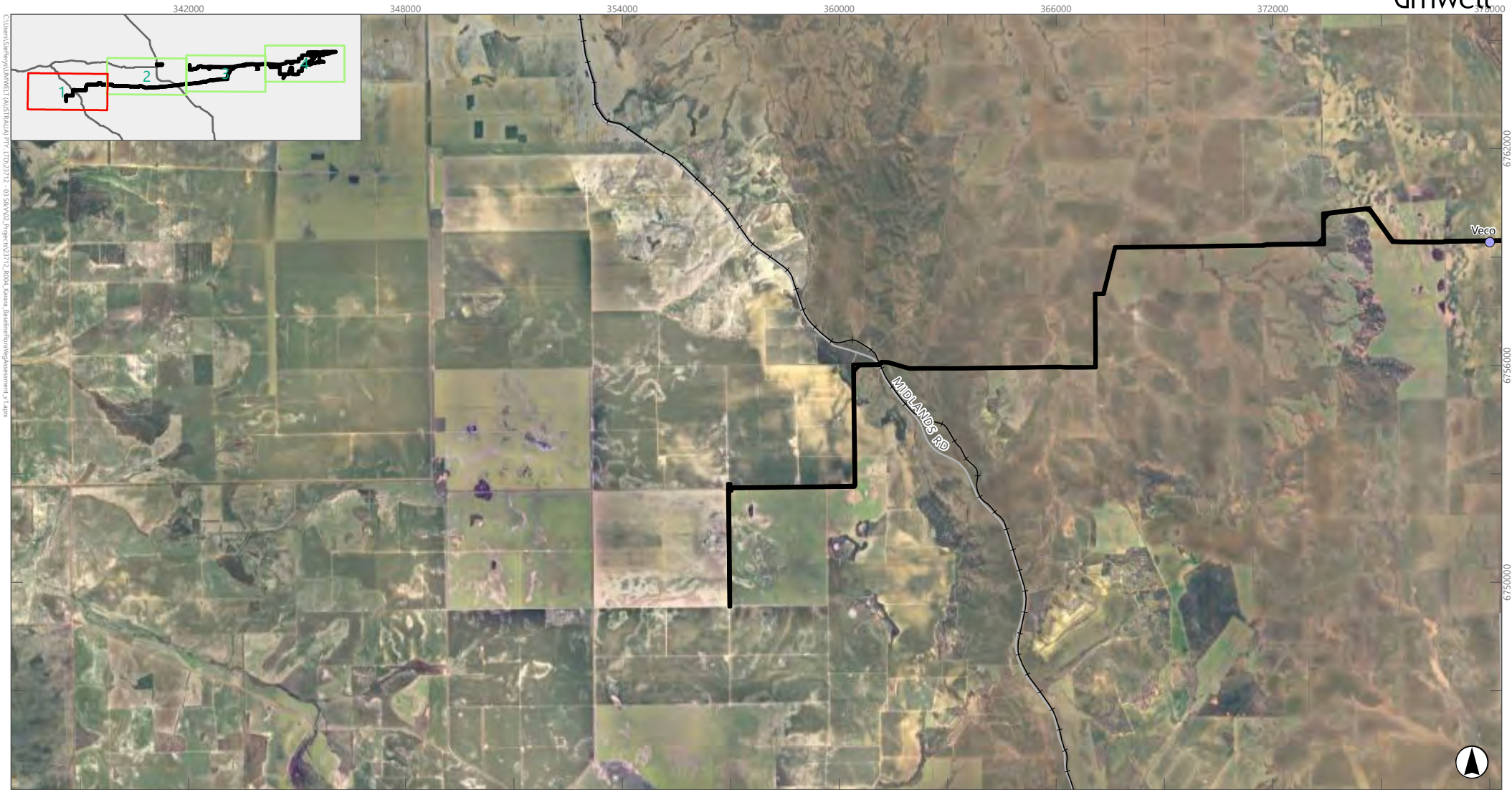
Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Plant Description	Habitat*	Endemic to WA^	Approximate Range*	WA Herbarium Records*	Approx. Regional Populations*~ (based on location records)	Approx. Regional Populations in Conservation Estate*~
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	-	Erect bushy annual herb 1-25 cm high. Narrow, spatulate leaves. White ray florets, yellow disc florets.	Rocky shallow red to brown sandy clay loam. Low to upper slopes of moderately inclined banded ironstone (often mixed with other minerals and rock).	Yes	155 km Near Jokers Tunnel in northwest to near Mount Gibson Sanctuary in southeast.	40	26	3 Thundelarra Conservation Park, Mungada Ridge National Park, Mingenew Nature Reserve.
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	-	Small erect, ascending annual herb to 15 cm high. White to mauve/purple ray florets, yellow disc florets.	Sand ridges in saline drainage lines or salty lake areas. Slightly to moderately saline brown-red sand or laterite clay.	Yes	135 km Near Wreath Flowers of Pindar in northeast to near Yarra Yarra Lakes in southeast.	25	13	1 Yarra Yarra Lakes Nature Reserve.
<i>Seringia exastia</i>	-	CR	Multi-stemmed, erect, compact shrub to 1.5 m high and 1.5 m wide. Leaves greyish-green arranged spirally around stem. Inflorescence 6–23-flowered, dichasial cyme with purple flowers.	Sandplains, desert dunes, rocky slopes, and plateaus of ironstone gorges or sandstone outcrops. Red to brown sand or clay loam.	No; also known from NT and SA	> 2,200 km Broome region in northwest, to north of Paynes Find in southwest, east into the NT to south of Tennant Creek and Alice Springs, then south to the northwest of SA.	298	> 150	> 35 Giralia (Jarralya) National Park, Cane River Conservation Park, Kennedy Range National Park, Mount Augustus National Park, Karijini National Park, Collier Range National Park, Karlamilyi National Park, Yawuru Nagulagun/ Roebuck Bay Marine Park, Pila Nature Reserve (Gibson Desert), Neale Junction Nature Reserve, Helena and Aurora Ranges National Park, Dalgarranga National Park, Wanjarri Nature Reserve
<i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i>	P3	-	Erect or decumbent twiggy shrub 0.15-0.5 m high. Broadly obovate leaves. White flowers.	Red to brown sand, clay or loam over basalt gravel or laterised banded ironstone often with haematite. Moderately inclined upper slopes.	Yes	170 km Near Wilroy Nature Reserve in northwest to Charles Darwin Nature Reserve in southeast.	26	20	0
<i>Stylidium scintillans</i>	T	-	Erect annual herb 3-8 cm high. White flowers with red-pink throat markings.	Brown clay loam or brown gravelly loam on mid to upper slopes of granite outcropping. Sometimes growing in cracks between rocks.	Yes	40 km Near Golden Grove Airport in north to near west of Mongers Lake in southeast. One population 74 km west of Golden Grove Airport.	23	18	2 Mungada Ridge National Park, Thundelarra Conservation Park.
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1	-	Ascending to erect annual herb to 15 cm high. Opposite leaves. Pink/purple flowers. Hairy fruit pods.	Red brown sandy loam. Granite outcrops and adjacent areas.	Yes	10 km Near Karara Airport in northeast to near John Forrest Lookout in southwest.	2	2	0

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Plant Description	Habitat*	Endemic to WA [^]	Approximate Range*	WA Herbarium Records*	Approx. Regional Populations*~ (based on location records)	Approx. Regional Populations in Conservation Estate*~
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3	-	Erect shrub 0.25-1 m high. Articles broadly obovoid, light green and/or flushed with red. Spikes short and initially terminal, but usually vegetative growth continues.	Saline sand and clayey soil. Shores of salt lakes.	Yes	360 km Lake Austin in northeast to near Ballidu Airport in southwest.	31	15	2 Unnamed Timber Reserve O 2 10, Lakeside Conservation Park.
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	-	Samphire shrub to 0.4 m.	Samphire salt lakes.	Unknown but presumed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	-	Samphire shrub to 0.3 m.	Samphire salt lakes, saline flats.	Unknown but presumed	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3	-	Rhizomatous low open straggly herb 0.2 m high and 0.2 m wide. Grass-like leaves. Yellow flowers.	Sand or yellow sand. On slopes.	Yes	340 km Depot Hill Reserve in northwest to southeast of Mount Observation in southeast.	10	9	2 Wandoo National Park, Unnamed Nature Reserve R 2360.

* Source: DBCA WA Herbarium Specimen Database, accessed via Florabase (WA Herbarium, 1998-). Total number of taxon specimens held at the WA Herbarium presented, which may be lower than the number of unique locations (due to multiple specimens sometimes being lodged from a particular location). However, it is worth noting that the coordinates entered into and stored in the WA Herbarium database do not always fully correspond with the collector's original location description, or the location was not given in sufficient detail, and as such often represent an approximation rather than an exact location.

[^] Source: Atlas of Living Australia (ALA, 2025).

~ Regional populations in this context use the DBCA (2017b) definition as a discrete group of individuals of a taxon separated by more than 500 m from the nearest discrete group of individuals. However, it is worthy of note that this definition can only be tentatively applied if the intervening 500 m has not been surveyed.



Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

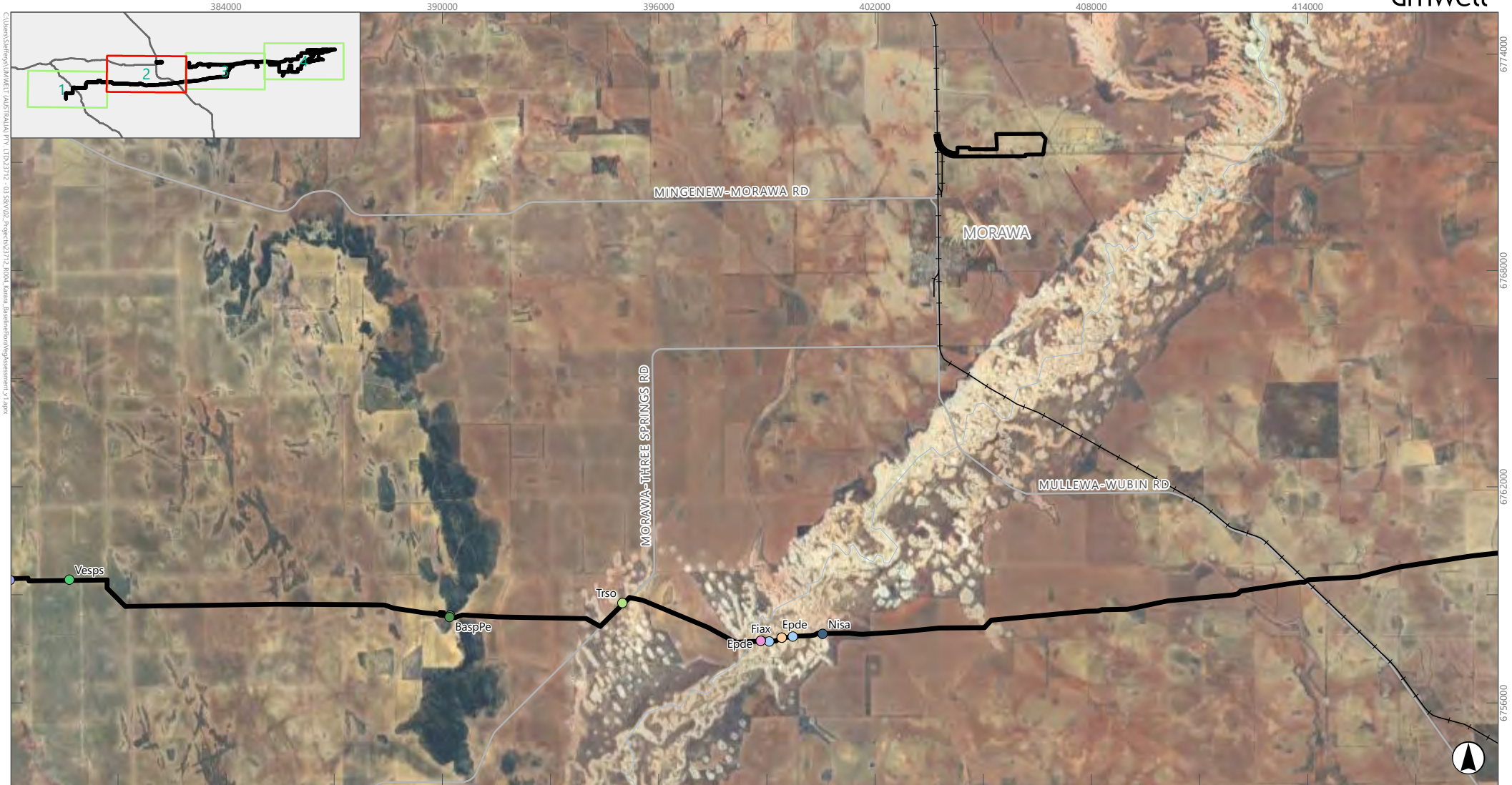
Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Veco *Verticordia comosa* (P1)

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (T, P1, P2)
Sheet 1





Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway
- Major Watercourse

Significant Flora Taxa

- BaspPe *Baeckea* sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)
- Epde *Epitriche demissus* (P2)
- Fiax *Fitzwillia axilliflora* (P2)
- Gmse *Gnephosis setifera* (P1)
- Nisa *Nicotiana salina* (P1)
- Trso *Tricoryne soullierae* (P1)
- Veco *Verticordia comosa* (P1)

Vesps *Verticordia spicata* subsp. *squamosa* (T)

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (T, P1, P2)
Sheet 2



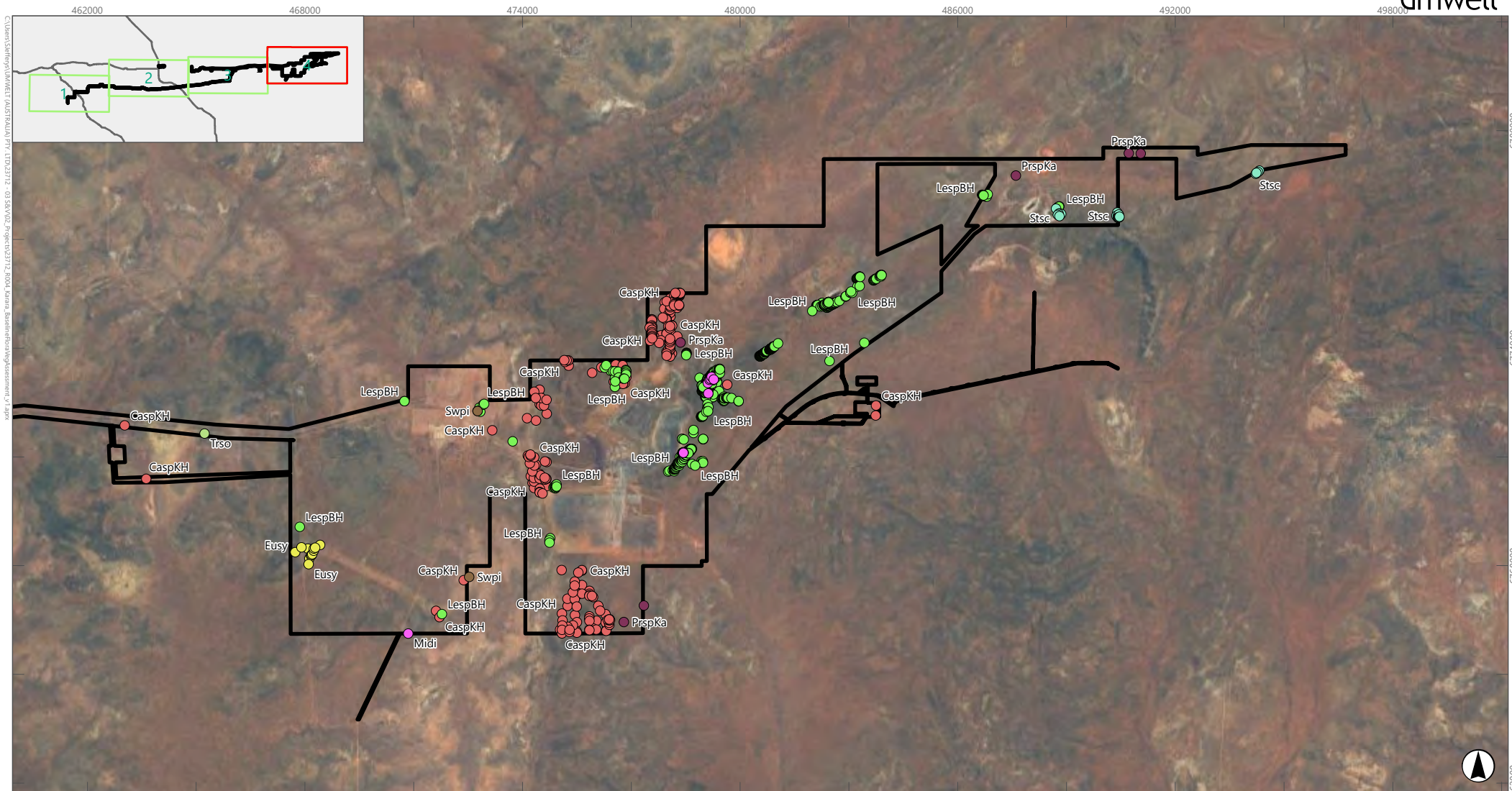


Legend

- Survey Area
 - Major Watercourse
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- BaspPe *Baeckea* sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)
 - CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - Gnse *Gnephosis setifera* (P1)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Swpi *Swainsona picta* (P1)

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (T, P1, P2)
Sheet 3

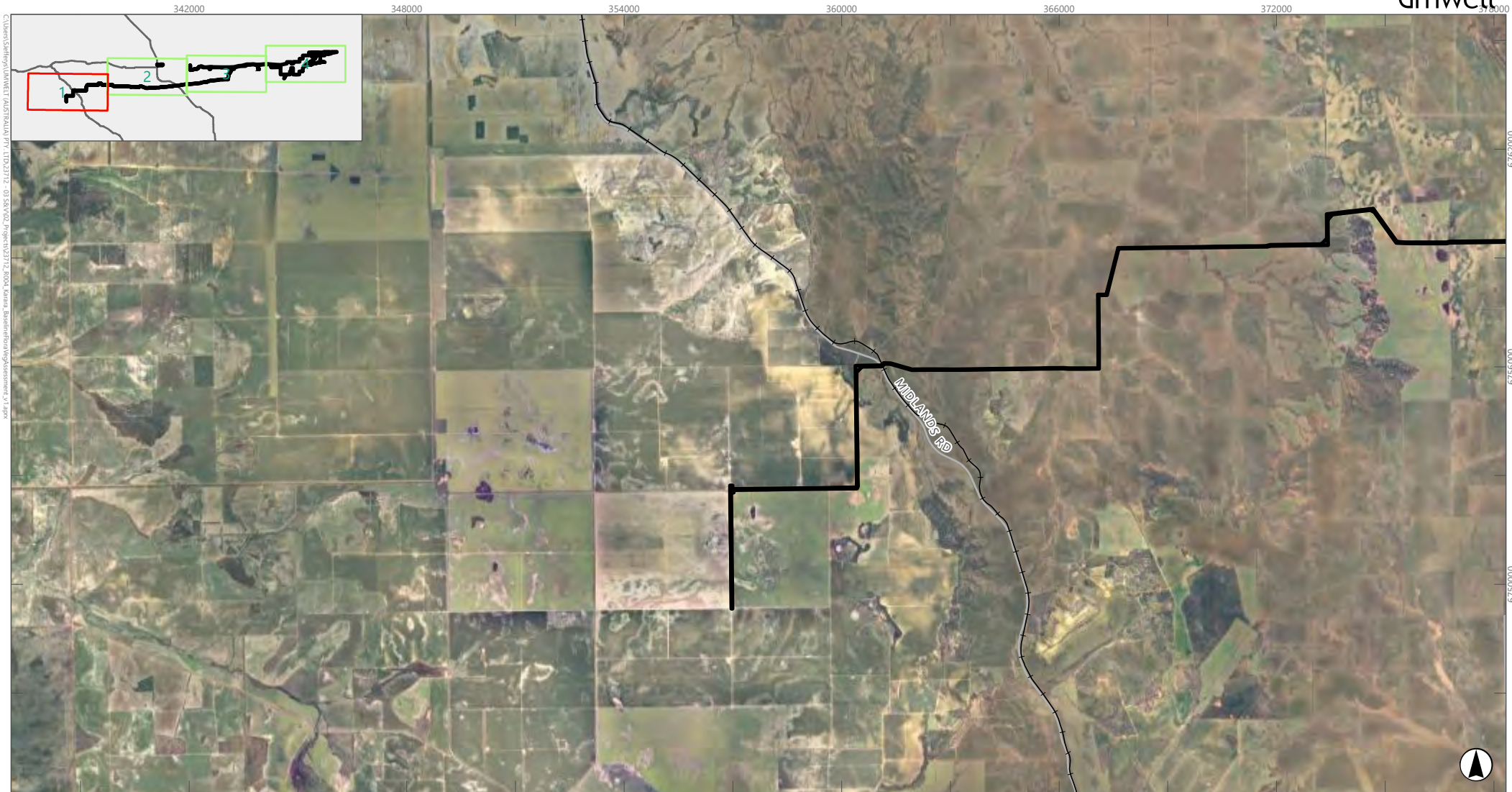


- Legend**
- Survey Area
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - Eusy *Eucalyptus synandra* (T)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Midi *Millotia dimorpha* (P1)
 - PrspKa *Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
 - Stsc *Stylidium scintillans* (T)
 - Swpi *Swainsona picta* (P1)
 - Trso *Tricoryne soullierae* (P1)

FIGURE 5.6
Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (T, P1, P2)
Sheet 4

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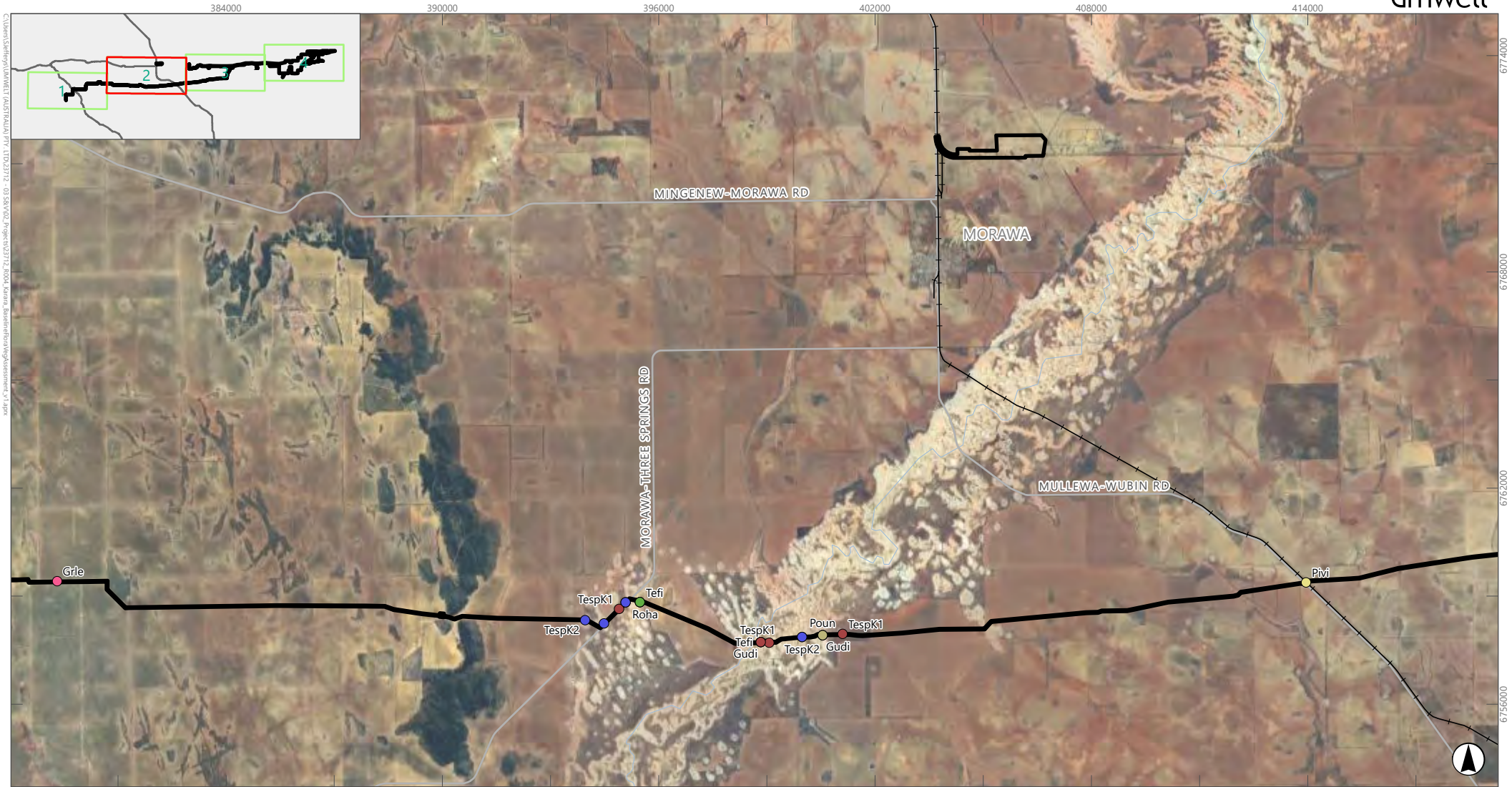
Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (P3, P4, PU)
Sheet 1



Scale: 1:150,000 at A4, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Railway
- Major Watercourse

Significant Flora Taxa

- Grle *Grevillea leptopoda* (P3)
- Gudi *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)
- Pivi *Pityrodia viscida* (P4)
- Poun *Podotheca unisetata* (P3)
- Roha *Roebuckiella halophila* (P3)
- Tefi *Tecticornia fimbriata* (P3)
- TespK1 *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)

- TespK2 *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (P3, P4, PU)
Sheet 2

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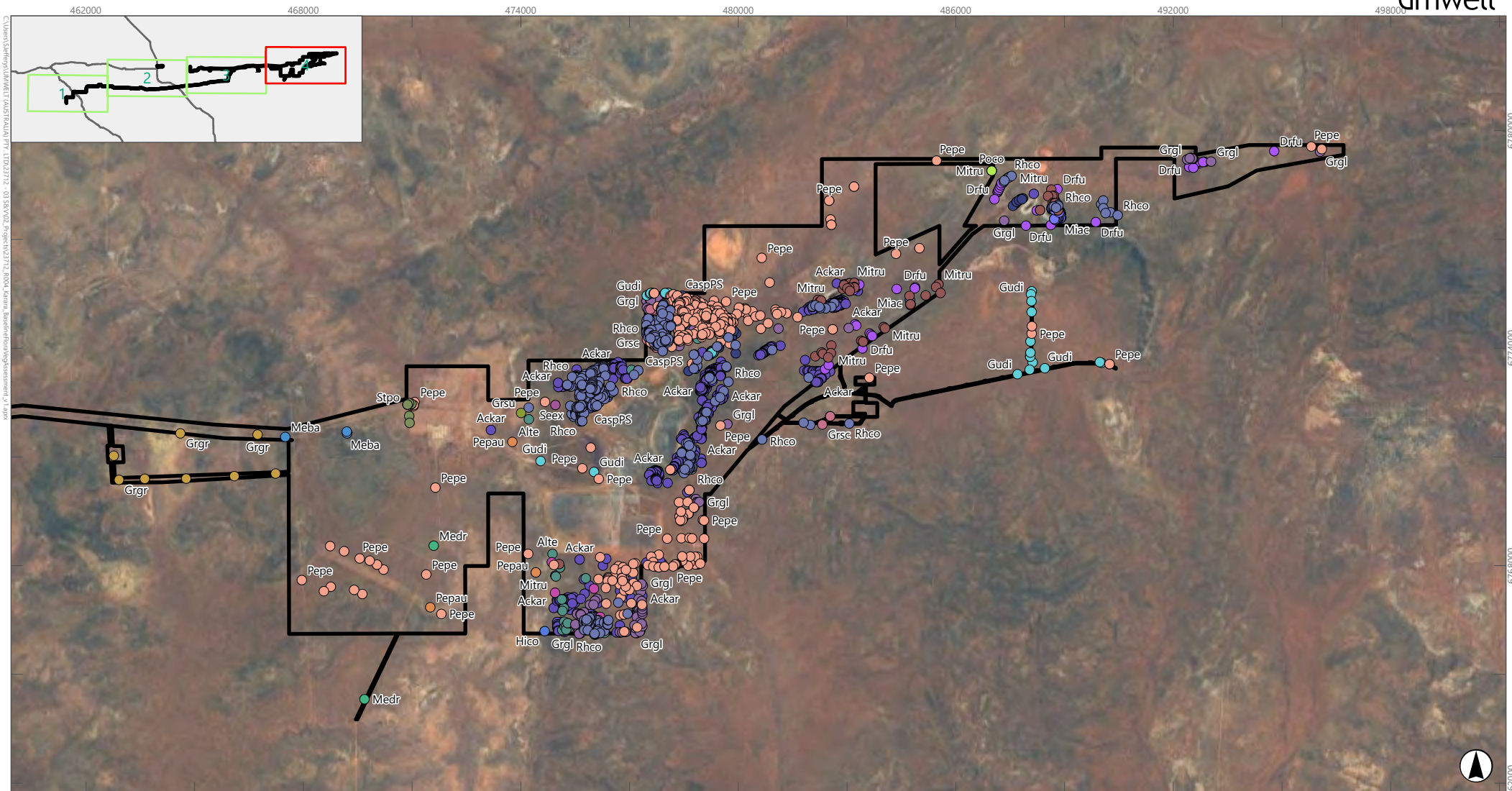




Legend	
	Survey Area
	Major Watercourse
Significant Flora Taxa	
	Roha <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)
	Hebo <i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i> (PU)
	Meba <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)
	Medr <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)
	Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)
	Grg <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)
	TespK2 <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (P3, P4, PU)
Sheet 3



Legend

Survey Area	Significant Flora Taxa	Ggr	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	Mitru	<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)
	Ackar <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)	Grsc	<i>Grevillea scabriflora</i> (P3)	Pepe	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)
	Alte <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)	Grsu	<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)	Pepau	<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)
	CaspPS <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)	Gudi	<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	Poco	<i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3)
	Csn <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU)	Hico	<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)	Rhco	<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)
	Drfu <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	Meba	<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)	Seex	<i>Seringia exastia</i> (EPBC – CR)
	Grgl <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	Medr	<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	Stpo	<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)
			Miac <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)		

FIGURE 5.6

Significant Flora Taxa of the Survey Area (P3, P4, PU)
Sheet 4

5.2.3 Distribution Extensions and Distribution Gaps

Table 5.9 presents taxa where collections from the Survey Area made for the 2023 and 2024 survey represent extensions (greater than approximately 50 km) to the known distribution of such taxa, or otherwise fill gaps within their known distributions, according to Florabase (WA Herbarium, 1998-).

Collections of eight taxa made during the 2023 and 2024 survey represent range extensions or fill gaps within their known distributions. Specimen material from these taxa will be lodged at the WA Herbarium by Umwelt as per the requirements of EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b), where such material is of sufficient quality.

Note that although collections of taxa that are ‘representative of the range of a species (particularly, at the extremes of range, recently discovered range extensions, or isolated outliers of the main range)’ can be considered significant taxa as per EPA (2016a, 2016b), none of the taxa listed in **Table 5.9** are considered to be significant taxa in this context (with the exception of the significant flora taxa discussed in **Section 5.2.2**). All such taxa have relatively wide distributions, and the recording of these taxa is considered to be a function of the limited previous survey undertaken in the Survey Area and surrounds, particularly in the Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor areas.

Table 5.9 Taxa Where Collections Represent Range Extensions or Fill Distribution Gaps

Taxon	Comment
<i>Blennospora phlegmatocarpa</i>	Range extension of approx. 190 km to northwest
<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>	Edge of range / fills locality hole of approx. 300 km
<i>Drosera major</i>	Edge of range / fills locality hole of approx. 245 km
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	Range extension of approx. 50 m to west
<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>	Range extension of approx. 150 km to west
* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	Fills a locality hole of approx. 60 km
<i>Sebaea ovata</i>	Range extension of approx. 200 km to north
<i>Seringia exastia</i> (EPBC: CR)	Range extension of approx. 90 km to west

5.2.4 Likelihood of Occurrence of Further Significant Flora Taxa

As discussed in **Section 5.1.5**, a total of 368 listed significant vascular flora taxa were returned by the desktop assessment, of which 35 have been recorded within the Survey Area. An additional taxon, *Seringia exastia* (EPBC: CR), was recorded during the 2023 and 2024 survey but was not returned by the desktop assessment, and four potentially undescribed taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area (**Section 5.2.2**).

An assessment of the likelihood of the remaining taxa occurring in the Survey Area (as the entire Survey Area was not subject to Targeted flora survey) is presented in **Appendix H**. The likelihood of occurrence assessment considered whether a taxon was theoretically identifiable at the time of survey, the known range of the taxon, proximity of known records to the Survey Area, and the potential presence of appropriate habitat within the Survey Area. It is worthy of note that suitable habitat has been determined using details recorded at known locations, according to the WA Herbarium (1998-). However, for many of the taxa known from the general vicinity of the Survey Area, suitable habitat is difficult to define, as available habitat information is often vague or very broad and difficult to interpret. For example, an area described as a plain with red-brown loam could feasibly occur almost anywhere in WA; or, relatively few

records are available and therefore the true nature of the habitat may not be known. Therefore, a precautionary approach has been adopted when assessing whether suitable habitat for a species is present in the Survey Area.

Theoretically, all but four significant flora taxa would have been identifiable during the 2023 and 2024 survey. These four taxa are *Paracaleana dixonii* (T), *Poranthera asybosca* (P1), *Stylidium tinkeri* (P2) and *Thysanotus glaucus* (P4), which are either annuals or ephemerals that are only detectible during a short period, with these periods not coinciding with the timing of the field surveys. However, these four taxa were considered unlikely to be present in the Survey Area, as the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxa, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present. All other taxa assessed for likelihood of occurrence were theoretically identifiable during the field surveys, either because the survey period coincides with the taxon’s emergent or flowering period, or the taxon can be identified reliably when in fruit or sterile.

A summary of the results of the likelihood of occurrence assessment for significant flora taxa in the Survey Area is presented in **Table 5.10**. Of the 372 significant flora taxa assessed, 41 are known to occur, 3 are considered ‘likely’ to occur in the Survey Area, and a further 78 could ‘possibly’ occur, including 5 taxa that are listed as Threatened under the BC and/or EPBC Acts. This result is not unexpected, given no Targeted flora survey has been undertaken across the Yandanooka Pipeline or the Borefield Corridor (with the exception of the very western end of the latter).

Table 5.10 Summary of Significant Flora Taxa Likelihood of Occurrence for the Survey Area

Likelihood of Occurrence in Survey Area	Number of Taxa				Reasoning
	Potentially Undescribed	DBCA Priority	WA / EPBC Threatened	Total	
Known	4	33	4	41	Existing locations within Survey Area
Likely	-	3	-	3	Survey Area clearly within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, and habitat possibly present
Possible	-	73	5	78	Survey Area potentially within or in relatively close proximity to known range of taxa, and habitat possibly present
Unlikely	-	190	60	250	Survey Area not within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, and/or habitat unlikely to be present
Not considered to occur	-	-	-	-	Survey Area > 200 km from known range of taxa, and/or habitat not considered to be present

An additional likelihood of occurrence assessment was then undertaken for any taxa that were rated ‘known’, ‘likely’ or ‘possible’ for their occurrence in the Survey Area (as per **Table 5.10**). This additional assessment considered the likelihood of occurrence for such taxa specifically within the Mine Area and Wheatbelt Area parts of the Targeted Survey Area. The results of this assessment are also presented in **Appendix H**, and are summarised in **Table 5.11**.

In summary, no significant flora taxa are known or are considered likely to / possibly occur in the Wheatbelt Area, mostly because suitable habitat is unlikely to be present in this area. One taxon ‘possibly’ occurs in the Mine Area, being *Calandrinia kalanniensis* (P2); this taxon is a tuberous perennial that is only detectible from October to January, and thus was likely not detectible during the Targeted flora survey, however suitable habitat may be present within the Mine Area.

Table 5.11 Summary of Significant Flora Taxa Likelihood of Occurrence for the Targeted Survey Area

Likelihood of Occurrence in Targeted Survey Area	Number of Taxa				Reasoning
	Potentially Undescribed	DBCA Priority	WA / EPBC Threatened	Total	
Mine Area					
Known	1	13	-	14	Existing locations within Mine Area
Likely	-	-	-	0	Mine Area clearly within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, habitat possibly present, AND taxon likely not detectible during Targeted field survey
Possible	-	1	-	1	Mine Area potentially within or in relatively close proximity to known range of taxa, habitat possibly present, AND taxon likely not detectible during Targeted field survey
Unlikely	3	95	8	106	Mine Area not within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, and/or habitat unlikely to be present, OR habitat possibly present but taxon not recorded by Targeted field survey
Not considered to occur	-	-	-	0	Mine Area > 200 km from known range of taxa, and/or habitat not considered to be present
Wheatbelt Area					
Known	-	-	-	0	Existing locations within Wheatbelt Area
Likely	-	-	-	0	Wheatbelt Area clearly within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, habitat possibly present, AND taxon likely not detectible during Targeted field survey

Likelihood of Occurrence in Targeted Survey Area	Number of Taxa			Reasoning	
	Potentially Undescribed	DBCA Priority	WA / EPBC Threatened		
Possible	-	-	-	0	Wheatbelt Area potentially within or in relatively close proximity to known range of taxa, habitat possibly present, AND taxon likely not detectible during Targeted field survey
Unlikely	4	109	8	121	Wheatbelt Area not within or in close proximity to known range of taxa, and/or habitat unlikely to be present, OR habitat possibly present but taxon not recorded by Targeted field survey
Not considered to occur	-	-	-	0	Wheatbelt Area > 200 km from known range of taxa, and/or habitat not considered to be present

5.2.5 Introduced Flora Taxa

A total of 64 introduced flora taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area by the 2023 and 2024 survey and previous surveys. These taxa are listed in **Table 5.12**, along with comments regarding the significance of each taxon, including ecological impact and invasiveness ratings under DBCA's *Ecological Impact and Invasiveness Ratings from the Department of Parks and Wildlife* for the Midwest Region (DBCA, 2014). Two of the 43 introduced flora taxa are Declared Pests (s22(2)) listed under the BAM Act (**Echium plantagineum* and **Galium aparine*), but no WoNS have been recorded.

Introduced flora taxa were generally most abundant around areas associated with disturbance (recent and historical), grazing, and agricultural, or in areas that experience periodic inundation, including winter-wet flats and depressions.

A total of 14 of the 64 introduced taxa are rated as having 'Low' ecological impact (**Table 5.12**). Taxa with this ecological impact rating are typically cosmopolitan species that generally cause minimal disruption to ecological processes or loss of biodiversity (DBCA, 2014). Of the 64 introduced taxa of the Survey Area, 18 are rated as having 'High' ecological impact (**Table 5.12**). Taxa with this ecological impact rating are considered significant weeds capable of causing acute disruption of ecological processes, as well as dominating and/or significantly altering the vegetation structure, composition and function of ecosystems (DBCA, 2014).

A total of 50 introduced flora taxa are rated as having 'Rapid' invasiveness in native vegetation (**Table 5.12**) (DBCA, 2014). These taxa are typically disturbance opportunists and are relatively common around disturbance areas, and as well as along drainage lines and other areas of periodic inundation.

Table 5.12 Summary of Introduced Flora Taxa of the Survey Area

Taxon	Common Name	Significance	Ecological Impact*	Invasiveness*
<i>Aira caryophyllea</i>	Silvery Hairgrass	-	High	Rapid
<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	Cape Weed, African Marigold	-	High	Rapid
<i>Avena ?sativa</i>	Common Oat	-	Low	Slow
<i>Avena barbata</i>	Bearded Oat	-	High	Rapid
<i>Avena fatua</i>	Wild Oat	-	High	Rapid
<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	Mediterranean Turnip	-	High	Rapid
<i>Briza maxima</i>	Blowfly Grass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Bromus diandrus</i>	Great Brome	-	High	Rapid
<i>Bromus rubens</i>	Red Brome	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Carrichtera annua</i>	Ward's Weed	-	Not assessed	Not assessed
<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>	Saffron Thistle	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	Maltese Cockspur	-	High	Rapid
<i>Citrullus amarus</i>	Pie Melon, Paddy melon	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	-	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Cucumis myriocarpus</i>	Prickly Paddy Melon, Paddy melon	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>	Lesser Dodder, Greater Dodder	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	Red Dodder	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	Couch	-	High	Rapid
<i>Echium plantagineum</i>	Paterson's Curse	Declared Pest	High	Rapid
<i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	Perennial Veldt Grass	-	High	Rapid
<i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	Annual Veldt Grass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Storksbill	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Ficinia marginata</i>	Coarse Clubrush	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Goosegrass	Declared Pest	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Gazania linearis</i>	Gazania	-	High	Rapid
<i>Gorteria personata</i>	Gorteria	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	Northern Barley Grass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	Barley Grass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	Flatweed, Smooth Catsear	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Juncus bufonius</i>	Toadrush	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Lamarckia aurea</i>	Goldentop	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Leontodon rhagadioloides</i>	Cretan Weed	-	High	Rapid

Taxon	Common Name	Significance	Ecological Impact*	Invasiveness*
<i>Limonium lobatum</i>	Winged Sea Lavender, Statice	-	High	Rapid
<i>Lolium perenne</i>	Perennial Ryegrass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Lolium rigidum</i>	Annual Ryegrass, Wimmera Ryegrass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Lupinus angustifolius</i>	Narrowleaf Lupin	-	Medium	Moderate
<i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	Sandplain Lupin	-	Medium	Moderate
<i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	Scarlet Pimpernel, Blue Pimpernel	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Medicago minima</i>	Small Burr Medic	-	Low	Moderate
<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	Burr Medic	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Medicago ?truncatula</i>	Barrel Medic	-	Low	Moderate
<i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	Slender Iceplant	-	High	Moderate
<i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	Stinking Roger	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Parapholis incurva</i>	Coast Barbgrass	-	Medium	Rapid
<i>Parentucellia latifolia</i>	Red Bartsia, Common Bartsia	-	Medium	Rapid
<i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	False Hairgrass	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Petrorhagia dubia</i>	Hairy Pink	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Phalaris ?minor</i>	Lesser Canary Grass	-	Low	Slow
<i>Plantago coronopus</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i>	Buckshorn Plantain	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	Annual Barbgrass, Annual Beardgrass	-	Medium	Moderate
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	Wild Radish	-	High	Rapid
<i>Rostraria pumila</i>	Rough Cat's Tail, Tiny Bristle-grass	-	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Rumex hypogaeus</i>	Double Gee	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	Rosy Dock, Ruby Dock	-	High	Rapid
<i>Silene nocturna</i>	Mediterranean Catchfly	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	Smooth Mustard	-	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>	Indian Hedge Mustard	-	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Sisymbrium runcinatum</i>	African Turnip Weed	-	Unknown	Unknown
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	Common Sowthistle	-	Unknown	Rapid
<i>Spergula pentandra</i>	Five Ather Spurrey	-	Low	Rapid

Taxon	Common Name	Significance	Ecological Impact*	Invasiveness*
<i>Spergularia rubra</i>	Red Sand Spurrey, Sand Spurry	-	Low	Rapid
<i>Trifolium glomeratum</i>	Ball Clover, Cluster Clover	-	High	Moderate
<i>Ursinia anthemoides</i> subsp. <i>anthemoides</i>	Ursinia	-	High	Rapid
<i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	Rat's Tail Fescue	-	Unknown	Rapid

* Source: Ecological Impact and Invasiveness Ratings from the Department of Parks and Wildlife for the Midwest Region (DBCA, 2014).

5.2.6 Vegetation of the Survey Area

PCA and subsequent optimal number of clusters analyses of the Survey Area floristic dataset determined that six to ten clusters may be appropriate to capture the majority of the variation in the datasets; this broadly aligns with the 'elbow' of the scree plot as presented in **Appendix I**, indicating where the eigenvalues level off, and hence the principal components to the left of this point should be retained as significant. The 2D cluster plot, dendrogram, and taxon group matrix (also presented in **Appendix I**), were therefore initially examined using six clusters, to determine the plausibility of clusters with regard to taxon groups as well as field observations.

Upon review of aerial photography and quadrat species composition, as well other characteristics including topography, soils, and geographic location, it was determined that five clusters contained obvious subgrouping of quadrats. Inspection of these quadrats and the taxon group matrix found that these subgroups were worthy of distinction as discrete vegetation types. In addition, 10 quadrats were reallocated to different groups, as review of quadrat placement and taxon lists identified that they had been misclassified due to being species poor and/or being placed in ecotonal vegetation (and therefore possessing taxa common to both vegetation types). These quadrats were also manually reassigned to VTs that better reflected their topography, soil type and vegetation composition.

It was ultimately determined that there were 20 plausible quadrat groups that are considered to represent VTs in the Survey Area (VTs A to T). The final VT groupings, as well as the updated VT determination of the quadrats that were manually reallocated to different VTs, are labelled in the dendrogram in **Appendix I**.

VT U was defined in the Karara Area in an area with distinctive vegetation patterning on the edges of a saline claypan. No sample sites occur in that vegetation pattern within the Survey Area; however, the vegetation extends north of the Survey Area, where it is sampled by a historical quadrat and relevé approximately 500 m outside the Survey Area (GIND-79 and KM-028). Therefore, VT U was described using the information from these sample sites.

The review of the relevé data and vegetation mapping notes identified six additional VTs in the Survey Area (VTs V to AA). These VTs were mapped within the Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor where there was limited opportunity for sampling via quadrats, due to the Survey Area being very narrow in these areas. These sample sites were assigned to VTs following detailed investigation of their species composition, topography, soils, and geographic location.


In addition, seven highly modified vegetation types were defined (HMVTs A to G). These HMVTs were mapped in the Borefield Corridor in areas with a long history of disturbance, where the vegetation still possessed tree or large shrub taxa, but were highly modified otherwise, with understoreys usually completely comprised of introduced taxa. In many cases, the trees or large shrubs were native species and are likely remnant, however no attempt was made to align any such areas with VTs. Occasionally, some areas contained a mixture of native trees and non-native trees that have presumably been planted or have escaped from nearby plantings. Areas that consisted only of planted, non-native or non-endemic tree or shrub taxa were mapped as Planted ('PL').


The final area of vegetation that was mapped in the Survey Area was VT CP. This VT was mapped in a playa lake claypan, which consists of bare clay and is completely devoid of vegetation when dry. However, it periodically fills with water, and in the subsequent weeks while water is still present (or when the clay is still waterlogged), a forbland of *Myriophyllum decussatum* establishes.


Areas where natural vegetation has been removed were mapped as 'Cleared Land' (CL) (where discernible at 1:5,000 scale). This includes roads (and associated infrastructure including culverts), tracks, and areas cleared for mining, infrastructure and agriculture. Cleared areas that were small in width and not discernible at 1:5,000 scale were mapped as parts of the VTs within which they occur. Areas mapped as CL may include occasional isolated native or introduced trees and shrubs, or vegetation that has regrown to some extent. Note that KML provided clearing disturbance footprint spatial data current to March 2025, which covered the majority of the Survey Area. These boundaries formed the basis of the areas mapped as CL, with only minor adjustments required in a small number of areas. Cleared areas that occurred outside the extent of this spatial dataset were mapped using the most up-to-date aerial imagery available (**Section 3.7**), using the same method as for VTs/HMVTs. Note that the figures presented in this report use Landgate WA Now Mosaic (LGATE-320) aerial imagery (**Section 3.7**); given the age of this imagery for the Survey Area (2014 to 2016), there may be some areas that appear to contain vegetation as per the Landgate image, but have been mapped as 'Cleared Land' using the more recent KML images (imagery from 2024, but only covering part of the Survey Area) and Google Satellite imagery (imagery from 2022 to 2024, and available for the entire Survey Area).

The locations of quadrats, relevés and vegetation mapping notes within each VT/HMVT were used in conjunction with examination of aerial photography to develop mapping polygon boundaries of VTs and HMVTs across the Survey Area. **Table 5.13** presents a description of each of the VTs/HMVTs including definition method (floristic or structural composition), location, area mapped, sampling regime, significant flora ('^' denotes preferred habitat for a significant taxon), average taxon richness (from quadrat data only), and a description of variation found within the VT. **Figure 5.7** presents an overview of the vegetation mapped in the Survey Area. Raw sample site data is presented in **Appendix E**. Detailed vegetation mapping, including locations of all sample sites in the Survey Area, is presented in **Appendix J**. A taxon-VT matrix is presented in **Appendix K**, and **Appendix L** presents the results of the indicator taxa analysis.


Table 5.13 Summary of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
A	<p>Description: Tall sparse shrubland to isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuminata</i>/<i>Acacia burkittii</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> and/or <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Thryptomene costata</i> and <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>, over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>, <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>, <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>, <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>, on red-brown clay loam, sometimes with granite surface stones, on plains and gentle slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara Area, and the Yandanooka Pipeline area west of Weelhamby Lake, generally in small, patchy occurrences</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 291.7 ha (2.2 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 11 quadrats (FAC-01, FAC-33, GINM-05, GINM-07, KIOP 220, KK04, MLEC09, MLED08, MLED09, MLED19, MLEM16), 14 relevés (HR05, HR06, HR07, HR22, KM-107, KM-108, KM-124, KM-125, MH-07, MH-09, MH-33, MH-44, MLEM17, RC 10), 2 mapping notes (CGMN01, MLEN-021)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>, <i>Thryptomene costata</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)^, <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)^, <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)^, <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3), <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3), <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3)^, <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i> (PU)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)^, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)^, <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 33.5 ± 17.4 (native 30.6 ± 13.8)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.1 VT A (Quadrat KIOP 220)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
A cont.	<p>Variation: This VT was generally relatively structurally consistent. One quadrat had significant exposed granite bedrock (Photo 5.2) and contained a few taxa unique to this VT, including <i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>, <i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>, <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> and <i>Grevillea levis</i>. This quadrat and MLED09 were located on the western end of the distribution of this VT, on the plains east of the Koolanooka Hills. These quadrats lacked a few taxa common in other VT A quadrats including <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> and <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>, but were otherwise compositionally similar to other VT A quadrats</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not particularly similar to any other VTs. Has some taxa in common with VT F, but the latter is generally present in association with areas of significant granite sheet outcropping</p>	 <p>Photo 5.2 VT A Variant (Quadrat MLED08)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
B	<p>Description: Low open forbland of <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and other species including <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>, <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>, <i>Calotis hispidula</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>, in pockets of red clayey sand on and immediately adjacent to granite sheet outcropping</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped on granite outcrops in the Karara Area in two main occurrences: between the camp and rail loop, and between the airstrip and tailings storage facility</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 112.3 ha (0.8 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 quadrats (KML25, MLEK04, MLEK05), 1 relevé (MLEKR1)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>, <i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 23.0 ± 13.2 (native 21.3 ± 11.5)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.3 VT B (Quadrat MLEK05)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
B cont.	<p>Variation: The sandy areas fringing granite sheet outcropping had greater cover of <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>, as well as <i>Acacia</i> spp. including <i>Acacia kochii</i>, <i>Acacia burkittii</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>, and shrubs including <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>, <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> (Photo 5.4). This vegetation almost always transitions into VT F</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not similar to any other VTs</p>	 <p>Photo 5.4 VT B Variant (Quadrat KML25)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
C	<p>Description: Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, over occasional tall isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>, <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>, <i>Acacia burkittii</i>, and/or <i>Acacia colletioides</i>, over low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>, over low open tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>, <i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>, <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>, on red clayey sand or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara area west of the mine site, with the exception of a small occurrence west of Terapod</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 327.2 ha (2.4 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 10 quadrats (FAC-14, FAC-16, FAC-18, FAC-19, FAC-20, FAC-21, FAC-24, FAC-28, GIND-51, KIOP 269), 2 relevés (C-090, RC 05)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia colletioides</i>, <i>Monachather paradoxus</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 23.3 ± 12.8 (native 21.0 ± 11.1)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.5 VT C (Quadrat KIOP 269)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
C cont.	<p>Variation: Quadrats in areas of regrowth (east and north of camp) were much more open and lacked the upper <i>Eucalyptus</i> layer, generally comprising tall isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia</i> spp. over isolated low shrubs over forbs (Photo 5.6). It is not clear whether these areas would have lacked the <i>Eucalyptus</i> layer prior to the disturbance, or whether the <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. have not regrown since, as the quadrats sampling this vegetation are all located at the northern end of the distribution of this VT while the quadrats containing <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp. are at the southern end of the VT's distribution</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT D compositionally, but is more species poor (in terms of native perennial taxa). All quadrats in VT C contained <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, which was variably present in VT D</p>	 <p data-bbox="1453 724 2080 751">Photo 5.6 VT C Variant (Quadrat FAC-20)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
D	<p>Description: Occasional low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i>, <i>Callitris columellaris</i>, and/or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, over tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>, over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>, <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>, over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia humilis</i>, over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>, on red or red-brown sandy clay loam, sometimes with occasional ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped widely in the Karara Area and extending west into the Yandanooka Pipeline area until Weelhamby Lake</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 2,443.7 ha (18.0 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 32 quadrats (FAC-07, FAC-08, FAC-12, FAC-23, FAC-25, FAC-29, GIND-01, GIND-02, GIND-03, GIND-06, GIND-08, GIND-09, GIND-11, GIND-76, GIND-77, GIND-82, GIND-84, GIND-98, KARA15, KARA18, KIOP 026, KIOP 217, KIOP 248, KIOP 265, KML36, KMLL04, MLEC03, MLEC07, MLEC11, MLEK18, MLEM02, MLEM11), 45 relevés (AIR-02, AIR-03, AIR-04, C-001, C-018, C-019, C-021, C-026, C-037, C-041, C-045, C-046, C-056, C-059, C-064, KM-002, KM-009, KM-021, KM-022, KM-036, KM-038, KM-039, KM-103, KM-110, KM-111, KM-114, KM-121, KM-122, KM-127, M-09, MH-01, MH-10, MH-14, MH-16, MH-19, MH-21, MH-23, MH-24, MH-29, MH-31, RC 09, RC 12, RC 18, RC 20, RC 21), 2 mapping notes (KMLN15, KMLN16)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Callitris columellaris</i>, <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i>, <i>Olearia humilis</i></p>	 <p>Photo 5.7 VT D (Quadrat FAC-07)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
D cont.	<p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)^, <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU), <i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T), <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3), <i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3)^, <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)^, <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3), <i>Seringia exastia</i> (EPBC: CR)^, <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 27.1 ± 10.0 (native 26.6 ± 9.8)</p> <p>Variation: Some quadrats did not possess the low woodland layer (Photo 5.8); these quadrats were typically located on or near lateritic and/or ironstone crests where the soil profile may be more shallow</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT C; see that VT for discussion. This VT is also compositionally similar to VTs E and G, but the former was more species poor (in terms of native perennial taxa), generally occurred closer to granitic areas, and was almost always lacking a tree stratum. Compared to VT D, VT G generally had a greater abundance of chenopod shrub species</p>	 <p>Photo 5.8 VT D Variant (Quadrat GIND-08)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
E	<p>Description: Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> and <i>Eremophila clarkei</i>, over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Maireana planifolia</i>, <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>, <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260), over low isolated clumps of grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>, <i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>, <i>Calotis multicaulis</i> and <i>Panaetia lessonii</i>, on red clay loam, usually with ironstone, granite and/or quartz surface stones, on undulating plains and flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara Area west of the mine site, generally in proximity to granitic areas. Extends west into the Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor as far as the western boundaries of Kadji Kadji Station and Bowgarder Nature Reserve</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 670.7 ha (5.0 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 14 quadrats (FAC-30, KIOP 226, KIOP 240, KIOP 266, MLEC08, MLED15, MLED18, MLED20, MLEK01, MLEK09, MLEK11, MLEK12, MLEK20, MLEM07), 17 relevés (C-006, GI-4, GI-6, GI-7, GI-8, HR03, MH-08, MH-37, MH-38, MLEKR2, MLEKR3, MLEM29, RC 06, RC 14, RC 27, RC 32, RC 51), 3 mapping notes (KMLN19, KMLN20, MLEDN36, MLEKN02)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia ramulosa</i>, <i>Maireana planifolia</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)^, <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3), <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3), <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)^, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3), <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)^, <i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 33.4 ± 12.3 (native 31.4 ± 11.4)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.9 VT E (Quadrat MLEK01)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
E cont.	<p>Variation: Two quadrats possessed a low woodland layer of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> (Photo 5.10)</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT D; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.10 VT E Variant (Quadrat MLEK09)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
F	<p>Description: Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia burkittii</i> and <i>Thryptomene costata</i>, over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i>, over low sparse shrubland of <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>, <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>, <i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i> and <i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>, on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam, sometimes with small amounts of granite outcropping and granite surface stones, on simple slopes and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara Area in proximity to granitic areas, with the main occurrences west of the mine site. An additional location was mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area north of Boiada Hill</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 366.8 ha (2.7 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 13 quadrats (GIND-92, KIOP 023, KIOP 031, KIOP 032, KIOP 223, KIOP 238, KIOP 239, MLEC02, MLEK02, MLEK03, MLEK06, MLEK10, MLEM09), 7 relevés (KM-003, KM-005, MH-06, RC 03, RC 50, RC 56, RC 57)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 26.6 ± 13.8 (native 23.9 ± 12.4)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally uniform</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not particularly similar to any other VTs, but has some taxa in common with VT A; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.11 VT F (Quadrat MLEK10)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
G	<p>Description: Mid to low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and occasionally <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i>, over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>, <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i>, over an occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210), <i>Scaevola spinescens</i> and/or <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>, over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>, <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>, over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>, <i>Maireana georgei</i>, <i>Maireana carnososa</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>, <i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>, <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>, on red or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, usually with ironstone and/or granite and/or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped widely in the Karara Area and Yandanooka Pipeline, with some small occurrences in the Borefield Corridor and Tilley Siding roughly east of Morawa</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 1,575.2 ha (11.6 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 27 quadrats (FAC-27, GIND-15, GIND-21, GIND-46, GIND-52, GIND-78, GIND-83, KARA20, KARA21, KIOP 224, KIOP 241, KK01, KMLL03, KMLL05, KMLL06, KMLL07, MLED06, MLED07, MLED10, MLED13, MLED22, MLEM05, MLEM19, MLEM30, MLEQ-001, MLEQ-007, MLEQ-013), 29 relevés (C-011, C-012, C-047, C-067, C-069, C-089, GI-5, HR02, HR04, HR09, HR12, KM-037, MH-26, MH-34, MH-36, MH-39, MH-43, MH-46, MLEM10, MLEM12, MLEM14, MLEM21, MLEM27, MLEM28, MLER-008, RC 16, RC 17, RC 58, SLU01), 7 mapping notes (KMLN22, MLEDN13, MLEDN20, MLEDN32, MLEDN33, MLEDN34, MLEN-002)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, <i>Maireana trichoptera</i>, <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i></p>	 <p>Photo 5.12 VT G (Quadrat MLEM05)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
G cont.	<p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)^, <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3), <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3), <i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3), <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)^, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)^, <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3), <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)^, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 31.1 ± 21.0 (native 27.9 ± 17.3)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally consistent, but quadrats east of Wheelhamby lake typically had a lower native perennial species richness than those west of Wheelhamby Lake. There was also evidence of salinisation in some occurrences in the Borefield Corridor where the vegetation was fragmented within large expanses of agriculture</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT D; see that VT for discussion. This VT is also compositionally similar to VTs H and K, however VT H generally had a lower native perennial species richness and a much more open structure that was dominated by tall <i>Acacia</i> shrubs rather than <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., while VT K had more compositional variation in the woodland stratum, generally had fewer <i>Acacia</i> spp. and more <i>Eremophila</i> spp., and potentially occurs in slightly more water-gaining areas than VT G</p>	


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
H	<p>Description: Occasional low open woodland to isolated trees of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>, <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>, over tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia obtecta</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia latior</i> and <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>, over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>, over occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>, <i>Senna charlesiana</i>, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>, over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species dominated by <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> and <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> and occasionally <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>, on red-brown clay loam, with occasional ironstone surface stones, on flats and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in six moderately small occurrences in the eastern half of the Karara Area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 139.8 ha (1.0 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 6 quadrats (GIND-45, GIND-56, GIND-58, KK03, MLEC06, MLEQ-015), 3 relevés (C-020, KM-004, MLER-009)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia obtecta</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3), <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 15.7 ± 7.8 (native 15.5 ± 7.4)</p> <p>Variation: With the exception of the low woodland stratum which was only present in 50 % of quadrats, this VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally consistent</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT has similarities to VTs G; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.13 VT H (Quadrat KK03)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
I	<p>Description: Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus horistes</i> and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, over tall open shrubland of <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>, over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuarina</i> and <i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>, over mid sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low isolated forbs of mixed species including <i>Goodenia rosea</i>, <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>, <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>, <i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i> and <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>, on red sandy clay, on plains and low rises</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in two small occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area in Kadji Kadji Station, and in association with the salt lakes southwest of Morawa in the Borefield Corridor area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 10.4 ha (0.1 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 1 quadrat (MLED03), 3 relevés (LIC 020, SLU41, SLU57), 1 mapping notes (MLEDN31)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (represented by only 1 quadrat)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 75 (native 62)</p> <p>Variation: There was little structural and compositional variation in this VT based on the limited area mapped in the Survey Area</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not particularly similar to any other VTs</p>	 <p>Photo 5.14 VT I (Quadrat MLED03)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
J	<p>Description: Occasional tall to mid isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia obtecta</i>, <i>Duma florulenta</i>, <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila glabra</i>, over low sparse shrubland of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Corchorus</i> sp., over mid open to sparse samphire shrubland of <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>, over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Maireana carnososa</i>, <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>, <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>, <i>Atriplex semilunaris</i> and <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, on brown or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, in saline claypans</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped only in the saline clay pan northeast of the mine site in the Karara Area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 99.3 ha (0.7 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 quadrats (GIND-80, GIND-81), 3 relevés (KM-011, KM-012, KM-013)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>, <i>Corchorus</i> sp., <i>Duma florulenta</i>, <i>Eremophila glabra</i>, <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Maireana carnososa</i>, <i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>, <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>, <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>, <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 14.5 ± 2.1 (native 13.0 ± 1.4)</p> <p>Variation: There was little structural and compositional variation in this VT based on the limited area mapped in the Survey Area</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not similar to any other VTs</p>	 <p>Photo 5.15 VT J (Quadrat GIND-80)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
K	<p>Description: Occasional low woodland to open woodland of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>, <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>, over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>, <i>Acacia erinacea</i>, <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila pantonii</i>, over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna stowardii</i>, <i>Scaevola spinescens</i>, <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>, over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>, <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, <i>Maireana thesioides</i>, <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Maireana marginata</i>, on red-brown silty clay loam or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone surface stones, on plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in broad areas in the eastern part of the Karara Area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 313.6 ha (2.3 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 5 quadrats (GIND-12, GIND-13, GIND-62, GINM-01, MLEK08), 8 relevés (C-003, C-004, C-005, KM-008, KM-010, KM-019, KM-126, M-24)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia erinacea</i>, <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>, <i>Eremophila pantonii</i>, <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>, <i>Maireana thesioides</i>, <i>Senna stowardii</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3), <i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3)^, <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)^, <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 19.2 ± 5.2 (native 19.2 ± 5.2)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally consistent</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT has similarities to VTs G; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.16 VT K (Quadrat GIND-12)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
L	<p>Description: Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> and occasionally <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>, <i>Acacia eremaea</i> and <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>, over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>, <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>, <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> and <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>, <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>, <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>, <i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i> and *<i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>, on slightly saline brown sandy clay, on flats and lower slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area on the eastern fringe of Weelhamby Lake, in the Tilley Siding area, and in association with the salt lakes southwest of Morawa in the Borefield Corridor area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 50.9 ha (0.4 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 quadrats (MLED05, MLED16, MLEM26), 10 relevés (LIC 018, RC 19, SLU38, SLU39, SLU40, SLU42, SLU43, SLU45, SLU47, SLU48), 5 mapping notes (MLEDN10, MLEDN12, MLEDN23, MLEDN25, MLEDN29)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia eremaea</i>, <i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>, <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>, <i>Didymanthus roei</i>, <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>, <i>Frankenia setosa</i>, <i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>, <i>Maireana amoena</i>, <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>, <i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>, <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>, <i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>, <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2), <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)^, <i>Podotheca uniseta</i> (P3)^, <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3), <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)^, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 48.0 ± 12.1 (native 35.3 ± 9.1)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.17 VT L (Quadrat MLEM26)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
L cont.	<p>Variation: The species composition varied slightly depending on the soil salinity, with quadrat MLED05 sampling a slightly more saline area where <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3) was present (Photo 5.18), while MLEM26 sampled a less saline area (Photo 5.17)</p> <p>Similar VTs: VT L has some similarity to VT U, but has a higher native perennial species richness, and occurs much further west than VT U</p>	 <p>Photo 5.18 VT L Variant (Quadrat MLED05)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
M	<p>Description: Occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Lawrenzia squamata</i> and <i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>, over low open to sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species including <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>, <i>Tecticornia loriae</i>, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4' and <i>Tecticornia peltata</i>, over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>, <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>, <i>Maireana glomerifolia</i> and <i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>, over isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>, <i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>, <i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>, <i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>, <i>Siemssenia capillaris</i> and <i>Cotula cotuloides</i>, on brown or orange sandy clay, in saline depressions</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area on the western fringe of Weelhamby Lake</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 18.2 ha (0.1 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 quadrats (MLEM18, MLEM23), 5 relevés (MH-30, MH-32, MH-47, MLEM24, RC 23), 1 mapping note (MLEMN03)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>, <i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>, <i>Maireana glomerifolia</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)^, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 27.0 ± 4.2 (native 24.0 ± 2.8)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally uniform</p> <p>Similar VTs: Most similar to VT N, however VT N occurs in slightly more saline areas, and had greater diversity in the samphire stratum and less diversity in the chenopod stratum</p>	 <p>Photo 5.19 VT M (Quadrat MLEM25)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
N	<p>Description: Low sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species, including <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU), <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU), and occasionally <i>Tecticornia peltata</i>, over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Triglochin mucronata</i>, <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>, <i>Cotula cotuloides</i>, *<i>Parapholis incurva</i> and <i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>, on grey-brown or brown sandy clay, in saline depressions</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in small occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area on the eastern fringe of Weelhamby Lake, in an area of regrowth southwest of Kadji Kadji Station, and in association with the salt lakes southwest of Morawa in the Borefield Corridor area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 10.7 ha (0.1 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 5 quadrats (MLED01, MLED02, MLED04, MLED17, MLEM25), 10 relevés (LIC 016, LIC 017, LIC 019, LIC 021, LIC 022, RC 22, SLU28, SLU29, SLU30, SLU56), 5 mapping notes (MLEDN02, MLEDN08, MLEDN09, MLEDN14, MLEDN28)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>, <i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i> / <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU), <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)^, <i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)^, <i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)^, <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)^, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)^, <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 21.2 ± 6.8 (native 16.8 ± 5.5)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally uniform, however quadrat MLEM25, located further east than all other VT N quadrats near Weelhamby Lake, shared some species in common with VT M including <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> and <i>Lawrencia squamata</i></p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT M; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.20 VT N (Quadrat MLED01)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
O	<p>Description: Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>, over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>, <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>, <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>, and/or <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i>, <i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>, <i>Philotheca sericea</i>, <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>aspera</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>, over low isolated shrubs of <i>Xanthosia kochii</i>, <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260) and <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>, over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>, <i>Podolepis lessonii</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i>, on red-brown silty loam or silty clay loam with ironstone, BIF or granite stones, and sometimes with ironstone, BIF or granite outcropping, on slopes and crests</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara Area, predominately on BIF and ironstone but with some occurrences on granite in the western part of the Karara Area. Additional occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area on ironstone near Ninghanboun Hill, and near the southeast boundary of Bowgarder Nature Reserve on granite</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 546.2 ha (4.0 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 34 quadrats (FAC-02, GIND-04, GIND-05, GIND-18, GIND-19, GIND-28, GIND-43, GIND-44, GIND-53, GIND-54, GIND-55, GINM-02, GINM-06, GINM-13, KARA01, KARA02, KARA03, KARA04, KARA05, KARA06, KARA07, KARA08, KARA09, KARA10, KARA11, KARA12, KARA14, KARA16, KARA17, KARA19, KIOP 025, KIOP 213, MLED21, MLEQ-014), 46 relevés, (C-013, C-022, C-023, C-028, C-030, C-031, C-032, C-033, C-034, C-035, C-036, C-038, C-039, C-040, C-042, C-043, C-044, C-049, C-050, C-051, C-052, C-053, C-054, C-061, C-062, C-063, C-066, GI-2, GI-3, KM-025, KM-109, KM-115, KM-116, KM-117a, KM-123, KM-128, MH-02, MLER-011, RC 02, RC 53, RC 62, RC 63, W01, W02, W03, WA2), 3 mapping notes (KMLN25, MLEN-005, MLEN-020)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Eremophila clarkei</i>, <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>, <i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Bursarioides</i> (T.R. Lally 760), <i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>, <i>Philotheca sericea</i>, <i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>, <i>Xanthosia kochii</i></p>	 <p>Photo 5.21 VT O (Quadrat GIND-04)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
O cont.	<p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)^, <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)^, <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)^, <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)^, <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)^, <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)^, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)^, <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)^, <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3), <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 34.1 ± 16.4 (native 33.0 ± 15.4)</p> <p>Variation: Structurally, this VT graded towards a sparse shrubland or having isolated clumps of shrubs in areas with significant rock outcrop at the surface, as was observed at quadrat KIOP 213 (Photo 5.22). Quadrats that straddled crests also had tall and mid shrubland strata that were more open than those situated on upper slopes There was also some minor compositional variation between areas underlain by ironstone/BIF and granite; for example, taxa including <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and <i>Prostanthera patens</i> were only recorded in granitic areas</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT P, but VT O generally occurs higher in the landscape and/or in rockier areas, has a much higher native perennial taxon richness, and almost always contains <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> (the former being absent from any VT P quadrats and the latter being recorded in only one)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.22 VT O Variant (Quadrat KIOP 213)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
P	<p>Description: Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>, over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>, <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>, <i>Acacia lator</i>, <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i>, over mid shrubland to open shrubland dominated by <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and occasionally with <i>Philotheca sericea</i>, <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and/or <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>, over occasional low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Xanthosia kochii</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Bellida graminea</i>, <i>Trachymene ornata</i>, <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i>, on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, and occasionally with ironstone or BIF outcropping, on lower to upper slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped widely in the Karara Area, predominately on the slopes below VT O. A small occurrence was mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area in Kadji Kadji Station</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 619.8 ha (4.6 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 16 quadrats (FAC-03, FAC-04, GIND-07, GIND-16, GIND-17, GIND-20, GIND-23, GIND-25, GIND-27, KARA13, KIOP 028, KIOP 430, KK05, MLEC01, MLED14, MLEK16), 11 relevés (C-008, C-014, C-015, C-024, C-029, C-068, C-092, KM-117, MLER-006, RC 29, RC 54), 1 mapping note (MLETN01)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>, <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)^, <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3), <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)^, <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)^, <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)^, <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3), <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3), <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 15.8 ± 8.6 (native 15.6 ± 8.5)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.23 VT P (Quadrat KIOP 028)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
<p>P cont.</p>	<p>Variation: This VT was generally compositionally uniform, however the density of the shrubland strata varied. For example, quadrat GIND-07 had only isolated tall and medium shrubs (Photo 5.24). Quadrats located in areas long unburnt generally possessed a dense tall shrubland stratum that tended towards being closed</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT O; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.24 VT P Variant (Quadrat GIND-07)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
Q	<p>Description: Occasional low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>, over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Acacia latior</i>, <i>Acacia sibina</i>, and occasionally <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>, <i>Acacia longispinea</i> and <i>Melaleuca hamata</i>, over occasional mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, over low isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>, <i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>, <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i> and <i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>, over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> and occasionally <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Bellida graminea</i>, <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i> and <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>, on brown or red clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone surface stones, on lower slopes, plains and flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped widely in the Karara Area. Extends west into the Yandanooka Pipeline area as far as the eastern boundary of Kadji Kadji Station, and with a small occurrence at Tilley Siding</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 1,688.2 ha (12.5 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 29 quadrats (FAC-05, FAC-06, FAC-10, FAC-15, FAC-17, FAC-31, FAC-34, GIND-26, GIND-57, GIND-59, GIND-97, GIND-99, GINM-03, KIOP 029, KIOP 218, KIOP 219, KIOP 242, KIOP 243, KK02, KML21, KML27, MLEM08, MLEM13, MLEM15, MLEQ-002, MLEQ-003, MLEQ-009, MLEQ-012, MLEQ-018), 32 relevés (AIR-01, BP03-1, C-002, C-009, C-010, C-016, C-017, C-048, C-055, C-057, C-058, C-060, C-091, GI-1, KM-020, KM-104, KM-105, MH-11, MH-25, MH-28, MH-35, MLEC12, MLEM20, MLEM22, MLER-001, MLER-003, MLER-005, RC 15, RC 24, RC 25, RC 26, W14), 7 mapping notes (KMLN14, MLEDN11, MLEN-006, MLEN-007, MLEN-010, MLEN-011, MLEN-012)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> / <i>Acacia effusifolia</i> / <i>Acacia incognita</i>, <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i></p>	 <p>Photo 5.25 VT Q (Quadrat FAC-06)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
Q cont.	<p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3), <i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T), <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)^, <i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)^, <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3), <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)^, <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 14.1 ± 6.8 (native 14.1 ± 6.7)</p> <p>Variation: This VT exhibited reasonable compositional and structural variation, particularly in the mid and low shrubland strata. This is likely a reflection of natural variation across the large mapping area and amount of sampling within the Survey Area. However, despite the observed compositional variation, the species in the <i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> group (indicator taxa for this VT) were present in all VT Q quadrats across its range. Quadrats missing the upper <i>Eucalyptus</i> layer tended to be situated lower in the landscape and had less of an ironstone influence</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT R, but VT Q generally occurred lower in the landscape than VT R. In addition, VT Q quadrats contained a number of highly faithful species that were uncommon in VT R, including <i>Acacia sibina</i>, <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, <i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>, and VT R quadrats generally had a higher diversity of <i>Acacia</i> spp. and a greater overall native perennial species richness</p>	


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
R	<p>Description: Occasional low open woodland of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i>, over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Melaleuca hamata</i>, <i>Acacia latior</i>, <i>Acacia incognita</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i>, over mid sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>, <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>, over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>, <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>, and occasionally <i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181) and <i>Olearia humilis</i>, over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>, over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i>, <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>, <i>Bellida graminea</i>, <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>, on red or red-brown clay loam with ironstone and sometimes quartz surface stones, on plains and simple slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped relatively widely in the Karara Area. Extends west into the Yandanooka Pipeline area as far as the western boundary of Kadji Kadji Station</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 785.4 ha (5.8 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 23 quadrats (FAC-09, FAC-32, GIND-10, GIND-73, KML22, KML23, KMLL01, KMLL02, MLEC04, MLEC05, MLEC16, MLEC17, MLED11, MLED12, MLEK15, MLEQ-004, MLEQ-005, MLEQ-006, MLEQ-008, MLEQ-010, MLEQ-011, MLEQ-016, MLEQ-017), 27 relevés (C-025, C-027, C-065, C-086, HR01, KM-106, KM-112, KM-113, MH-03, MH-04, MH-15, MH-20, MH-40, MH-41, MH-42, MH-45, MLEC10, MLER-002, MLER-007, MLER-010, MLER-012, RC 11, RC 13, RC 28, RC 30, RC 31, RC 59), 8 mapping notes (MLEDN15, MLEDN16, MLEDN17, MLEN-008, MLEN-009, MLEN-013, MLEN-016, MLEN-017)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i></p>	 <p>Photo 5.26 VT R (Quadrat MLEC16)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
R cont.	<p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3), <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3), <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3), <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU), <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)^, <i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T)^, <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)^, <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3), <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3), <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)^, <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 17.8 ± 10.3 (native 17.8 ± 10.2)</p> <p>Variation: This VT exhibited reasonable compositional variation, likely a reflection of natural variation across the large mapping area and amount of sampling within the Survey Area. Generally, quadrats were compositionally most similar to those situated in close proximity. For example, <i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. Perenjori (B.J. Conn 2181) and <i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624) were only recorded in the easternmost quadrats of this VT, while <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> and <i>Olearia humilis</i> were only recorded in the westernmost quadrats. However, this variation is considered to be relatively minor in the context of this VT</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT Q; see that VT for discussion</p>	

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
S	<p>Description: Tall sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i>, over mid shrubland to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>, <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>, <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> and <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>, <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>, <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and <i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>, <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and/or <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>, <i>Bellida graminea</i>, <i>Goodenia rosea</i>, <i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i> and <i>Podolepis lessonii</i>, on red or brown clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, on flats, plains and slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the western and central part of the Karara Area, with some small occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area east of Weelhamby Lake</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 452.7 ha (3.3 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 13 quadrats (FAC-11, FAC-13, FAC-22, FAC-26, GINM-04, KIOP 024, KIOP 027, KIOP 030, KIOP 221, KIOP 222, MLEK07, MLEK17, MLEM06), 7 relevés (KM-001, MH-05, MH-27, RC 07, RC 08, RC 52, RC 55)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>, <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>, <i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)^, <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)^, <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)^, <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3), <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1), <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)^, <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3), <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 23.9 ± 8.9 (native 23.8 ± 8.8)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.27 VT S (Quadrat FAC-11)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
S cont.	<p>Variation: This VT had a moderately variable structure and composition across the Survey Area. However, despite the observed compositional variation, <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> (an indicator taxon for this VT) was present in all VT S quadrats across its range</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not especially similar to any other VTs</p>	

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
T	<p>Description: Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i>, <i>Melaleuca hamata</i>, <i>Acacia latior</i>, <i>Acacia acuminata</i> and <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>, over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including, <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>, <i>Philotheca glabra</i>, <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>, over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>, <i>Darwinia capitella</i> and <i>Malleostemon roseus</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>, over low sparse sedgeland of <i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>, over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>, <i>Bellida graminea</i>, <i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>, <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>, on orange, brown or red sandy loam or sandy clay loam, occasionally with ironstone and quartz surface stones, on plains and flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Floristic composition classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Karara Area and Yandanooka Pipeline between the intersection of Karara and Mungada Roads and the eastern boundary of Kadji Kadji Station</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 187.3 ha (1.4 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 10 quadrats (MLEC13, MLEC14, MLEC15, MLEC18, MLEC19, MLEK13, MLEK14, MLEK19, MLEM03, MLEM04) 7 relevés (BP04-1, MH-12, MH-13, MH-17, MH-18, MH-22, RC 60)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: <i>Darwinia capitellata</i>, <i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>, <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Hakea invaginata</i>, <i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i></p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1), <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)^, <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)^, <i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 18.8 ± 6.3 (native 18.6 ± 6.0)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was generally quite structurally and compositionally consistent</p> <p>Similar VTs: Not especially similar to any other VTs</p>	 <p>Photo 5.28 VT T (Quadrat MLEK19)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
U	<p>Description: Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or tall shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>, over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Maireana thesioides</i>, <i>Maireana carnosa</i>, <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> and <i>Maireana georgei</i>, on red-brown silty clay loam, occasionally with calcrete stones, in drainage depressions and on the edges of saline claypans</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification (from historic sites approx. 500 m outside Survey Area)</p> <p>Location: Mapped on the fringes of the saline clay pan northeast of the mine site in the Karara Area, with another small occurrence north of the Blue Hills North mine site</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 64.3 ha (0.5 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 1 quadrat (GIND-79), 1 relevé (KM-028)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (represented by only 1 quadrat)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: 7 (native 7)</p> <p>Variation: This VT was recorded with a low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> on the edge of a saline claypan, while in an area of drainage depression the VT instead had a tall shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>. However, the understorey layers were similar in composition and structure between these two variants</p> <p>Similar VTs: This VT is most similar to VT L; see that VT for discussion</p>	 <p>Photo 5.29 VT U (Quadrat GIND-79)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
V	<p>Description: Tall open shrubland to shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i> and occasionally <i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, over mid open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>, <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>, <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i>, occasionally over low isolated shrubs of <i>Solanum cleistogamum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>, over low open forbland dominated by <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>, on red or brown silty soil with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in small occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area along Koolanooka Spring Road, south of Koolanooka Springs</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.4 ha (0.003 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 relevés (HR08, HR10, HR11)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	No photo available


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
W	<p>Description: Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>, over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Senna charlesiana</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i>, over low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>, <i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>, <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>, on red-brown silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on low to mid slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in small occurrences in the Yandanooka Pipeline area along Koolanooka Spring Road, on the slopes below Koolanooka Hills</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.6 ha (0.004 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 relevés (HR13, HR16)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	No photo available


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
X	<p>Description: Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>, over tall shrubland dominated by <i>Senna charlesiana</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>, <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Melaleuca cordata</i>, over mid to low open to sparse shrubland of <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>, <i>Eremophila clarkei</i>, <i>Hakea multilineata</i>, <i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>, on red-brown silty loam with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in one occurrence in the Yandanooka Pipeline area along Koolanooka Spring Road, on the western footslopes of Koolanooka Hills</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.2 ha (0.002 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 relevés (HR14, HR15)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	No photo available


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
Y	<p>Description: Low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>, over tall open shrubland of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>, <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i> and occasionally <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Senna charlesiana</i>, over occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>, <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, <i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i> and <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i>, on red, brown or orange loam or silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on plains and lower slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area along Koolanooka Spring Road and Fallon Road, west of Koolanooka Hills</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 1.8 ha (0.01 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 relevés (HR17, HR18, HR23)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	No photo available


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
Z	<p>Description: Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> and occasionally <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, over tall open shrubland of <i>Acacia anthochaera</i>, <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>, <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>, over low open chenopod shrubland of <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>, <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>, on red-brown sandy loam, on flats and plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline area near the intersection of Koolanooka Spring Road and Fallon Road, west of Koolanooka Hills</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.7 ha (0.005 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 relevés (HR20, HR21)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	No photo available


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
AA	<p>Description: Occasional low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>, over tall closed shrubland to open shrubland of <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> with <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> and/or <i>Hakea scoparia</i>, over mid open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2), <i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i> and <i>Solanum ellipticum</i>, on rocky brown clay-silt with heavy quartz, on slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in a small occurrence in the Borefield Corridor area between Mount Nunn Nature Reserve and Mount Campbell</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.2 ha (0.002 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 relevés (SLU60, SLU61, SLU62)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.30 VT AA (Relevé SLU61)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT A	<p>Description: Low open chenopod shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> and <i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> and occasionally <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>, over low forbland of <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>, on saline red-brown sandy loam on flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in two small occurrences in the Borefield Corridor area southeast of Morawa</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.1 ha (0.001 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 relevés (SLU18, SLU26)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p data-bbox="1458 722 1742 751">Photo 5.31 HMVT A</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT B	<p>Description: Low open woodland to isolated trees of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>, over tall shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i>, <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>, <i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i> and <i>Acacia prainii</i>, over mid sparse shrubland of <i>Acacia dielsii</i> and <i>Grevillea extorris</i>, over low open sedgeland of <i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>, on yellow sand on flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in one small occurrence in the Borefield Corridor area along Mullewa-Wubin Road southeast of Morawa</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.2 ha (0.001 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 1 relevé (SLU22)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)^</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.32 HMVT B (Relevé SLU22)</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT C	<p>Description: Tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia anthochaera</i>, <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, <i>Acacia ?inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i> and <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>, over low open chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>, <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Salsola australis</i> and <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Aristida ?contorta</i>, <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>, on slightly saline red sand on flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in one small occurrence in the Borefield Corridor area along Morawa South Road south of Morawa</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 0.1 ha (0.0004 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 1 relevé (SLU31)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.33 HMVT C</p>


VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT D	<p>Description: Mid forest to low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>, over tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Hakea preissii</i>, <i>Acacia rostellifera</i> and/or <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, over occasional low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Salsola australis</i>, <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> and *<i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>, over low tussock grassland of mixed species including *<i>Avena barbata</i>, *<i>Ehrharta calycina</i>, *<i>Cynodon dactylon</i> and *<i>Bromus diandrus</i>, on red-brown sandy clay loam, on drainage lines and flats</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in multiple occurrences in the far western part of the Borefield Corridor area, south and east of Yandanooka</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 4.7 ha (0.03 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 8 relevés (MLEM01, YAN004, YAN013, YAN018, YAN055, YAN062, YAN063, YAN064b), 2 mapping notes (MLEDN04, MLEDN05)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.34 HMVT D (Relevé MLEM01)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT E	<p>Description: Mid to low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>, over tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>, <i>Acacia aestivalis</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, over low isolated chenopod shrubs of <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i> and <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, over low open tussock grassland dominated by <i>Avena barbata</i> and <i>Bromus diandrus</i>, on red sandy loam or clay loam, on lower to upper slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in three occurrences in the far western part of the Borefield Corridor area, south and east of Yandanooka</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 1.7 ha (0.01 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 5 relevés (YAN005, YAN006, YAN007, YAN008, YAN061)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p> <p>Similar VTs: G</p>	 <p>Photo 5.35 HMVT E (Relevé YAN005)</p>

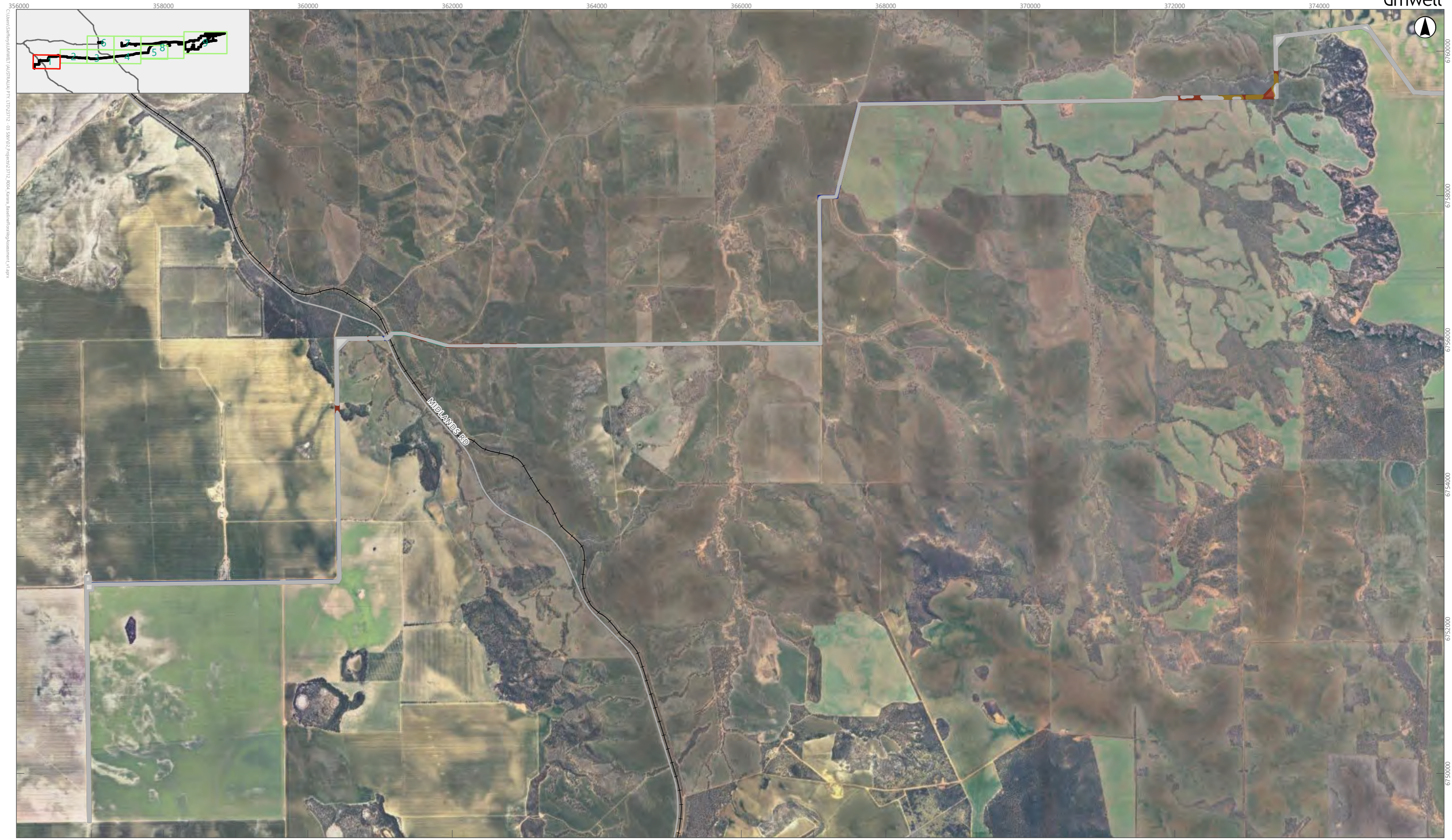
VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT F	<p>Description: Mid open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>, over tall shrubland to open shrubland of <i>Acacia colletioides</i> and <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, over low open to sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>, <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>, <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>, <i>Atriplex semibaccata</i> and <i>Salsola australis</i>, over low open tussock grassland dominated by <i>Avena barbata</i>, <i>Bromus diandrus</i>, <i>Lolium ?rigidum</i> and <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>, on red loamy clay on lower slopes</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in multiple occurrences in the far western part of the Borefield Corridor area, predominately along Enokurra Road east of Yandanooka</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 2 ha (0.01 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 2 relevés (YAN010, YAN011)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.36 HMVT F (Relevé YAN011)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
HMVT G	<p>Description: Mid isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia acuminata</i>, <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>, over mid to low closed tussock grassland and forbland of agricultural weeds, on red-brown loam on gently undulating plains</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in two main occurrences in the western part of the Borefield Corridor area: west of the salt lakes along Three Springs-Morawa Road, and east of the eastern end of Willis Road in Yandanooka</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 3.3 ha (0.02 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 3 mapping notes (MLEDN03, MLEDN06, MLEDN07)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.37 HMVT G (Mapping Note MLEDN03)</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
CP	<p>Description: Occasional low open forbland of <i>Myriophyllum decussatum</i> on red clay in claypans. Bare clay that is completely devoid of vegetation when dry. It periodically fills with water, and in the subsequent weeks while water is still present (or when the clay is still waterlogged), <i>Myriophyllum decussatum</i> is present</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in the clay pan north of Terapod in the Karara Area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 6.7 ha (0.05 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: NA</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.38 VT CP</p>

VT	Summary	Representative Photo
PL	<p>Description: Planted trees and shrubs, predominately <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., on plains in pasture and road verges</p> <p>Definition Method: Structural vegetation classification</p> <p>Location: Mapped in areas cleared for pasture along the Borefield Corridor south of Koolanooka, and in the far western part of the Borefield Corridor area south of Yandanooka</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 3.9 ha (0.03 %)</p> <p>Sample Sites: 1 relevé (YAN019)</p> <p>Indicator Taxa: NA (VT defined structurally)</p> <p>Significant Taxa: None recorded</p> <p>Average Taxon Richness per Quadrat: NA (not sampled by any quadrats)</p>	 <p>Photo 5.39 VT PL (Relevé YAN019)</p>
Water	<p>Water in salt lakes and clay pans</p> <p>Location: Mapped in Lake Weelhamby in the Yandanooka Pipeline area</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 1.6 ha (0.01 %)</p>	No photo available
CL	<p>Land cleared for roads, tracks, mining, infrastructure and agriculture. May contain occasional isolated native or introduced plants</p> <p>Area Mapped (Proportion of Survey Area): 2,754.4 ha (20.3 %)</p>	No photo available

^ Designates preferred habitat (tentative) for significant flora taxon, based on proportional location representation and landforms/soils.



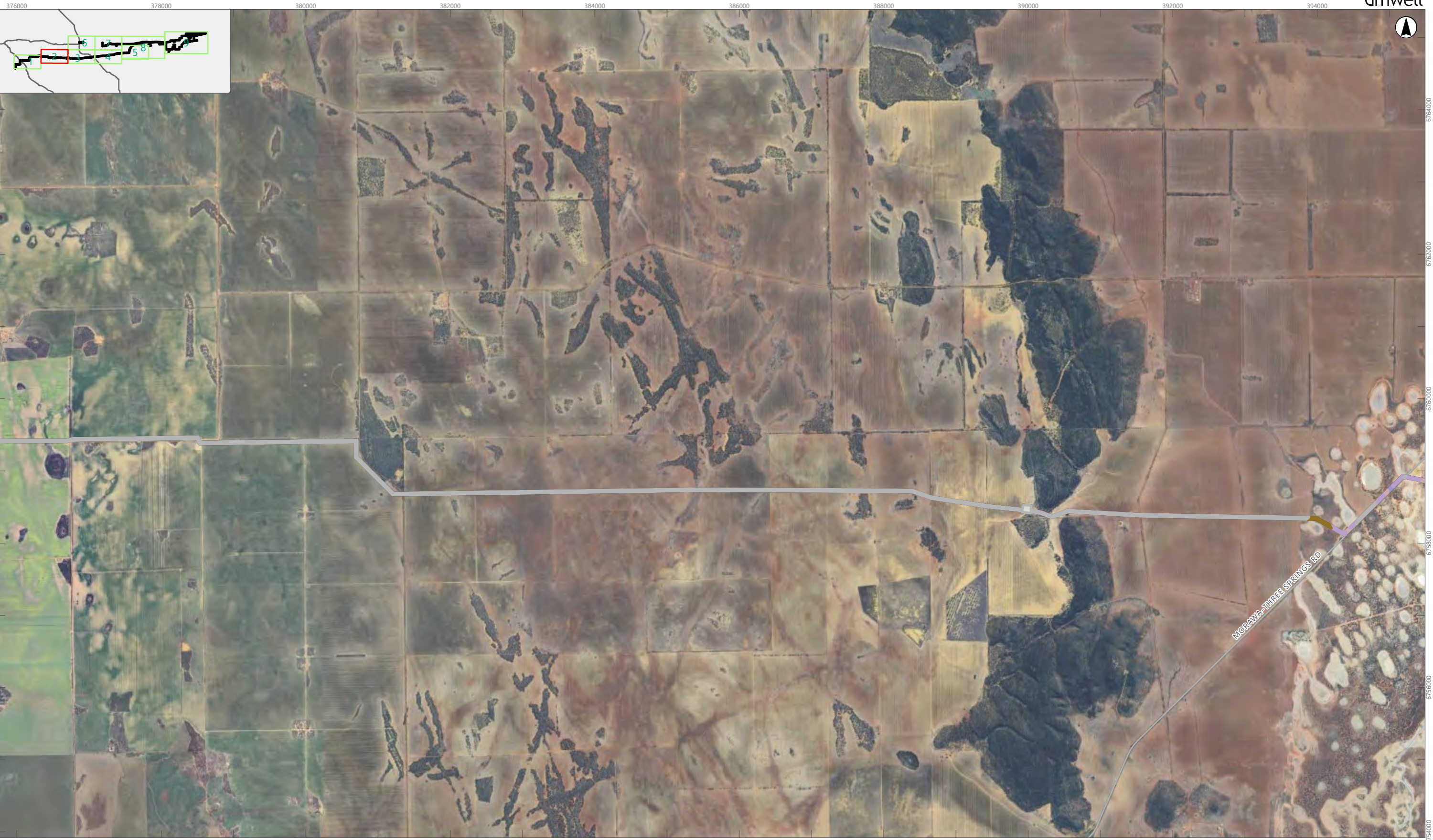
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Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type
Road	HMVT D
Railway	HMVT E
	HMVT F
	HMVT G
	PL
	CL

FIGURE 5.7
 Overview of Vegetation Types of
 the Survey Area
 Sheet 1





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Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type
Road	I
Major Watercourse	L
	N
	AA
	HMVT G
	CL

FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 2



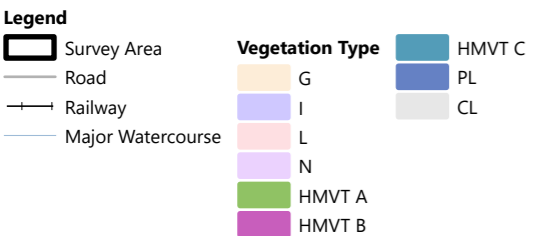
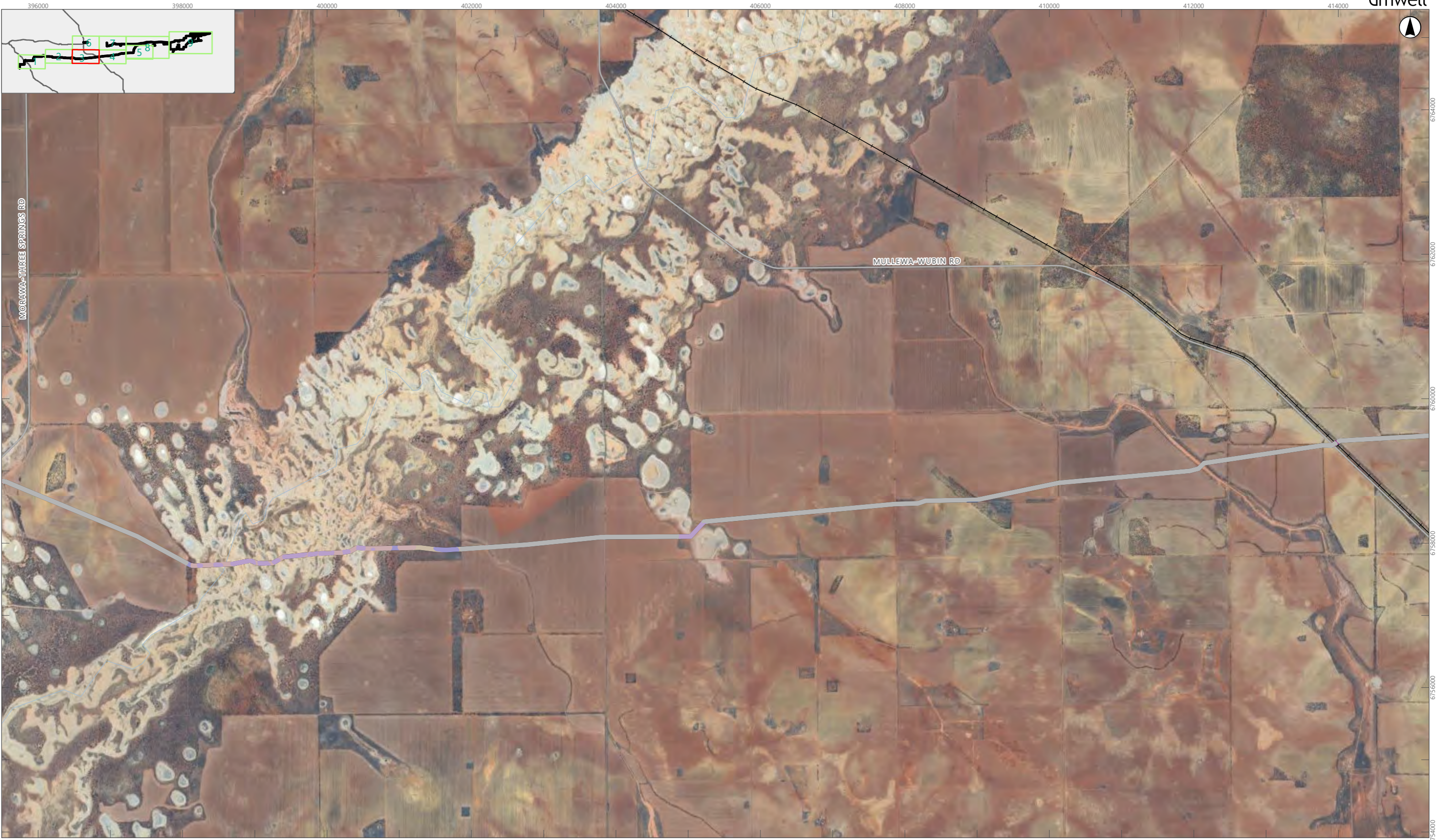


FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 3

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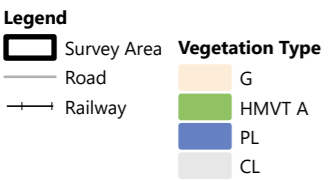
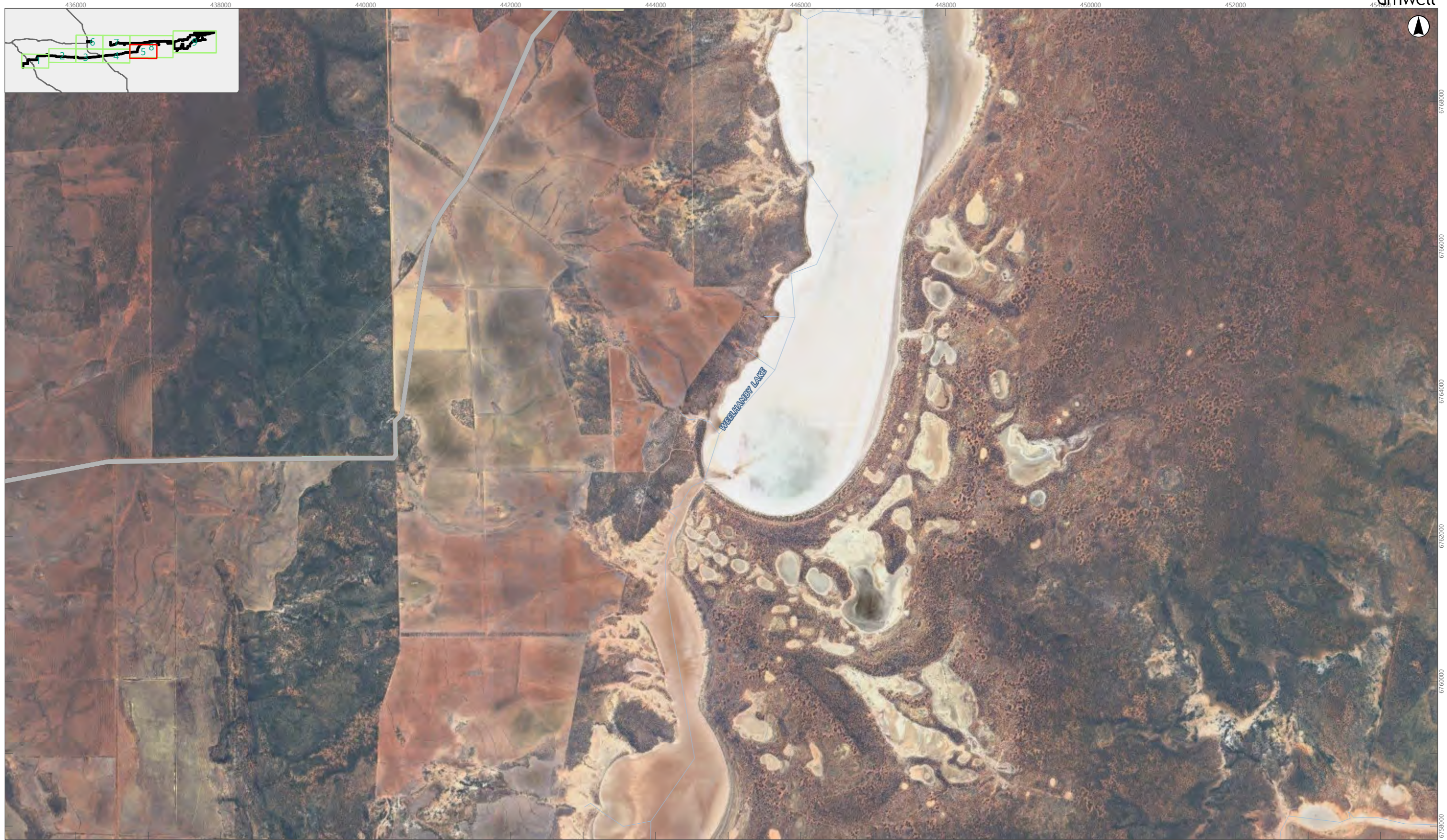


FIGURE 5.7
 Overview of Vegetation Types of
 the Survey Area
 Sheet 4

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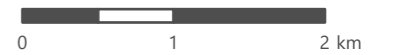


Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type
Major Watercourse	E
	G
	O
	R
	CL

FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of
the Survey Area
Sheet 5





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Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type
Road	G
Railway	L
Major Watercourse	Q
	CL

FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 6

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Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type	R
Major Watercourse	A	V
	E	W
	G	X
	I	Y
	N	Z
	P	CL

FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 7



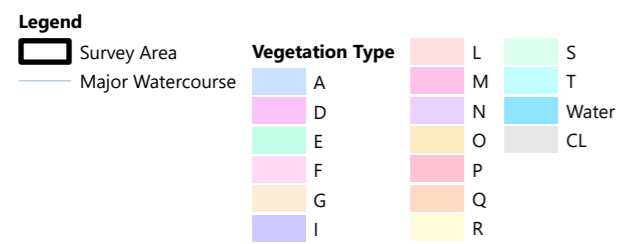
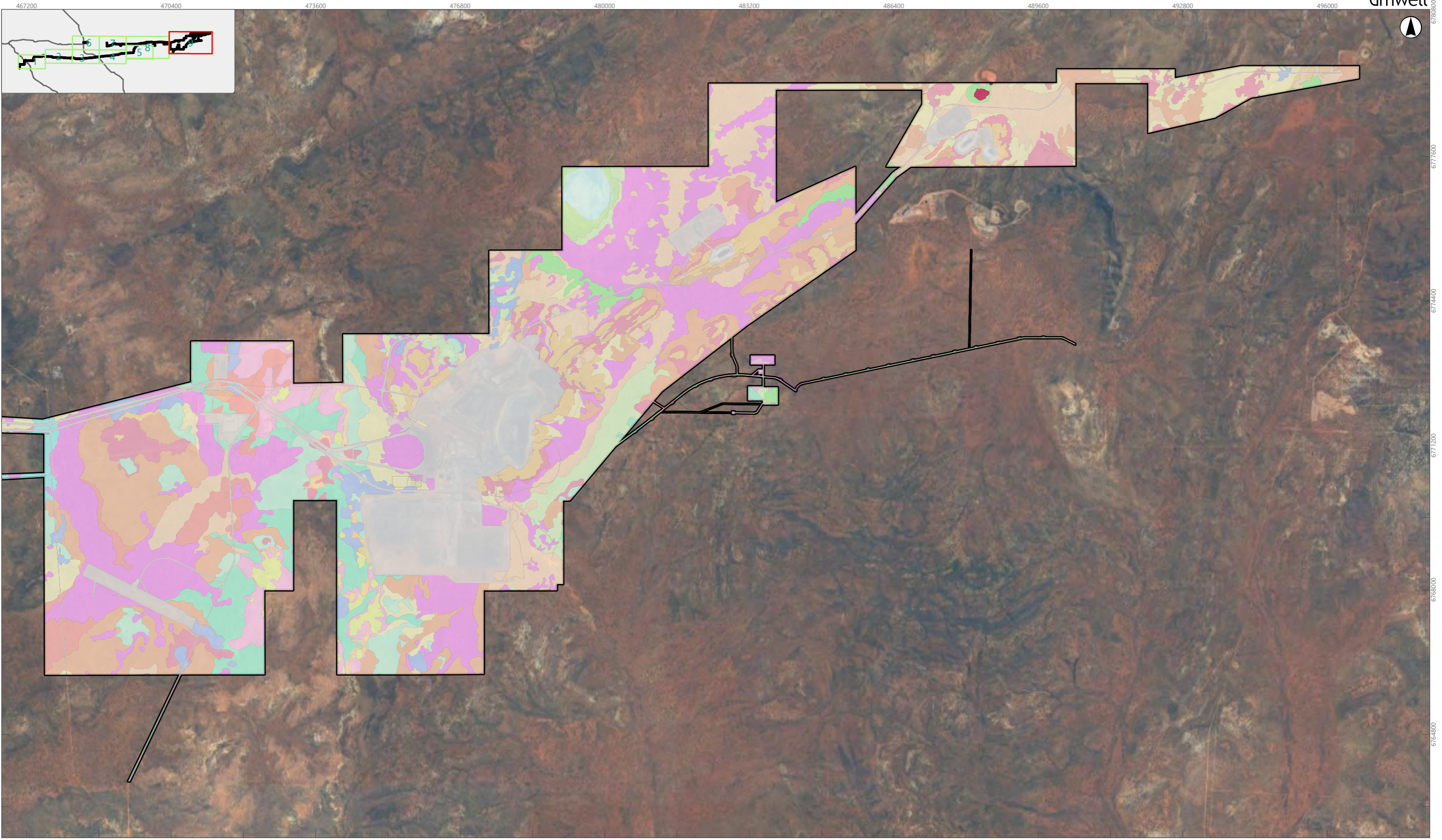


FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of
the Survey Area
Sheet 8



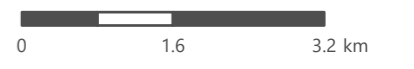


Scale: 1:80,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Type	G	R
A	H	S	
B	J	T	
C	K	U	
D	O	CP	
E	P	CL	
F	Q		

FIGURE 5.7
Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 9



Vegetation Type

 A	Tall sparse shrubland to isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuminata</i> / <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> and/or <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Thryptomene costata</i> and <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> , over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> , <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Eremophila ericalyx</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Schoenia cassiniana</i> , <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , on red-brown clay loam, sometimes with granite surface stones, on plains and gentle slopes
 B	Low open forbland of <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and other species including <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i> , <i>Calotis hispidula</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , in pockets of red clayey sand on and immediately adjacent to granite sheet outcropping
 C	Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over occasional tall isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i> , <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , and/or <i>Acacia colletioides</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> , over low open tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i> , <i>Helipterum craspedioides</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , on red clayey sand or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
 D	Occasional low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , <i>Callitris columellaris</i> , and/or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia humilis</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown sandy clay loam, sometimes with occasional ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
 E	Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> and <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Maireana planifolia</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260), over low isolated clumps of grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> , <i>Calotis multicaulis</i> and <i>Panaetia lessonii</i> , on red clay loam, usually with ironstone, granite and/or quartz surface stones, on undulating plains and flats
 F	Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia burkittii</i> and <i>Thryptomene costata</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i> , over low sparse shrubland of <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> , <i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i> and <i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam, sometimes with small amounts of granite outcropping and granite surface stones, on simple slopes and plains
 G	Mid to low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and occasionally <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> , <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over an occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210), <i>Scaevola spinescens</i> and/or <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Maireana georgei</i> , <i>Maireana carnosa</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, usually with ironstone and/or granite and/or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
 H	Occasional low open woodland to isolated trees of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> , <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , over tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia obtecta</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> and <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Acacia exocarpoides</i> , over occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species dominated by <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> and <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> and occasionally <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i> , on red-brown clay loam, with occasional ironstone surface stones, on flats and plains
 I	Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus horistes</i> and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over tall open shrubland of <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acutaria</i> and <i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i> , over mid sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated forbs of mixed species including <i>Goodenia rosea</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i> , <i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i> and <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> , on red sandy clay, on plains and low rises
 J	Occasional tall to mid isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia obtecta</i> , <i>Duma florulenta</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila glabra</i> , over low sparse shrubland of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Corchorus</i> sp., over mid open to sparse samphire shrubland of <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Maireana carnosa</i> , <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> , <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Atriplex semilunaris</i> and <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , on brown or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, in saline claypans
 K	Occasional low woodland to open woodland of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> , <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i> , <i>Acacia erinacea</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila pantonii</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna stowardii</i> , <i>Scaevola spinescens</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Maireana thesioides</i> , <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Maireana marginata</i> , on red-brown silty clay loam or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone surface stones, on plains
 L	Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> and occasionally <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i> , <i>Acacia ermaea</i> and <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> , <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i> , <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> and <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i> , <i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i> and <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , on slightly saline brown sandy clay, on flats and lower slopes
 M	Occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Lawrencina squamata</i> and <i>Frankenia pauciflora</i> , over low open to sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species including <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i> , <i>Tecticornia loriae</i> , <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4' and <i>Tecticornia peltata</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> , <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i> , <i>Maireana glomerifolia</i> and <i>Maireana atkinsiana</i> , over isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i> , <i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i> , <i>Stenopetalum salicola</i> , <i>Lawrencina squamata</i> , <i>Siemssenia capillaris</i> and <i>Cotula cotuloides</i> , on brown or orange sandy clay, in saline depressions

FIGURE 5.7

LEGEND: Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

Vegetation Type

N	Low sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species, including <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> , <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU), <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU), and occasionally <i>Tecticornia peltata</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Triglochin mucronata</i> , <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i> , <i>Cotula cotuloides</i> , <i>*Parapholis incurva</i> and <i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i> , on grey-brown or brown sandy clay, in saline depressions
O	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i> , <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> , and/or <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i> , <i>Philotheca sericea</i> , <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>aspera</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> , over low isolated shrubs of <i>Xanthosia kochii</i> , <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260) and <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> , <i>Podolepis lessonii</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i> , on red-brown silty loam or silty clay loam with ironstone, BIF or granite stones, and sometimes with ironstone, BIF or granite outcropping, on slopes and crests
P	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i> , over mid shrubland to open shrubland dominated by <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and occasionally with <i>Philotheca sericea</i> , <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and/or <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i> , over occasional low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Xanthosia kochii</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Trachymene ornata</i> , <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, and occasionally with ironstone or BIF outcropping, on lower to upper slopes
Q	Occasional low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia sibina</i> , and occasionally <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i> , <i>Acacia longispinea</i> and <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , over occasional mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over low isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> , <i>Cryptandra imbricata</i> , <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i> and <i>Enekbatus stowardii</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> and occasionally <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i> and <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , on brown or red clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone surface stones, on lower slopes, plains and flats
R	Occasional low open woodland of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia incognita</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i> , over mid sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i> , <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> , over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> , <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> , and occasionally <i>Chamaelucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181) and <i>Olearia humilis</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam with ironstone and sometimes quartz surface stones, on plains and simple slopes
S	Tall sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over mid shrubland to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> , <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i> , <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> and <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i> , <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> , <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and <i>Grevillea pityophylla</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and/or <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Goodenia rosea</i> , <i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i> and <i>Podolepis lessonii</i> , on red or brown clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, on flats, plains and slopes
T	Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia acuminata</i> and <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> , <i>Philotheca glabra</i> , <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i> , <i>Darwinia capitella</i> and <i>Malleostemon roseus</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse sedgeland of <i>Ecdiocola monostachya</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i> , <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i> , on orange, brown or red sandy loam or sandy clay loam, occasionally with ironstone and quartz surface stones, on plains and flats
U	Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or tall shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Maireana thesioides</i> , <i>Maireana carnosa</i> , <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> and <i>Maireana georgei</i> , on red-brown silty clay loam, occasionally with calcrete stones, in drainage depressions and on the edges of saline claypans
V	Tall open shrubland to shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i> and occasionally <i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over mid open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> , <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i> , <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i> , occasionally over low isolated shrubs of <i>Solanum cleistogamum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , over low open forbland dominated by <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , on red or brown silty soil with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes
W	Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i> , <i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i> , on red-brown silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on low to mid slopes
X	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> , over tall shrubland dominated by <i>Senna charlesiana</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i> , <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Melaleuca cordata</i> , over mid to low open to sparse shrubland of <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Hakea multilineaata</i> , <i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , on red-brown silty loam with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes
Y	Low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> , over tall open shrubland of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i> , <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i> and occasionally <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , over occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i> and <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , on red, brown or orange loam or silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on plains and lower slopes

FIGURE 5.7

LEGEND: Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

Vegetation Type

Z	Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> and occasionally <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supraevis</i> , over tall open shrubland of <i>Acacia anthochaera</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Bursaria occidentalis</i> , over low open chenopod shrubland of <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i> , <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Maireana ?planifolia</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , on red-brown sandy loam, on flats and plains
AA	Occasional low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supraevis</i> , over tall closed shrubland to open shrubland of <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> with <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> and/or <i>Hakea scoparia</i> , over mid open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2), <i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i> and <i>Solanum ellipticum</i> , on rocky brown clay-silt with heavy quartz, on slopes
HMVT A	Low open chenopod shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> and <i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> and occasionally <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> , over low forbland of <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , on saline red-brown sandy loam on flats
HMVT B	Low open woodland to isolated trees of <i>Eucalyptus arcata</i> , over tall shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i> , <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> , <i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i> and <i>Acacia prairii</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of <i>Acacia dielsii</i> and <i>Grevillea extorris</i> , over low open sedgeland of <i>Ecdiocollea monostachya</i> , on yellow sand on flats
HMVT C	Tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia anthochaera</i> , <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia ?inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i> and <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i> , over low open chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> , <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , <i>Salsola australis</i> and <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Aristida ?contorta</i> , <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Austrostipa nodosa</i> , on slightly saline red sand on flats
HMVT D	Mid forest to low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i> , over tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Hakea preissii</i> , <i>Acacia rostelifera</i> and/or <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , over occasional low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , <i>Salsola australis</i> , <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> and <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , over low tussock grassland of mixed species including <i>*Avena barbata</i> , <i>*Ehrharta calycina</i> , <i>*Cynodon dactylon</i> and <i>*Bromus diandrus</i> , on red-brown sandy clay loam, on drainage lines and flats
HMVT E	Mid to low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i> , over tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia aestivalis</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over low isolated chenopod shrubs of <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i> and <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , over low open tussock grassland dominated by <i>*Avena barbata</i> and <i>*Bromus diandrus</i> , on red sandy loam or clay loam, on lower to upper slopes
HMVT F	Mid open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of <i>Acacia colletioides</i> and <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , over low open to sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , <i>Atriplex semibaccata</i> and <i>Salsola australis</i> , over low open tussock grassland dominated by <i>*Avena barbata</i> , <i>*Bromus diandrus</i> , <i>*Lolium ?rigidum</i> and <i>*Hordeum ?glaucum</i> , on red loamy clay on lower slopes
HMVT G	Mid isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over mid to low closed tussock grassland and forbland of agricultural weeds, on red-brown loam on gently undulating plains
CP	Occasional low open forbland of <i>Myriophyllum decussatum</i> on red clay in claypans. Bare clay that is completely devoid of vegetation when dry. It periodically fills with water, and in the subsequent weeks while water is still present (or when the clay is still waterlogged), <i>Myriophyllum decussatum</i> is present.
PL	Planted trees and shrubs, predominately <i>Eucalyptus</i> spp., on plains in pasture and road verges
Water	Water in salt lakes and clay pans
CL	Land cleared for roads, infrastructure and agriculture. May contain occasional isolated native or introduced plants.

FIGURE 5.7
LEGEND: Overview of Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

5.2.7 Comparison of Current Survey VTs to Previous Studies

5.2.7.1 Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment

The quadrat clustering from the classification analyses conducted as part of the Karara–Mungada Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2008d) and the 2020 Assessment (Umwelt, 2021) were generally maintained in the current analysis classification. However, there was migration of a small number of quadrats from their original cluster positions to other clusters in the current analysis classification. Many quadrats from the Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs and 2020 Assessment VUs that migrated in the current analysis contain high proportions of taxa that were common throughout the Survey Area.

Some quadrats that classified on the outer fringes of clusters in the previous dendrograms (i.e. those that were least similar to other quadrats in the cluster) migrated to new clusters. This was to be expected given the addition of new quadrat data in the current classification analysis, resulting in a re-definition of relationships between quadrats. In addition, there have been a number of taxonomic changes that relate to taxa in the area since both previous analyses, necessitating changes to the original quadrat data. The migration of quadrats between clusters may also have been a result of quadrat positioning with respect to community boundaries, where edge effects (ecotones) influenced the species composition of the quadrat. In addition, quadrats located on sites with characteristics that do not support the full complement of indicator species for a given VT would be expected to migrate more readily. For example, quadrats established on small outcrops may not contain all indicator species typical of larger landforms with more extensive outcropping.

It is important to note that the original quadrat groupings that formed the basis of the original 2020 VUs and KM FCTs are not maintained in the current analysis dendrogram. A changing of relationship between quadrats from the analysis originally conducted for these prior assessments is to be expected due to addition of new data to the dataset as well as taxonomic changes relating to taxa in the area necessitating changes to the original quadrat data. As a result, there is inherent ambiguity in inferences made from examination of the dendrogram alone.

A comparison of the Survey Area VTs with the Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs ('KM FCT') and 2020 Assessment VUs ('2020 VUs') is presented in **Table 5.14** (remnant vegetation only; i.e. excluding areas mapped as PL, Water and CL). These comparisons have been informed by the FCTs/VUs that contributed the predominant number or proportion of quadrats to the VT, as well as comparison of mapping boundaries of the Survey Area VTs with those from the previous assessments, and consideration of landform and geology characteristics. Previous allocations of quadrats in these two assessments ('KM FCT' and '2020 VUs') are also delineated in the dendrogram in **Appendix I**. Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs and 2020 Assessment VUs in **Table 5.14** have been underlined where those FCTs/VUs were considered by these previous assessments to potentially be of regional significance (conservation significance ranking of 4 or 5 in the case of Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs (Woodman Environmental, 2008d)).

A total of 19 Survey Area VTs have no potentially equivalent Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs or 2020 Assessment VUs given the VTs occur well outside the study areas of those previous two assessments. However, 15 Survey Area VTs have potentially equivalent Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs or 2020 Assessment VUs based on the classification analysis results, and comparison of landform, geology, species composition and mapped extents. Potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs could not be found for two Survey Area VTs; VT B on granite sheet outcropping was mapped as parts of other granitic FCTs/VUs instead of being considered a discrete vegetation community in the earlier assessments, while VT H may not have an equivalent FCT or VU due to the migration of quadrats in the current assessment’s classification dendrogram (Table 5.14).

Table 5.14 Comparison of Survey Area VTs to those Described and Mapped for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
A	5a	17, 18	VT A included two quadrats that also represent KM FCT 5a, and two each from 2020 VUs 17 and 18. The mapping boundaries and compositions of the FCTs and VUs broadly match those of VT A, although some areas mapped as VU 17 are now represented by VT F, and most of VU 18 was mapped outside the current Survey Area.
B	-	-	No quadrats that form VT B were assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment. The area mapped as VT B mostly occurs west of the area assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment, however a small part was mapped as KM FCT 5a. This FCT comprises areas underlain by granite, rather than areas of granite sheet outcropping. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent KM FCTs for VT B, as the sampling for the Karara–Mungada Assessment was insufficient to capture this VT. VT B included one quadrat representing 2020 VU 17; this VU includes areas with ‘occasional granite outcropping’. However, the boundaries of VU 17 broadly encompass areas mapped as VT A or VT F, so the sampling for the 2020 Assessment was similarly insufficient to capture this VT.
C	6	<u>11</u>	One quadrat representing VT C also represents KM FCT 6 and 2020 VU 11; however, this quadrat (GIND-51) was manually allocated to VT C. Quadrat GIND-51 was the only quadrat representing KM FCT 6 and 2020 VU 11. There is some similarity between the floristic composition of VT C as whole, and KM FCT 6 / 2020 VU 11. It is worthy of note that the area mapped as VT C within which GIND-51 occurs is very small, and disjunct from all other mapped occurrences of VT C. These occurrences are west of the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment.
D	1b	1, 10	A total of eight and five quadrats representing VT D also represent KM FCTs 1b and 3, respectively, and ten and four quadrats also represent 2020 VUs 1 and 10, respectively. The mapping boundaries and compositions of the FCT 1a and VUs 1 and 10 broadly match those of VT D, while FCT 3 is a better match for VT G. The previous studies recognised the forms of VT D with and without the upper tree stratum as separate communities, while in the current assessment they are considered variants of VT D.

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
E	-	<u>16</u>	<p>No quadrats that form VT E were assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment. The area mapped as VT E mostly occurs west of the area assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment, however the eastern-most parts of VT E were mapped variously as KM FCT 3, 5a and 16. Review of floristic and geological information for these FCTs indicates relatively low similarity to each of the FCTs, so it is likely that the VT E has no potentially equivalent KM FCT due to it occurring predominately outside the area assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment.</p> <p>One quadrat representing VT E also represents 2020 VU 16. The mapped boundaries and composition of this VU generally correlate well with those of VT E, where the current Survey Area and the 2020 Assessment study area intersects.</p>
F	5b	3, 17	<p>One quadrat representing VT F also represents KM FCT 5b, and the mapped boundaries of this FCT and VT correlate well in the disjunct, eastern-most occurrence of the VT. Only very small slivers of VT F intersect the area assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment at its western edge, where further west near the camp, TSF and airstrip, large areas have been mapped as VT F. Therefore, VT F may have some similarity to KM FCT 5b, but it is likely that the Karara–Mungada Assessment did not sample this VT sufficiently due to its main distribution occurring outside the study area for that assessment.</p> <p>A total of three, one and one quadrats representing VT F also represent 2020 VUs 17, 3 and 16, respectively. The mapped boundaries and composition of VUs 3 and 17 generally correlate well with those of VT F, with the exception of the granite sheet outcropping areas within VU 17 that have been mapped by this current assessment as VT B. The areas mapped as VU 16 are generally represented by VT E.</p>
G	1a and mosaics of 1a/2, 3	2, 5, 6, <u>8</u> , 14	<p>Multiple quadrats representing VT G also represent KM FCTs 1a and 2. There is some overlap in the mapped boundaries of KM FCTs 2 and VU G, but the majority of this vegetation has been mapped by this current assessment as VT K. The Karara–Mungada Assessment mapped large areas as mosaics of KM FCTs 1a and 2, and while most of this has been mapped as VT G, some areas have instead been mapped as VT D, H or K. Their composition and geology and landform characteristics of VT G and KM FCT 1a are highly similar. Finally, while no quadrats that represent KM FCT 3 grouped with VT G quadrats, the composition and boundaries of FCT 3 are a good match for VT G.</p> <p>Multiple quadrats representing VT G also represent 2020 VUs 2, 5, 6, and 14. The mapped boundaries and compositions of VT G and these VUs generally correlate well, although some areas of VU 5 have been mapped by this current assessment as VT D, and some of VU 2 as VT K. Finally, while no quadrats that represent 2020 VU 8 were included in the current analysis, but the composition and mapping boundaries are a good match for VT G.</p>

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
H	-	-	The quadrats representing this VT include those that also represent a variety of KM FCTs and 2020 VUs. No one FCT or VU was represented more than once. The mapped areas of VT H overlap vegetation previously mapped as KM FCTs 1a, 1a/2 mosaic, 5a, 5b; and 2020 VUs 1, 2, 5, 10, 17 and 18. Therefore, VT H may not have an equivalent KM FCT or 2020 VU due to the migration of quadrats in the current assessment's classification dendrogram.
I	-	-	This Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
J	7a, 7d	<u>7</u>	The two quadrats forming VT J also represent KM FCT 7a and 2020 VU 7. The mapping boundaries and compositions of the FCTs and VUs are a good match to those of VT J. No quadrats that represent KM FCT 7d were included in the current analysis, but the composition and mapping boundaries are also a good match for VT J.
K	2	2, 4	VT K included three quadrats that also represent VT KM FCT 2, and two from 2020 VU 4. The mapping boundaries and compositions of the FCTs and VUs are a good match to those of VT K. As discussed for VT G, there is also similarity between the composition of 2020 VU 2 and VT K. One quadrat forming part of VT K is also representative of VU 2, and some areas mapped as VU 2 have been mapped by this current assessment as VT K.
L	-	-	This Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
M	-	-	This Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
N	-	-	This Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
O	<u>8, 9, 10a, 10b, 13, 14</u>	<u>19, 21, 23, 24, 28</u>	The quadrats representing VT O include multiple that also represent KM FCTs 3, 8, 13 and 14, as well as one each from FCTs 4, 10a, 10b. The mapping boundaries and compositions of FCTs 8, 10a, 10b, 13 and 14 are a good match to those of VT O, while KM FCT 3 is better represented by VT D, and FCT 4 by VT P. No quadrats that represent KM FCT 9 were included in the current analysis, but the composition and mapping boundaries are also a good match for VT O. Multiple quadrats representing VT O also represent 2020 VUs 19, 23, 24, 27 and 28. The mapped boundaries and compositions of VT O and VUs 19, 23, 24 and 28 generally correlate well, while VU 27 is a better match for VT R. Finally, one quadrat representing 2020 VU 21 is also representative of VT K (GINM-01); however, as a whole, VU 21 correlates better with VT O than K, with only the area sampled by GINM-01 being representative of VT K.

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
P	<u>4, 11, 12</u> , some parts of 15 and mosaics of 15/16/17	<u>25, 26</u> , 31	<p>A total of five quadrats representing VT P also represent KM FCT 12, while one quadrat each also represent FCTs 11, 13 and 15. As discussed for VT O, KM FCT 13 is a better match for that VT. The mapped boundaries and composition of FCT 11 generally correlate well with those of VT P, while FCT 15 was mapped much more widely than VT P, including as mosaics of FCTs 15, 16 and 17; these areas were variously mapped by this current assessment as VTs P, Q, R, and less commonly VTs E and G. No quadrats that represent KM FCTs 4 or 12 were included in the VT P grouping, but the compositions and mapping boundaries of these FCTs are also a good match for VT P.</p> <p>The quadrats representing VT O include multiple that also represent 2020 VUs 26, 28, and one each from 10, 25, 29 and 31. As discussed above, VU 10 is better represented by VT G, VU 28 by VT O, and VU 29 is better represented by VT R. Comparison of compositions and mapping boundaries of 2020 VUs 25, 26 and 31 with VT P show broad correlations.</p>
Q	16 and mosaics of 15/16/17	30	<p>VT Q included five quadrats that also represent KM FCT 16, and nine from 2020 VU 30. The mapping boundaries and compositions of the FCTs and VUs broadly match those of VT Q, although as discussed above, the Karara–Mungada Assessment also mapped areas as mosaics of KM FCTs 15, 16 and 17, parts of which correlate with areas mapped as VT Q.</p>
R	-	<u>27</u> , 29	<p>Two VT R quadrats also represent KM FCTs; one quadrat each for FCTs 3 and 15. As discussed above, FCT 3 is a better match for VT G, however while the composition of FCT 15 and VT R share some common taxa, the mapped areas of KM FCT 15 overlap vegetation mapped by the current assessment as various VTs including VT P, Q, R, S, and less commonly A. Therefore, VT R may not have an equivalent KM FCT due to the migration of quadrats in the current assessment’s classification dendrogram.</p> <p>A total of three, two and one quadrat representing 2020 VUs 29, 27 and 10 also represent VT R. As previously discussed, VU 10 is better representative of VT D, however the compositions and boundaries of FCTs 27 and 29 broadly correlate with those of VT R.</p>
S	15	32	<p>VT S included one quadrat that also represents KM FCT 15, and three from 2020 VU 32. The composition of VT S and FCT 15 are similar, and while the mapped extents of the VT and FCT broadly correlate in the western part of the Karara Area, in the eastern part of the Karara Area FCT 15 is better represented by VTs P and Q.</p> <p>The compositions and mapped boundaries of 2020 VU 32 and VT S generally correlate well.</p>
T	-	-	<p>This Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.</p>
U	7c	<u>12</u>	<p>This vegetation community was not sampled by quadrats in the Survey Area (representative quadrats located 500 m outside the Survey Area), but the composition and boundaries of VT U correspond to those of KM FCTs 7c and 2020 VUs 12.</p>

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
V	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
W	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
X	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
Y	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
Z	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs/
AA	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT A	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT B	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT C	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT D	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent KM FCT(s)*	Potentially Equivalent 2020 VU(s)*	Comments
HMVT E	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT F	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
HMVT G	-	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats and was therefore not included in the classification analysis. However, this Survey Area VT was mapped well outside the areas assessed for the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment, and therefore there are no potentially equivalent FCTs/VUs.
CP	Claypan	Claypan	This vegetation community was not sampled by quadrats, but the composition and boundaries of VT CP match the areas described as ‘Claypan’ by both the Karara–Mungada Assessment and 2020 Assessment.

* Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs and 2020 Assessment VUs have been underlined where those FCTs/VUs were considered by these previous assessments to potentially be of regional significance (conservation significance ranking of 4 or 5 in the case of Karara–Mungada Assessment FCTs).

5.2.7.2 Regional Mapping Assessment

As described in **Section 3.6.2**, an additional floristic analysis was undertaken to assess possible relationships and similarities between Survey Area VTs with the regional FCTs described by the Regional Mapping Assessment (Woodman Environmental, 2012). The aim of this analysis was to determine the potential regional distribution and significance of Survey Area VTs. Additionally, taxon lists of quadrats from the current analysis were also compared to the typical and common taxa lists for Regional FCTs, as well as soils, topography and geographical distribution data from both assessments. The resultant dendrogram is presented in **Appendix M**, and **Table 5.15** presents an overall summary of the results of this process (for remnant vegetation only; i.e. excluding areas mapped as PL, Water and CL). Regional FCTs in **Table 5.15** have been underlined where those FCTs were considered by the Regional Mapping Assessment to potentially be of significance.

With the addition of quadrat data from the current survey to the Regional Mapping Assessment dataset, there was significant migration of quadrats from their original cluster positions. As discussed in the previous section, this is to be expected, especially considering the Regional Mapping dataset has a significantly larger number of quadrats than the current survey dataset, and taxonomic changes that have occurred that necessitated changes to the original quadrat data. In addition, the Regional Mapping Assessment defined and described FCTs at a higher-level regional scale in comparison to that presented in this report for the Survey Area. As a result, multiple VTs have shown similarity to several Regional FCTs; in addition, many VTs have shown similarity to more than one Regional FCT (**Table 5.15**).

A total of 19 Survey Area VTs have no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs given the VTs occur well outside the study area of the Regional Mapping Assessment. However, the remaining 16 VTs were able to be assigned one or more potentially equivalent Regional FCTs, following review of the classification analysis results, and landform, geology, species composition and mapped extents.

Table 5.15 Comparison of Survey Area VTs to those Described and Mapped for the Regional Mapping Assessment

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent Regional FCT(s)*	Comments
A	32; 29, 31	Quadrats from VT A showed greatest similarity to Regional FCT 32 quadrats, with similarity also to quadrats from Regional FCTs 29 and 31
B	<u>16</u>	Quadrats from VT B classified with the single quadrat representing Regional FCT 16, which also occurs on granite sheet outcropping
C	24; <u>21b</u>	Quadrats from VT C showed greatest similarity to Regional FCT 24 quadrats, and to a lesser extent Regional FCTs 21b and 23, although the latter is better represented by VT E
D	25, 26, 27	Quadrats from VT D classified with quadrats from a variety of Regional FCT, but mostly those from FCTs 25, 26 and 27
E	23; <u>28</u>	Quadrats from VT E were scattered throughout the dendrogram but predominately classified with Regional FCT 23 quadrats throughout. Based on review of species lists, mapping boundaries, and landform and geology characteristics, VT E may also have some lesser similarity to Regional FCT 28
F	32, 23	Quadrats from VT F were somewhat split across the dendrogram, with some classifying with Regional FCT 32 quadrats, and the remainder showing similarity to Regional FCT 23 quadrats, and to a lesser extent Regional FCT 26
G	19a; 15	Quadrats from VT G generally showed high similarity to Regional FCT 19a quadrats. In addition, the area mapped as Regional FCT 15 in the Survey Area corresponds to that mapped as VT G by this current assessment, as well as the species composition and landform characteristics
H	24, 25, 26, 27	Quadrats from VT H were scattered throughout the dendrogram and classified with quadrats from Regional FCTs 24, 25, 26 and 27
I	-	VT I was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. The single quadrat from VT I classified in a small cluster, with two of three quadrats representing Regional FCT 15. However, there was little similarity in the species compositions of this VT and FCT. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
J	<u>19b</u>	The two VT J quadrats classified in a small cluster with quadrats from the Regional FCT 19 group. The VT J quadrats also represent Regional FCT 19b
K	<u>19a</u> ; 21a	Quadrats from VT K generally showed high similarity to Regional FCT 19a quadrats, and to a lesser extent FCT 21a
L	-	VT L was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. The quadrats from VT L classified in cluster consisting only of quadrats newly established for the 2023 and 2024 survey in the area near and west of Weelhamby Lake (VTs L, M and N). Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent Regional FCT(s)*	Comments
M	-	VT M was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. The quadrats from VT M classified in cluster consisting only of quadrats newly established for the 2023 and 2024 survey in the area near and west of Weelhamby Lake (VTs L, M and N). Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
N	-	VT N was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. The quadrats from VT N classified in cluster consisting only of quadrats newly established for the 2023 and 2024 survey in the area near and west of Weelhamby Lake (VTs L, M and N). Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
O	<u>1, 2, 3, 4, 12</u>	Quadrats from VT O were scattered throughout a large cluster in the dendrogram, but predominately classified with quadrats from Regional FCTs 1, 2, 3, 4, with some lesser similarity to FCT 12
P	<u>10; 6, 8</u>	Quadrats from VT P showed greatest similarity to Regional FCT 10 quadrats, and a lesser extent FCTs 6 and 8, with similarity also to quadrats from Regional FCT 2
Q	7, 9; 13	Quadrats from VT P showed greatest similarity to Regional FCT 7 and 9 quadrats, with some lesser similarity to FCT 13
R	-	Quadrats from VT R were scattered throughout the dendrogram and classified with quadrats from Regional FCTs 7, 17, 18, 23, 26, and to a lesser extent FCTs 2 and 11. It is possible that VT R may not have an equivalent Regional FCT due to the migration of quadrats in the classification dendrogram
S	11	Quadrats from VT S showed greatest similarity to Regional FCT 11 quadrats, and to a lesser extent Regional FCT 23
T	-	The eastern extent of VT T corresponds to the western edge of the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. All 10 quadrats from VT T were newly established for the 2023 and 2024 survey. Seven of these classified in a group together, and the remaining three showed some similarity to Regional FCT 9, but further review identified low correlation between the species compositions of VT T and FCT 9. It is likely that there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
U	<u>19d</u>	VT U was not sampled by quadrats in the Survey Area (representative quadrat GIND-79 located 500 m outside the Survey Area, within the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment). Quadrat GIND-79 is also representative of Regional FCT 19d, and the composition and boundaries of VT U correspond to those of this FCT
V	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
W	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
X	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs

Current Survey VT	Potentially Equivalent Regional FCT(s)*	Comments
Y	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
Z	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
AA	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT A	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT B	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT C	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT D	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT E	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT F	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
HMVT G	-	This VT was not sampled by quadrats, and was therefore not included in the classification analysis with the Regional Mapping dataset. The VT was mapped well outside the area assessed for the Regional Mapping Assessment. Therefore, there are no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs
CP	<u>33</u>	This vegetation community was not sampled by quadrats (by the current assessment or the Regional Mapping Assessment). However, the composition and boundaries of VT CP match the areas mapped as Regional FCT 33

* Regional FCTs have been underlined where those FCTs were considered by the Regional Mapping Assessment to potentially be of significance.

5.2.7.3 State Soil Landscape and Pre-European Vegetation System Associations

A review was undertaken of DPIRD soil landscape mapping and Pre-European VSAs against Survey Area VTs. This was done with consideration to the soil unit and VSA descriptions, and mapped extents. The soil landscape units and VSAs that potentially correspond to Survey Area VTs are presented in **Table 5.16**. Note that due to the differing mapping scales, the majority of VTs correspond to more than one soil landscape unit/VSA, and most soil landscape units/VSAs correspond to more than one VT. Although four VTs corresponded to few soil landscape units and VSAs (VTs J, M, Z and AA), only VT AA corresponded to a landscape unit and a VSA which were both poorly represented in the Survey Area (Mt Nunn Subsystem1 soil landscape unit; Billeranga_692 VSA) (**Table 5.16**).

Table 5.16 Soil Landscape Units and Pre-European Vegetation System Associations Potentially Corresponding to Survey Area VTs

Survey Area VT	Soil Landscape Unit	Pre-European Vegetation System Association
A	Bowgarder System	Jibberding_352
	Challenge System	Jibberding_374
	Euchre System	Jibberding_420
	Joseph System	Jibberding_551
	Koolanooka 1 Subsystem	Perenjori_352
	Moriarty System	Perenjori_1155
	Nerramyne System	Yalgoo_358
	Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2	Yalgoo_363
	Pindar A System	Yalgoo_364
	Pindar South Subsystem 4	Yalgoo_419
	Tealtoo System	Yalgoo_420
	Yowie System	
B	Challenge System	Yalgoo_358
	Nerramyne System	Yalgoo_364
		Yalgoo_419
C	Challenge System	Yalgoo_358
	Joseph System	Yalgoo_363
	Pindar A System	Yalgoo_364
		Yalgoo_419
D	Campsite System	Jibberding_374
	Challenge System	Jibberding_631
	Cunyu System	Yalgoo_41
	Doney System	Yalgoo_355
	Euchre System	Yalgoo_358
	Joseph System	Yalgoo_363
	Moriarty System	Yalgoo_364
	Nerramyne System	Yalgoo_419
	Pindar A System	Yalgoo_420
	Tealtoo System	
	Yowie System	

Survey Area VT	Soil Landscape Unit	Pre-European Vegetation System Association
E	Campsite System Challenge System Graves System Joseph System Moriarty System Nerramyne System Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2 Pindar A System Pindar South Subsystem 4 Tealtoo System Yowie System	Jibberding_352 Jibberding_374 Jibberding_420 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420
F	Challenge System Nerramyne System Pindar A System Tealtoo System	Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420
G	Campsite System Challenge System Doney System Joseph System Morawa 1 Subsystem Moriarty System Nerramyne System Noolagabbi 1 Subsystem Noolagabbi 7 Subsystem Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2 Noolagabbi East Subsystem 7 Pindar A System Pindar South Subsystem 4 Tealtoo System Yowie System	Jibberding_352 Jibberding_374 Jibberding_420 Jibberding_437 Perenjori_352 Perenjori_693 Perenjori_1155 Yalgoo_355 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420 Yarra Yarra_142
H	Moriarty System Pindar A System Tealtoo System	Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_420
I	Noolagabbi 1 Subsystem Noolagabbi 7 Subsystem Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2 Pindar South Subsystem 4	Jibberding_352 Jibberding_420 Perenjori_352 Perenjori_631
J	Carnegie System	Yalgoo_41 Yalgoo_125
K	Campsite System Moriarty System Pindar A System Tealtoo System	Yalgoo_355 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363

Survey Area VT	Soil Landscape Unit	Pre-European Vegetation System Association
L	Carnegie System Noolagabbi 7 Subsystem Saline Drainage 2 Subsystem Saline Drainage System	Perenjori_631 Yalgoo_364 Yarra Yarra_142
M	Carnegie System	Jibberding_631
N	Carnegie System Saline Drainage 2 Subsystem Saline Drainage System	Jibberding_631 Perenjori_631
O	Euchre System Moriarty System Nerramyne System Tallering System Tealtoo System	Jibberding_374 Jibberding_437 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420
P	Joseph System Moriarty System Nerramyne System Tallering System Tealtoo System	Jibberding_420 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420
Q	Challenge System Euchre System Joseph System Morawa 1 Subsystem Nerramyne System Pindar A System Tallering System Tealtoo System Yowie System	Jibberding_374 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420 Yarra Yarra_142
R	Challenge System Euchre System Joseph System Nerramyne System Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2 Pindar A System Pindar South Subsystem 4 Tallering System Tealtoo System Yowie System	Jibberding_420 Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420

Survey Area VT	Soil Landscape Unit	Pre-European Vegetation System Association
S	Challenge System Euchre System Graves System Joseph System Moriarty System Nerramyne System Tealtoo System	Yalgoo_358 Yalgoo_363 Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419
T	Challenge System Joseph System	Yalgoo_364 Yalgoo_419 Yalgoo_420
U	Carnegie System Doney System	Yalgoo_41 Yalgoo_125
V	Koolanooka 1 Subsystem Koolanooka 2 Subsystem	Perenjori_693 Perenjori_1155
W	Koolanooka 2 Subsystem Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2	Perenjori_693 Perenjori_1155
X	Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2	Perenjori_693
Y	Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2 Pindar South Subsystem 1	Perenjori_352
Z	Noolagabbi East Subsystem 2	Perenjori_352
AA	Mount Nunn 1 Subsystem	Billieranga_692
HMVT A	Noolagabbi Saline Drainage, Phase 2	Occurs within Perenjori_352, but the species composition does not reflect that of the VSA; this HMVT was likely defined and mapped at too small a scale to be captured by the Pre-European mapping
HMVT B	Morawa 1 Subsystem	Perenjori_551
HMVT C	Noolagabbi 1 Subsystem	Perenjori_352
HMVT D	Mount Scratch 1 Subsystem Mount Scratch 3 Subsystem Yandanooka 1 Subsystem	Mingenew_354
HMVT E	Mount Scratch 2 Subsystem Mount Scratch 3 Subsystem Yandanooka 2 Subsystem Yandanooka 3 Subsystem	Mingenew_354
HMVT F	Mount Budd 3 Subsystem Mount Scratch 3 Subsystem Yandanooka 2 Subsystem Yandanooka 3 Subsystem	Mingenew_354
HMVT G	Mount Scratch 1 Subsystem Saline Drainage System	Mingenew_354 Perenjori_631
CP	Pindar A System	Yalgoo_363
Water	NA	NA
PL	NA	NA

5.2.8 Listed Significant Vegetation

Four listed significant vegetation communities are considered to be present in the Survey Area, as summarised in **Table 5.17** and presented in **Figure 5.8**. These communities are discussed in further detail in the following sections. No other formally listed TECs or PECs are considered to be present in the Survey Area (discussed further in **Section 5.2.9**).

Table 5.17 Summary of Significant Vegetation Communities of the Survey Area

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCAs Description*	Area (ha) and Condition		Location	VTs within Community
				Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area		
Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	-	E: 752.0 VG: 18.4 Total: 770.4	E: 98.2 VG: - Total: 98.2	Karara Area	O, P, Q, R
Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt	PEC (P3)	TEC (CR)	<p>This community occurs in the IBRA Avon Wheatbelt 1 and 2 and Western Mallee subregions. It also includes outlying patches in the eastern parts of JAF01 Northern Jarrah Forests and JAF02 Jarrah Forests adjacent to the Avon Wheatbelt, that are off the Darling Range, and receive less than 600 mm mean annual rainfall.</p> <p>The structure of the ecological community is a woodland in which the minimum crown cover of the tree canopy in a mature woodland is 10 %. The key dominant or co-dominant species of the tree canopy are species of <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees that typically have a single trunk. Native understorey is present but is of variable composition, being a combination of grasses, other herbs and shrubs.</p> <p>The description, area and condition thresholds that apply to the EPBC-listed TEC of the same name, also apply to this PEC.</p>	CD: 1.6 Total: 1.6	CD: 1.6 Total: 1.6	Borefield Corridor	HMVT D, HMVT E, HMVT F

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	DBCAs Description*	Area (ha) and Condition		Location	VTs within Community
				Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area		
Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	<p>This community is known from the Koolanooka Hills, its footslopes and the Perenjori Hills. It comprises <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> mallee and <i>Acacia</i> sp. scrub with scattered <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i> (rock sheoak) over red loam and ironstone on the upper slopes and summits, <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> scrub over red loam on hill slopes, shrubs and emergent mallees on shallow red loam over massive ironstone on steep rocky slopes, <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) woodland over scrub on the footslopes, and mixed <i>Acacia</i> sp. scrub on granite.</p> <p>The community was originally described in Beard's (1976a) <i>The vegetation of the Perenjori area, Western Australia: Map and explanatory memoir</i> (1:250,000 vegetation series, Vegmap Publications, Perth, Western Australia).</p>	VG: 2.6 G: 1.2 D: 1.9 Total: 5.6	0	Yandanooka Pipeline	A, G, V, W, X
Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	<p>The community occurs in the Billeranga Hills in the north-eastern Wheatbelt of WA. It generally comprises: <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> (wiry honeymyrtle) - <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> thicket on clay sands over laterite on slopes and ridges; open mallee over mixed scrub on yellow sand over gravel on western slopes; <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> (York gum) woodland over sandy clay loam or rocky clay on lower slopes and creeklines; and mixed scrub or scrub dominated by <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> over red brown loamy soils on the slopes and ridges.</p> <p>The community was originally described by Beard (1976a).</p>	G: 0.2 Total: 0.2	0	Borefield Corridor	AA

* Source: Priority Ecological Communities for Western Australia Version 35 (DBCAs, 2023f); Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) Listed under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (DBCAs, 2023g).

Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA: P1)

The 'Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)' community is listed as a P1 PEC in WA but is not listed under the EPBC Act.

The Blue Hills PEC was mapped in the Survey Area on BIF crests and slopes. This corresponded with VTs O, P, Q and R where these VTs occurred on restricted BIF landforms that are high in the landscape; this primarily encompassed the major ridgelines, crests and upper to lower slopes of Mount Karara, Terapod, Blue Hills, and the lower slopes of Mungada Ridge (the rest of this landform extending outside the Survey Area within Mungada Ridge National Park). While these VTs were also mapped elsewhere in the Survey Area, these areas are not considered to represent the PEC as they occur on other geologies (granite, dolerite, ironstone), lower in the landscape, and not on restricted landforms.

The Blue Hills PEC was originally defined following a flora and vegetation study by Markey and Dillon (2008) in the central Talling Land System, which included assessment of quadrats in Karara station. Of these quadrats, 21 occur within the Survey Area and were included in the floristic analysis as per **Section 3.6.1**. One of these quadrats was considered to represent Survey Area VT P, and 16 to represent VT O, all of which occur high in the landscape on BIF landforms. The remaining four quadrats represent VTs D and G and occur lower in the landscape, not on BIF landforms. This is considered to be adequate justification for the presence of the Blue Hills PEC in the Survey Area.

A total of 770.4 ha of the Blue Hills PEC was mapped in the Survey Area, and of this, 98.2 ha occurs within the Targeted Survey Area (all within the Mine Area). Of the mapped area of the PEC, 98 % was in Excellent condition, with the remaining area in Very Good condition due to the presence of tracks, and drill lines and pads (**Table 5.17**; Sheet 9 of **Figure 5.8**).

Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt (WA: P3 / EPBC: CR)

The 'Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt' community is listed as a P3 PEC in WA, and as a Critically Endangered TEC under Commonwealth legislation. DBCA state that the description, area and condition thresholds that apply to the EPBC-listed TEC also apply to the PEC (DBCA, 2023f); therefore, these are discussed together in the context of the EPBC-listed TEC.

The Eucalypt Woodlands TEC is endemic to southwestern WA. It occupies a transitional zone between the wetter forests associated with the Darling Range and the southwest coast, and the low woodlands, mallee and shrublands of the semi-arid to arid interior. The Wheatbelt region where the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC occurs mostly encompasses three IBRA subregions: Avon Wheatbelt subregion AVW01 Merredin; Avon Wheatbelt subregion AVW02 Katanning; and Mallee subregion MAL02 Western Mallee. Some outlying patches of the TEC may extend into adjacent areas south and east of the primary Wheatbelt bioregions, in the easternmost parts of the Jarrah Forest region. The Wheatbelt as defined in the context of this TEC occurs entirely within the Yilgarn Craton, a very ancient and extensive geological formation that dominates southwestern Australia east of Perth and Geraldton and roughly north from the Stirling Ranges. The landscape is generally of flat to undulating relief that is occasionally broken by granite or other rock outcrops and higher elevation sites, and chains of saline wetlands and salt lakes. The TEC is generally associated with the flatter, undulating relief, including drainage lines and saline areas. It does not typically occur on granite outcrops or hills of lateritic gravel but may extend to the base of outcrops, where they are replaced by non-eucalypt woodlands or shrublands. The Wheatbelt region is now dominated by agricultural land uses, principally cereal cropping or grazing, and is extensively cleared of native vegetation (DoE, 2015).

The Eucalypt Woodlands TEC is a woodland in which the trees typically are spaced, and the canopy is relatively open. The woodlands are dominated by a complex mosaic of eucalypt species with a tree or mallet form (i.e. eucalypt species with a single trunk) over an understorey that is highly variable in structure and composition. Woodlands dominated by mallee forms or vegetation with a very sparse eucalypt tree canopy are not part of the TEC, and not all Wheatbelt tree or mallet eucalypt species are characteristic of the TEC (DoE, 2015).

The Approved Conservation Advice for this community (DoE, 2015) outlines key diagnostic characteristics that must be met to identify occurrences of the TEC community, as presented in **Appendix N**. These characteristics were assessed in the context of identifying whether vegetation of the Survey Area represents this TEC, as summarised in **Table 5.18**.

Table 5.18 Summary of Assessment of Survey Area Vegetation Against Eucalypt Woodlands TEC Key Diagnostic Characteristics

Criteria	Fulfilled
Vegetation is within IBRA subregions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avon Wheatbelt AVW01 Merredin • Avon Wheatbelt AVW02 Katanning • Mallee MAL02 Western Mallee 	Y For vegetation west of Weelhamby Lake, which represents the boundary between Avon Wheatbelt IBRA region to the west, and the Yalgoo region to the east; and excluding the far western part of the Survey Area that extends into the Geraldton Sandplains IBRA region
The dominant trees of the vegetation are <i>Eucalyptus</i> species as listed in Table 2a of DoE (2015). Trees listed in Table 2b can be present, but must not be dominant within the vegetation	Y For vegetation dominated by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i> Other taxa present in some locations included the below, but not dominant in the canopy: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> • <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> • Mallee <i>Eucalyptus</i> species
Vegetation patches of Degraded condition must be over 5 ha in size, and 2 ha for Good condition	Y Vegetation meeting the above diagnostic characteristics is in Completely Degraded condition and does not meet the condition threshold. However, the vegetation forms part of larger patches that extend outside the Survey Area; are in Degraded or better condition; and are greater than 5 ha in size. Therefore, the condition and size thresholds are met

There were some areas in the Survey Area that structurally represent a Eucalypt woodland and meet the location and patch condition/size diagnostic criteria, but have not been identified by the current assessment as representing the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC, despite occurring within DBCA buffer polygons of the TEC. This is because none of the key *Eucalyptus* species were recorded in the areas (as per **Appendix N**). This result is not unexpected, as according to the metadata for the DBCA Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities database interrogation (DBCA, 2023c), the DBCA mapping for the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC is based on the Commonwealth’s ‘likely to occur’ areas and represents the broad-scale vegetation map units most likely to contain the community. Therefore, the mapping represents an indicative present distribution of the TEC, determined by overlaying broad-scale vegetation over remnant vegetation polygons. In addition, a buffer of 200 m has been added by DBCA to these indicative boundaries. Ground-truthing by DBCA has not been undertaken to confirm occurrences in this dataset in most cases, and the occurrences are therefore considered to be indicative only, with on-ground survey and subsequent assessment against

the diagnostic characteristics and minimum condition/size thresholds being required in order to determine the actual extent of the TEC (if it is present at all). Therefore, the TEC as presented in **Figure 5.8** is considered to represent a more accurate extent within the Survey Area than the occurrences contained in DBCA's TEC and PEC database. Consequently, no attempt has been made to correlate the extent of the TEC as defined above and presented in **Figure 5.8** (Sheets 1, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8) with the DBCA occurrences.

The only key *Eucalyptus* species recorded within vegetation that meets all other key diagnostic characteristics of the TEC, was *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *loxophleba*. *Eucalyptus salubris* was also recorded in the Survey Area, but within the Yalgoo IBRA region, and therefore is not considered part of the TEC. Ultimately, the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC was mapped in the Survey Area in a small number of occurrences west of Morawa, which corresponds to the eastern edge of the known range of *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *loxophleba*. East of Morawa, this subspecies is replaced by *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*, and to a lesser extent *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *lissophloia*, which are not key *Eucalyptus* species for the TEC and can only be present as associated canopy species (i.e. not dominant or co-dominant in the canopy layer). This taxon is specifically discussed in the Approved Conservation Advice for the TEC, which states that only stands dominated by subspecies *loxophleba* are included in the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC. Unlike most Wheatbelt woodland trees, subspecies *loxophleba* can be multi-stemmed but is still considered a tree, rather than a mallee. However, subspecies *lissophloia* and *gratae* are recognised to have a mallee growth form, while subspecies *supralaevis* is limited to the far northern Wheatbelt, extending into adjacent bioregions to the north and east. Stands dominated by the latter three subspecies are therefore not part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC (DoE, 2015).

The *Eucalyptus* species that comprised the woodland stratum in the areas that were determined as not representing the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC included:

- *Eucalyptus camaldulensis* (as the dominant taxon in the canopy layer)
- *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *lissophloia*
- *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
- Mallee species including *Eucalyptus arctata*, *Eucalyptus ebbanoensis* subsp. *ebbanoensis*, *Eucalyptus ewartiana*, and *Eucalyptus kochii*.

A total of 1.6 ha of the Eucalypt woodlands TEC was mapped in the Borefield Corridor part of the Survey Area. The mapped area is also within the Targeted Survey Area (the Wheatbelt Area). The condition of the TEC intersected by the Survey Area was Completely Degraded due to impact from weeds, historical clearing, and fragmentation (**Table 5.17**). However, these occurrences form part of larger patches that extend outside the Survey Area and meet the condition and size thresholds.

Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR)

The ‘Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976)’ community is listed as a Critically Endangered TEC in WA, but is not listed under the EPBC Act.

J. S. Beard mapped the original (i.e. Pre-European) vegetation of WA at a scale of 1:25,000-1:1,000,000. The Survey Area falls within the Perenjori area of the Murchison region of Beard’s mapping (Beard, 1976b). The systems mapped by Beard were used to develop Pre-European VSAs, which are discussed in the context of Survey Area VTs in **Section 5.2.7.3**. Two of the systems that occur in the Survey Area are listed as TECs in WA, being the Koolanooka System and the Billeranga System (the latter of which is discussed in the following section).

Beard (1976b) mapped the Koolanooka System over the Koolanooka Hills and their surrounding footslopes, together with another “apparently nameless” range slightly further southeast. These ranges are formed of Archaean metamorphic rocks including highly ferruginous banded ironstones. They form steep-sided linear ridges striking NNW-SSE or N-S. The plant cover consists of open woodland of *Allocasuarina huegeliana*, the mallee *Eucalyptus ebbanoensis*, *Acacia acuminata* and *Dodonaea inaequifolia*, interspersed with thickets of *Allocasuarina campestris*, *Acacia acuminata*, *Grevillea obliquistigma* subsp. *obliquistigma*, *Melaleuca cordata*, *Melaleuca nematophylla* and *Melaleuca radula*. On the footslopes, the pattern becomes *Eucalyptus loxophleba* woodland interspersed with patches of the same thicket. An outcrop of granitic rock on the northeast flank of the Koolanooka Hills carries scrub of *Acacia ramulosa*, *Acacia quadrimarginea*, *Acacia tetragonophylla* and *Hakea preissii* (Beard, 1976b).

The Koolanooka System TEC was mapped in the Yandanooka Pipeline part of the Survey Area across VTs A, G, V, W and X, where these VTs occurred on the Koolanooka Hills and the associated footslopes, and where the species composition of these areas matched the descriptions provided by Beard (1976b), CALM (2000b) and DBCA (2024a) (**Figure 5.8**; Sheet 7). The mapped areas in the Survey Area correspond with the DBCA buffers of the TEC (DBCA, 2023c). This is considered to be adequate justification for the presence of the Koolanooka System TEC in the Survey Area.

The DBCA-applied buffer of the Koolanooka System TEC occurrence on the nameless range southeast of the Koolanooka Hills also intersects a very narrow strip of vegetation in the Borefield Corridor part of the Survey Area. The TEC was not mapped in this part of the Survey Area, as the only vegetation that has similarity to the TEC description and is within 500 m of the edge of the buffer (which is the buffer size applied to this TEC by DBCA, according to their metadata (2023c)) is in Completed Degraded condition and is on the plain below the range, rather than on the footslopes of the range.

A total of 5.6 ha of the Koolanooka System TEC was mapped in the Survey Area. This TEC does not occur within the Targeted Survey Area, as the Targeted Survey Area does not intersect the Koolanooka System. The condition of the TEC ranged from Very Good to Degraded, primarily due to weed presence, but the Degraded areas were contiguous with vegetation that was in better condition (**Table 5.17**).

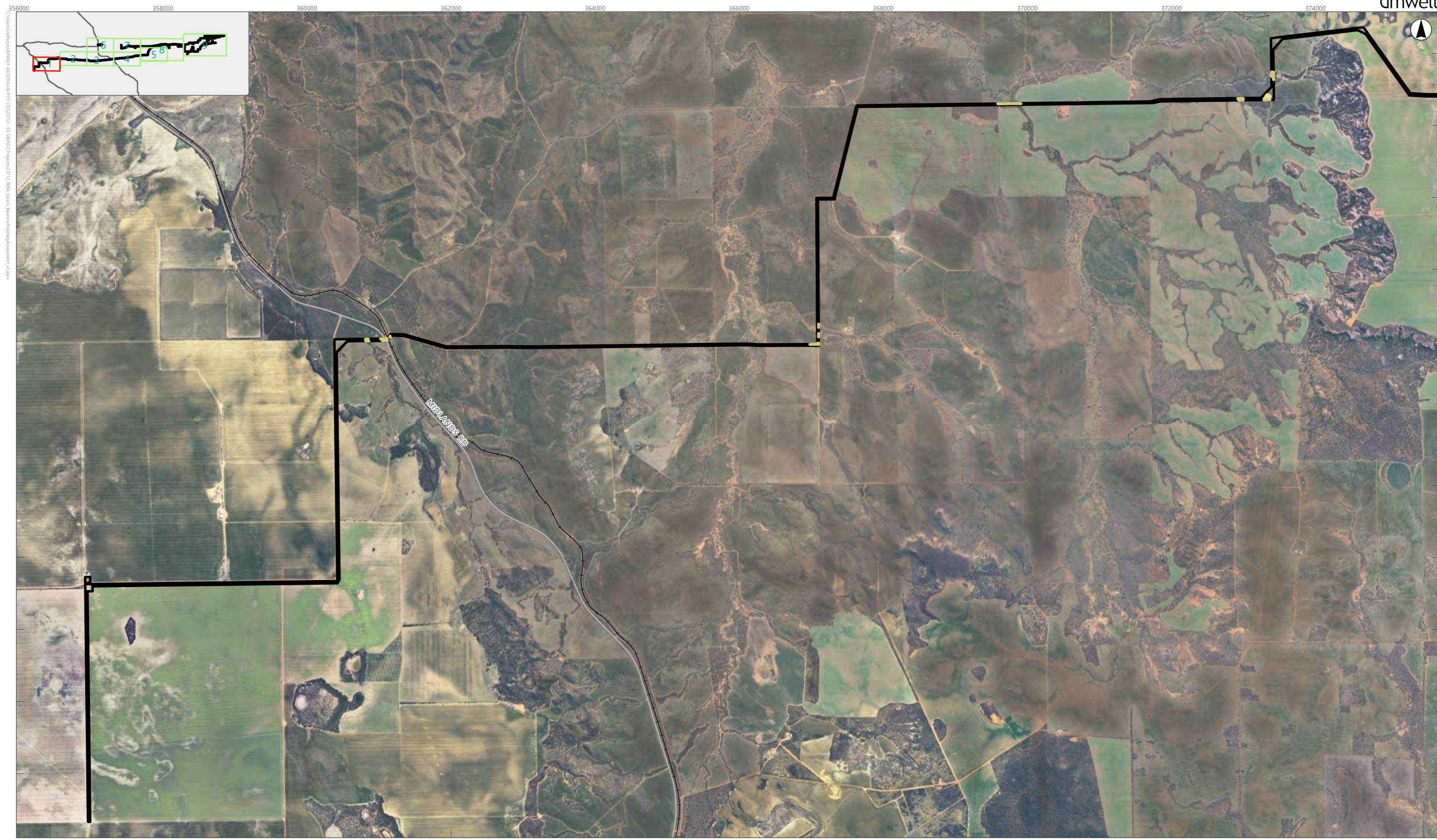
Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR)

The 'Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976)' community is listed as a Critically Endangered TEC in WA but is not listed under the EPBC Act.

Beard (1976b) mapped the Billeranga System over the outcrop of the Billeranga Hills, corresponding to the Billeranga group of Proterozoic rocks which comprise sandstone, acid lavas, chert, siltstone, shale and conglomerate. Mount Campbell and Oxley Hill on the southeast side of the main range, which appear to be based on shale and lavas and have a red soil, are covered with scrub of *Dodonaea inaequifolia* and *Eremophila clarkei* with *Grevillea ?dielsiana*, *Grevillea teretifolia*, and *Acacia* sp.. On Mount Campbell itself, there is a richer assemblage with some *Eucalyptus loxophleba*, *Acacia acuminata*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Allocasuarina campestris* and *Prostanthera magnifica* in addition to the above. The main part of the Billeranga Hills appear to be more quartzitic, with a yellowish soil. The vegetation is a dense thicket of *Allocasuarina campestris*, *Baeckea* sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2), *Leptosema aphyllum*, *Grevillea obliquistigma* subsp. *obliquistigma*, *Hakea scoparia*, *Hibbertia* sp., *Melaleuca nematophylla*, *Melaleuca radula* and *Melaleuca fulgens* subsp. *steadmanii* (Beard, 1976b).

The Billeranga System TEC was mapped in the Borefield Corridor part of the Survey Area and is represented by VT AA (**Figure 5.8**; Sheet 2). The vegetation in this area corresponds to the latter description provided by Beard (1976b); i.e. *Allocasuarina campestris* thicket on heavy quartz, and also has similarity to the descriptions from CALM (2000a) and DBCA (2024a). The mapped areas in the Survey Area correspond with the DBCA buffers of the TEC (DBCA, 2023c). This is considered to be adequate justification for the presence of the Billeranga System TEC in the Survey Area.

A total of 0.2 ha of the Billeranga System TEC was mapped in the Survey Area. This TEC does not occur within the Targeted Survey Area, as the Targeted Survey Area does not intersect the Billeranga System. The condition of the TEC ranged was Good due to weed presence and proximity to agriculture (**Table 5.17**).

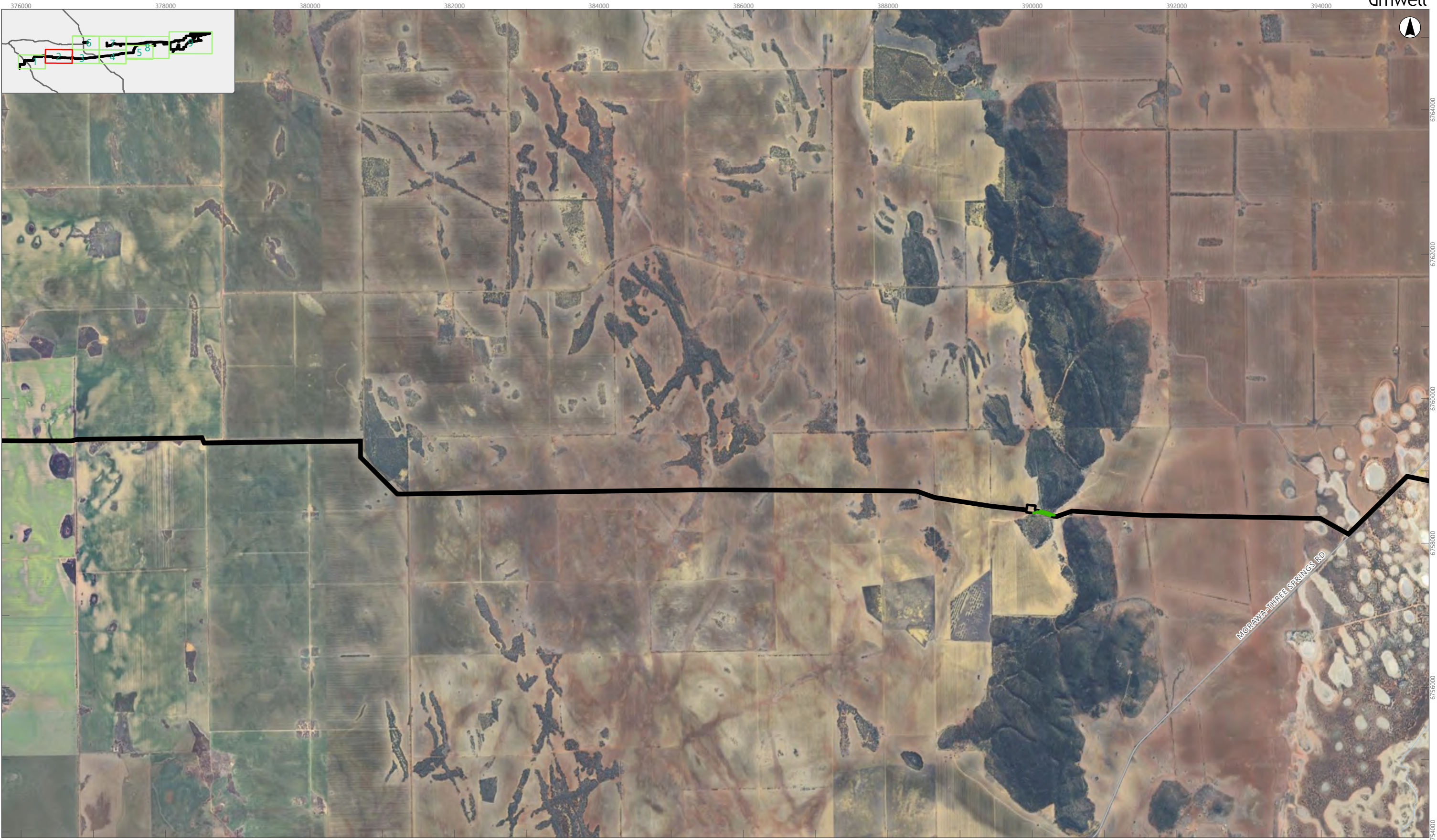


Legend

Survey Area	Significant Vegetation
Road	Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt (WA – P3, EPBC – CR)
Railway	

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of the Survey Area
Sheet 1

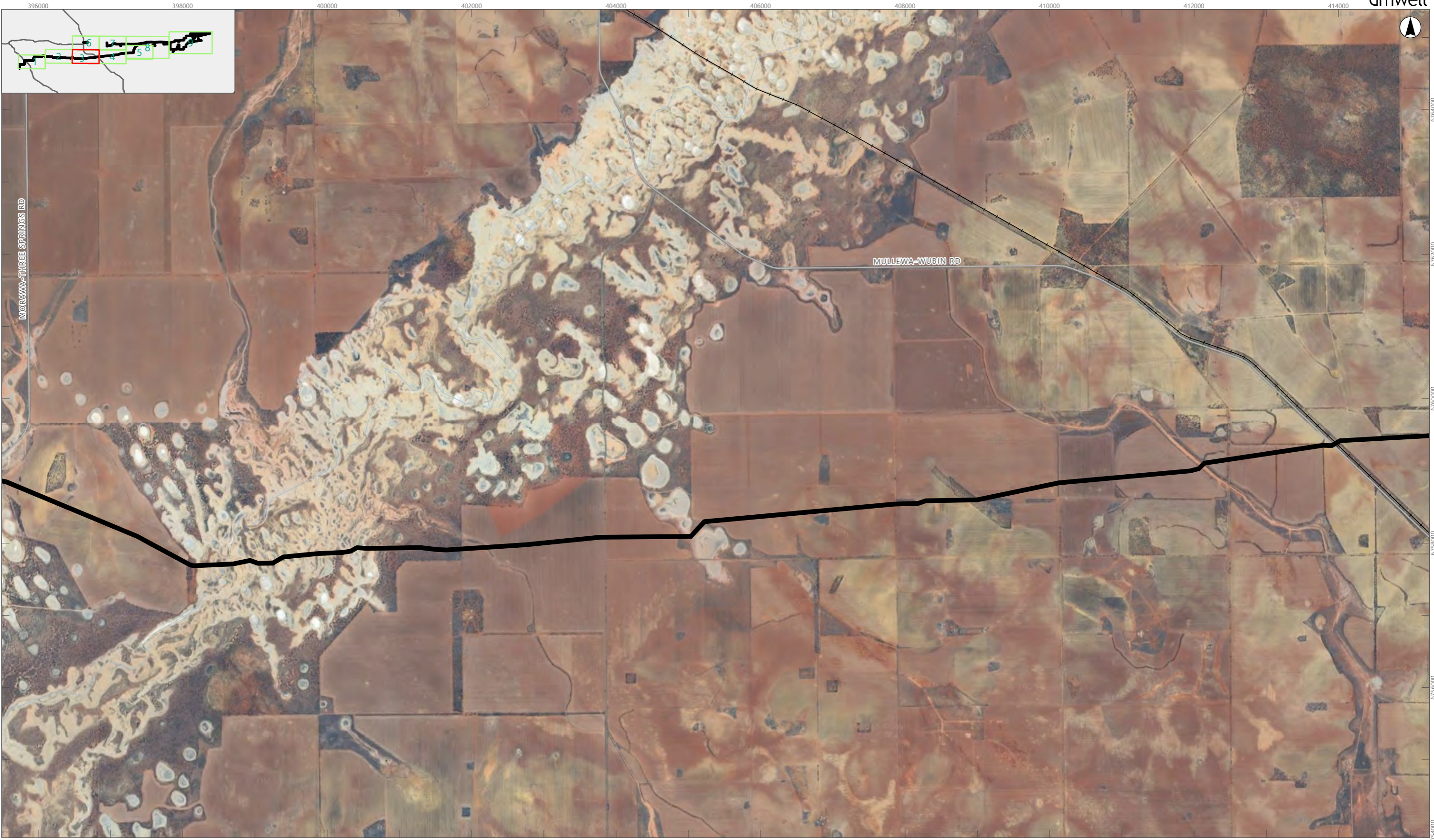




- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Major Watercourse
 - Significant Vegetation**
 - Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of the Survey Area
Sheet 2





- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of
the Survey Area
Sheet 3





Legend
 Survey Area
 Road
 Railway

FIGURE 5.8
 Listed Significant Vegetation of
 the Survey Area
 Sheet 4

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Legend
[Thick black line] Survey Area
[Thin blue line] Major Watercourse

Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of
the Survey Area
Sheet 5

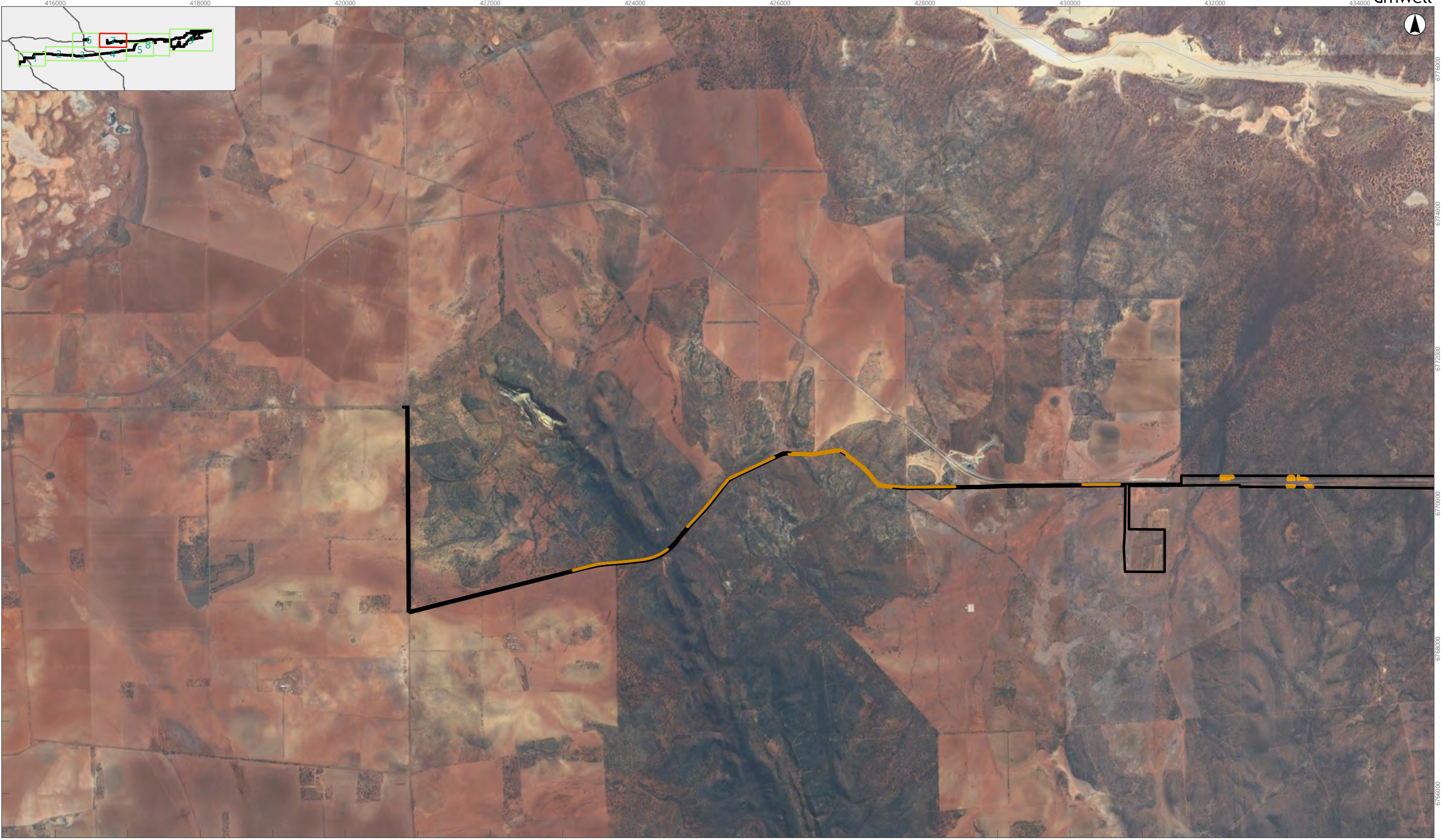




Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Road
 - Railway
 - Major Watercourse

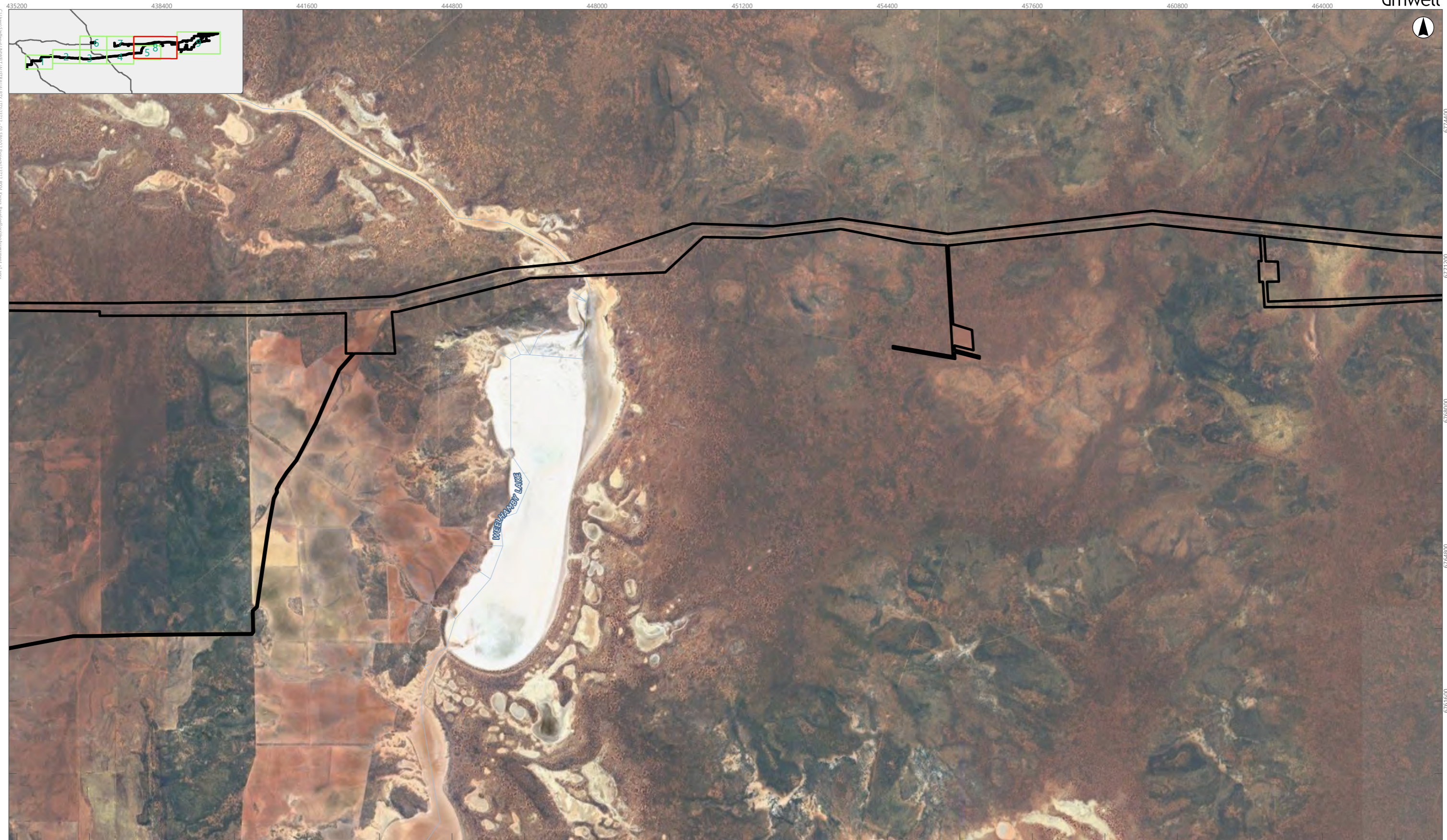
FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of
the Survey Area
Sheet 6



Legend

Survey Area
 Significant Vegetation
 Major Watercourse
 Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA – CR)

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of the Survey Area Sheet 7

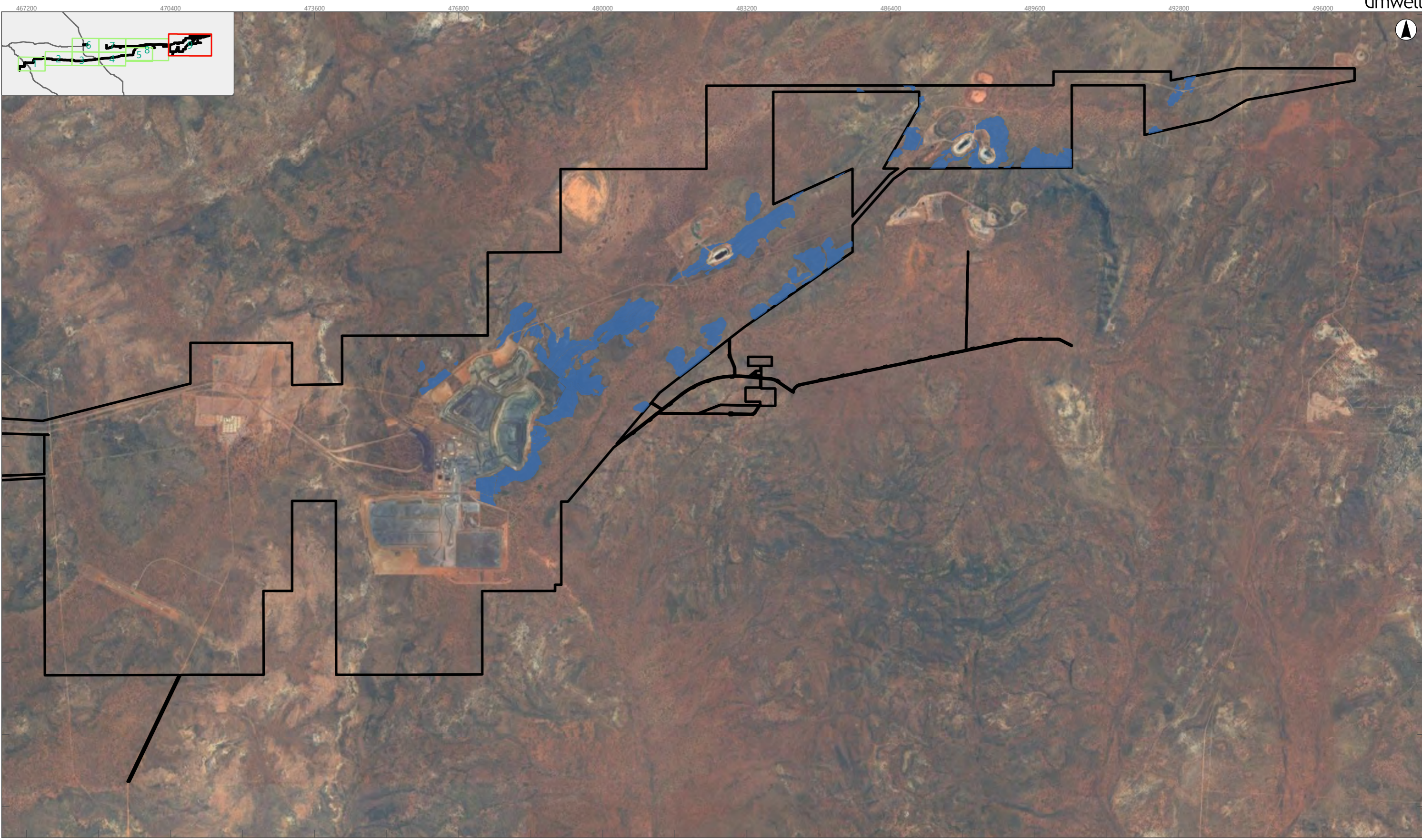


Legend
 Survey Area
 Major Watercourse

FIGURE 5.8
 Listed Significant Vegetation of
 the Survey Area
 Sheet 8



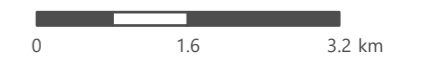
Scale: 1:80,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



Scale: 1:80,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Significant Vegetation**
 - Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA – P1)

FIGURE 5.8
Listed Significant Vegetation of the Survey Area
Sheet 9



5.2.9 Likelihood of Occurrence of Further Significant Vegetation

As discussed in **Section 5.1.6**, 14 listed significant vegetation communities were returned by the desktop assessment of the Desktop Study Area. Of these, four are considered to be present in the Survey Area, as discussed in **Section 5.2.8**. **Table 5.19** presents a likelihood of occurrence assessment for the other 10 significant vegetation communities being present within the Survey Area.

Of these 10 listed significant communities:

- Two TECs are associated with regional vegetation systems originally described by Beard (Inering System; Moonagin System). One other vegetation system listed as a TEC and defined in this manner (Billieranga System) is known to occur in the Survey Area (**Section 5.2.8**). The extents of TECs defined in this manner are generally restricted to these vegetation system boundaries.
- Five PECs are associated with vegetation assemblages that are restricted to particular BIF ranges. Sampling of these ranges was undertaken as part of wider studies conducted by DBCA primarily in the mid to late 2000s. It was noted in each of these reports that the floristics of each range were significantly different from one another, in as much as 50 % species turn-over between ranges; hence several PECs were listed due to a combination of restricted area, the unique vegetation assemblages present in each of the particular ranges, and threats including exploration and mining interests. Note that floristic analysis methods can be used to identify the presence of these PECs when sampling within the known range within which these PECs occur, and when including the quadrat data from these original assessments.
- Three TECs are those related to particular restricted floristic types, associated with either geology and/or in combination with hydrogeological characteristics. These TECs are not restricted to any particular land system or vegetation system type. These TECs are: 'Assemblages of the organic mound springs of the Three Springs area'; 'Coastal sands dominated by *Acacia rostelifera*, *Eucalyptus oraria* and *Eucalyptus obtusiflora*'; and 'Ferricrete floristic community (Rocky Springs type)'. As per DBCA (2024a), in order to identify each of these TECs, a review of environmental site characteristics (geology, hydrology) and floristics is required to be undertaken; note that these TECs are not identified through the use of floristic composition analysis methods.

In summary, no other formally listed TECs or PECs are considered to be present in the Survey Area (**Table 5.19**).

Table 5.19 Likelihood of Occurrence of Further Significant Vegetation Communities in the Survey Area

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Likelihood of Occurrence
Assemblages of the organic mound springs of the Three Springs area	TEC (CR)	-	3.9 km south of western end of Borefield Corridor (buffer size of 5 km)	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>DBCA (2024a) refers to determination if the habitat contains permanently moist peat mounds, and if associated flora and aquatic fauna assemblages are present. While evaluation of fauna assemblages are outside the scope of this assessment, no areas of peat or permanently moist areas were recorded in the Survey Area. The DBCA buffer polygon of this TEC south of the Survey Area appears to correspond to soil landscape units of the Otorowiri system, which is described as having wet soils and gravels (DPIRD, 2025). This soil landscape system does not occur in the Survey Area (Section 5.1.1)</p>
Coastal sands dominated by <i>Acacia rostellifera</i>, <i>Eucalyptus oraria</i> and <i>Eucalyptus obtusiflora</i>	PEC (P1)	-	48.3 km west of western end of Borefield Corridor	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>This community is restricted to coastal areas, while the western-most end of the Survey Area is 55 km from the coast. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>
Ferricrete floristic community (Rocky Springs type)	TEC (CR)	-	11.7 km south of western end of Borefield Corridor	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>DBCA (2024a) refers to comparison of key substrate characteristics, and associated assemblages to descriptions in key references. No areas of ferricrete or ferricrete-derived soils were recorded in the Survey Area. Of the flora taxa that have been recorded in occurrences of this TEC (Appendix 1 of the interim recovery plan; CALM (2004)), 19 have been recorded in the Survey Area. However, these taxa are all common in a range of habitats and vegetation types in the area, and are not solely characteristic of ferricrete areas:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Acacia blakelyi</i> • <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i> • <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> • <i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i> • <i>Calothamnus quadrifidus</i> • <i>Cassytha pomiformis</i> • <i>Crassula colorata</i>

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Likelihood of Occurrence
Ferricrete floristic community (Rocky Springs type) cont.				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Dodonaea pinifolia</i> • <i>Drosera glanduligera</i> • <i>Drosera macrantha</i> • <i>Hakea scoparia</i> • <i>Lobelia winfridae</i> • <i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i> • <i>Schoenus nanus</i> • <i>Stylobasium australe</i> • <i>Thysanotus patersonii</i> • <i>Trachymene pilosa</i> • <i>Triglochin nana</i> • <i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>. <p>The DBCA buffer polygons of this TEC south of the Survey Area appear to correspond to soil landscape units of the Otorowiri and Coalara 4 systems, which are described as wet soils and gravels, and bog iron (DPIRD, 2025). Neither of these soil landscape systems occur in the Survey Area (Section 5.1.1)</p>
Gullewa vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	39.0 km north of central part of Yandanooka Pipeline	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>Little information is available about the characteristics and diagnosis of this PEC, but it is likely geographically restricted to Buddadoo Range, Edamura Range, Mugga Mugga Hill and Murdaburia Hill, as described by Markey and Dillon (2010). BIF ranges in the region are often classified by DBCA as PECs due to their high plant endemism and unique restricted plant communities. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Likelihood of Occurrence
Minjar and Chulaar Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	11.2 km north of eastern end of Karara Area	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>Little information is available about the characteristics and diagnosis of this PEC, but it is likely geographically restricted to Minjar and Chulaar Hills, as described by Markey and Dillon (2008).</p> <p>BIF ranges in the region are often classified by DBCA as PECs due to their high plant endemism and unique restricted plant communities. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>
Mount Gibson Range vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	32.7 km south-southeast of eastern end of Karara Area	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>Little information is available about the characteristics and diagnosis of this PEC, but it is likely geographically restricted to Buddadoo Range, Edamura Range, Mugga Mugga Hill and Murdaburia Hill, as BIF ranges in the region are often classified by DBCA as PECs due to their high plant endemism and unique restricted plant communities. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>
Plant assemblages of the Inering System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	25.5 km south of central part of Borefield Corridor	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>DBCA (2024a) refers to comparison of habitat (Inering Hills and footslopes) and associated floral assemblages occur, and meet summary description, and description in key references. While the majority of key flora species in this community have been recorded (including <i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>, <i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>, <i>Acacia acuminata</i> and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i>), these taxa have wide ranges in WA are not restricted to this TEC. However, the Survey Area occurs outside the geographical range of this TEC. This community occurs in the Inering Hills, represented by the Inering System as mapped by Beard (1976b). This system does not occur in the Survey Area (Section 5.1.2), and therefore the TEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>

Community	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Nearest DBCA Buffer to Survey Area^	Likelihood of Occurrence
Plant assemblages of the Moonagin System as originally described in Beard (1976)	TEC (CR)	-	5.3 km north of eastern end of Yandanooka Pipeline	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>DBCA (2024a) refers to comparison of habitat (Moonagin Hills and footslopes) and associated floral assemblages occur, and meet summary description, and description in key references. There is limited information available on the key flora species known from this TEC, but <i>Acacia</i> spp. scrub with <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i>, and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> woodland occurs within the Survey Area, but could also feasibly occur almost anywhere within the South West and Interzone botanical provinces. <i>Eucalyptus oleosa</i> has not been recorded in the Survey Area, and the Survey Area does not occur within the main distribution of this taxon (typically known from southeast of Mount Magnet, but one disjunct record occurs northeast of Morawa (WA Herbarium, 1998-)).</p> <p>The Survey Area occurs outside the geographical range of this TEC. This community occurs on the Moonagin and Milhun Ranges, represented by the Moonagin System as mapped by Beard (1976b). This system does not occur in the Survey Area (Section 5.1.2), and therefore the TEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>
Warriedar/Pinyalling/Walagnumming Hills vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	9.1 km east of eastern end of Karara Area	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>Little information is available about the characteristics and diagnosis of this PEC, but it is likely geographically restricted to Warriedar, Pinyalling and Walagnumming Hills, as BIF ranges in the region are often classified by DBCA as PECs due to their high plant endemism and unique restricted plant communities. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>
Yalgoo (Gnows Nest/Wolla Wolla and Woolgah-Wadgingarra) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation)	PEC (P1)	-	54 km north of central part of Karara Area	<p>Not considered to be present</p> <p>Little information is available about the characteristics and diagnosis of this PEC, but it is likely geographically restricted to Gnows Nest Range, and Wolla Wolla and Woolgah-Wadgingarra Hills, as BIF ranges in the region are often classified by DBCA as PECs due to their high plant endemism and unique restricted plant communities. As the Survey Area is outside the geographical range of this PEC, the PEC is not considered to occur in the Survey Area</p>

* Source: Priority Ecological Communities for Western Australia Version 35 (DBCA, 2023f); Threatened Ecological Communities (TECs) Listed under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016 (DBCA, 2023g).

^ Source: DBCA Threatened and Priority Ecological Communities Database interrogation spatial data (DBCA, 2023c).

5.2.10 Vegetation Significant for Other Reasons

An assessment of the Survey Area VTs against the definitions of significant vegetation as per EPA (2016a, 2016b) is presented in **Table 5.20**. Note that “having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes” has not been specifically presented in **Table 5.20**, as this reasoning could theoretically be applied to all VTs in the Survey Area and wider region, due to anthropogenic impacts such as grazing, clearing and introduced flora and fauna being ubiquitous in the area. As per EPA (2016b):

Threatening processes are defined as follows: “Any process or activity that threatens to destroy or significantly modify the ecological community and/or affect the continuing evolutionary processes within any ecological community.” Examples of some of the continuing threatening processes in Western Australia include: general pollution; competition, predation and change induced in ecological communities as a result of introduced animals; competition and displacement of native plants by introduced species; hydrological changes; inappropriate fire regimes; diseases resulting from introduced microorganisms; direct human exploitation and disturbance of ecological communities.

Therefore, “having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes” perhaps meaningfully applies to only VT N, and a lesser extent VT M, which form part of the Yarra Yarra salt lake system. The condition of these VTs in the Survey Area was predominately Excellent to Good (**Section 5.2.12**). The catchments of the Yarra Yarra system are severely degraded, primarily as a result of past and current agricultural and pastoral land use practices. The immediate threat to the salt lakes is anthropogenic modification of hydrology through increased volumes of saline surface flow entering the lakes, and rising groundwater, caused by widespread vegetation clearance throughout the catchment (Boggs et al., 2007). This has been addressed in **Table 5.20** in the ‘Other Considerations’ column.

“Having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes” could also be applied to HMVTs A to G, which represent small and isolated patches of vegetation in a highly cleared landscape, but the condition of these HMVTs is poor, and the landscape so fragmented, that it is unlikely that they contribute meaningfully to the remaining ecosystem. It is considered that these areas do not fit the intent of the EPA guidance, which is understood by Umwelt to identify, and subsequently conserve, vegetation that is in reasonable condition. This understanding is also reflected by DBCA’s stance on identification of State-listed TECs in WA, whereby in general a vegetation condition threshold of Good is applied, in that areas of TECs are generally no longer considered to be extant where vegetation condition is poorer than Good. However, they also state that there can be exceptions to this, for example where much of the remaining area of a TEC is in relatively poor condition (V. English, pers. comm., 2022).

In summary, 16 Survey Area VTs were considered potentially significant for reasons other than formal listing (**Table 5.20**):

- Occurring across a restricted distribution or habitat: applied to 15 VTs.
- Playing a role as a refuge or refugium: applied to 10 VTs.
- Providing an important ecological function: applied to 11 VTs.
- Other reasons: applied to 4 VTs (providing preferred habitat for significant flora taxa with restricted distributions in the case of VTs B and Q, and having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes in the case of VTs M and N).

Table 5.20 Assessment of Significance of Survey Area VTs for Against EPA Definitions of Significant Vegetation

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
A	291.7	2.15	Some occurrences form part of the Koolanooka System TEC, but only where mapped on the footslopes of the Koolanooka Hills. The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	VT as a whole is not considered significant
B	112.3	0.83	No	Yes Occurs on granite outcrops, which are a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and relatively restricted in the wider landscape	Yes Granite outcrops may be important refugia for aquatic flora and fauna as a freshwater habitat if salinity in the region continues to rise (Pinder et al., 2000)	Yes Granite outcrops provide specialised habitats for flora and fauna (e.g. rock pools, meadows, exfoliating rock sheets, rock crevices), and merge with surrounding habitats to form specialised edge habitats. Niche habitats are provided by a combination of high solar radiation, rapid runoff of rainfall, and shallow soils on a rocky substrate, resulting in microhabitats of accentuated seasonal and diurnal stresses (Hopper et al., 1997). The flora and fauna associated with granite outcrops include both the species adapted to granite rock habitats, but include many species from the surrounding habitats that seek temporary or permanent refuge amongst the granite rocks, or in the fringing vegetation (Withers, 2000)	Yes Preferred habitat for <i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1), which is known from a range of only 10 km and two locations (as per DBC's WA Herbarium specimen database (WA Herbarium, 1998-)), none of which are within conservation tenure	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
C	327.2	2.41	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
D	2,448.1	18.06	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
E	640.8	4.73	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
F	391.9	2.89	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No While some areas contained granite outcropping, this outcropping was usually small and did not contain the suite of granitic endemic flora that would be expected on larger sheets of granite outcropping (as per VT B). Furthermore, the specialist fringing vegetation as discussed above, is captured in VT B, not VT F	No	Not considered significant

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
G	1,597.0	11.78	Some occurrences form part of the Koolanooka System TEC, but only where mapped on the footslopes of the Koolanooka Hills. The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	VT as a whole is not considered significant
H	139.8	1.03	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
I	10.4	0.08	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape. While mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, this is likely an artefact of the Survey Area being very narrow in these areas (Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor), and thus the Survey Area intersects only a small extent of the VT. Review of aerial photography indicates that the VT extends outside the Survey Area, and further occurrences are present within the vicinity	No	No	No	Not considered significant
J	99.3	0.73	No	Yes Occurs on a saline claypan, which are a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and relatively uncommon in the wider landscape	Yes The saline claypan represented by VT J is disjunct from the chain of claypans, playas and salt lakes further west, south and east (the Yarra Yarra salt lake system), and may therefore act as a refugium	Yes Represents an internal drainage point for the wider landscape	No Vegetation resembling the Thundelarra Lignum Swamp, which is listed in the Directory of Important Wetlands (DCCEEW, 2019), was recorded by the 2020 Assessment south of the Karara Area. The Thundelarra Lignum Swamp comprises open scrub dominated by <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> and shrubland dominated by lignum <i>Duma florulenta</i> . While VT J has some taxa in common, it is likely slightly saline (co-dominated by <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>), while the Thundelarra Lignum Swamp is fresh and probably stasohaline (DCCEEW, 2019)	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
K	313.6	2.31	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
L	50.9	0.38	No	No Occurs on flats, which are widespread in the landscape. While mapped over a relatively small proportion of the Survey Area, this is likely an artefact of the Survey Area being very narrow in these areas (Yandanooka Pipeline and Borefield Corridor), and thus the Survey Area intersects only a small extent of the VT. Review of aerial photography indicates that the VT extends outside the Survey Area, and further occurrences are present within the vicinity	No	No	No	Not considered significant
M	18.2	0.13	No	Yes Occurs in saline lakes and playas, which are a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and are regionally significant	Possibly	Yes Provides internal drainage for the wider landscape, and provides habitat to unique aquatic biota and rare water birds (Boggs, 2007)	Yes Has a degree of historical impact from threatening processes: anthropogenic modification of hydrology, secondary salinisation, and rising groundwater, as a result of past and current agricultural and pastoral land use practices (Boggs et al., 2007)	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
N	10.7	0.08	No	Yes Occurs in saline lakes and playas, which are a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and are regionally significant	Possibly	Yes Provides internal drainage for the wider landscape, and provides habitat to unique aquatic biota and rare water birds (Boggs, 2007)	Yes Has a degree of historical impact from threatening processes: anthropogenic modification of hydrology, secondary salinisation, and rising groundwater, as a result of past and current agricultural and pastoral land use practices (Boggs et al., 2007)	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
O	545.6	4.02	Some occurrences form part of the Blue Hills PEC, but only where mapped on BIF crests and slopes of Mount Karara, Mungada Ridge and Blue Hills Ranges. The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	Yes Occurs on slopes and crests of BIF hills and ridges, as well as on rocky granite, which are restricted landforms in the Survey Area and the wider landscape	Yes BIF ranges in the northern Yilgarn are biodiversity hotspots and refugia for endemic or uncommon taxa and floristic communities (Gibson et al., 2007; Markey & Dillon, 2008)	Yes Provides habitat for a diverse and unique plant community, with high plant endemism (Gibson et al., 2007; Markey & Dillon, 2008)	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
P	620.5	4.58	Some occurrences form part of the Blue Hills PEC, but only where mapped on BIF crests and slopes of Mount Karara, Mungada Ridge and Blue Hills Ranges. The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	Yes Occurs on slopes of BIF hills and ridges, which is a restricted landform in the Survey Area and the wider landscape (as well as some occurrences on rocky ironstone)	No	Yes Provides habitat for a diverse and unique plant community, with high plant endemism (Gibson et al., 2007; Markey & Dillon, 2008)	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
Q	1,688.2	12.45	Some occurrences form part of the Blue Hills PEC, but only where mapped on the footslopes of BIF landforms (Mount Karara, Mungada Ridge and Blue Hills Ranges). The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	No Occurs on plains and lower slopes, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	Yes Preferred habitat for <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1), which is known from a range of only 15 km and six locations (as per DBC's WA Herbarium specimen database (WA Herbarium, 1998-)), none of which are within conservation tenure	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
R	785.4	5.79	Some occurrences form part of the Blue Hills PEC, but only where mapped on the footslopes of BIF landforms (Mount Karara, Mungada Ridge and Blue Hills Ranges). The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	No Occurs on plains and lower slopes, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	VT as a whole is not considered significant
S	452.9	3.34	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
T	187.3	1.38	No	No Occurs on plains and flats, which are widespread in the landscape	No	No	No	Not considered significant
U	64.3	0.47	No	Yes Represents fringing vegetation for a saline claypan, which are a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and relatively uncommon in the wider landscape	Yes The saline claypan represented by VT J (for which VT U forms a part as fringing vegetation) is disjunct from the chain of claypans, playas and salt lakes further west, south and east (the Yarra Yarra salt lake system), and may therefore act as a refugium	Yes Represents part of an internal drainage point for the wider landscape	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
V	0.4	0.003	Forms part of the Koolanooka System TEC	Yes Occurs on slopes of BIF/massive ironstone/granite hills and ridges, which is a restricted landform in the Survey Area and the wider landscape	Yes BIF ranges in the northern Yilgarn are biodiversity hotspots and refugia for endemic or uncommon taxa and floristic communities (Gibson et al., 2007; Meissner & Caruso, 2008a)	Yes Provides habitat for a diverse and unique plant community, with high plant endemism (Gibson et al., 2007; Meissner & Caruso, 2008a)	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
W	0.6	0.004	Some occurrences form part of the Koolanooka System TEC, but only where mapped on the footslopes of the Koolanooka Hills. The VT as a whole is not equivalent to any TECs or PECs	Yes Occurs on footslopes of BIF/massive ironstone/granite hills and ridges, which is a restricted landform in the Survey Area and the wider landscape	No	Yes Provides habitat for a diverse and unique plant community, with high plant endemism (Gibson et al., 2007; Meissner & Caruso, 2008a)	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
X	0.2	0.002	Forms part of the Koolanooka System TEC	Yes Occurs on slopes of BIF/massive ironstone/granite hills and ridges, which is a restricted landform in the Survey Area and the wider landscape	Yes BIF ranges in the northern Yilgarn are biodiversity hotspots and refugia for endemic or uncommon taxa and floristic communities (Gibson et al., 2007; Meissner & Caruso, 2008a)	Yes Provides habitat for a diverse and unique plant community, with high plant endemism (Gibson et al., 2007; Meissner & Caruso, 2008a)	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
Y	1.8	0.01	No	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape. VT Y potentially corresponds to VSA Perenjori_352, which had 7.9 % of its Pre-European extent remaining as at 2018, with only 0.35 % of this remaining extent protected for conservation (Section 5.1.2)	Yes Potentially acts as a refugium given its location on the boundary of predominately uncleared vegetation to the east, and large expanses of land cleared for agriculture to the west	No	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
Z	0.7	0.005	No	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape. VT Z potentially corresponds to VSA Perenjori_352, which had 7.9 % of its Pre-European extent remaining as at 2018, with only 0.35 % of this remaining extent protected for conservation (Section 5.1.2)	Yes Potentially acts as a refugium given its location on the boundary of predominately uncleared vegetation to the east, and large expanses of land cleared for agriculture to the west	No	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
AA	0.2	0.002	Billeranga System TEC	Yes Occurs on slopes of heavy quartz, which are restricted landforms in the Survey Area and the wider landscape	Yes Acts as a refugium for flora and fauna in a highly cleared landscape. As at 2000, there was an estimated loss of 58 % (mostly from the lower lying areas) of the original area of the Billeranga system, which was already originally restricted in distribution. Another 52 % of the remaining vegetation was estimated to have been modified by grazing and/or weed invasion (CALM, 2000a)	No	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
HMVT A	0.1	0.001	No	Yes Mapped over very small, isolated patches, and within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Completely Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12), and review of aerial imagery suggests the condition is similar for contiguous vegetation outside the Survey Area	Unlikely	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
HMVT B	0.2	0.001	No	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Good to Completely Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12), and review of aerial imagery suggests the condition is similar for contiguous vegetation outside the Survey Area. Vegetation that appears similar to HMVT B is present in Koolanooka Nature Reserve approximately 2 km northwest; this vegetation would be more likely to act as a refugium than the vegetation of the Survey Area	No	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant
HMVT C	0.1	0.0004	No	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12). The area mapped within the Survey Area (0.1 ha) encompasses almost the entirety of this very small and isolated patch of vegetation	No	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant
HMVT D	4.7	0.03	Some occurrences form part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC where the key diagnostic criteria are met	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a highly cleared landscape	Yes While the Survey Area intersects parts of this vegetation that are in Completely Degraded condition (Section 5.2.12), almost all occurrences in the Survey Area have contiguous vegetation extending outside the Survey Area that appears to be in better condition, and across reasonable areas (greater than approx. 50 ha). This includes some occurrences that do not form part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC due to being dominated by <i>Eucalyptus</i> that are not key species (as per the Approved Conservation Advice; e.g. <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>). Therefore, the areas in the Survey Area may contribute to maintenance of refugia within a highly cleared landscape	No	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing
HMVT E	1.7	0.01	One occurrence forms part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC where the key diagnostic criteria are met	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Completely Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12). Review of aerial imagery suggests the condition is similar for contiguous vegetation outside the Survey Area, with the exception of the western-most occurrence, which is already captured as representing significant vegetation by forming part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC	No	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant

VT	Area in Survey Area (ha)	Proportion of Survey Area (%)	Corresponds to Listed Community	Restricted Distribution or Habitat	Plays a Role as a Refuge or Refugium	Provides Important Ecological Function	Other Considerations	Overall Outcome
HMVT F	2.0	0.01	Some occurrences form part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC where the key diagnostic criteria are met	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Completely Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12). Review of aerial imagery suggests the condition is similar for contiguous vegetation outside the Survey Area, with the exception of the western-most and eastern-most occurrences, which are already captured as representing significant vegetation by forming part of the Eucalypt Woodlands TEC	No	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant
HMVT G	3.3	0.02	No	Yes Mapped over a very small proportion of the Survey Area, and within a heavily cleared landscape	No While this HMVT occurs within a highly cleared and fragmented landscape, the condition of the vegetation is likely too poor for it to meaningfully act as a refuge or refugium; it was rated as Completely Degraded in the Survey Area (Section 5.2.12). Review of aerial imagery suggests the condition is similar for contiguous vegetation outside the Survey Area. HMVT D, which is adjacent and in better condition (at least outside the Survey Area), is more likely to act as a refugium in the area	No	No	Mapped across a limited extent, but the condition of the vegetation is too poor for it to be considered significant
CP	6.7	0.05	No	Yes Occurs in a (presumably fresh) playa, which is a restricted landform in the Survey Area, and is regionally significant	Unlikely	Yes Represents an internal drainage point for the wider landscape, and likely provides habitat for aquatic biota and water birds when inundated	No	Significant for reasons other than formal listing

5.2.11 Groundwater and Surface Water Dependent Vegetation

Riparian vegetation is defined as plant communities occurring in association with watercourses, both ephemeral and permanent. Therefore, riparian vegetation has some dependence on surface water flows and/or groundwater.

A total of 10 Survey Area VTs are considered to represent riparian vegetation:

- VT C occurrence near Terapod in an ephemeral drainage depression/swamp
- VTs J and CP: mapped on ephemeral claypans that are periodically inundated
- VT L, and HMVTs A and C: mapped on ephemerally damp or wet semi-saline flats and depressions
- VTs M and N: mapped in saline depressions that are periodically inundated
- VT U: mapped in ephemeral drainage depressions/wetlands
- HMVT D: mapped in drainage lines and associated flats.

Occurrences of the above-mentioned VTs/HMVTs are considered to be at least partially or totally dependent on ephemeral surface water flows for survival. The vegetation in these areas are predominately associated with seasonally wet flats, drainage depressions, swamps and claypans, and possess dominant species including *Melaleuca acutifolia*, *Melaleuca eleuterostachya*, *Duma florulenta*, *Teucrium racemosum*, *Frankenia* spp. and *Tecticornia* spp., all of which are known to inhabit drainage flats, claypans, salt pans and other wet areas (WA Herbarium, 1998-) and are tolerant of at least periodic waterlogging (Brophy et al., 2013; Craig et al., 1991; Toelken, 1985). However, the claypan substrates associated with these VTs/HMVTs may not allow for root penetration to groundwater, and at present the depth to groundwater in these areas is unknown. Further, at current there is no literature available on the groundwater dependency of these taxa. While it is doubtful these taxa are phreatophytes, they are certainly at least surface water dependent.

VTs C, D, G, H, K, Y and Z are likely to be at least partially dependent on surface water in the form of sheet flow originating from higher ground (e.g. Mungada Ridge, Koolanooka Hills) during periodic heavy rainfall events. These VTs are located on flats and plains between areas of higher relief and therefore form the main depository for rainfall in the local area. It is unlikely that these areas are groundwater dependent based on species composition; however, further information on depth to groundwater and the groundwater-dependency of the taxa present in these VTs would be required to confirm this.

Mulga communities have been documented to be dependent on the interception of sheet flow water runoff during heavy rainfall events (Dunkerley, 2002a, 2002b). These communities consequently form resource 'hotspots' due to their ability to capture, retain and cycle sediments, nutrients and water during periods of heavy rainfall (Maslin & Reid, 2009). Mulga have been recorded within the Survey Area in VTs C, D, G, H, O, P, Q and R. Of these, VTs C, D, G and H occur on flats or plains that are potentially subject to sheet flow; these VTs are therefore also likely to be surface water dependent.

Nested piezometer monitoring in the Yarra Yarra salt lake system, of which VTs M and N form a part, indicate that these playas and salt lakes were net discharge points for groundwater. However, groundwater does not discharge at the same rate across the playa surfaces. The playas may also have short-lived phases of groundwater recharge (Boggs, 2007). Therefore, VTs M and N are considered to be potentially groundwater dependent.

No data is currently available regarding depth to groundwater across the Survey Area. However, based on the taxa recorded in the aforementioned VTs/HMVTs, it is unlikely that any of these VTs/HMVTs, or any others mapped in the Survey Area, are groundwater dependent, with the exception of HMVT D (and VTs M and N discussed above). The only known or presumed obligate phreatophyte that was recorded in the Survey Area is *Eucalyptus camaldulensis* in HMVT D on the western end of the Borefield Corridor. There appears to be very little information published on groundwater usage by vegetation in the region, but in general, phreatophytic taxa in the Eremaean area of WA are large trees from either the genus *Eucalyptus* or *Melaleuca* (Loomes & Braimbridge, 2010). Although other examples of these genera were recorded in more than half of the Survey Area VTs/HMVTs (including *Eucalyptus clelandiorum*, *Eucalyptus gomphocephala*, *Eucalyptus loxophleba*, *Eucalyptus salubris*, *Melaleuca acutifolia*, *Melaleuca atroviridis*, *Melaleuca eleuterostachya* and *Melaleuca stereophloia*), they are considered unlikely to be phreatophytes; the *Eucalyptus* taxa generally do not occur in wetland situations, and while the *Melaleuca* taxa are common in seasonally wet areas, this likely indicates that they are dependent on water stored in the vadose zone of the clay soil profile in these areas, rather than the groundwater table. However, further information on groundwater depths in the areas where these taxa were recorded would be required to conclusively confirm this.

Based on species composition and the lack of potential phreatophytic taxa, it is unlikely that VTs occurring on BIF areas with substantial rock-based substrate and those occurring on areas where depth to groundwater is > 10–20 m would be groundwater dependent. Therefore, the vegetation of these VTs would be reliant upon sufficient surface water for survival.

A summary of the potential dependence of the VTs of the Survey Area on surface water and groundwater is presented in **Table 5.21**.

Table 5.21 Summary of Potential Surface Water and Groundwater Dependence of Survey Area VTs

VT	Potentially Surface Water Dependent		Potentially Groundwater Dependent
	Riparian Vegetation	Sheet Flow Dependent	
A	-	-	-
B	-	-	-
C	Yes: occurrence near Terapod only	Yes	-
D	-	Yes	-
E	-	-	-
F	-	-	-
G	-	Yes	-
H	-	Yes	-
I	-	-	-
J	Yes	-	-
K	-	Yes	-

VT	Potentially Surface Water Dependent		Potentially Groundwater Dependent
	Riparian Vegetation	Sheet Flow Dependent	
L	Yes	-	-
M	Yes	-	Yes
N	Yes	-	Yes
O	-	-	-
P	-	-	-
Q	-	-	-
R	-	-	-
S	-	-	-
T	-	-	-
U	Yes	-	-
V	-	-	-
W	-	-	-
X	-	-	-
Y	-	Yes	-
Z	-	Yes	-
AA	-	-	-
HMVT A	Yes	-	-
HMVT B	-	-	-
HMVT C	Yes	-	-
HMVT D	Yes	-	Yes
HMVT E	-	-	-
HMVT F	-	-	-
HMVT G	-	-	-
CP	Yes	-	-
PL	-	-	-

5.2.12 Vegetation Condition

Table 5.22 presents the area (ha) of each VT and corresponding condition rating(s) (as per EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b); **Table 3.4**) mapped in the Survey Area. Vegetation condition mapping is presented in **Figure 5.9**.

Areas mapped as 'Cleared Land' and 'Water' were not allocated vegetation condition categories, as they do not constitute vegetation in the context of the condition scale used by this survey (**Section 3.8**, taken from EPA Technical Guidance (EPA, 2016b)). These areas constitute a total of 2,756 ha, or 25 % of the total area of the Survey Area.

A total of 94.7 % of Survey Area vegetation was considered to be in Excellent condition; these areas had no or little evidence of impact to vegetation composition and structure as a result of human or animal activities, or there were only low levels of introduced (weed) taxa. Historical disturbance was present in many areas from mining and exploration activities (for example, drill lines) and historical grazing (evidence of use of the area as a pastoral station), and there was historical and current evidence of kangaroo, rabbit, goat and cattle activity throughout the Survey Area. Note that although the vegetation condition within some individual quadrats was determined to be 'Pristine', in the wider context of the Survey Area, the overall vegetation condition was ranked Excellent. In addition, as mentioned in **Section 3.8**, there were some exploration drill lines in the Survey Area; these lines were mapped as the same condition as their surrounding VT, as their small size and dynamic state of use prevents them from being assessed in detail in a wider scale vegetation condition context. In addition, many of these tracks and drill lines were clearly old, with vegetation observed to have regrown to some extent.

The vegetation in the Karara Area was overwhelmingly mapped as Excellent condition, as well as the eastern part of the Yandanooka Pipeline. There was a general trend of declining vegetation condition east of Weelhamby Lake (and the boundary between the Avon Wheatbelt and Yalgoo IBRA regions), likely associated with a change in the dominant land use to agriculture, and a corresponding increase in weed presence. The vegetation in this part of the Yandanooka Pipeline was generally Very Good to Good, while that of the Borefield Corridor was Good to Degraded, due to proximity to agriculture, high weed loads, and fragmentation (**Table 5.22; Figure 5.9**). This is typical of vegetation within that area, which has experienced historically high levels of clearing and weed invasion, primarily for agriculture.

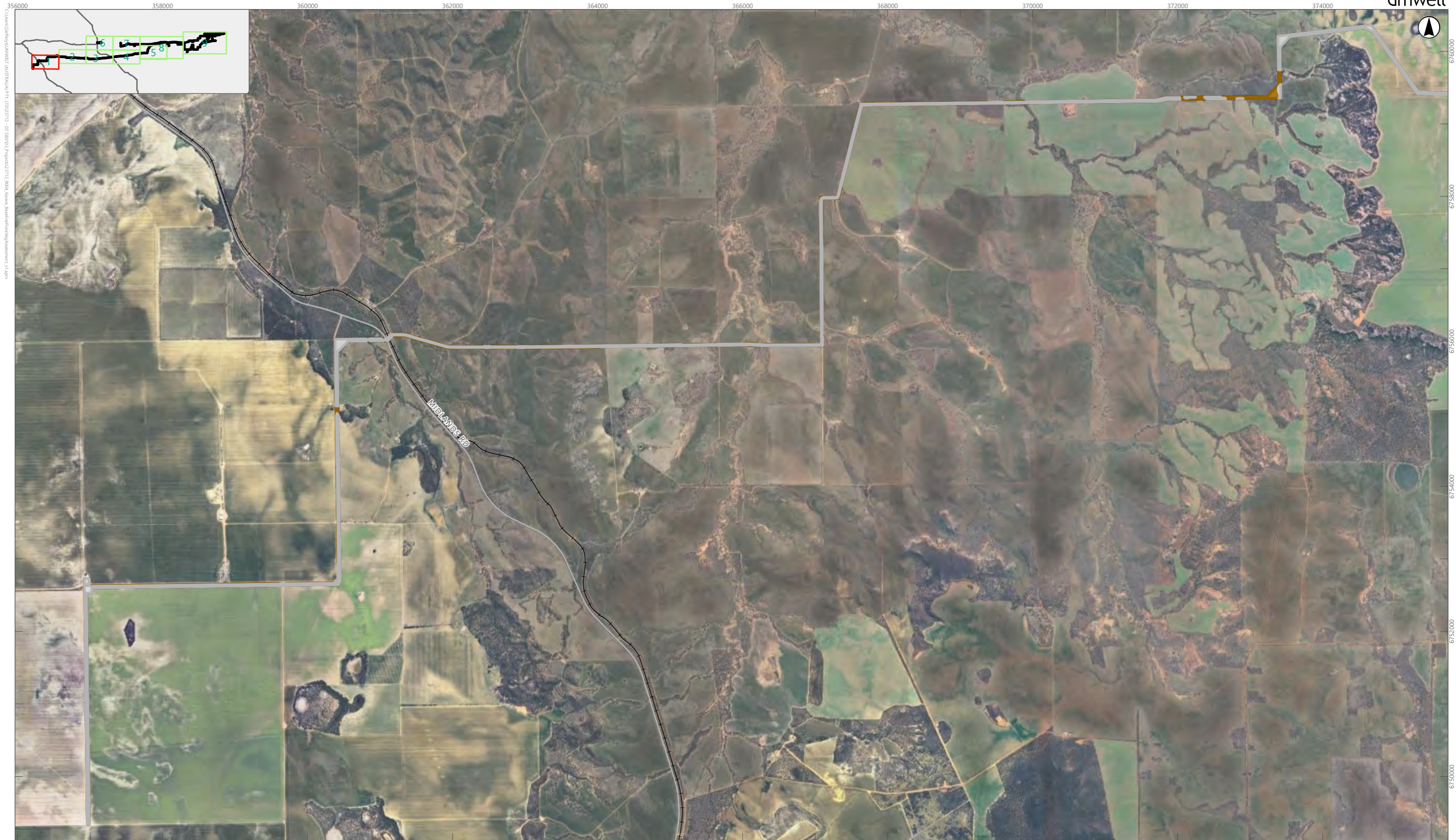
The vegetation north, east and west of camp was mapped as Degraded to Completely Degraded, due to significant alterations to vegetation structure as a result of historical clearing (**Table 5.22; Figure 5.9**). These areas had regrown and were compositionally similar to adjacent uncleared vegetation, but very dissimilar structurally.

Note that while the vegetation in some parts of the Survey Area was observed to have been affected by drought (particularly during the 2023 survey), with widespread senescence of shrubs, these areas were generally not mapped as being in poorer condition. It is anticipated that these areas would recover to baseline levels following sufficient rainfall.

Table 5.22 Vegetation Condition Ratings for VTs of the Survey Area

VT	Area Mapped (ha)					Total
	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Degraded	Completely Degraded	
A	272.1	7.2	1.3	11.1	-	291.7
B	112.3	-	-	-	-	112.3
C	250.3	-	-	73.7	3.3	327.2
D	2,423.1	8.1	-	-	12.5	2,443.7
E	577.3	62.7	6.0	9.5	15.2	670.7
F	299.3	1.2	-	66.3	-	366.8
G	1,452.3	72.0	42.3	7.2	1.4	1,575.2
H	139.8	-	-	-	-	139.8
I	-	-	9.1	1.3	-	10.4
J	99.3	-	-	-	-	99.3

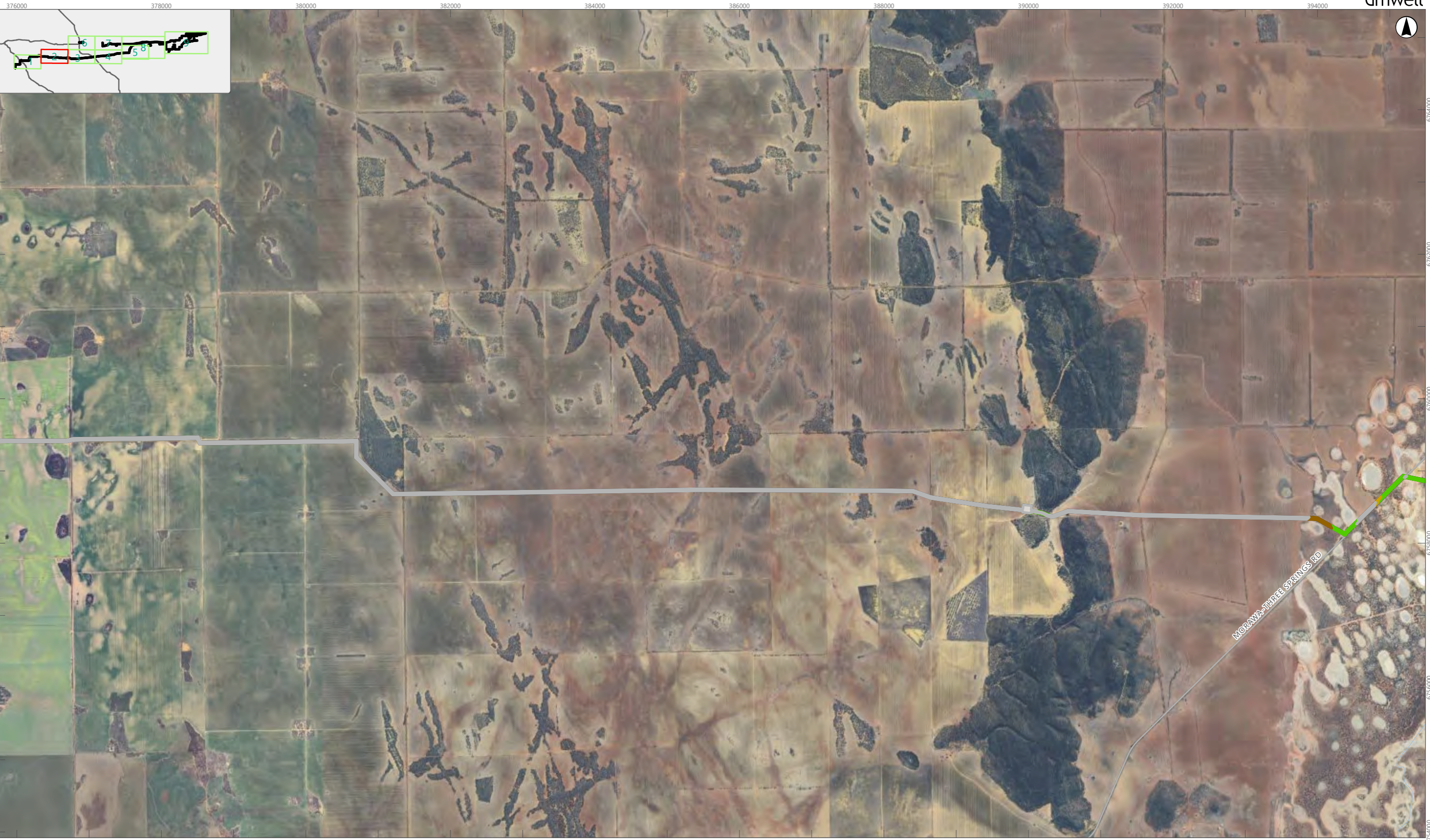
VT	Area Mapped (ha)					Total
	Excellent	Very Good	Good	Degraded	Completely Degraded	
K	313.6	-	-	-	-	313.6
L	31.2	-	5.8	4.2	9.8	50.9
M	10.6	7.6	-	-	-	18.2
N	1.8	0.1	7.6	0.8	0.5	10.7
O	511.8	34.1	0.1	0.2	-	546.2
P	613.1	6.7	-	-	-	619.8
Q	1,675.2	4.8	-	1.2	7.1	1,688.2
R	742.1	15.4	1.9	21.7	4.3	785.4
S	450.7	2.0	-	-	-	452.7
T	183.1	4.3	-	-	-	187.3
U	64.3	-	-	-	-	64.3
V	-	0.3	0.1	-	-	0.4
W	-	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.6
X	-	0.2	-	-	-	0.2
Y	-	-	0.4	1.4	-	1.8
Z	-	-	-	0.7	-	0.7
AA	-	-	0.2	-	-	0.2
HMVT A	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1
HMVT B	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	0.2
HMVT C	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1
HMVT D	-	-	-	-	4.7	4.7
HMVT E	-	-	-	-	1.7	1.7
HMVT F	-	-	-	-	2.0	2.0
HMVT G	-	-	-	-	3.3	3.3
CP	6.7	-	-	-	-	6.7
PL	-	-	-	-	3.9	3.9
Total	10,229.9	226.9	75.0	199.3	69.9	10,801.1



Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Survey Area | Vegetation Condition |
| Road | CD |
| Railway | NA |

FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 1



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Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Condition G
Road	Vegetation Condition D
Major Watercourse	Vegetation Condition CD
	Vegetation Condition NA

FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the Survey Area Sheet 2

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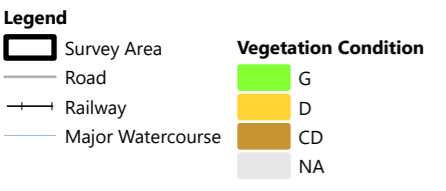


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 3

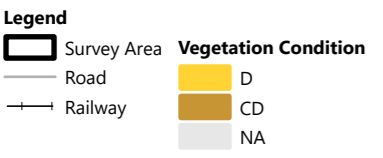


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 4



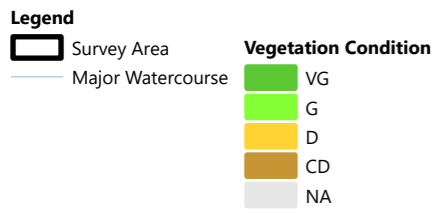
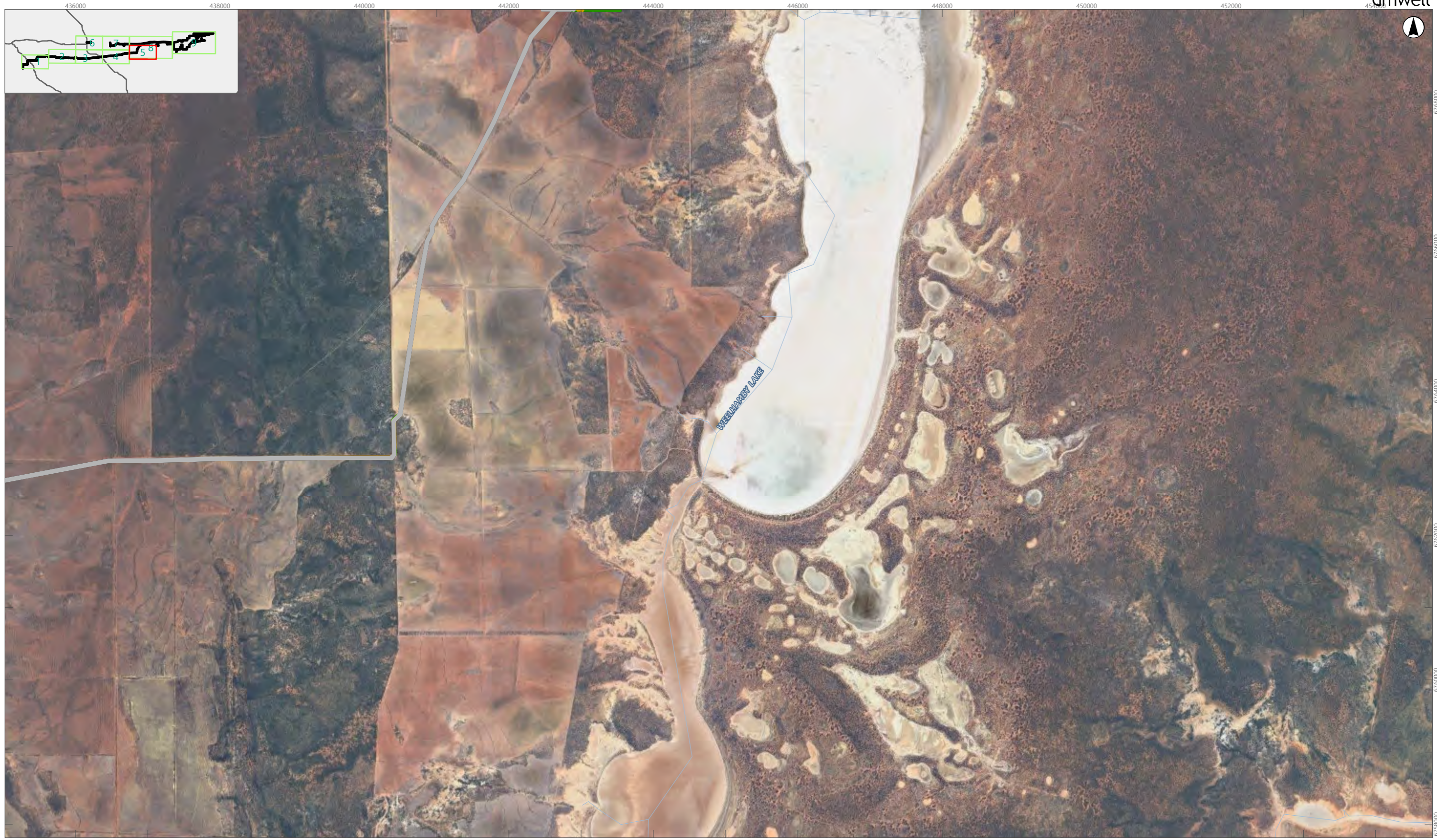
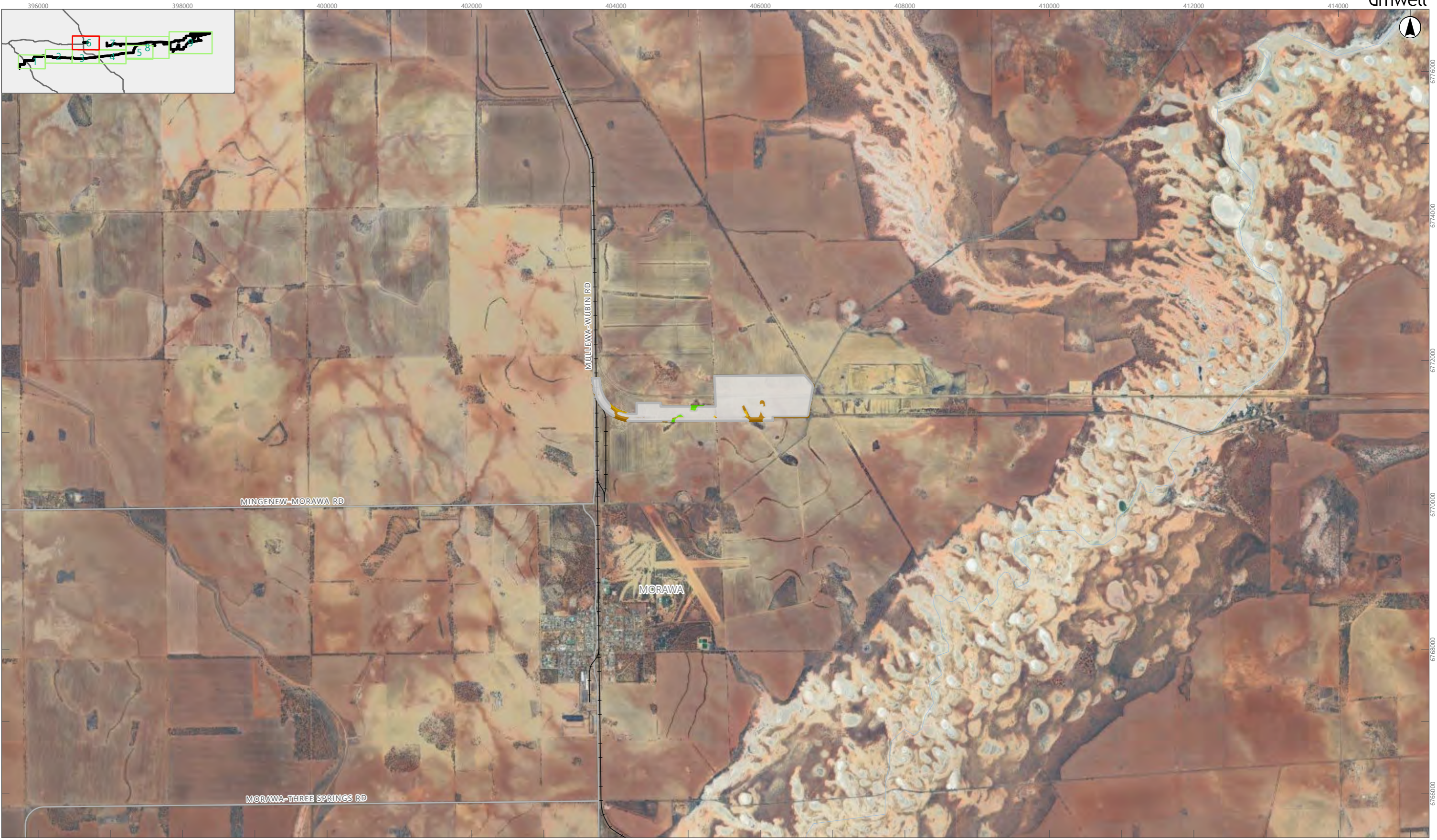


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 5





Scale: 1:50,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Vegetation Condition
Road	G
Railway	D
Major Watercourse	CD
	NA

FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 6

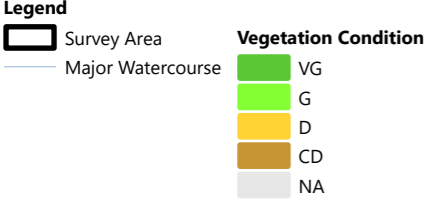
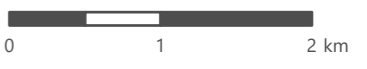


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the Survey Area Sheet 7



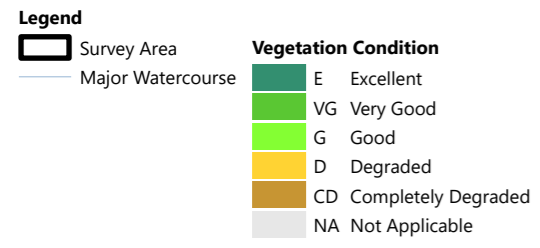
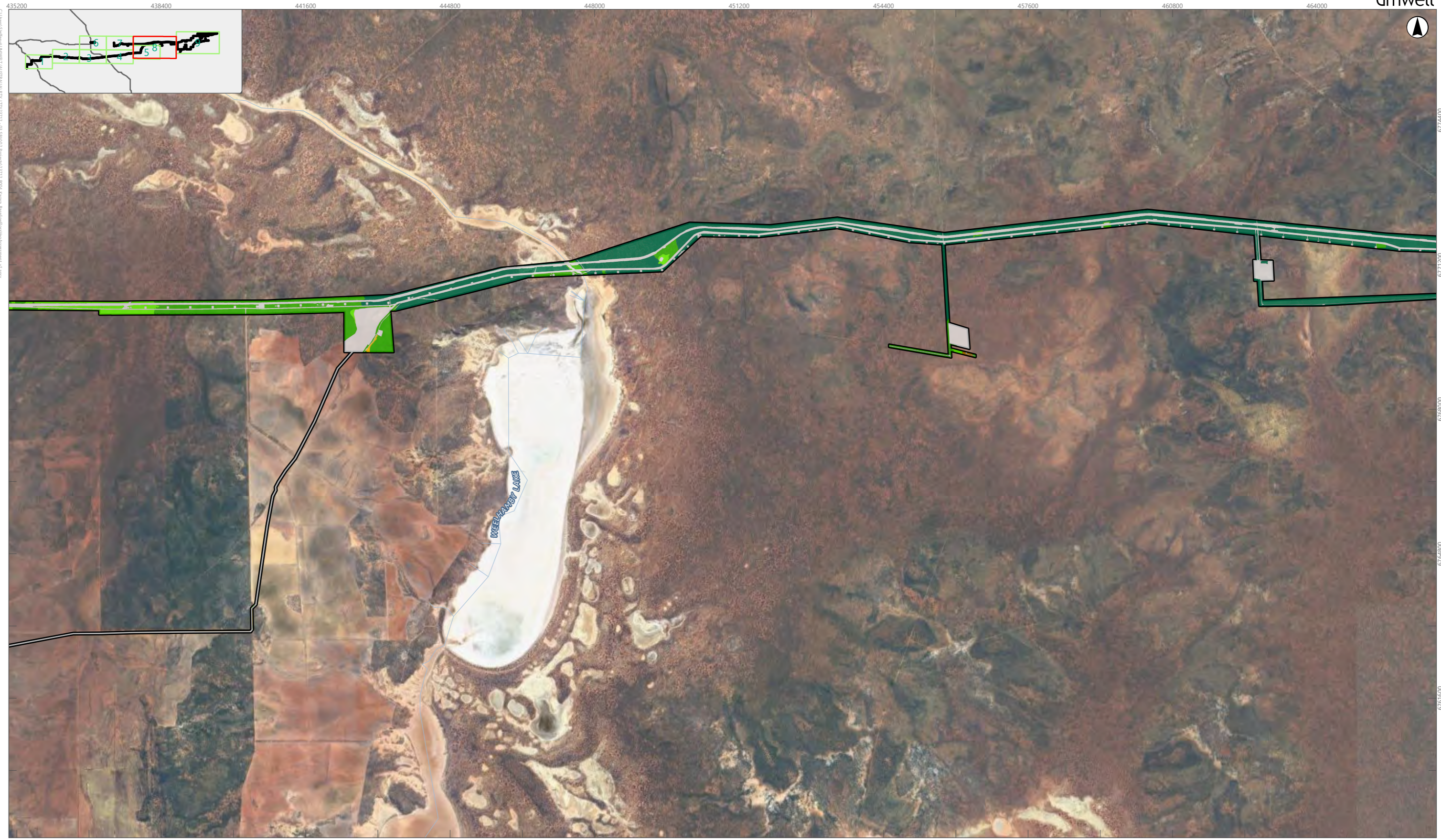


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 8

Scale: 1:80,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone

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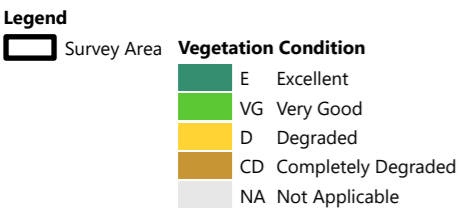
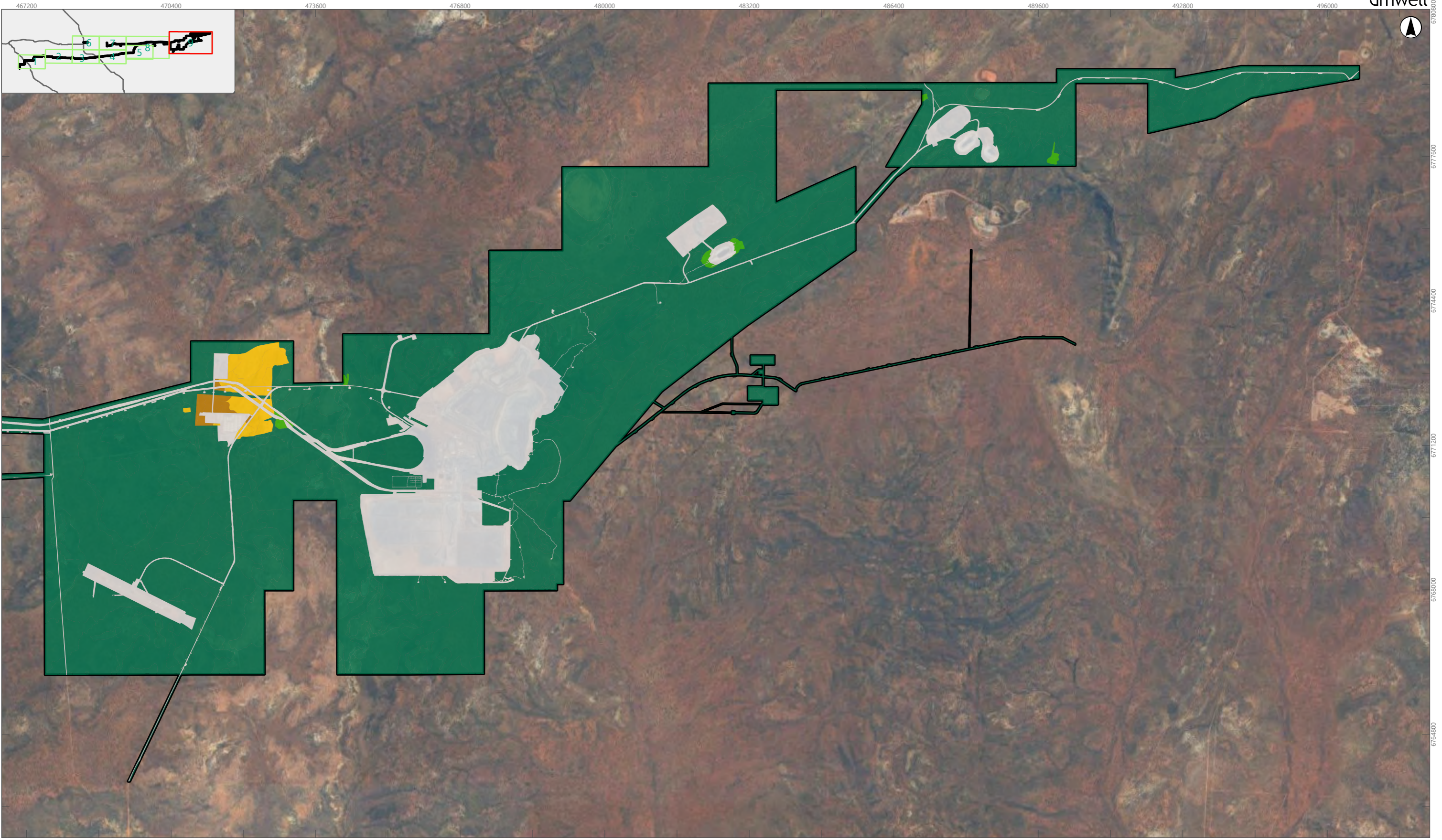


FIGURE 5.9
Vegetation Condition of the
Survey Area
Sheet 9

Scale: 1:80,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone



6.0 Discussion and Conclusions

6.1 Flora

The Survey Area is considered to have high diversity in terms of taxon richness, with 748 discrete vascular flora taxa, two named hybrids (as per WA Herbarium (1998-)), three putative hybrids and one informal taxon variant having been recorded by the current and previous surveys. This was generally expected, as both the greenstone and BIF hills within and in the vicinity of the eastern part of the Survey Area are known to contain relatively diverse floras; however, these floras are relatively dissimilar to each other (Meissner & Coppen, 2014b). This part of the Survey Area also contains valleys and plains with deeper soils, which contributed further taxa to the overall total. Furthermore, with the Survey Area extending over 143 km and three IBRA regions from east to west, it captures a large variety of habitat types, landforms, soils and geologies, and thus also flora assemblages. The total number of taxa recorded in the Survey Area, which extends over 13,557 ha, exceeds that recorded by the Regional Mapping Assessment (656 discrete taxa and hybrids), the study area for which was considerably larger than the Survey Area (81,780 ha, or 500 % larger than the Survey Area). This highlights that a Survey Area that spans across multiple regions can support an extremely diverse flora. Although further taxa may be present in the Survey Area, it is considered that the Survey Area has been well sampled; this is supported by two adequacy of survey measures presented in **Section 4.1**.

The 2023 and 2024 survey was conducted within the most appropriate time to undertake a Primary survey in the region (late winter to early spring). Winter conditions for 2024 were cooler and wetter than average, but were warmer and drier than average in 2023 (**Section 2.0**). The poor conditions in 2023 and later timing of the site visit (October) corresponded with observable drought stress, senescence of perennial taxa, few perennial taxa in flower, and poor abundance and diversity of annual and ephemeral taxa. It is possible that a small number of particularly fragile taxa (e.g. some grass species) may not have been detectable or identifiable during this site visit. However, the conditions prior to the 2024 site visits were good, corresponding with abundant annual and ephemeral taxa, and many perennial taxa in flower. While the first site visit in August 2024 may have been slightly too early in the germination and emergence cycle of some annual taxa (some annual species had germinated but were not yet reproductively mature or in flower), these taxa, and those that may not have been detectable or identifiable during the 2023 site visit, were likely captured by the subsequent site visits in 2024. This is reflected in the relatively high number of annual taxa recorded by the 2023 and 2024 survey (221 annual taxa), which compares favourably to that recorded by the Markey and Dillon (2008) survey (180 annual taxa) and the Meissner and Coppen (2014b) survey (137 annual taxa), although these earlier surveys were undertaken within the Yalgoo IBRA region only.

The number of significant flora taxa recorded in the Survey Area was also considered to be high. A total of forty-one (41) significant flora taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area, comprising:

- Four (4) Threatened taxa listed under the BC and/or EPBC Acts
- Thirty-three (33) DBCA-listed Priority flora taxa
- Four (4) taxa that are considered significant as per EPA definitions (2016a, 2016b) as they represent potentially undescribed taxa.

The high number of significant flora taxa in the Survey Area was expected, given (1) the high levels of endemism of flora taxa on the greenstone and BIF hills in the vicinity of the Survey Area (Markey & Dillon, 2008; Meissner & Coppen, 2014b), which has resulted in many of these taxa being listed as significant; as well as (2) the large size of the Survey Area that extends over three IBRA regions, and thus captures a large and diverse variety of flora habitat types.

Seringia exastia was recorded in the Survey Area for the first time in 2024. The taxon was recorded at a single location on a cleared road verge within the Mine Area. *Seringia exastia* is currently listed as Threatened (Critically Endangered) under the Commonwealth EPBC Act only; it was recently removed from the list of Threatened flora gazetted under the WA BC Act following taxonomic work which determined that *Seringia exastia* is conspecific with (i.e. the same as) *Seringia elliptica*, a taxon widespread across northern and central WA, NT and extending into SA (Binks et al., 2020). It is expected that this taxon will be delisted on a Commonwealth level in the near future given its delisting in WA, but it is unclear when this will occur. However, advice previously received by Umwelt from DBCA was that an Application for Authorisation under Section 40 of the BC Act to Take Threatened Flora was required for *Seringia exastia*, until such time as the taxon is formally delisted, but that Targeted surveys for the taxon were not required.

The four potentially undescribed taxa (*Crassula* sp. nov., *Hemigenia* sp. aff. *botryphylla*, *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1' and *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2'), require further investigation by relevant experts to determine their taxonomic status, which in turn will allow for their conservation significance to be appropriately assessed. These taxa are considered significant in the interim, in line with EPA guidance (2016a, 2016b).

Given the comprehensive survey undertaken in the Targeted Survey Area for the 2023 and 2024 survey (as well as previously undertaken within a similar area for the 2020 Assessment), it is considered that sufficient survey for the flora taxa that are known to occur in the Survey Area has been conducted to inform an assessment of impacts of the Project. The only possible exception is *Crassula* sp. nov. (PU), the taxonomic status of which remains unclear; despite multiple collections being taken in 2024 within the same general area and same habitat as the original 2020 collections, all collections were determined to be of *Crassula extrorsa*. It is not clear why there were no collections made of the potentially undescribed *Crassula* entity in 2023 or 2024, particularly given the exceptional season and above-average winter rainfall received in 2024. It is possible that *Crassula* sp. nov. does in fact represent *Crassula extrorsa*, with the original collection being either aberrant or under-developed. Further sampling is required in order to resolve the taxonomic status of this entity.

A total of 81 significant flora taxa were rated by a likelihood of occurrence assessment as 'likely' or 'possible' to occur in the Survey Area despite not having existing records within the Survey Area. This result is not unexpected, given no Targeted flora survey has been undertaken across the Yandanooka Pipeline or the Borefield Corridor (with the exception of the very western end of the latter). However, of these 81 taxa, only *Calandrinia kalanniensis* (P2) has a likelihood of being present within the Targeted Survey Area. Potentially suitable habitat for this taxon is present within the Mine Area, but the Targeted field survey was undertaken outside the period during which the taxon is typically observable. This taxon is considered unlikely to occur within the Wheatbelt Area, as the Wheatbelt Area is outside the known range of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.

Collections of eight flora taxa made during the 2023 and 2024 survey represent range extensions or fill gaps within these taxon's known distributions. These taxa include *Seringia exastia* (EPBC: CR) discussed above, but the remainder are taxa that are not of conservation significance, or weeds.

A total of 64 introduced flora taxa have been recorded in the Survey Area, including the Declared Pests **Echium plantagineum* (Paterson's Curse) and **Galium aparine* (Goosegrass). Introduced flora taxa were generally most abundant around areas associated with disturbance (recent and historical), grazing, and agricultural, or in areas that experience periodic inundation, including winter-wet flats and depressions.

6.2 Vegetation

Similar to the flora, the diversity of VTs within the Survey Area is considered to be moderate to high. This was mainly due to the linear nature of the Survey Area intersecting a variety of landforms, topographic locations and geologies, coupled with the differing floras on the predominant geological and topographical units (ironstone, granite, and to a lesser extent quartz). A total of 38 categories were mapped in the Survey Area, comprising:

- 20 VTs defined via floristic composition analysis of quadrat data (VTs A to T)
- 8 VTs defined structurally using data recorded at quadrats and relevés (VTs U to AA, and VT CP)
- 7 HMVTs defined structurally using data recorded at quadrats and relevés, within areas with a long history of disturbance where the vegetation still possessed tree or large shrub taxa but were highly modified otherwise (HMVTs A to G)
- 1 VT representing planted non-native or non-endemic tree or shrub taxa (VT PL)
- Water in salt lakes and clay pans
- Cleared land.

An additional floristic analysis was undertaken to determine possible relationships between Survey Area VTs with the FCTs defined by the Regional Mapping Assessment. However, with the addition of quadrat data from the current survey to the Regional Mapping Assessment dataset, there was significant migration of quadrats from their original cluster positions. Nevertheless, some similarities between VTs from the current assessment and Regional FCTs could be gleaned; 16 VTs were considered representative of Regional FCTs, while 19 Survey Area VTs have no potentially equivalent Regional FCTs given the VTs occur well outside the study area of the Regional Mapping Assessment.

Four listed significant vegetation communities were considered to be present in the Survey Area, as below. All listed communities were mapped at known locations within DBCA buffers. No other formally listed TECs or PECs are considered to be present in the Survey Area.

- Blue Hills (Mount Karara/Mungada Ridge/Blue Hills) vegetation assemblages (banded ironstone formation) (WA: P1). Occurs in the Karara Area only.
- Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt (WA: P3; EPBC: CR). Occurs in the far western end of the Borefield Corridor only.
- Koolanooka System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR). Occurs in the western end of the Yandanooka Pipeline only.
- Plant assemblages of the Billeranga System as originally described in Beard (1976) (WA: CR). Occurs within the central part of the Borefield Corridor.

In addition to the TECs and PECs of the Survey Area, 16 Survey Area VTs were considered potentially significant for reasons other than formal listing. This was determined following an assessment of the Survey Area VTs against the definitions of significant vegetation as per EPA (2016a, 2016b). The reasoning for VTs potentially representing significant vegetation included:

- Occurring across a restricted distribution or habitat: applied to 15 VTs
- Playing a role as a refuge or refugium: applied to 10 VTs
- Providing an important ecological function: applied to 11 VTs
- Other reasons: applied to 4 VTs (providing preferred habitat for significant flora taxa with restricted distributions in the case of VTs B and Q, and having a degree of historical impact from threatening processes in the case of VTs M and N).

Ten VTs mapped in the Survey Area were considered to represent riparian vegetation and be reliant on ephemeral surface water to some extent. Additionally, seven VTs were likely to be at least partially dependent on surface water in the form of sheet flow originating from higher ground. Three VTs were potentially groundwater dependent: VTs M and N due to forming part of the Yarra Yarra salt lake system which has been determined to be a net discharge point for groundwater; and HMVT D due to the presence of the obligate phreatophyte *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*. Information on the groundwater dependency of taxa recorded in the Survey Area as well as depth to groundwater information is required to confirm this.

The majority of the vegetation in the Survey Area (94.7 %) was rated and mapped as being in Excellent condition, with little to no human or animal disturbance and an absence or low levels of introduced flora taxa. The vegetation in the Karara Area was overwhelmingly mapped as Excellent condition, as well as the eastern part of the Yandanooka Pipeline. There was a general trend of declining vegetation condition east of Weelhamby Lake (and the boundary between the Avon Wheatbelt and Yalgoo IBRA regions), likely associated with a change in the dominant land use to agriculture, and a corresponding increase in weed presence. The vegetation in this part of the Yandanooka Pipeline was generally Very Good to Good, while that of the Borefield Corridor was Good to Degraded, due to proximity to agriculture, high weed loads, and fragmentation. This is typical of vegetation within that area, which has experienced historically high levels of clearing and weed invasion, primarily for agriculture.

There were no survey limitations that are considered to have significantly affected the results of the current survey. Personnel involved in all aspects of the survey have significant previous experience and guided less experienced personnel throughout the survey where necessary. Reasonable contextual information for the Survey Area was available prior to the 2023 and 2024 field survey. No constraints prevented appropriate sampling techniques (sample site establishment, foot traverses) being employed. Most areas were relatively easy to access using available access tracks and drill lines. Data reliability is therefore considered to be relatively high. All vascular groups that were present in the Survey Area were sampled, and at least one reference specimen of all taxa encountered (excluding common, distinctive taxa) was collected for verification and identification purposes. Almost all flora taxa could be positively identified, and adequacy of survey measures indicate that the Survey Area was well sampled.

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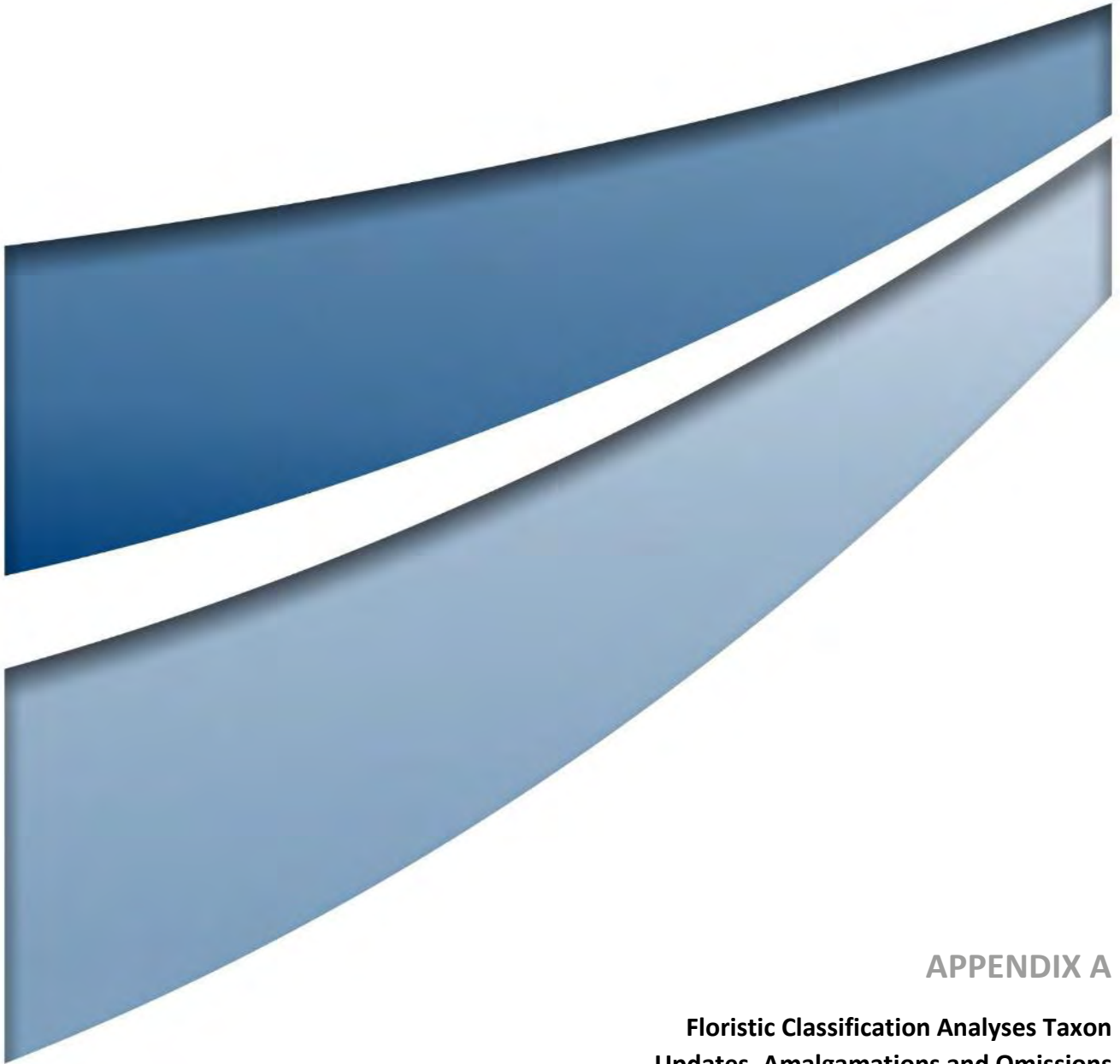
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APPENDIX A

Floristic Classification Analyses Taxon Updates, Amalgamations and Omissions

Taxonomic and Nomenclature Updates

Taxon Name in Historic Data	Update
<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>prostratum</i> ms	<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>prostratum</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>Prostrate</i> (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>argentea</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>fuliginea</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>intermedia</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>microcarpa</i>	
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>tenuis</i>	
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i> is more recently known as <i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>
<i>Acacia karina</i>	<i>Acacia karina</i> is incorrectly spelt; refer to <i>Acacia karinae</i>
<i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i> ms	<i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. <i>Wheatbelt</i> (B.R. Maslin 8602)
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14) is more recently known as <i>Acacia karinae</i>
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331) is more recently known as <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>
* <i>Acetosa vesicaria</i>	<i>Acetosa vesicaria</i> is a nomenclatural synonym of <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>
<i>Actinostrobos arenarius</i>	<i>Actinostrobos arenarius</i> is more recently known as <i>Callitris arenaria</i>
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i> is more recently known as <i>Styphelia serratifolia</i>
* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>	<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> is more recently known as <i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>
Anthericaceae sp.	Anthericaceae is now known as Asparagaceae
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i> is more recently known as <i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>
<i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i>	<i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i> is more recently known as <i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Gunness et al. OAKP 10/63)	<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Gunness et al. OAKP 10/63) is more recently known as <i>Rytidosperma</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Gunness et al. OAKP 10/63)
<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms	<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>
<i>Baeckea camphorosmae</i>	<i>Baeckea camphorosmae</i> is more recently known as <i>Babingtonia camphorosmae</i>
<i>Baeckea megaflora</i> ms	<i>Baeckea megaflora</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Dudawa</i> (M.E. Trudgen MET 5369)
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Wanarra (M.E. Trudgen MET 5376)	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Wanarra (M.E. Trudgen MET 5376) is more recently known as <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>	<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i> is more recently known as <i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i> is more recently known as <i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>
<i>Brachyscome oncocarpa</i>	<i>Brachyscome oncocarpa</i> is more recently known as <i>Roebuckiella oncocarpa</i>

Taxon Name in Historic Data	Update
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i> var. <i>tenella</i>	<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i> var. <i>tenella</i> is more recently known as <i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>
<i>Calandrinia creethiae</i>	<i>Calandrinia creethiae</i> is incorrectly spelt; refer to <i>Calandrinia creethae</i>
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171) is more recently known as <i>Calandrinia baccata</i>
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Murchison - Gascoyne (F. Obbens & F. Hort FO 49/04)	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Murchison - Gascoyne (F. Obbens & F. Hort FO 49/04) is an informal synonym of <i>Calandrinia flava</i>
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. The Pink Hills (F. Obbens FO 19/06)	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. The Pink Hills (F. Obbens FO 19/06) is an informal synonym of <i>Calandrinia monosperma</i>
<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>	<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i> is more recently known as <i>Callitris columellaris</i>
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Yalgoo (Y. Chadwick 1816)	Misidentification of <i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181)
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>	<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i> is more recently known as <i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>
<i>Chenopodium melanocarpum</i> forma <i>leucocarpum</i>	<i>Chenopodium melanocarpum</i> forma <i>leucocarpum</i> is more recently known as <i>Dysphania melanocarpa</i> forma <i>leucocarpa</i>
* <i>Citrullus lanatus</i>	<i>Citrullus lanatus</i> has been misapplied against the current name <i>Citrullus amarus</i>
<i>Darwinia halophila</i> ms	<i>Darwinia halophila</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Darwinia</i> sp. <i>Karonie</i> (K. Newbey 8503)
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>acanthoclona</i>	<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>acanthoclona</i> is more recently known as <i>Daviesia aphylla</i>
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i> is more recently known as <i>Daviesia benthamii</i>
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>	<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i> is more recently known as <i>Drosera eremaea</i>
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>	<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i> is more recently known as <i>Drosera macrantha</i>
<i>Elymus scaber</i>	<i>Elymus scaber</i> is more recently known as <i>Anthosachne scabra</i>
* <i>Emex australis</i>	<i>Emex australis</i> is more recently known as <i>Rumex hypogaeus</i>
<i>Eremophila dielsiana</i>	<i>Eremophila dielsiana</i> is more recently known as <i>Eremophila platycalyx</i>
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>	<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i> is more recently known as <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	Misidentification of <i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. nov.	ID revised to <i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>papula</i>
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms	<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>
<i>Eremophila</i> sp.	ID revised to <i>Eremophila sericea</i>
<i>Eucalyptus clelandii</i>	<i>Eucalyptus clelandii</i> is an incorrect spelling for <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i> is more recently known as <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>
<i>Eucalyptus pluricaulis</i>	<i>Eucalyptus pluricaulis</i> is more recently known as <i>Eucalyptus redunca</i> subsp. <i>pluricaulis</i>

Taxon Name in Historic Data	Update
<i>Eucalyptus striaticalyx</i> subsp. <i>striaticalyx</i>	<i>Eucalyptus striaticalyx</i> subsp. <i>striaticalyx</i> is more recently known as <i>Eucalyptus striaticalyx</i>
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i> subsp. <i>drummondii</i>	<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i> subsp. <i>drummondii</i> is more recently known as <i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>
<i>Gilruthia osbornii</i>	<i>Gilruthia osbornii</i> is incorrectly spelt; refer to <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>
<i>Halgania cyanea</i> var. <i>cyanea</i>	<i>Halgania cyanea</i> var. <i>cyanea</i> is more recently known as <i>Halgania cyanea</i>
<i>Halosarcia doleiformis</i>	<i>Halosarcia doleiformis</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia doliiformis</i>
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>	<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i>	<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia halocnemoides</i>
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>halocnemoides</i>	<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>halocnemoides</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia halocnemoides</i>
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>
<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia lepidosperma</i>
<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>
<i>Halosarcia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>pterygosperma</i>	<i>Halosarcia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>pterygosperma</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>pterygosperma</i>
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	<i>Halosarcia undulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia undulata</i>
<i>Halosarcia</i> sp.	<i>Halosarcia</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia</i>
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A) is more recently known as <i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418) is more recently known as <i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yuna (A.C. Burns 95)	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yuna (A.C. Burns 95) is more recently known as <i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>
<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i>	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i> is more recently known as <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>
<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>curvifolius</i>	<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>curvifolius</i> is more recently known as <i>Pigea curvifolia</i>
<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>floribundus</i>	<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>floribundus</i> is more recently known as <i>Pigea floribunda</i>
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i> is more recently known as <i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>
<i>Hypoxis glabella</i>	<i>Hypoxis glabella</i> is more recently known as <i>Pauridia glabella</i>
<i>Isotoma petraea</i>	<i>Isotoma petraea</i> is more recently known as <i>Lithotoma petraea</i>
<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i>	<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> is more recently known as <i>Seringia velutina</i>
<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i>	<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i> is more recently known as <i>Seringia velutina</i>
<i>Marsdenia australis</i>	<i>Marsdenia australis</i> is more recently known as <i>Leichhardtia australis</i>
<i>Melaleuca coronicarpa</i>	<i>Melaleuca coronicarpa</i> is more recently known as <i>Melaleuca marginata</i>
<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i>	<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i> is more recently known as <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>

Taxon Name in Historic Data	Update
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A) is more recently known as <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Bursarioides</i> (T.R. Lally 760)
<i>Muehlenbeckia florulenta</i>	<i>Muehlenbeckia florulenta</i> is more recently known as <i>Duma florulenta</i>
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i> is incorrectly spelt; refer to <i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>
<i>Nicotiana occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>hesperis</i>	<i>Nicotiana occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>hesperis</i> is more recently known as <i>Nicotiana hesperis</i>
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>	<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Nicotiana rosulata</i>
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms	<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>dampieri</i>	<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>dampieri</i> is more recently known as <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628)
<i>Paspalidium basicladium</i>	<i>Paspalidium basicladium</i> is incorrectly spelt; refer to <i>Paspalidium basicladum</i>
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	<i>Pentaschistis airoides</i> is more recently known as <i>Pentameris airoides</i>
<i>Phyllanthus erwinii</i>	<i>Phyllanthus erwinii</i> is more recently known as <i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>
<i>Pleurosorus rutifolius</i>	<i>Pleurosorus rutifolius</i> is more recently known as <i>Asplenium subglandulosum</i>
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	<i>Podolepis canescens</i> is an excluded name; these records likely attributable to <i>Podolepis aristata</i>
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	<i>Podolepis capillaris</i> is more recently known as <i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>
<i>Podolepis kendallii</i>	<i>Podolepis kendallii</i> is more recently known as <i>Walshia kendallii</i>
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	<i>Podolepis lessonii</i> is more recently known as <i>Panaetia lessonii</i>
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beaglehole 11880)	<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beaglehole 11880) is more recently known as <i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. scooped sepals (G. Brockman GBB386)	<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. scooped sepals (G. Brockman GBB386) is more recently known as <i>Pterostylis arida</i>
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i> is more recently known as <i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i> is more recently known as <i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i> is an excluded name; likely attributable to <i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>
<i>Ptilotus grandiflorus</i> var. <i>grandiflorus</i>	<i>Ptilotus grandiflorus</i> var. <i>grandiflorus</i> is more recently known as <i>Ptilotus grandiflorus</i>
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>	<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i> is more recently known as <i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>
<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i>	<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i> is more recently known as <i>Androcalva luteiflora</i>
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	<i>Salsola tragus</i> has been misapplied against the current name <i>Salsola australis</i>
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>

Taxon Name in Historic Data	Update
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Sida</i> sp. Excedentifolia (J.L. Egan 1925)
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>	<i>Solanum ellipticum</i> is an excluded name; these records likely attributable to <i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>
<i>Triglochin</i> sp. B Flora of Australia (P.G. Wilson 4294)	<i>Triglochin</i> sp. B Flora of Australia (P.G. Wilson 4294) is more recently known as <i>Triglochin isingiana</i>
<i>Velleia cycnopotamica</i>	<i>Velleia cycnopotamica</i> is more recently known as <i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>
<i>Velleia glabrata</i>	<i>Velleia glabrata</i> is more recently known as <i>Goodenia glabrata</i>
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	<i>Velleia hispida</i> is more recently known as <i>Goodenia capillosa</i>
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	<i>Velleia rosea</i> is more recently known as <i>Goodenia rosea</i>
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i> is more recently known as <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	<i>Xanthosia bungei</i> is more recently known as <i>Xanthosia kochii</i>
<i>Zygophyllum apiculatum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum apiculatum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera apiculata</i>
<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera aurantiaca</i>
<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera eremaea</i>
<i>Zygophyllum fruticosum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum fruticosum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera fruticulosa</i>
<i>Zygophyllum iodocarpum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum iodocarpum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera iodocarpa</i>
<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera ovata</i>
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	<i>Zygophyllum</i> is an excluded name; most taxa previously included in <i>Zygophyllum</i> in WA are now included in <i>Roepera</i>

Survey Area Floristic Dataset

Grouped Names

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
ABUCRY	<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i> <i>Abutilon ?cryptopetalum</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ABUOXY	<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266) <i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>prostratum</i> ms	<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>prostratum</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)
ACAAND	<i>Acacia andrewsii</i> <i>Acacia ?andrewsii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ACAANE	<i>Acacia aneura</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?aneura</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?conifera</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?intermedia</i> <i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i> <i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>aneura</i> var. <i>major</i> <i>Acacia caesaneura</i> <i>Acacia mulganeura</i>	Taxa part of the Mulga group (see Section 3.6.1)
ACABUR	<i>Acacia acuminata</i> <i>Acacia ?acuminata</i> <i>Acacia burkittii</i> <i>Acacia ?burkittii</i>	Taxa could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
ACACOO4	<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> <i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> <i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i> <i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i> <i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>effusa</i> <i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313) <i>Acacia effusifolia</i> <i>Acacia incognita</i> <i>Acacia ?incognita</i> <i>Acacia latior</i> <i>Acacia resinosa</i> <i>Acacia ?resinosa</i> <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 2 (<i>gind_21-1</i>) <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 3 (<i>gind_71-05, KM_103-2</i>)	Taxa part of the ' <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> group', and sometimes sympatric/parapatric with other group members. <i>A. effusifolia</i> and <i>A. latior</i> previously treated as subspecies of <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> (<i>A. coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>effusa</i> and <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>latior</i> , respectively). <i>Acacia resinosa</i> is likely a historical misidentification of <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> . The ID of entity ' <i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)' has been updated to <i>A. latior</i> (PERTH 07406142). The ID of entities ' <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 2 (<i>gind_21-1</i>)' and ' <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 3 (<i>gind_71-05, KM_103-2</i>)' have been updated to <i>A. incognita</i> (PERTH 07424442)
ACADAP	<i>Acacia daphnifolia</i> <i>Acacia microbotrya</i>	<i>Acacia daphnifolia</i> is a member of the ' <i>Acacia microbotrya</i> group'. The members of this group can be difficult to distinguish
ACADUR	<i>Acacia duriuscula</i> <i>Acacia sibirica</i>	<i>Acacia duriuscula</i> and <i>A. sibirica</i> are closely related and can be difficult to distinguish in the absence of good material
ACAERE	<i>Acacia eremaea</i> <i>Acacia ?eremaea</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
ACAINCCO	<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i> <i>Acacia ?inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ACAJIB	<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i> <i>Acacia ?speckii</i>	<i>Acacia speckii</i> not known from the Karara area; likely to be a misidentification of <i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>
ACAKAR	<i>Acacia karina</i> <i>Acacia karinae</i> <i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	<i>Acacia karina</i> is incorrectly spelt; referable to <i>Acacia karinae</i> . <i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14) is more recently known as <i>Acacia karinae</i>
ACARAM	<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>linophylla</i> <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> <i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	Varieties could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
ACAUMB	<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> <i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331) is more recently known as <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>
ACTULI	<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i> <i>Actinobole ?uliginosum</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ALLACU	<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>?prinsepiana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ALUASPHE	<i>Aluta aspera</i> <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
AMPCAR	<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> <i>Amphipogon ?caricinus</i>	<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> is the only variety known from WA
AMYGIB	<i>Amyema gibberula</i> <i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i>	<i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i> is the only variety known from the Karara area
ANDLUT	<i>Androcalva luteiflora</i> <i>Rulingia luteiflora</i>	<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i> is more recently known as <i>Androcalva luteiflora</i>
ARICON	<i>Aristida contorta</i> <i>Aristida ?contorta</i> <i>Aristida ?holathera</i> <i>Aristida holathera</i> var. <i>holathera</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
ARTCUR	<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i> <i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
ATRAMN	<i>Atriplex amnicola</i> <i>Atriplex ?amnicola</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRBUN	<i>Atriplex bunburyana</i> <i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRCOD	<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i> <i>Atriplex ?codonocarpa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRLININ	<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i> <i>Atriplex ?lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRVES	<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> <i>Atriplex ?vesicaria</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
AUSELE	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> <i>Austrostipa ?elegantissima</i>	Likely represent the same entity
CALCOL	<i>Callitris columellaris</i> <i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>	<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i> is more recently known as <i>Callitris columellaris</i>
CHESIM	<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i> <i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>	<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i> is more recently known as <i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>
COMINT	<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i> <i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i> <i>Comesperma volubile</i>	<i>Comesperma volubile</i> and <i>C. integerrimum</i> can be difficult to differentiate in the absence of flowering material
CRYAPEAP	<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i> <i>Cryptandra ?apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>	Likely represent the same entity
DAMLAV	<i>Dampiera lavandulacea</i> <i>Dampiera ?lavandulacea</i>	Likely represent the same entity
DAVBEN	<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> <i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>?acanthoclona</i> <i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i> is more recently known as <i>D. benthamii</i> . <i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>acanthoclona</i> is more recently known as <i>D. aphylla</i> ; however, <i>D. aphylla</i> is not known from the Karara area, and may represent a misidentification of <i>D. benthamii</i>
DAVHAK	<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> <i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i> <i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
DIAREVDI	<i>Dianella revoluta</i> <i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i> is the only variety known from the Karara area
DRUFUL	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> <i>Drummondita microphylla</i> <i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> and <i>D. microphylla</i> are closely related and can be difficult to distinguish if material is inadequate. The ID of entity ' <i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)' has been updated to <i>D. fulva</i> (PERTH 03024342)
ENCTOM1	<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> <i>Enchylaena ?tomentosa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ERECLA	<i>Eremophila clarkei</i> <i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREDEC	<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> <i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i> <i>Eremophila ?decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREERI	<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i> <i>Eremophila ?eriocalyx</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREFOR	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
ERELATLA	<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i> <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i> is more recently known as <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
EREMIN	<i>Eremophila miniata</i> <i>Eremophila ?miniata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREOPAN	<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>
EUCARC	<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i> <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. ? <i>arctata</i> <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>elevata</i>	<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i> is more recently known as <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> . <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> is no longer known from the Karara area; likely to be referable to <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>
EUCCAM	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i> <i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusa</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
EUCCLE	<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> <i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	Karara is just outside the range of <i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> ; these records likely attributable to <i>E. clelandiorum</i> , which also belongs to subgenus <i>Symphyomyrtus</i> section <i>Dumaria</i> , and can be difficult to distinguish if material is inadequate
EUCGIT	<i>Eucalyptus gittinsii</i> subsp. <i>illucida</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?gittinsii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EUCHOR	<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?horistes</i> <i>Eucalyptus rigidula</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?rigidula</i>	<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i> and <i>E. rigidula</i> can be confused if material is inadequate
EUCKOC	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>borealis</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
EUCLOXL1	<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>lissophloia</i> <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i> <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>loxophleba</i> <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>supralaevis</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
FRAPAU	<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i> <i>Frankenia ?pauciflora</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GLIFLA	<i>Glischrocaryon flavescens</i> <i>Glischrocaryon ?flavescens</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GREEXT	<i>Grevillea extorris</i> <i>Grevillea ?extorris</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GRELEV	<i>Grevillea levis</i> <i>Grevillea ?levis</i> <i>Grevillea ?paniculata</i>	Taxa could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material

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GREOBL	<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. ? <i>obliquistigma</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
HAKINV	<i>Hakea invaginata</i> <i>Hakea</i> ? <i>invaginata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HAKREC	<i>Hakea recurva</i> <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i> <i>Hakea</i> ? <i>recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i> <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
HEMBEN	<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i> <i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A) is more recently known as <i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>
HEMBOT	<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i> <i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418) <i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418) is more recently known as <i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>
HEMYAL	<i>Hemigenia macphersonii</i> <i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. Yuna (A.C. Burns 95) <i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>	<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i> formally described in 2015, is morphologically similar to <i>H. macphersonii</i>
HIBGLO	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i>	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i> is more recently known as <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>
HYSSETSE	<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Wanarra (M.E. Trudgen MET 5376) <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms and <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Wanarra (M.E. Trudgen MET 5376) are more recently known as <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>
JACACI	<i>Jacksonia acicularis</i> <i>Jacksonia</i> ? <i>acicularis</i>	Likely represent the same entity
KERVEL	<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> <i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i>	Likely represent the same entity (note: <i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i> is more recently known as <i>Seringia velutina</i>)
LEPSP.	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) <i>Lepidosperma</i> ?sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara BIF <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara (H. Pringle 3865)	IDs of entities revised to <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (PERTH 07351046, PERTH 08754357)
MAIGEO	<i>Maireana georgei</i> <i>Maireana</i> ? <i>georgei</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAIPLA	<i>Maireana planifolia</i> <i>Maireana</i> ? <i>planifolia</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAITOM	<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> <i>Maireana</i> ? <i>tomentosa</i> <i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MELACU	<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> <i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i>	<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i> is more recently known as <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>
MELHAM	<i>Melaleuca hamata</i> <i>Melaleuca</i> ? <i>hamata</i>	Likely represent the same entity

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MICTRU	<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> <i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A) is more recently known as <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>
MIRBUR	<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms <i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Bursarioides (T.R. Lally 760)	<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Bursarioides (T.R. Lally 760)
MIRMIC	<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> <i>Mirbelia</i> ? <i>microphylla</i>	Likely represent the same entity
OLEHUM	<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i> <i>Olearia humilis</i>	<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i> not known from the Karara area; likely a misidentification of <i>Olearia humilis</i>
OLESP.	<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. ? <i>dampieri</i> <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms <i>Olearia</i> sp. <i>Eremicola</i> (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628)	<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>dampieri</i> is more recently known as <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66), and <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>Eremicola</i> (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628). The distinguishing characters of <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66) and <i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>Eremicola</i> (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628) are not clear
PHIDES	<i>Philotheca deserti</i> <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
PIMMIC	<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> <i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i> <i>Pimelea</i> ? <i>microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PROPRO	<i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i> <i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i> is more recently known as <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>
PTIDIV	<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> <i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i> is more recently known as <i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>
PTIDRU	<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> <i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>drummondii</i> <i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> var. <i>drummondii</i>	Varieties could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
PTIOBO	<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
RHADRU	<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> <i>Rhagodia</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
RHAPRE	<i>Rhagodia preissii</i> <i>Rhagodia</i> ? <i>preissii</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ROEAURAU	<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i> <i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i> <i>Zygophyllum</i> ? <i>aurantiacum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera aurantiaca</i>
ROEERE	<i>Roepera eremaea</i> <i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera eremaea</i>
ROEOVA	<i>Roepera ovata</i> <i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i>	<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i> is more recently known as <i>Roepera ovata</i>
SCLGAR	<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i> <i>Sclerolaena</i> ? <i>gardneri</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
SENART1	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i> <i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	Taxa could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
SENGLUCH	<i>Senna</i> ? <i>stricta</i> <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> <i>Senna</i> ? <i>glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	<i>Senna stricta</i> not known from the Karara area; likely a misidentification of <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>
SENSTO	<i>Senna cardiosperma</i> <i>Senna stowardii</i>	<i>Senna cardiosperma</i> not known from Karara area; these records likely attributable to <i>Senna stowardii</i>
SIDSP.	<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms <i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i> <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260) <i>Sida</i> ?sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms is more recently known as <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260). The phrase name ' <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)' was raised following completion of the survey during which ' <i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i> ' was recorded
SOLCLE	<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i> <i>Solanum ellipticum</i> <i>Solanum</i> ? <i>ellipticum</i>	<i>Solanum ellipticum</i> is an excluded name; these records likely attributable to <i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>
STYSER	<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i> <i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.	<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i> is more recently known as <i>Styphelia serratifolia</i>
TECDIS	<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i> <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>
TECFIM	<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i> <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>
TECHAL	<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> <i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. ? <i>halocnemoides</i> <i>Tecticornia</i> ? <i>halocnemoides</i> <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia halocnemoides</i> . <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' forms part of the <i>T. aff. halocnemoides</i> 'tuberculate seed' species aggregate
TECINDBI	<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> <i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. ? <i>bidens</i>	<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>
TECPEL	<i>Tecticornia peltata</i> <i>Tecticornia</i> ? <i>peltata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
TECPER	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> <i>Halosarcia</i> ? <i>pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> <i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>	<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i> is more recently known as <i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>
VINLIN	<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i> <i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>	<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i> is more recently known as <i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>
XANKOC	<i>Xanthosia bungei</i> <i>Xanthosia kochii</i>	<i>Xanthosia bungei</i> is more recently known as <i>Xanthosia kochii</i>

Omitted Names

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Anthericaceae</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Anthocercis genistoides</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
? <i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrodanthonia ?caespitosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Guinness et al. OAKP 10/63)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa flavescens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa ?nodosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa ?scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Austrostipa ?tenuifolia</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Burchardia congesta</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caesia micrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> sp.	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia remota</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia roei</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Calytrix</i> ? <i>oldfieldii</i>	Indeterminate; <i>Calytrix oldfieldii</i> not known from the Karara area, and it is not known what this entity may be referable to
<i>Cassytha</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes</i> ? <i>adiantoides</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes brownii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes</i> ? <i>sieberi</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Dichopogon ?tyleri</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>	Geophyte, unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera</i> sp.	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera</i> sp. climbing	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Elymus scaber</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>?Enchylaena lanata</i>	Indeterminate
<i>?Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	Indeterminate
<i>?Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Eremophila</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Ericksonella saccharata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Eucalyptus ?sargentii</i>	Indeterminate; <i>Eucalyptus sargentii</i> revised, no longer known from the Karara area
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Grevillea</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Halgania ?cyanea</i> var. <i>cyanea</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Halosarcia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>?Hemigenia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Hibbertia ?huegelii</i>	Indeterminate; <i>Hibbertia huegelii</i> not known from the Karara area, and it is not known what this entity may be referable to
<i>?Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>floribundus</i>	Indeterminate

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Hypoxis glabella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Isotoma petraea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
? <i>Liliaceae</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Maireana planifolia</i> x <i>villosa</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3482)	Hybrid
? <i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Malleostemon hursthousei</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Marsdenia australis</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> x	Hybrid
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
'opp 12 prostrate crenulate'	Indeterminate
? <i>Orobanchaceae</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Phebalium lepidotum</i> x <i>tuberosum</i>	Hybrid
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Pleurosorus rutifolius</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beaglehole 11880)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present.
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma</i> ? <i>caespitosum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Scholtzia</i> aff. <i>capitata</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Scholtzia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>artemisioides</i>	Hybrid
<i>Stylidium</i> sp.	Indeterminate

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Stylidium warriedarens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Stylidium ?warriedarens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	Indeterminate
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 3'	Indeterminate
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4'	Indeterminate
<i>Thelymitra petrophila</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thyridolepis multiculmis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus ?manglesianus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Tricoryne ?elatior</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tricoryne ?tenella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
? <i>Verticordia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea ?densiflora</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present

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Grouped Names

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
ABUCRY	<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i> <i>Abutilon ?cryptopetalum</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ABUOXYPR	<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266) <i>Abutilon ?oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)	Likely represent the same entity
ACAANE	<i>Acacia aneura</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?aneura</i> <i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>argentea</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?fuliginea</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?intermedia</i> <i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>aneura</i> var. <i>major</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>microcarpa</i> <i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?microcarpa</i> <i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>aneura</i> var. <i>tenuis</i> <i>Acacia craspedocarpa</i> <i>Acacia ?craspedocarpa</i> <i>Acacia minyura</i> <i>Acacia ?minyura</i>	Taxa part of the Mulga group (see Section 3.6.1)
ACABUR	<i>Acacia acuminata</i> <i>Acacia burkittii</i>	Taxa could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
ACACOO	<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> <i>Acacia effusifolia</i> <i>Acacia ?effusifolia</i> <i>Acacia incognita</i> <i>Acacia latior</i> <i>Acacia ?latior</i> <i>Acacia mulganeura</i> <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 2 (gind_21-1)	Taxa part of the ' <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> group', and sometimes sympatric/parapatric with other group members. <i>A. effusifolia</i> and <i>A. latior</i> previously treated as subspecies of <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> (<i>A. coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>effusa</i> and <i>A. coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>latior</i> , respectively). The ID of entity ' <i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 2 (gind_21-1)' has been updated to <i>A. incognita</i> (PERTH 07424442)
ACAEXO	<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i> <i>Acacia ?exocarpoides</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ACAKAR	<i>Acacia karina</i> <i>Acacia karinae</i>	<i>Acacia karina</i> is incorrectly spelt; referable to <i>Acacia karinae</i>
ACAMAS	<i>Acacia masliniana</i> <i>Acacia ?masliniana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ACARAM	<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>linophylla</i> <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> <i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	Varieties could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
ACASIB	<i>Acacia sibina</i> <i>Acacia ?sibina</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
ALLACUPR	<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> <i>Allocasuarina ?acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
AMPCARCA	<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> <i>Amphipogon ?caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRBUN	<i>Atriplex bunburyana</i> <i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ATRVES	<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> <i>Atriplex ?vesicaria</i>	Likely represent the same entity
CHASP.1	<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100) <i>Chamelaucium ?sp.</i> Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100)	Likely represent the same entity
COMINT	<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i> <i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i> <i>Comesperma volubile</i>	<i>Comesperma volubile</i> and <i>C. integerrimum</i> can be difficult to differentiate in the absence of flowering material
DODINA	<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> <i>Dodonaea ?inaequifolia</i>	Likely represent the same entity
DODPET	<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i> <i>Dodonaea ?petiolaris</i>	Likely represent the same entity
DRUFUL	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> <i>Drummondita microphylla</i>	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> and <i>D. microphylla</i> are closely related and can be difficult to distinguish if material is inadequate
ENCLAN	<i>Enchylaena lanata</i> <i>Enchylaena ?lanata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ERECAP	<i>Eremophila caperata</i> <i>Eremophila ?caperata</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ERECLA	<i>Eremophila clarkei</i> <i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREERI	<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i> <i>Eremophila ?eriocalyx</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREFORFO	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i> <i>Eremophila ?forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
EREGEO	<i>Eremophila georgei</i> <i>Eremophila ?georgei</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREOLDOL	<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i> <i>Eremophila ?oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EREPLAPL	<i>Eremophila platycalyx</i> subsp. <i>platycalyx</i> <i>Eremophila ?platycalyx</i> subsp. <i>platycalyx</i>	Likely represent the same entity
ERESPU	<i>Eremophila spuria</i> <i>Eremophila ?spuria</i>	Likely represent the same entity
EUCARC	<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> <i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i> is more recently known as <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>
EUCCLE	<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?clelandiorum</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
EUCKOCAM	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?borealis</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	Subspecies could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
EUCSAL	<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> <i>Eucalyptus ?salubris</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GREEXT	<i>Grevillea extorris</i> <i>Grevillea ?extorris</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GREGLO	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> <i>Grevillea ?globosa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GREHAKST	<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i> <i>Grevillea ?hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GREOBLOB	<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> <i>Grevillea ?obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	Likely represent the same entity
GRESUB	<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> <i>Grevillea ?subtiliflora</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HEMBEN	<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i> <i>Hemigenia ?benthamii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HEMBOT	<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i> <i>Hemigenia ?botryphylla</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HEMYAL	<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i> <i>Hemigenia ?yalgensis</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HIBGLO	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i>	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i> is more recently known as <i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>
HOMTHR	<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i> <i>Homalocalyx ?thryptomenoides</i>	Likely represent the same entity
HYBFLOCU	<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>curvifolius</i> <i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>?curvifolius</i>	<i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>curvifolius</i> is more recently known as <i>Pigea curvifolia</i> . Likely represent the same entity
MAICAR	<i>Maireana carnosa</i> <i>Maireana ?carnosa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAICON	<i>Maireana convexa</i> <i>Maireana ?convexa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAIGEO	<i>Maireana georgei</i> <i>Maireana ?georgei</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAIPLA	<i>Maireana planifolia</i> <i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAITOMTO	<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i> <i>Maireana ?tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAITRI	<i>Maireana triptera</i> <i>Maireana ?triptera</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MAITRI1	<i>Maireana trichoptera</i> <i>Maireana ?trichoptera</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
MELBAR	<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> <i>Melaleuca ?barlowii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MELHAM	<i>Melaleuca hamata</i> <i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i> <i>Melaleuca ?uncinata</i>	Records previously attributed to <i>Melaleuca uncinata</i> in the region now considered to be <i>Melaleuca hamata</i>
MIRDEP	<i>Mirbelia depressa</i> <i>Mirbelia ?depressa</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MIRMIC	<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> <i>Mirbelia ?microphylla</i>	Likely represent the same entity
MIRSP.	<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Bursarioides (T.R. Lally 760) <i>Mirbelia ?sp.</i> Bursarioides (T.R. Lally 760)	Likely represent the same entity
OLEHUM	<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i> <i>Olearia humilis</i>	<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i> not known from the Karara area; likely a misidentification of <i>Olearia humilis</i>
OLESP	<i>Olearia</i> sp. Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628) <i>Olearia ?sp.</i> Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628) <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)	The distinguishing characters of <i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66) and <i>Olearia</i> sp. Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628) are not clear
PIMFOR	<i>Pimelea forrestiana</i> <i>Pimelea ?forrestiana</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PIMMICMI	<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i> <i>Pimelea ?microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PIMSPITH	<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i> <i>Pimelea ?spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PTIBEN	<i>Ptilotus benlii</i> <i>Ptilotus ?benlii</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PTIDRU	<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> <i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> var. <i>drummondii</i>	Varieties could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
PTIHOL	<i>Ptilotus holosericeus</i> <i>Ptilotus ?holosericeus</i>	Likely represent the same entity
PTIOBOOB	<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i> is the only subspecies known from the Karara area
ROEAUR	<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> <i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>	<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i> is the only subspecies known from WA
ROEERE	<i>Roepera eremaea</i> <i>Roepera ?eremaea</i>	Likely represent the same entity
SCLDEN	<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i> <i>Sclerolaena ?densiflora</i>	Likely represent the same entity
SCLGAR	<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i> <i>Sclerolaena ?gardneri</i>	Likely represent the same entity
SENARTPE	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i> <i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	Taxa could not be consistently positively identified due to inadequate material
SERVEL	<i>Seringia velutina</i> <i>Seringia ?velutina</i>	Likely represent the same entity

Grouped Code	Taxa	Reasoning for Grouping
SIDSP.	<i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i> <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260) <i>Sida</i> ?sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	The phrase name ' <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)' was raised following completion of the survey during which ' <i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i> ' was recorded
SIDSP.2	<i>Sida</i> sp. <i>Excedentifolia</i> (J.L. Egan 1925) <i>Sida</i> ?sp. <i>Excedentifolia</i> (J.L. Egan 1925) <i>Sida</i> ?sp. <i>Golden calyces glabrous</i> (H.N. Foote 32)	<i>Sida</i> sp. <i>Excedentifolia</i> (J.L. Egan 1925) is a misidentification of <i>Sida</i> sp. <i>Golden calyces glabrous</i> (H.N. Foote 32)
SOLCLE	<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i> <i>Solanum</i> ? <i>cleistogamum</i>	Likely represent the same entity
SOLLAS	<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> <i>Solanum</i> ? <i>lasiophyllum</i>	Likely represent the same entity
STYSER	<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> <i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.	<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> undergoing taxonomic revision
SWAAFF	<i>Swainsona affinis</i> <i>Swainsona</i> ? <i>affinis</i>	Likely represent the same entity
TECHAL	<i>Tecticornia</i> ? <i>halocnemoides</i> <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' forms part of the <i>T. aff. halocnemoides</i> 'tuberculate seed' species aggregate

Omitted Names

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Acacia</i> cf. <i>kalgoorliensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3478)	Indeterminate; currently lodged at WA Herbarium as <i>Acacia</i> sp. (PERTH 07350783)
<i>Acacia latior</i> x <i>effusifolia</i>	Hybrid
<i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 1 (gind_24-2)	Indeterminate
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Acacia</i> ?x <i>effusifolia</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Acacia</i> ?x <i>latior</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Amphibromus nervosus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Aristida</i> ? <i>holathera</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Arthropodium</i> ? <i>curvipes</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
? <i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	Indeterminate
?Asparagaceae sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Asplenium subglandulosum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Austrostipa blackii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>tenuifolia</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present

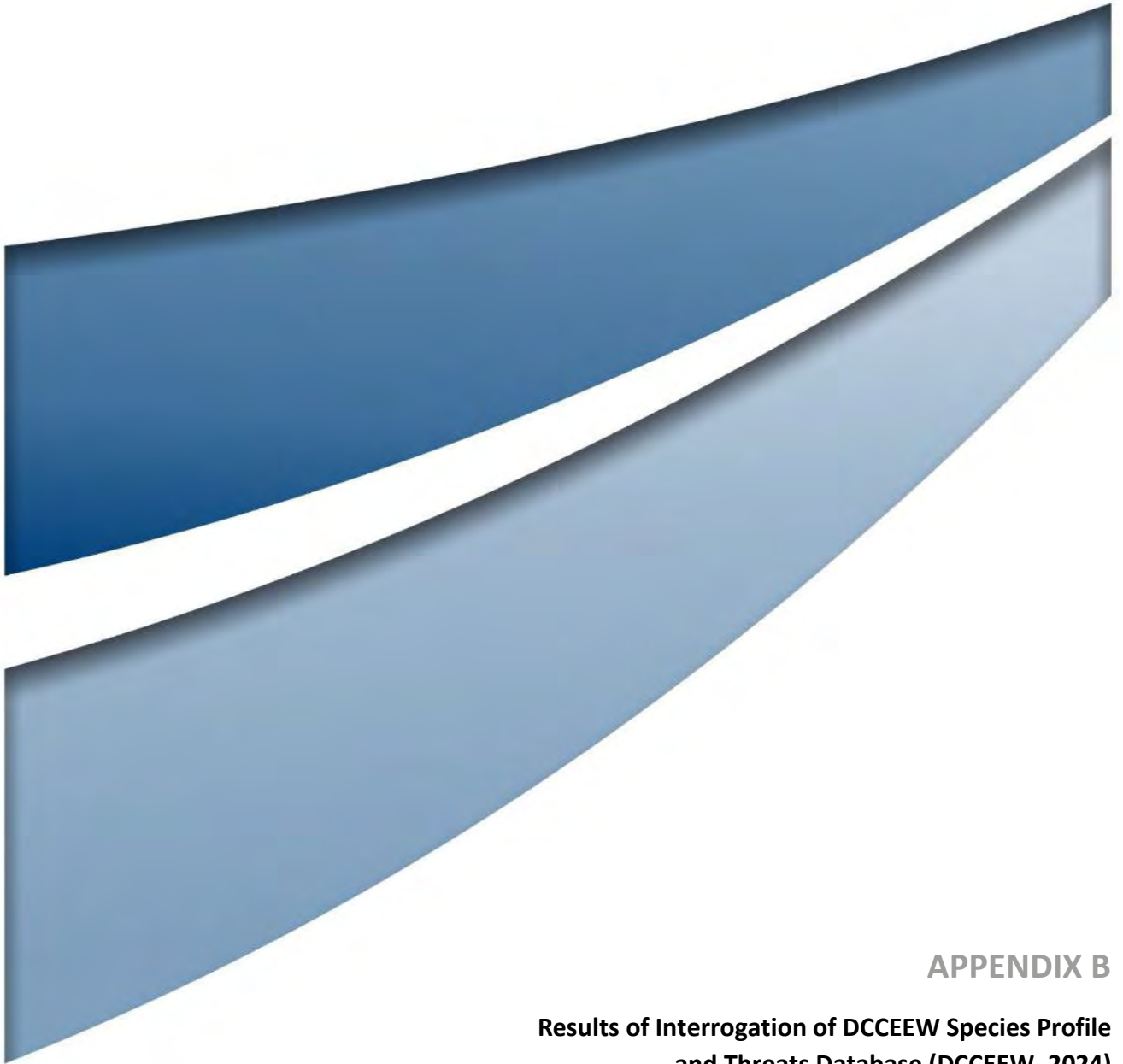
Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Austrostipa ?trichophylla</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
? <i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia micrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia ?micrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Caesia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia remota</i> subsp. <i>remota</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Caladenia roei</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	Ephemeral
<i>Cassytha</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes brownii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes lasiophylla</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes</i> cf. <i>lasiophylla</i> X <i>sieberi</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3048)	Indeterminate
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes ?sieberi</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Cheilanthes</i> sp.	Indeterminate
* <i>Corchorus</i> sp.	Indeterminate

Taxon	Reasoning
? <i>Cryptandra</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i> (P3)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Dichopogon</i> ? <i>tyleri</i>	<i>Dichopogon tyleri</i> not known from the Karara area. Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Dichopogon tyleri</i>	<i>Dichopogon tyleri</i> not known from the Karara area. Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>	Geophyte, unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Drosera</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Enchylaena</i> ? <i>lanata</i> x <i>Maireana georgei</i>	Hybrid
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> x <i>Maireana georgei</i>	Hybrid
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> x <i>Maireana georgei</i>	Hybrid
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Eragrostis</i> ? <i>dielsii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Eragrostis</i> ? <i>falcata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> x <i>forrestii</i>	Hybrid
<i>Eremophila</i> sp.	Indeterminate
?Ericaceae sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Ericksonella saccharata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Grevillea</i> sp.	Indeterminate

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Hemigenia ?buccinata</i>	Identification unlikely but cannot be updated or amalgamated without examining original specimen material
<i>Isotoma petraea</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Lawrencia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Maireana planifolia</i> x <i>villosa</i>	Hybrid
<i>Maireana villosa</i> x <i>planifolia</i>	Hybrid
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Maireana carnosa</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Maireana thesioides</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Malleostemon roseus</i>	Indeterminate
? <i>Marsdenia australis</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> x	Hybrid
<i>Melaleuca</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
<i>Phebalium lepidotum</i> x <i>tuberculosum</i>	Hybrid
<i>Phebalium</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground material present
? <i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Prostanthera ?althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i> x <i>campbellii</i>	Hybrid
? <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. scooped sepals (G. Brockman GBB386)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Pterostylis spathulata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Ptilotus nobilis</i>	Taxon revised and no longer occurs in the Karara area. These records attributable to <i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>
? <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	Indeterminate
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma ?caespitosum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Rytidosperma ?setaceum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Guinness et al. OAKP 10/63)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>artemisioides</i>	Hybrid
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. x <i>sturtii</i>	Hybrid
<i>Sida</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Stylidium longibracteatum</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Stylidium warriedarens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Stylidium ?warriedarens</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 3'	Indeterminate
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4'	Indeterminate
<i>Thelymitra petrophila</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus ?manglesianus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus rectantherus</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.	Indeterminate
? <i>Thysanotus</i> sp.	Indeterminate
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tricoryne ?tenella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present

Taxon	Reasoning
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea ?densiflora</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	Unable to be consistently identified across seasons – identification possible only when above-ground and flowering material present



APPENDIX B

**Results of Interrogation of DCCEEW Species Profile
and Threats Database (DCCEEW, 2024)**



Australian Government

Department of Climate Change, Energy,
the Environment and Water

EPBC Act Protected Matters Report

This report provides general guidance on matters of national environmental significance and other matters protected by the EPBC Act in the area you have selected. Please see the caveat for interpretation of information provided here.

Report created: 12-Jul-2024

[Summary](#)

[Details](#)

[Matters of NES](#)

[Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act](#)

[Extra Information](#)

[Caveat](#)

[Acknowledgements](#)

Summary

Matters of National Environment Significance

This part of the report summarises the matters of national environmental significance that may occur in, or may relate to, the area you nominated. Further information is available in the detail part of the report, which can be accessed by scrolling or following the links below. If you are proposing to undertake an activity that may have a significant impact on one or more matters of national environmental significance then you should consider the [Administrative Guidelines on Significance](#).

World Heritage Properties:	None
National Heritage Places:	None
Wetlands of International Importance (Ramsar)	None
Great Barrier Reef Marine Park:	None
Commonwealth Marine Area:	None
Listed Threatened Ecological Communities:	1
Listed Threatened Species:	84
Listed Migratory Species:	11

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

This part of the report summarises other matters protected under the Act that may relate to the area you nominated. Approval may be required for a proposed activity that significantly affects the environment on Commonwealth land, when the action is outside the Commonwealth land, or the environment anywhere when the action is taken on Commonwealth land. Approval may also be required for the Commonwealth or Commonwealth agencies proposing to take an action that is likely to have a significant impact on the environment anywhere.

The EPBC Act protects the environment on Commonwealth land, the environment from the actions taken on Commonwealth land, and the environment from actions taken by Commonwealth agencies. As heritage values of a place are part of the 'environment', these aspects of the EPBC Act protect the Commonwealth Heritage values of a Commonwealth Heritage place. Information on the new heritage laws can be found at <https://www.dcceew.gov.au/parks-heritage/heritage>

A [permit](#) may be required for activities in or on a Commonwealth area that may affect a member of a listed threatened species or ecological community, a member of a listed migratory species, whales and other cetaceans, or a member of a listed marine species.

Commonwealth Lands:	17
Commonwealth Heritage Places:	None
Listed Marine Species:	16
Whales and Other Cetaceans:	None
Critical Habitats:	None
Commonwealth Reserves Terrestrial:	None
Australian Marine Parks:	None
Habitat Critical to the Survival of Marine Turtles:	None

Extra Information

This part of the report provides information that may also be relevant to the area you have

State and Territory Reserves:	53
Regional Forest Agreements:	None
Nationally Important Wetlands:	1
EPBC Act Referrals:	36
Key Ecological Features (Marine):	None
Biologically Important Areas:	None
Bioregional Assessments:	None
Geological and Bioregional Assessments:	None

Details

Matters of National Environmental Significance

Listed Threatened Ecological Communities

[\[Resource Information \]](#)

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are derived from recovery plans, State vegetation maps, remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Status of Vulnerable, Disallowed and Ineligible are not MNES under the EPBC Act.

Community Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Eucalypt Woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt	Critically Endangered	Community likely to occur within area	In feature area

Listed Threatened Species

[\[Resource Information \]](#)

Status of Conservation Dependent and Extinct are not MNES under the EPBC Act.

Number is the current name ID.

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
BIRD			
Aphelocephala leucopsis Southern Whiteface [529]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Falco hypoleucos Grey Falcon [929]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Leipoa ocellata Malleefowl [934]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Pezoporus occidentalis Night Parrot [59350]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Rostratula australis Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Sternula nereis nereis Australian Fairy Tern [82950]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Tringa nebularia Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Zanda latirostris listed as Calyptorhynchus latirostris Carnaby's Black Cockatoo, Short-billed Black-cockatoo [87737]	Endangered	Breeding known to occur within area	In feature area
MAMMAL			
Dasyurus geoffroi Chuditch, Western Quoll [330]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Lagostrophus fasciatus fasciatus Banded Hare-wallaby, Merrnine, Marnine, Munning [66664]	Vulnerable	Translocated population known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Macroderma gigas Ghost Bat [174]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Macrotis lagotis Greater Bilby [282]	Vulnerable	Translocated population known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Parantechinus apicalis Dibbler [313]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Perameles bougainville Shark Bay Bandicoot [278]	Endangered	Translocated population known to occur within area	In buffer area only
PLANT			
Acacia aprica Blunt Wattle [64821]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia cochlocarpa subsp. cochlocarpa Spiral-fruited Wattle [23877]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia imitans Gibson Wattle [65211]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia recurvata Recurved Wattle [64825]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia unguicula a shrub [55592]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia wilsonii Wilson's Wattle [65228]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Acacia woodmaniorum Woodman's Wattle [85026]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Andersonia gracilis Slender Andersonia [14470]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Androcalva adenothalia [86389]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Caladenia hoffmanii Hoffman's Spider-orchid [56719]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Caladenia wanosa Kalbarri Spider-orchid [5878]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Caleana dixonii listed as Paracaleana dixonii Sandplain Duck Orchid [87944]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Chorizema humile Prostrate Flame Pea [32573]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Conostylis dielsii subsp. teres Irwin's Conostylis [3614]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Conostylis micrantha Small-flowered Conostylis [17635]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Darwinia chapmaniana Chapman's Bell [64877]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Darwinia masonii Mason's Darwinia [18538]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Darwinia polychroma Harlequin Bell [83192]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Dasymalla axillaris Native Foxglove [38829]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Daviesia bursarioides Three Springs Daviesia [56696]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Daviesia speciosa Beautiful Daviesia [56698]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Eleocharis keigheryi Keighery's Eleocharis [64893]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Eleocharis papillosa Dwarf Desert Spike-rush [2519]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Eremophila nivea Silky Eremophila [14431]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Eremophila resinosa Resinous Eremophila [11735]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Eremophila rostrata Beaked Eremophila [65124]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Eremophila viscida Varnish Bush [2394]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Eucalyptus beardiana Beard's Mallee [18933]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Eucalyptus crispata Yandanooka Mallee [24268]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Eucalyptus impensa Eneabba Mallee [56711]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Eucalyptus johnsoniana Johnson's Mallee [14516]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Eucalyptus leprophloia Scaly Butt Mallee, Scaly-butt Mallee [56712]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Eucalyptus pruiniramis Midlands Gum, Jingymia Gum [56403]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Eucalyptus rhodantha Rose Mallee [9362]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Eucalyptus synandra Jingymia Mallee [3753]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Frankenia conferta Silky Frankenia [6074]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Gastrolobium hamulosum Hook-point Poison [9212]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Glyceria drummondii Nangetty Grass [14008]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Grevillea christineae Christine's Grevillea [64520]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Grevillea curviloba subsp. incurva Narrow curved-leaf Grevillea [64909]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Grevillea murex [22053]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Grevillea pythara Pythara Grevillea [64525]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Gyrostemon reticulatus Net-veined Gyrostemon [8491]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Hakea megalosperma Lesueur Hakea [10505]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Hemiandra gardneri Red Snakebush [7945]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Hemiandra rutilans Sargents Snakebush, Colourful Snakebush [17932]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Hensmania chapmanii Chapman's Hensmania [10481]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Hybanthus cymulosus Ninghan Violet [2803]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Hypocalymma angustifolium subsp. Hutt River (S.Patrick 2982) [85023]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Jacksonia pungens Pungent Jacksonia [64920]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Leucopogon marginatus Thick-margined Leucopogon [12527]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Leucopogon obtectus Hidden Beard-heath [19614]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Ricinocarpos brevis [82879]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Roycea pycnophylloides Saltmat [21161]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Schoenia filifolia subsp. subulifolia Mingenew Everlasting [63904]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Stylidium amabile [85007]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Styphelia longissima [89333]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Tecticornia bulbosa Large-articled Samphire [82741]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Tetratheca nephelioides [83217]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Thelymitra stellata Star Sun-orchid [7060]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In buffer area only
Verticordia albida White Featherflower [55635]	Endangered	Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Verticordia spicata subsp. squamosa Scaly-leaved Featherflower [55822]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Wurmbea tubulosa Long-flowered Nancy [12739]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
REPTILE			
Egernia stokesii badia Western Spiny-tailed Skink, Baudin Island Spiny-tailed Skink [64483]	Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
SHARK			
Pristis pristis Freshwater Sawfish, Largetooth Sawfish, River Sawfish, Leichhardt's Sawfish, Northern Sawfish [60756]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
SPIDER			

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Idiosoma nigrum Shield-backed Trapdoor Spider, Black Rugose Trapdoor Spider [66798]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Listed Migratory Species [Resource Information]			
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Migratory Marine Birds			
Apus pacificus Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Migratory Marine Species			
Pristis pristis Freshwater Sawfish, Largetooth Sawfish, River Sawfish, Leichhardt's Sawfish, Northern Sawfish [60756]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Migratory Terrestrial Species			
Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Migratory Wetlands Species			
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris melanotos Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat may occur within area	In feature area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Pandion haliaetus Osprey [952]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Tringa nebularia Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only

Other Matters Protected by the EPBC Act

Commonwealth Lands [\[Resource Information \]](#)

The Commonwealth area listed below may indicate the presence of Commonwealth land in this vicinity. Due to the unreliability of the data source, all proposals should be checked as to whether it impacts on a Commonwealth area, before making a definitive decision. Contact the State or Territory government land department for further information.

Commonwealth Land Name	State	Buffer Status
Unknown		
Commonwealth Land - [50651]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [50393]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51493]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [50879]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [52116]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51930]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [50391]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [52006]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [52021]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [52014]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51996]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51511]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [52012]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [50392]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [50810]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51999]	WA	In buffer area only
Commonwealth Land - [51998]	WA	In buffer area only

Listed Marine Species			[Resource Information]
Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Bird			
Actitis hypoleucos Common Sandpiper [59309]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area
Apus pacificus Fork-tailed Swift [678]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Bubulcus ibis as Ardea ibis Cattle Egret [66521]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Calidris acuminata Sharp-tailed Sandpiper [874]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat known to occur within area	In feature area
Calidris canutus Red Knot, Knot [855]	Vulnerable	Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In buffer area only
Calidris ferruginea Curlew Sandpiper [856]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Calidris melanotos Pectoral Sandpiper [858]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Chalcites osculans as Chrysococcyx osculans Black-eared Cuckoo [83425]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Haliaeetus leucogaster White-bellied Sea-Eagle [943]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In feature area

Scientific Name	Threatened Category	Presence Text	Buffer Status
Merops ornatus Rainbow Bee-eater [670]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Motacilla cinerea Grey Wagtail [642]		Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Numenius madagascariensis Eastern Curlew, Far Eastern Curlew [847]	Critically Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area	In buffer area only
Pandion haliaetus Osprey [952]		Species or species habitat likely to occur within area	In buffer area only
Rostratula australis as Rostratula benghalensis (sensu lato) Australian Painted Snipe [77037]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Thinornis cucullatus as Thinornis rubricollis Hooded Plover, Hooded Dotterel [87735]		Species or species habitat known to occur within area overfly marine area	In feature area
Tringa nebularia Common Greenshank, Greenshank [832]	Endangered	Species or species habitat may occur within area overfly marine area	In buffer area only

Extra Information

State and Territory Reserves			[Resource Information]
Protected Area Name	Reserve Type	State	Buffer Status
Barnabinmah	Conservation Park	WA	In buffer area only
Barnong Pastoral Lease	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In buffer area only
Beekeepers	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Bowgada	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Bowgarder	Nature Reserve	WA	In feature area

Protected Area Name	Reserve Type	State	Buffer Status
Canna	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Caron	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Charles Darwin	Conservation Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Coalseam	Conservation Park	WA	In buffer area only
Depot Hill	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Dookanooka	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Doutha Soak	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Kadathinni	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Kadathinni - Part lot 3 on Plan 15105	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In buffer area only
Kadji Kadji	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In feature area
Karara	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In feature area
Koolanooka	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Koolanooka Dam	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Lochada	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In feature area
Mingenew	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Mount Nunn	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Mt Gibson	Private Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Mungada Ridge	National Park	WA	In feature area
Ninghan	Indigenous Protected Area	WA	In buffer area only
NTWA Bushland covenant (0084)	Conservation Covenant	WA	In buffer area only
NTWA Bushland covenant (0101)	Conservation Covenant	WA	In buffer area only
Pintharuka	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Pintharuka Well	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Sweetman	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Tathra	National Park	WA	In buffer area only

Protected Area Name	Reserve Type	State	Buffer Status
Thundelarra	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA00428	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA00783	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA02360	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA12705	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA14776	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA25495	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA28755	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA39744	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA47436	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA48098	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA51564	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Unnamed WA53971	Conservation Park	WA	In buffer area only
Warriedar Station Nature Reserve	NRS Addition - Gazettal in Progress	WA	In feature area
Weelhamby Lake	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
West Perenjori	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
White Gums	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Wilson	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Wongoondy	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Wotto	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Yardanogo	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only
Yarra Yarra Lake	Conservation Park	WA	In buffer area only
Yarra Yarra Lakes	Nature Reserve	WA	In buffer area only

Nationally Important Wetlands

[[Resource Information](#)]

Wetland Name	State	Buffer Status
Thundelarra Lignum Swamp	WA	In buffer area only

EPBC Act Referrals				[Resource Information]	
Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status	Buffer Status	
Arrowsmith Central Silica Sand Project	2021/9067		Completed	In buffer area only	
BEHARRA SILICA SAND PROJECT	2022/09308		Assessment	In buffer area only	
Karara Iron Ore Project - Mine Life Extension	2023/09566		Assessment	In feature area	
Ocean Hill 3D seismic survey, Eneabba, WA	2017/7970		Completed	In buffer area only	
West Erregulla Processing Plant and Pipeline	2021/8907		Post-Approval	In buffer area only	
Zemira 3D Seismic Survey	2020/8658		Completed	In buffer area only	
Controlled action					
Arrowsmith North Silica Sand Project	2020/8788	Controlled Action	Proposed Decision	In buffer area only	
Construct and operate 79km rail spur	2009/5040	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In feature area	
construction and operation of a unmanned platform at the Cliff Head oil field, a	2003/1300	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only	
Expansion of mineral sand mine	2008/4192	Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only	
Hematite (iron ore) Mine and Beneficiation Plant	2001/542	Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area	
Iron Hill Deposit mining project, mt Gibson Ranges, Shire of Yalgoo, WA	2015/7514	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only	
Karara Magnetite Project	2006/3017	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In feature area	
Koolanooka/Blue Hills Iron Ore Mining Project	2007/3809	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In feature area	
Mount Gibson Iron Ore Pellet Project	2000/95	Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area	
Mt Gibson Iron Ore Project	2004/1874	Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only	
Natta 3D Seismic Acquisition Survey, 36 km east of Dongara	2021/8992	Controlled Action	Referral Decision	In buffer area only	
open cut mine & assoc infrastructure	2005/2381	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In feature area	

Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status	Buffer Status
Controlled action				
Tiwest Dongara Project, mineral sands mining and concentrating operation, 25km	2009/5032	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only
Trieste 3D seismic survey, WA	2017/8133	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only
Undertake seismic survey to assess shale resources	2013/7088	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only
West Erregulla 3D onshore seismic survey & appraisal drilling exploration program WA	2013/7054	Controlled Action	Post-Approval	In buffer area only
West Erregulla Field Development Program, 40 km southeast of Dongara, WA	2021/8991	Controlled Action	Assessment Approach	In buffer area only
Not controlled action				
Blue Hills Iron Ore Project, near Rothsay, WA	2019/8591	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Feral Prospect, magnetite iron ore exploration drilling, Perejori Hills, WA	2014/7333	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only
Improving rabbit biocontrol: releasing another strain of RHDV, sthrn two thirds of Australia	2015/7522	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Koolanooka Direct Shipping Iron Ore Project	2004/1886	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Mt Mulgine Mining Project, 330km northeast Perth, WA	2017/7913	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only
Munckton Road upgrade	2005/2277	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Mungada Ridge Hematite Project	2006/2797	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Mungada Ridge Rehabilitation, Mid-West Region, WA	2019/8556	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In feature area
Shine Iron ore project WA	2012/6331	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only
Waitsia Gas Project Stage 2, Yardarino WA	2020/8633	Not Controlled Action	Completed	In buffer area only
Not controlled action (particular manner)				
Karara Hinge Iron ore project, Perejori, Mid West, WA	2013/7090	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval	In feature area

Title of referral	Reference	Referral Outcome	Assessment Status	Buffer Status
Not controlled action (particular manner)				
Minjar Gold Mining Project, WA	2012/6646	Not Controlled Action (Particular Manner)	Post-Approval	In feature area
Referral decision				
Transmission Line Rebuild and Extension	2009/4972	Referral Decision	Completed	In buffer area only

Caveat

1 PURPOSE

This report is designed to assist in identifying the location of matters of national environmental significance (MNES) and other matters protected by the Environment Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act 1999 (Cth) (EPBC Act) which may be relevant in determining obligations and requirements under the EPBC Act.

The report contains the mapped locations of:

- World and National Heritage properties;
- Wetlands of International and National Importance;
- Commonwealth and State/Territory reserves;
- distribution of listed threatened, migratory and marine species;
- listed threatened ecological communities; and
- other information that may be useful as an indicator of potential habitat value.

2 DISCLAIMER

This report is not intended to be exhaustive and should only be relied upon as a general guide as mapped data is not available for all species or ecological communities listed under the EPBC Act (see below). Persons seeking to use the information contained in this report to inform the referral of a proposed action under the EPBC Act should consider the limitations noted below and whether additional information is required to determine the existence and location of MNES and other protected matters.

Where data are available to inform the mapping of protected species, the presence type (e.g. known, likely or may occur) that can be determined from the data is indicated in general terms. It is the responsibility of any person using or relying on the information in this report to ensure that it is suitable for the circumstances of any proposed use. The Commonwealth cannot accept responsibility for the consequences of any use of the report or any part thereof. To the maximum extent allowed under governing law, the Commonwealth will not be liable for any loss or damage that may be occasioned directly or indirectly through the use of, or reliance

3 DATA SOURCES

Threatened ecological communities

For threatened ecological communities where the distribution is well known, maps are generated based on information contained in recovery plans, State vegetation maps and remote sensing imagery and other sources. Where threatened ecological community distributions are less well known, existing vegetation maps and point location data are used to produce indicative distribution maps.

Threatened, migratory and marine species

Threatened, migratory and marine species distributions have been discerned through a variety of methods. Where distributions are well known and if time permits, distributions are inferred from either thematic spatial data (i.e. vegetation, soils, geology, elevation, aspect, terrain, etc.) together with point locations and described habitat; or modelled (MAXENT or BIOCLIM habitat modelling) using

Where little information is available for a species or large number of maps are required in a short time-frame, maps are derived either from 0.04 or 0.02 decimal degree cells; by an automated process using polygon capture techniques (static two kilometre grid cells, alpha-hull and convex hull); or captured manually or by using topographic features (national park boundaries, islands, etc.).

In the early stages of the distribution mapping process (1999-early 2000s) distributions were defined by degree blocks, 100K or 250K map sheets to rapidly create distribution maps. More detailed distribution mapping methods are used to update these distributions

4 LIMITATIONS

The following species and ecological communities have not been mapped and do not appear in this report:

- threatened species listed as extinct or considered vagrants;
- some recently listed species and ecological communities;
- some listed migratory and listed marine species, which are not listed as threatened species; and
- migratory species that are very widespread, vagrant, or only occur in Australia in small numbers.

The following groups have been mapped, but may not cover the complete distribution of the species:

- listed migratory and/or listed marine seabirds, which are not listed as threatened, have only been mapped for recorded
- seals which have only been mapped for breeding sites near the Australian continent

The breeding sites may be important for the protection of the Commonwealth Marine environment.

Refer to the metadata for the feature group (using the Resource Information link) for the currency of the information.

Acknowledgements

This database has been compiled from a range of data sources. The department acknowledges the following custodians who have contributed valuable data and advice:

- [-Office of Environment and Heritage, New South Wales](#)
- [-Department of Environment and Primary Industries, Victoria](#)
- [-Department of Primary Industries, Parks, Water and Environment, Tasmania](#)
- [-Department of Environment, Water and Natural Resources, South Australia](#)
- [-Department of Land and Resource Management, Northern Territory](#)
- [-Department of Environmental and Heritage Protection, Queensland](#)
- [-Department of Parks and Wildlife, Western Australia](#)
- [-Environment and Planning Directorate, ACT](#)
- [-Birdlife Australia](#)
- [-Australian Bird and Bat Banding Scheme](#)
- [-Australian National Wildlife Collection](#)
- Natural history museums of Australia
- [-Museum Victoria](#)
- [-Australian Museum](#)
- [-South Australian Museum](#)
- [-Queensland Museum](#)
- [-Online Zoological Collections of Australian Museums](#)
- [-Queensland Herbarium](#)
- [-National Herbarium of NSW](#)
- [-Royal Botanic Gardens and National Herbarium of Victoria](#)
- [-Tasmanian Herbarium](#)
- [-State Herbarium of South Australia](#)
- [-Northern Territory Herbarium](#)
- [-Western Australian Herbarium](#)
- [-Australian National Herbarium, Canberra](#)
- [-University of New England](#)
- [-Ocean Biogeographic Information System](#)
- [-Australian Government, Department of Defence](#)
- [Forestry Corporation, NSW](#)
- [-Geoscience Australia](#)
- [-CSIRO](#)
- [-Australian Tropical Herbarium, Cairns](#)
- [-eBird Australia](#)
- [-Australian Government – Australian Antarctic Data Centre](#)
- [-Museum and Art Gallery of the Northern Territory](#)
- [-Australian Government National Environmental Science Program](#)
- [-Australian Institute of Marine Science](#)
- [-Reef Life Survey Australia](#)
- [-American Museum of Natural History](#)
- [-Queen Victoria Museum and Art Gallery, Inveresk, Tasmania](#)
- [-Tasmanian Museum and Art Gallery, Hobart, Tasmania](#)
- Other groups and individuals

The Department is extremely grateful to the many organisations and individuals who provided expert advice and information on numerous draft distributions.

Please feel free to provide feedback via the [Contact us](#) page.

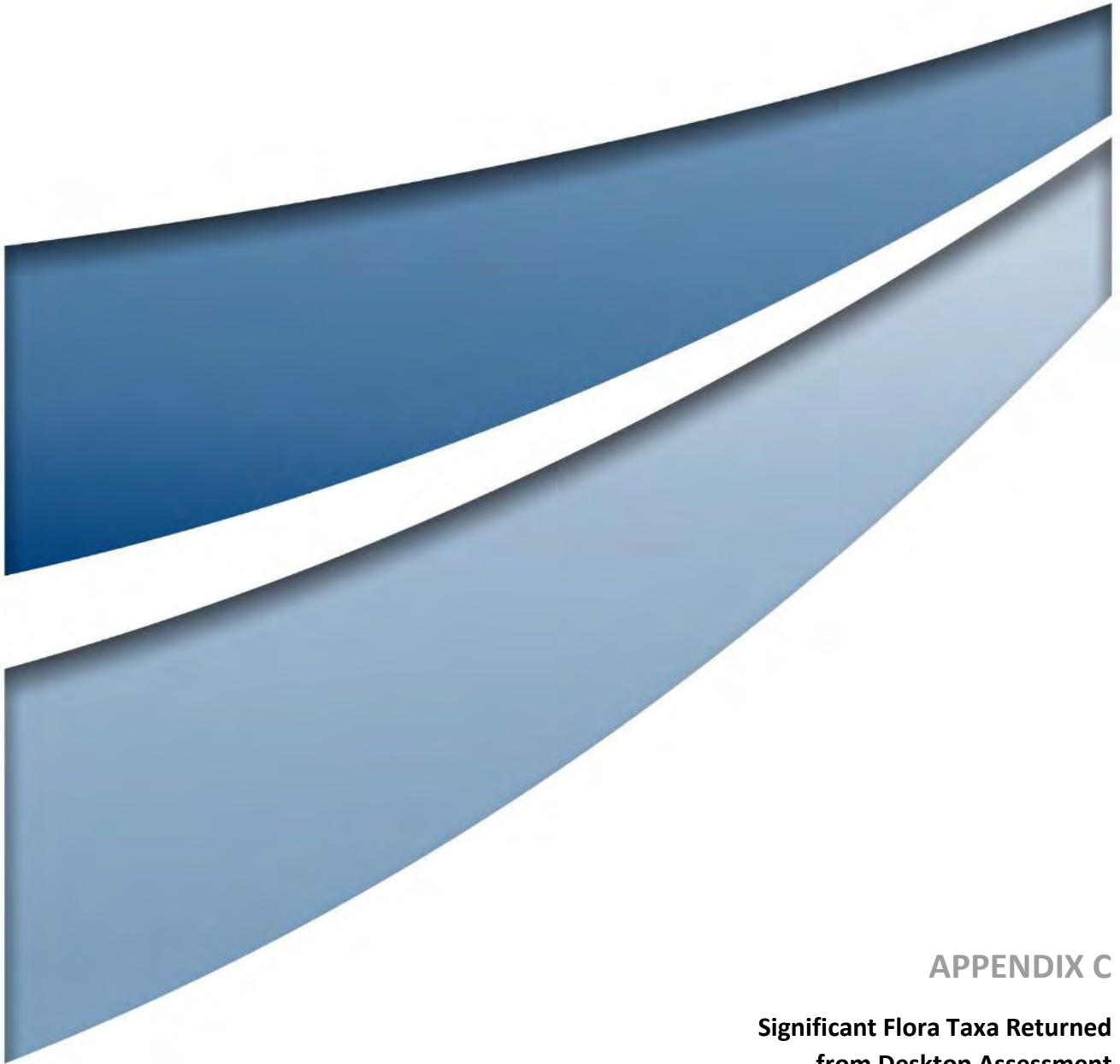
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APPENDIX C

**Significant Flora Taxa Returned
from Desktop Assessment**

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Acacia aprica</i>	T	EN	June to July	Red or gravelly sand, sandy loam. Plains, rocky hills.	DCCEEW
<i>Acacia cerastes</i>	P3		January, August to September	Yellow-brown sandy loam over granite or ironstone. Hilltops, outcrops, drainage lines.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia chapmanii</i> subsp. <i>chapmanii</i>	P2		August to September	Grey, brown loam or yellow sand over laterite. Flats and slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia cochlocarpa</i> subsp. <i>cochlocarpa</i>	T	EN	June to August	Clayey, sandy, often gravelly soils.	DCCEEW
<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>cliftoniana</i>	P1		August to September	Rocky or lateritic loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>wonganensis</i>	P2		August to December	Brown-red clay loam over laterite. Hillsides.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia cylindrica</i>	P3		March, September	Sandplains. Yellow or brown sand.	NatureMap
<i>Acacia diallaga</i>	P1		July to September	Red-brown clay loam with basalt. Low hills and slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Woodman Environmental
<i>Acacia flabellifolia</i>	P3		August to September	Low hills and ridges with rocky loam, lateritic gravelly soils.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia formidabilis</i>	P3		July to September	Pale yellow sand. Plains and slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia graciliformis</i>	P1		September	Red-brown clay-loam over laterite and ironstone. Hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia imitans</i>	P4	EN	July to September	Red-brown rocky loam. Hillside and edges of a dry creek.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>isoneura</i>	P3		August to September	Flats, slopes and low rises on yellow/brown sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>nimia</i>	P3		July to September	Granite outcrops. deep yellow loamy sand or stony soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3		April to August	Red-brown to yellowish red sandy clay loam, basalt and BIF. Plains, slopes and hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Acacia lanceolata</i>	P3		July to August	Lateritic hills and breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Acacia latipes</i> subsp. <i>licina</i>	P3		June to October	White/grey sand, lateritic soils, sandy loam. Sandplains, flats, hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia lineolata</i> subsp. <i>multilineata</i>	P1		June to August	Clay loam, red loam, rocky clay. Slopes, hills, and breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia megacephala</i>	P3		July to September	Yellow or grey pale sands, occasional gravel. Flats or slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia muriculata</i>	P1		September to October	Red clay-loam over laterite and ironstone. Hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>	P1		August to September	Sandplains and slopes. Yellow sands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia nodiflora</i>	P3		September to November	Red-brown clay, loam over granite. Hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia pterocaulon</i>	P1		June to September	Brown rocky soil, yellow sand. Slope and ridges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia recurvata</i>	T	EN	July to August	Sandy clay, granitic clay-loam. Creeklines, plains, breakaways, low hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Acacia speckii</i>	P4		March, July	Low hills with basalt, granite or dolerite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Acacia subrigida</i>	P2		August to October	Sandplains. Yellow or brown sand or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia subsessilis</i>	P3		August to October	Red-brown sandy clay loam or stony gravel over ironstone or granite Foot slopes and mid slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Woodman Environmental
<i>Acacia sulcaticaulis</i>	T		June to July, December	Red or brown loam. Slopes of dolerite, granite and greenstone hills, rocky creeklines.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen
<i>Acacia telmica</i>	P3		July to September	Low-lying seasonally moist areas on sand, loam or loamy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Acacia tuberculata</i>	P2		May, September	Brown sandy clay over granite slopes.	NatureMap
<i>Acacia unguicula</i>	T	CR	August to September	Red-brown rocky, sandy, loam soils over dolerite. Hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Acacia vittata</i>	P2		June to August, November	Margins of seasonal lakes with grey or brown sand or sandy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Acacia wilsonii</i>	T	EN	November to March	Hilltops, slopes and breakaways with gravelly brown, grey or yellow sand or clay loam over laterite or occasionally sandstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i>	T	EN	July to September	Red clay loam, silt over ironstone. Hill slopes, scattered among rocks.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW; Maia; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Goodlands (B.R. Maslin 7761)	P1		July	Orange-brown or yellow coarse sand or loam. Flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Allocasuarina grevilleoides</i>	P3		September to November	Slopes, outcrops and plains with rocky or gravelly brown sand or clay loam over laterite or granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Allocasuarina ramosissima</i>	P3		May to September	Breakaways, slopes and plains with gravelly grey, brown or white sand or loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3		April, August to September	Red sandy loam over laterite and ironstone. Slopes and rocky basalt outcrops.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>localis</i>	P2		October to December	Undulating plains. Yellow or brown sandy loam over gravel.	NatureMap
<i>Andersonia gracilis</i>	T	EN	August to November	Winter-wet areas, near swamps. White-grey sand, sandy clay and gravelly loam.	DCCEEW
<i>Androcalva adenothalia</i>	T	CR	August to November	Orange-brown sandy loam or gravel. Plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Angianthus micropodioides</i>	P3		September to November	Saline flats, winter-wet depressions and adjacent dunes. Grey or brown clay loam or sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Anthocercis intricata</i>	P3		June to September	Consolidated sand dunes on sand or loam over limestone.	NatureMap
<i>Apectospermum exsertum</i>	P3		July to November	Sandplains. Brown or yellow sandy clay, ironstone gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Asteridea morawana</i>	P1		September to November	Brown loam over limestone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Atriplex muelleri</i>	P1		Unknown	Claypans, cracking clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Austrostipa nunaginensis</i>	P3		September to November	Yellow or brown sand, occasionally clay. On slopes or low hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Babingtonia fascifolia</i>	P1		November to December	Yellow to red sandy clay, laterite. Ridges or plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Babingtonia minutifolia</i>	P1		September to November	Brown sandy-clay loam, laterite gravel. Rocky ground.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Babingtonia peteriana</i>	P2		August to December	E/NE-facing gentle slopes, red/brown, brown or grey clay/clayey loam over lateritic sandstone, sometimes rocky areas and creekline edges.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Billeranga Hills (M.E. Trudgen 2206)	P1		September to October	Light coloured loams and sandy loams, pebbly and rocky. On slopes and stony hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Morawa (M.A. Langley MAL4177)	P1		Unknown	Orange-brown silty fine sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516)	P2		August to September	Red brown sandy loam or clay, or silty sands. Often with granite or ironstone on ridges and hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Walkaway (A.S. George 11249)	P3		November to January	Undulating plains, hillslopes on yellow/brown or white sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Balaustion grande</i>	P3		August to October	Flats. Orange or brown or yellow gravelly or clayey sand, laterite rocks.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Balaustion hemisphaericum</i>	P1		July to October	Yellow, brown gravelly loamy sand over laterite or granite. Breakaways, hillsides and uplands.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Banksia benthamiana</i>	P4		November to January	Sandplains. Brown or yellow sand/gravel or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia borealis</i> subsp. <i>elator</i>	P3		January, July to August	Yellow clay loam, brown gravelly loam, grey or brown sandy loam, lateritic gravel. Flat to undulating plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Banksia chamaephyton</i>	P4		October to December	Slopes, breakaways and flats with grey or white sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia cypholoba</i>	P3		June to September	Plains, slopes and hills with sand, often with laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia elegans</i>	P4		October to November	White sand on slopes, low lateritic hills, brown gravelly loam, grey sandy gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>crebra</i>	P3		July to August	Lateritic hilltops, slopes, plains and valleys with yellow, grey or brown gravelly sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>oxycedra</i>	P3		August to September	Yellow-brown sandy loam, laterite. Hillslopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia scabrella</i>	P4		September to January	White, grey or yellow sand, sometimes with lateritic gravel. Sandplains, lateritic ridges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia splendida</i> subsp. <i>macrocarpa</i>	P3		July to August	Ridges, slopes and undulating plains with white/grey sand and laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia subulata</i>	P3		September	White/grey or yellow sand over laterite, gravelly laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Banksia trifontinalis</i>	P3		August to October	Brown sandy loam, red-brown laterite. Hillslopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Beyeria apiculata</i>	P1		September	Orange-brown, red loam, rocky laterite. Flat to undulating plains.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Beyeria gardneri</i>	P3		August to September	Sandplains and hillsides on yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Bossiaea</i> sp. Jackson Range (G. Cockerton & S. McNee LCS 13614)	P3		March to October	Red-brown clay loam soils, white-grey sandy loam. On outcrops and breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1		September to October	Yellow, red clayey sand over granite or laterite, rocky banded ironstone. Moderately inclined slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt
<i>Caladenia denticulata</i> subsp. <i>albicans</i>	P1		August to September	Wet flats, moist depression. Sandy soils.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Caladenia hoffmanii</i>	T	EN	August to October	Clay loam or sandy loams. Rocky outcrops and hillsides, ridges, swamps, and gullies.	DCCEEW

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<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>minima</i>	P2		August	Along creek lines. Red loam with ironstone outcrops, yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Caladenia wanosa</i>	T	VU	August	Yellow sand. Low rocky hills and flats.	DCCEEW
<i>Calandrinia kalanniensis</i>	P2		October to January	Brown, red gritty sandy clay over granite. Shallow rock hollow on large granite rock.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09)	P2		August to September	Red-brown, fine clayey loam. Gently sloping granitic flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Woodman Environmental
<i>Calectasia browneana</i>	P2		June to August	Slopes and plains and creekline edges with white-grey sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calectasia palustris</i>	P2		September to November	Winter-wet flats and swamps with white sand.	NatureMap
<i>Calothamnus accedens</i>	P4		September to January	Slopes or rises with brown clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calothamnus arcuatus</i>	P2		June to September	Shallow loam/clayey loam or sand over sandstone, breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3		August to September	Ridges and slopes with banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Calytrix chrysantha</i>	P4		November to February	Plains and flats, on yellow or grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calytrix ecalycata</i> subsp. <i>ecalycata</i>	P3		August to October	Sandy or stony soils. Hills or slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calytrix eneabbensis</i>	P4		July to October	White, grey or yellow sand over laterite. Sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calytrix plumulosa</i>	P3		October to November	Yellow loamy or clayey sand over laterite gravel. Plain.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calytrix purpurea</i>	P2		September to December	Sandplains and sand dunes with white, grey or yellow sand, often over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Calytrix superba</i>	P4		December to February	Sand over laterite. Flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Centrolepis milleri</i>	P3		September to October	Sandplains with grey-white sand or sandy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Chamelaucium repens</i>	P1		August	Brown, grey clay-loam with granite boulders and rocks.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Bunjil (M.E. Ballingall 1970)	P1		August to October	Lower slopes and plains. Brown or yellow-brown sand or sandy clay, sometimes with ironstone or spongolite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100)	P1		August to September	Brown-red rocky clay loam, sandy clay. Slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppens; Woodman Environmental
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Wongan Hills (B.H. Smith 1140)	P3		August to December	Sand flats and slopes, near saline watercourses. Yellow, grey-white or cream sand over laterite, brown sandy loam.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Yalgoo (Y. Chadwick 1816)	P1		August to October	Upper slopes, flats with granite and red-brown clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Cheyनियाna rhodella</i>	P2		October	Brown-red loam over calcrete, yellow-brown sandy loam, brown gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Chorizema humile</i>	T	EN	August to September	Plains with granite; rock outcrops of granite with red-brown soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Comesperma griffinii</i>	P2		August to January	Slopes, plains, open depressions and flats with grey or brown sand or light clay, sometimes with laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Comesperma rhadinocarpum</i>	P3		October to November	Undulating plains, valley slopes and flats with grey, brown or yellow sandy loam or sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Conostylis dielsii</i> subsp. <i>teres</i>	T	EN	July to August	White, grey or yellow sand, gravel. Low open woodland.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Conostylis micrantha</i>	T	EN	July to August	White or grey sand. Sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Corynotheca acanthoclada</i>	P1		October to December	White, red/orange, yellow sand, brown-grey sand loam, sandplain.	WAHerb/TPFL

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<i>Crassula</i> sp. nov.	PU		Unknown; recorded in August and September (Umwelt, 2021)	Granitic areas, granite outcrops (Umwelt, 2021).	Umwelt
<i>Cryptandra nola</i>	P3		June to August	Along drainage lines, breakaways and hillsides. Sandy soils over granite or laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Cryptandra stellulata</i>	P3		September	Pale yellow loamy clay, brown-grey loam over granite. Hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i>	P3		September to October	Red-brown sandy clay loam. Slopes and creek lines.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Woodman Environmental
<i>Dampiera scaevolina</i>	P1		September to November	Brown, grey sand, loam, gravelly soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Dampiera tephrea</i>	P3		August to October	Flats, riverbanks and slopes with sand or loam, often with limestone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Darwinia chantia</i>	P3		August to October	Plains and hillsides. Red-brown or yellow sandy or gritty loam over granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Darwinia chapmaniana</i>	T	EN	September to November	Shallow red or yellow clay-loam over sandstone or calcrete, around the edges of saline lakes in winter damp flats.	DCCEEW
<i>Darwinia masonii</i>	T	VU	September to October	Brown loam over banded ironstone, laterite. Hilltops.	DCCEEW
<i>Darwinia polychroma</i>	T	EN	July to September	Orange-brown sandy loam. Flat to undulating plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Darwinia sphaerica</i>	P2		August to October	Tan-brown, orange-brown sandy loam over laterite. Granite outcrops.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Darwinia</i> sp. Strawberry (M.G. Corrick 8279)	P2		September	Cream-beige, grey, yellow sand. Undulating sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Dasymalla axillaris</i>	T	CR	September to December	Plains and flats. Yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Daviesia bursarioides</i>	T	EN	August	Brown sandy loam, yellow clay loam over lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW

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<i>Daviesia speciosa</i>	T	EN	April to December	Breakaways, hilltops, and slopes with gravelly grey, brown or white sand or clay loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Desmocladius biformis</i>	P3		September to October	Hills, slopes and undulating plains with white or brown sand or sandy clay over laterite.	NatureMap
<i>Desmocladius elongatus</i>	P4		August to December	Slopes, plains and uplands with white or grey sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Dicrastylis linearifolia</i>	P3		August to January	Red or red brown to yellow sands on flats and sand ridges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Diuris eburnea</i>	T		October to November	Winter wet flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Diuris recurva</i>	P4		July to August	Winter-wet areas and drainage lines with brown sandy clay or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Dodoniaea amplisemina</i>	P4		October	Hills and ridges with quartz, chert or banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen
<i>Dodoniaea scurra</i>	P1		August	Yellow gravelly loamy sand over laterite, brown-red ironstone gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Drakaea concolor</i>	T	VU	August	Grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Drosera pedicellaris</i>	P1		September to December	Heathland with white/grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3		May to November	Orange-brown sandy loam. Hillslopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Drummondita rubriviridis</i>	P1		October	Banded ironstone and laterised banded ironstone and hematite.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Elatine macrocalyx</i>	P3		May to August, November	Grey-brown sandy clay, orange-red sand, red sandy loam. Wetlands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eleocharis keigheryi</i>	T	VU	August to November	Clay, sandy loam. Emergent in freshwater: creeks, claypans.	DCCEEW
<i>Eleocharis papillosa</i>	P3	VU	March to November	Claypans, saline floodplains.	DCCEEW
<i>Enekbatus dualis</i>	P1		July to October	Plains and slopes. Brown or yellow or orange fine silty to clayey sand, pink loam over granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

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<i>Enekbatus longistylus</i>	P3		August to September	Sandplains and flats or gentle slopes. Yellow sands, dull brown sand, silty fine sands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Enekbatus planifolius</i>	P1		September to October	Very gentle slopes. Orange-brown to brown silty fine sands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2		July to December	Edges of saline lakes and depressions. Grey sands, occasionally with clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eremaea acutifolia</i>	P3		August to November	Grey or yellow sand. Proteaceous sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eremophila glabra</i> subsp. <i>Morawa</i> (C.A. Gardner 7521)	P1		Unknown	Flats and plains. Red, slightly saline sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eremophila grandiflora</i>	P1		August to October	Very gentle and simple slopes. Rocky soils of red or brown clays and clay loams. Various geologies.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Woodman Environmental
<i>Eremophila nivea</i>	T	EN	September to October	Grey-white sand. <i>Banksia attenuata</i> and <i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> woodland.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>papula</i>	P1		September	Rocky hills and slopes. Red and red-brown clay loams.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Eremophila resinosa</i>	T	EN	January	Brown or red clay loam. Disturbed sites, plains and flats.	DCCEEW
<i>Eremophila rostrata</i> subsp. <i>trifida</i>	T	CR	June, September to October	Hard brown sandy loam on upland slopes and flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eremophila sargentii</i>	P2		August to December	Gravelly or sandy soils. Slopes, ridges, disturbed sites.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eremophila sericea</i>	P1		March, September to October	Rocky red brown clay loam on low slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eremophila viscida</i>	T	EN	August to December	Brown sand or loam. Flats, slopes, around salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eremophila</i> sp. Thundelarra (B. Buirchell BB 324)	P1		September	Red to brown sandy loam. Flat saline clay pans.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus abdita</i>	P2		February	Laterite, sandy clay with gravel over laterite. Slopes, breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Eucalyptus arachnaea</i> subsp. <i>arrecta</i>	P3		May	Red or brown stony loams. Upper slopes and rises.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus beardiana</i>	T	VU	May to August	Yellow sand plains and dunes.	DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus blaxellii</i>	P4		January, April to November	Rocky slopes. Red or brown sandy loam over sandstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus crispata</i>	T	VU	March to June	Lateritic breakaways and slopes with brown-grey sand or loam with lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>photina</i>	P4		September to March	Lateritic breakaways, sandplains with sandy clay or red sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus x impensa</i>	T	EN	June to July	Hills, slopes and plains with grey, yellow or white sand over laterite.	DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus johnsoniana</i>	T	VU	July to May	Sandplains and lateritic breakaways with white-grey sand with lateritic gravel.	DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus jutsonii</i> subsp. <i>kobela</i>	P1		March	Yellow sand or orange sandy loam or orange sandy clay. Broad slope or rises.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus leprophloia</i>	T	EN	July to November	Breakaways and slopes with grey or white sand or sandy clay over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> subsp. <i>elachantha</i>	P4		August to December	Hillslopes, ridges, sandplains with white or grey sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> x <i>pyriformis</i>	P3		August to October	Sand, lateritic sandy soils. Hills, rocky ironstone ridges, sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eucalyptus pruiniramis</i>	T	EN	December to February	Skeletal soils over sandstone or laterite. Rocky hillslopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. <i>rhodantha</i>	T	VU	July to January	Hillslopes, breakaways and gentle slopes with grey, yellow or brown sand, sometimes over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. <i>x petiolaris</i>	P4		Unknown	Yellow-brown sandy loam on massive laterite. Upper slopes and edges of creeks.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i>	T	VU	June, November to January	Hills, flats and valleys. Yellow or light brown-orange, red sandy gravel, ironstone and laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Eucalyptus zopherophloia</i>	P4		October to January	Slopes and dunes with grey/white sand. Often with limestone. Coastal areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Euryomyrtus recurva</i>	P3		April to October	Yellow to red or orange gravelly sandy soils. Across undulating landscapes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Eutaxia</i> sp. Jasper Hill (R.J. Cranfield 8607)	P1		Unknown	Red-brown clay over ironstone. Only known from one record in 1992.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i>	P2		September to November	White saline sandy clay on low gypsum ridges or flats near or on salt lake edges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Frankenia conferta</i>	T	EN	September to November	Clay and sand. Edges of salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Frankenia glomerata</i>	P4		November	Salt lake edges, watercourses and flats with white sand or grey-brown sandy loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Gastrolobium hamulosum</i>	T	EN	August to October	Flats, slopes, ridges with sandy, often gravelly soils or clay.	DCCEEW
<i>Gastrolobium rotundifolium</i>	P3		September to October	Hilltops, breakaways. Grey sandy loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Glyceria drummondii</i>	T	EN	July to October	Seasonally flooded clay pans within clay plains, in hollows. Brown or red-brown clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Gnephosis cassiniana</i>	P3		August to November	Drainage lines, saline flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1		August to September	White to pale grey/brown sandy soil. Sandy flats or ridges fringing salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Gompholobium cinereum</i>	P3		September to November	Plains and slopes, usually above saline areas. Gravelly or clayey yellow sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Goodenia neogoodenia</i>	P4		August to September	Flood plains, clay pans.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Goodenia perryi</i>	P3		November	Yellow sand/clayey sand. Flats or upland hilltops.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea amplexans</i> subsp. <i>adpressa</i>	P1		September	Slopes with yellow or white sand, sometimes over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea asparagoides</i>	P3		June to October	Yellow sand or sandy loam. Plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Grevillea biformis</i> subsp. <i>cymbiformis</i>	P3		October	Flats, slopes and hills with yellow-white sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea bracteosa</i> subsp. <i>howatharra</i>	T	CR	June to February	Hillsides and plains. Orange-brown sandy loam over laterite, ironstone or granite gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea christineae</i>	T	EN	July to September	Laterite hills and slopes.	DCCEEW
<i>Grevillea curviloba</i>	T	EN	August to October	Grey sand, sandy loam. Winter-wet heath.	DCCEEW
<i>Grevillea erinacea</i>	P3		July to December	Plains, hills and slopes with white, grey or yellow sand, often with lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3		June, November to January	Ridges, flats and plains. Red-brown sandy soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3		July to November	Slopes and margins of salt lakes. Yellow sand, red-brown saline clay-loam, lateritic or fluviatile gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea hirtella</i>	P3		August to October	Sand or loam over laterite, often with gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i>	P3		June to October	Hills and slopes with brown, red or yellow sand or clay loam, sometimes over laterite or occasionally granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Grevillea makinsonii</i>	P3		July, September to October	Gravelly white, grey or yellow sand, loam or clay over laterite. Rocky hills, sandplains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea murex</i>	T	EN	August to December	Brown sandy loam. Gentle slopes and plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>cullenii</i>	P3		March, August to October	Red sand/sandy loam. Low flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea phanerophlebia</i>	T		August to September	Red and yellow sand. On hills and flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea pythara</i>	T	EN	August to October	Slopes. Brown or yellow sandy or gravelly loam.	DCCEEW
<i>Grevillea rosieri</i>	P2		June to September	Brown sandy clay/loam and lateritic gravel, typically above saline areas. Potential disturbance opportunist.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Grevillea rudis</i>	P4		April to January	Hills and slopes with white, grey, yellow or red sand, often with gravel and laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3		July to September	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils over dolerite and/or ironstone. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Grevillea stenogyne</i>	P1		June	Clay plains. Only known from one record in 2011.	NatureMap
<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i>	P3		August	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Grevillea tenuiloba</i>	P3		July to October	Slopes and granite outcrops. Gritty red, brown loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Guichenotia alba</i>	P3		July to August	Sandy and gravelly soils. Low-lying flats, depressions.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Guichenotia quasicalva</i>	P2		September to October	Sandy clay over laterite. Drainage lines.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3		August to November	Slopes with banded ironstone and chert, sandy clay loam soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Gyrostemon reticulatus</i>	T	CR	September to October	Brown sandy loam. Plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Haegiela tatei</i>	P4		September to December	Saline flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Haemodorum loratum</i>	P3		November	Uplands and sandplains with grey, white or yellow sand and gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Hakea megalosperma</i>	T	VU	April to June	High in landscape; hills, breakaways, slopes and flats with white, grey or brown sand or sandy loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Hemiandra gardneri</i>	T	EN	August to November	Plains with yellow or grey sand or clayey sand.	DCCEEW
<i>Hemiandra rutilans</i>	T	EN	October to November	Yellow/grey sand.	NatureMap; DCCEEW

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Eneabba (H. Demarz 3687)	P3		February	Sandplains with white, grey or yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Watheroo (S. Hancocks 4)	P4		October to November	Sandplains and hillslopes with grey/white sand, sometimes over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hemigenia diadela</i>	P2		October	Lower hill slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Hemigenia pimeleifolia</i>	P2		August	Sandstone, brown loam. Flats and plains.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Hemigenia saligna</i>	P3		July to October	Lateritic and sandy soils.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i>	P1		August to November	Red/brown clay loam over ironstone or granite uplands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. major (C.A. Gardner 2677)	P1		July to September	Unknown. Only known from three collections in 1931, with no habitat information provided.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hensmania chapmanii</i>	T	VU	December to January	Yellow-grey or lateritic sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Hensmania stoniella</i>	P3		September to November	Flats and slopes with white, grey or lateritic sand, sometimes winter-wet.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hibbertia bistrata</i>	P3		April, August to September	Ridge, flats. Brown loam, yellow sand, lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i>	P3		July to October	Orange and brown rocky soils. Banded ironstone outcrops.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt
<i>Hibbertia subvillosa</i>	P3		June to October	Sandy creek beds, heavy soils, often disturbed sites.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Homalocalyx chapmanii</i>	P2		September to October	Undulating plains, slopes and riverbanks with sand or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hopkinsia anoetocolea</i>	P3		September to December	White or grey sand, often saline. Winter-wet depressions, floodplains, salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hyalosperma stoveae</i>	P2		August to October	Plains. Red-brown or orange or brown-yellow sandy loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Hydrocotyle dimorphocarpa</i>	P1		September to October	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam. Moderately inclined mid slopes to flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Hydrocotyle spinulifera</i>	P3		September to October	Clay or sandy clay, bentonite clays. Around salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Hypocalymma tetrapterum</i>	P3		August	Grey sand, loam, lateritic gravel. Riverbanks, breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Isotropis petrensis</i>	P1		July to August	Granite outcrops or sheets, brown loam.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Jacksonia pungens</i>	T	EN	November to December	Yellow sand, gravelly lateritic soils. Undulating areas.	DCCEEW
<i>Korthalsella leucothrix</i>	P1		Unknown	Parasitic on <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>A. ramulosa</i> , <i>A. tetragonophylla</i> , <i>A. quadrimarginea</i> , <i>A. incurvaneura</i> , and <i>A. craspedocarpa</i> . Coarse red lateritic sandy loam by run-on areas or creeks.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lasiopetalum decoratum</i>	P2		August to December	Gullies and slopes of breakaways in grey, brown or brown-yellow, loamy sand and lateritic gravel and boulders.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lasiopetalum ogilvieanum</i>	P1		July to October	Undulating plains, lateritic rises.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lechenaultia galactites</i>	P3		June, September to October	Yellow or brown sand over laterite, plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lechenaultia juncea</i>	P3		November to December	White, grey or yellow sand, sandy gravel. Banksia woodland.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lechenaultia longiloba</i>	P4		September to October	Yellow/white to grey sand across undulating landscapes. Recently burned areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lepidium fasciculatum</i>	P3		September to December	Red or brown cracking clay/loam on dried lake beds.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lepidium sagittulatum</i>	P1		September	Unknown. Only known from two collections in 1949, with no habitat information provided.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lepidobolus densus</i>	P4		August to November	Sandplains, lake edges and slopes with brown or yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Lepidosperma gibsonii</i>	T		May to July, October to February	Shallow red to pale brown or pale pink sandy loam with a rocky surface over ironstone or granite. In gullies and on lower slopes of BIF hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1		July to October	Seasonally wet brown to red sandy loam at the base of granite outcrops or across moderate to steeply inclined hillslopes of rocky magnetite and laterite banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Koolanooka (K.R. Newbey 9336)	P1		May to June, October	Pale brown to red clay loam soils or in cracks on moderate to steeply inclined BIF. Occasionally on pale brown clay loam over granite outcrops.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Leucopogon grammatus</i>	P3		August	Slopes, breakaways and ridges with laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Leucopogon stokesii</i>	T		August to September	Rocky loams on sandstone. Breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Yanneymooning (F. Mollemans 3797)	P3		May to July	Brown or grey sandy clay loam across granite hills and decomposed granite breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Liparophyllum congestiflorum</i>	P4		September to November	Flats, swamps and drainage lines with grey sandy clay or sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Lyginia excelsa</i>	P2		March to November	Undulating plains, flats and depressions with white/grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Malleostemon decipiens</i>	P1		August to October	Brown-orange sand or grey loam. Sandplains. Granite breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Malleostemon</i> sp. Yalgoo Road (Morawa Tree Committee 329)	P1		September	Sand. Only known from two records collected in 1993.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i>	P3		August to October	Slopes, flats and roadsides. Hard gravelly yellow or red or brown sandy clay loam, banded ironstone or laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Melaleuca sclerophylla</i>	P3		August to November	Gravelly white or red-brown or orange sand over clay, granite or quartzite slopes and hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source [^]
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3		August to September	Granitic flats with brown clay loam or red soils.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Mesomelaena stygia</i> subsp. <i>deflexa</i>	P3		March to October	Plains, flats and slopes with white, grey or lateritic sand, clay, gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i>	P3		June, September to October	Red and red-brown loam and rocky soils. Banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Micromyrtus mucronulata</i>	P1		April to September	Rocky brown loam and dolerite (sometimes over greenstone or granite) on upper slopes and summits of rocky hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Micromyrtus ninghanensis</i>	P1		September to October	Rocky brown clay loam soil over greenstone or granite on slopes and summits of rocky hills.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Micromyrtus rogeri</i>	P1		July to October	Breakaways on yellow-brown sandy soils, gravel, laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>	P3		July to November	Shallow, rocky red to brown sandy clay loam over moderately inclined hillcrests of banded ironstone or basalt.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Micromyrtus uniovulum</i>	P2		November	Ridges, hilltops and slopes with grey or brown sand or clay loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i>	P1		September to October, February	Rocky red to brown clay loam across moderately inclined slopes of banded (often laterised with haematite) ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Millotia jacksonii</i>	P2		September to October	Valleys. Orange or grey sandy clay over laterite or sandstone or siltstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Mirbelia ferricola</i>	P3		June to November	Red to brown sandy clay loam across slopes of BIFs or laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Ternata</i> (M.D. Crisp & L.G. Cook MDC 9267)	P1		September	Undulating plains and rocky slopes. Pale yellow, dry grey, brown loamy sand, sandstone/laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Nicotiana salina</i>	P1		July to October	Slopes fringing major salt lakes and islands in salt lakes. Red-brown sandy loam to yellow clay.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Papistylus grandiflorus</i>	P2		July to October	Brown sandy loams. With granite, often on slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Paracaleana dixonii</i>	T	EN	Late October to November	Flats, plains and slopes with grey sand, sometimes with laterite gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Persoonia chapmaniana</i>	P3		September to November	White sandy clay, yellow sand. Vicinity of salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Persoonia filiformis</i>	P3		November to December	Plains and slopes with yellow or white sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Persoonia kararae</i>	P2		October	Gentle rises on sandplains. Red clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3		August to November	Slope of low rises, sides of ridges and drainage lines. Rocky basalt outcrops with red-brown or orange shallow sandy clay soils, fragments of granite, haematite, ironstone, quartz or ochre.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Maia; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Persoonia rudis</i>	P3		September to January	Flats and slopes with white, grey or yellow sand, often over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Petrophile biternata</i>	P3		August to September	Lateritic hills, ridges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Petrophile conifera</i> subsp. <i>divaricata</i>	P2		September to October	Brown to red sand loam or clay across rocky undulating slopes of ironstone or granite. Only known from two records in 2008 and 2011.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Petrophile globifera</i>	P3		September	Yellow or brown sand. Often on slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i>	P3		August to September	Breakaways with granite or laterite. Flats or slopes with loam and clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Petrophile septemfida</i>	P3		July to September	Hillsides, uplands and plains with grey-white sand, often over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Phebalium brachycalyx</i>	P3		June to September	Gravelly brown or red to yellow sandy loam or clay over laterite across slopes.	NatureMap
<i>Philothea nutans</i>	P1		April to September	Red sandy loam or brown to yellow sandy clay, occasionally over ironstone. Across flats or sometimes over gradual slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Phlebocarya pilosissima</i> subsp. <i>pilosissima</i>	P3		August to October	Slopes with sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Pigea cymulosa</i>	T	CR	January, May to August	Rocky red to brown clay loam over greenstone across hill side slopes or along creekline banks or gullies.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Pityrodia viscida</i>	P4		September to February	Upper slopes and mid slopes with white or grey sand, sometimes over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Podotheca pritzelii</i>	P3		September to October	Salt lakes and saline habitats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i>	P3		August to December	White/grey sand, sandy loam. Samphire flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Polianthion collinum</i>	P3		July	Red to brown loamy or clay loam soils across moderate to steeply inclined slopes of banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Poranthera asybosca</i>	P1		Late October	Grey/white sandy soil.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1		September	Red silty clay loam. Low to mid slopes of low rises.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Psammomoya implexa</i>	P3		August to September	Gentle slopes, stony hills or sandplains. Yellow sand or red clay/silt over ironstone gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Woodman Environmental
<i>Ptilotus fasciculatus</i>	P4		October to December	Saline brown or grey loam and clay loam. Around watercourses or on flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3		August to October	Rocky shallow red to brown sandy clay loam. Low to upper slopes of moderately inclined banded ironstone (often mixed with other minerals and rock).	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Markey & Dillon; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Rhodanthe</i> sp. Yuna (G.J. Keighery, B.J. Keighery & B. Moyle 2820)	P3		September to November	Red to yellow sandy loam over laterite or granite. Open flats or hillside slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Ricinocarpos brevis</i>	T	EN	February, June to July	Red brown loam gravel, sandy clay loam or silty clay. Steep upper slopes of banded ironstone ridges.	DCCEEW
<i>Ricinocarpos oliganthus</i>	P1		June, September	Red brown sandy clay or loam or stony brown clayey sand on hillsides.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3		August to October	Sand ridges in saline drainage lines or salty lake areas. Slightly to moderately saline brown-red sand or laterite clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Roycea pycnophylloides</i>	T	EN	September to October	Salt lakes and saline habitats.	DCCEEW
<i>Scaevola chrysopogon</i>	P2		August to October	Gentle sand dunes, flat sandplains, breakaway and ridges. Dry red-brown sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scaevola kallophylla</i>	P4		May to December	Brown or yellow sand and sandy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>subulifolia</i>	T	EN	August to October	Clay and brown clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Schoenus badius</i>	P2		September to October	Grey sand. Moist areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Schoenus griffinianus</i>	P4		September to October	Undulating sandplains, lower slopes, flats and depressions with grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Schoenus natans</i>	P4		September to December	Ephemeral wetlands. <i>Melaleuca lateritia</i> / <i>Melaleuca viminea</i> shrubland, sometimes with emergent <i>Eucalyptus rudis</i> .	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. Eneabba (F. Obbens & C. Godden 1154)	P2		November to December	Undulating sandplains, mid slopes and tops of rises with grey, yellow or white sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>brevistylis</i>	P1		October to December	Sandplains, margins of granite outcrops, or in association with damp depressions.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>prowaka</i>	P2		June to September	Brown soils with granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia calcicola</i>	P2		September to December	Slopes, undulating plains. Grey or yellow sand, often with limestone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia multiflora</i>	P1		August to September	Yellow to off-white siliceous sand or dry ironstone gravel laterite. Gently inclined slopes of shallow gullies or swales.	NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia prostrata</i>	P3		November	Flats or gentle slopes. Dry sand or sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Scholtzia subsessilis</i>	P1		September to December	Yellow sand and sandy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 437)	P1		Unknown	Red brown soils on footslope outwash areas of banded ironstone. Known from a single record from 2005.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Spergularia nesophila</i>	P3		September to December	Sand. Limestone plateaus.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stawellia dimorphantha</i>	P4		June to November	Undulating plains and slopes with yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i>	P3		April, August to December	Red to brown sand, clay or loam over basalt gravel or laterised banded ironstone often with haematite. Moderately inclined upper slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Meissner & Coppen; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Stylidium amabile</i>	T	CR	September to November	Yellow/red brown sandy clay or loam. Gentle slopes of sheet laterite.	DCCEEW
<i>Stylidium carnosum</i> subsp. <i>Narrow leaves</i> (J.A. Wege 490)	P1		September to October	Hillslopes and plains with white-grey sand and lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium cornuatum</i>	P2		September	Brown or orange brown clay-loam in seasonally moist habitats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Stylidium drummondianum</i>	P3		August to October	Upper hillslopes and breakaways, low heath or mallee shrubland on sand or clayey sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium longitubum</i>	P4		July to November	Seasonal damplands, brown clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium pendulum</i>	P1		April, September to December	Hillsides, ridges and plains. Red-brown sand, loam or clay over basalt gravel or banded ironstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium pseudocaespitosum</i>	P2		September to November	Breakaways and hillslopes on white, grey or yellow sand over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium ricaoae</i>	P3		August to October	Clay loams with gravel. Over granite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium scintillans</i>	T		August to October	Brown clay loam or brown gravelly loam on mid to upper slopes of granite outcropping. Sometimes growing in cracks between rocks.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Umwelt; Woodman Environmental
<i>Stylidium tinkeri</i>	P2		April, October to November	Winter-wet depressions, flats, wetlands and valleys with brown or grey clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium torticarpum</i>	P3		September to November	Adjacent to drainage lines, depressions, and beneath breakaways, heath or mallee shrubland on sandy clay or clay loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium wilroyense</i>	P3		September to October	Yellow sand. Gentle slopes of sand plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium xanthopis</i>	P1		September to November	Damp red clayey sand with granite and laterite. Base of rock outcrops, screes or hillsides.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Stylidium</i> sp. Three Springs (J.A. Wege & C. Wilkins JAW 600)	P2		August to September	Rocky slopes, flats and outcrops with clay-sand or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Styphelia filifolia</i>	P3		February to June	Sand, sometimes winter damp.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Styphelia howatharra</i>	P2		June to July, October	Brown sandy loam, often gravelly. Mid to upper slopes.	NatureMap

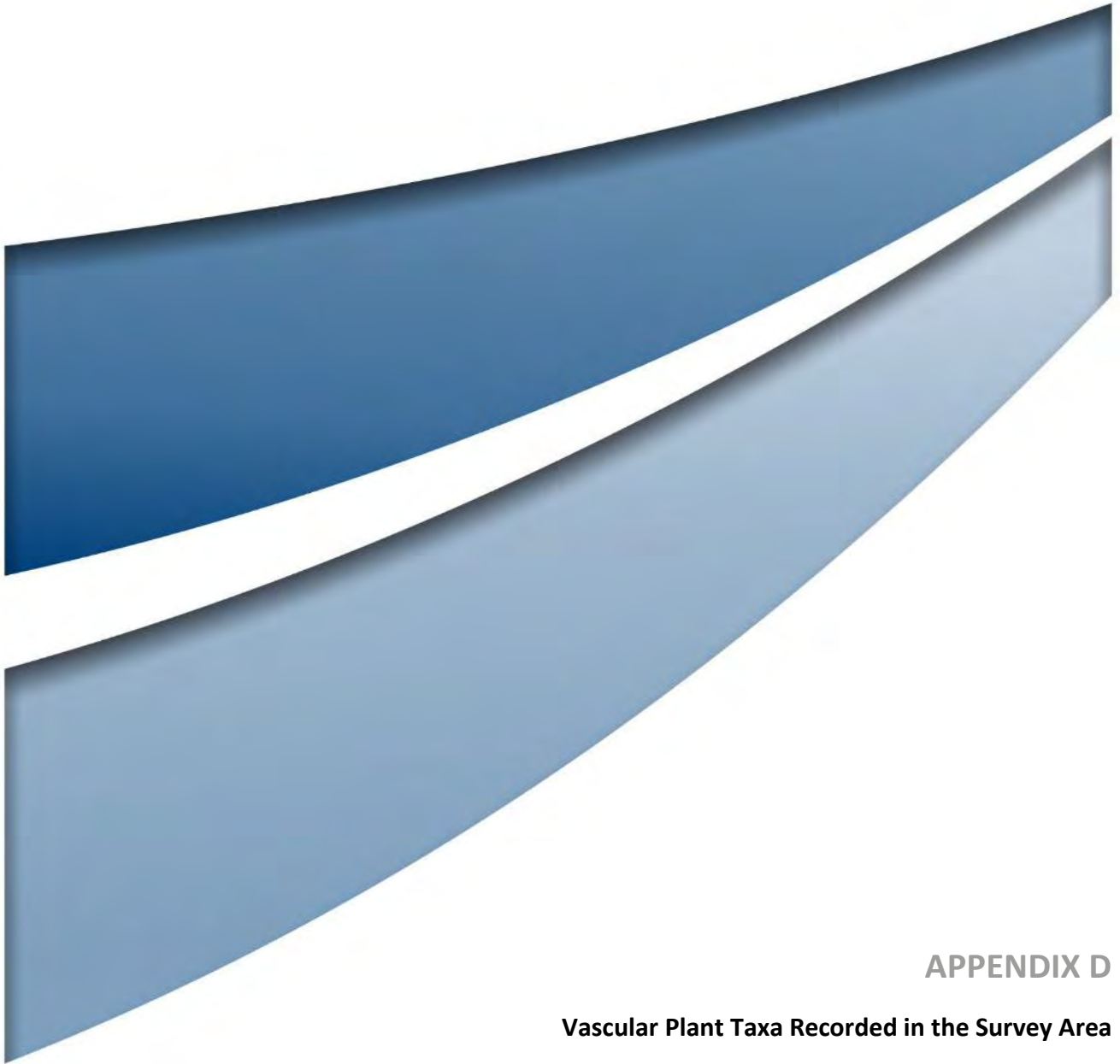
Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Styphelia hyalina</i>	P3		June, October to December	Sand or loam soils, on lateritic uplands and often in association with breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Styphelia longissima</i>	T	CR	June to September	Hillsides with gentle slopes and yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Styphelia marginata</i>	T	EN	May to July	Yellow sand with gravel. Hillsides, ironstone breakaways.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Styphelia obtecta</i>	T	EN	October to November	Plains with white, grey or yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Styphelia pallens</i>	P2		October to December	Usually high in the landscape in sand or light loam over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1		August	Red brown sandy loam. Granite outcrops and adjacent areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; Umwelt
<i>Synaphea oulopha</i>	P3		July to October	Lateritic breakaways and rises on grey sand, gravelly loam, clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Synaphea sparsiflora</i>	P2		August to September	Slopes / crests of hills and lateritic ridges with grey / brown sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Synaphea xela</i>	P2		August	Undulating sites with red-brown gravelly sand, white-pink, grey-brown clayey sand and loam, over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Tecticornia bulbosa</i>	T	VU	June	Brown sandy clay. Gently undulating saline areas, permanently wet saline clays.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3		Unknown	Saline sand and clayey soil. Shores of salt lakes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Tetradlea nephelioides</i>	T	CR	July to January	Slopes and ridges with white or grey gravelly sand over laterite.	DCCEEW
<i>Thelymitra apiculata</i>	P4		June to August	Hillslopes with grey sand, lateritic gravel and laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Thelymitra stellata</i>	T	EN	September to early November	Ridges and tops of lateritic hills with grey or brown sand or loam and lateritic gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Thomasia x formosa</i>	P1		October	Orange clayey sand. Disturbed areas.	WAHerb/TPFL

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Thryptomene nitida</i>	P3		August to November	Lower slopes, flats and drainage lines with clay and clay/sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Thryptomene pieroniae</i>	P3		July to September	Yellow sandplains. Yellow sand or silty gravel. Disturbed areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Thryptomene shirleyae</i>	P2		July to October	Yellow sand or sandy loam over gravel. Gentle upper slopes or plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Thryptomene spicata</i>	P2		September to November	Slopes with grey, yellow or brown lateritic sand, Rocky Springs ferricrete.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Thryptomene velutina</i>	P2		June to October	Sandplains, ridgetops and slopes. Red-brown, brown, yellow, orange or white sand, sandy clay.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Thysanotus glaucus</i>	P4		October to March	White, grey or yellow sand, sandy gravel.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Thysanotus vernalis</i>	P3		September to October	Slopes, flats and winter wet depressions with grey, brown or white sand with lateritic gravel over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3		October to December	Yellow to grey sand, gravelly clay quartz, laterite, limestone. Midslopes and uplands.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Triglochin protuberans</i>	P3		August to November	Margins of ephemeral wetlands and rock pools, clay pans, sometimes granitic. Red-brown clay.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Urodon capitatus</i>	P3		September to December	Yellow sand. Sandplains and flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia albida</i>	T	EN	November to January	Undulating sandplains with grey, white or yellow sand, sometimes over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW
<i>Verticordia argentea</i>	P2		November to April	White, grey or yellow sand. Sand ridges, undulating plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia aurea</i>	P4		September to December	Sandplains with deep white-grey sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia capillaris</i>	P4		March, September to November	Yellow sand across flat sandplains or slightly undulating plains.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia chrysostachys</i> var. <i>pallida</i>	P3		October to January	Yellow sand. Plains or slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Verticordia comosa</i>	P1		September to January	Yellow sand. Plains or slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; Woodman Environmental
<i>Verticordia dasystylis</i> subsp. <i>oestopoia</i>	P1		October to December	Gritty soils over granite. Outcrops.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia densiflora</i> var. <i>roseostella</i>	P3		September to December	Sandplains and breakaways with yellow, grey or white sand or sandy loam, often with laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia fragrans</i>	P3		September to November	Sandplains and low-lying areas with white, grey or yellow sand or clay loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia insignis</i> subsp. <i>eomagis</i>	P3		August to November	Sandplains and rocky rises with sandy soils over laterite.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>luteola</i>	P3		October to January	Grey or yellow sand. Slopes.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>rosea</i>	P1		December to January	White sand. Flats.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia muelleriana</i> subsp. <i>muelleriana</i>	P3		September to January	Sandplains and slopes with white-grey or yellow sand.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia penicillaris</i>	P4		September to October	Hills, rocky creeks and outcrops with shallow grey or brown sandy loam or clay loam, often with granite or sometimes laterite or sandstone.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Verticordia polytricha</i>	P4		September to January	Yellow sand across flat sandplains or slightly undulating plains. Often found with moist soils near gorges or gullies.	WAHerb/TPFL
<i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i>	T	EN	November to January	Dry yellow sand. Plains and road verges.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW; Woodman Environmental
<i>Verticordia venusta</i>	P3		October to January	Yellow sand or yellow to brown sandy loam across undulating terrain.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Vittadinia cervicalis</i> var. <i>occidentalis</i>	P1		August to September	Slopes or plains. Brown sand or sandy gravel. Disturbed areas.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Source^
<i>Wurmbea murchisoniana</i>	P4		July to September	Brown sand, sandy/gritty clay near ephemeral granite rock pools, riverbanks or other wet depressions.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap
<i>Wurmbea tubulosa</i>	T	EN	June to October	Riverbanks, seasonally-wet places with clay or loam.	WAHerb/TPFL; NatureMap; DCCEEW

* Source: WA Herbarium specimen records data, accessed via Florabase (WA Herbarium, 1998-), except where stated otherwise.



APPENDIX D

Vascular Plant Taxa Recorded in the Survey Area

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Aizoaceae	<i>Carpobrotus modestus</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i> subsp. <i>clavellatum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gunniopsis propinqua</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gunniopsis rodwayi</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Sarcozona praecox</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Tetragonia eremaea</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Amaranthaceae	<i>Gomphrena verecunda</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus chamaecladus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Ptilotus eremita</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus grandiflorus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Ptilotus helipteroides</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus humilis</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Apiaceae	<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Xanthosia kochii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Apocynaceae	<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Araliaceae	<i>Hydrocotyle callicarpa</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hydrocotyle glochidiata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hydrocotyle rugulosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>		X	Discrete	Annual

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Asparagaceae	<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acanthocarpus</i> sp. Ajana (C.A. Gardner 8596)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Chamaexeros fimbriata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lomandra marginata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Xerolirion divaricata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Asphodelaceae	<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Aspleniaceae	<i>Asplenium subglandulosum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Asteraceae	<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Angianthus cornutus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Angianthus preissianus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Bellida graminea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Blennozona drummondii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Blennozona phlegmatocarpa</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Brachyscome ?pusilla</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Brachyscome ciliaris</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Brachyscome perpustakaan</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Carthamus lanatus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Centipeda thespidioides</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual	

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Asteraceae cont.	<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Cratystylis subspinescens</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. <i>ramosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Erymophyllum tenellum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Feldstonia nitens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)	X		Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis macrocephala</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gnephosis trifida</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Gorteria personata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Leontodon rhagadioloides</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual	
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual	
<i>Myriocephalus pygmaeus</i>	X		Discrete	Annual	
<i>Myriocephalus rudallii</i>		X	Discrete	Annual	
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Asteraceae cont.	<i>Olearia muelleri</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Olearia</i> sp. Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Podotheca uniseta</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe charsleyae</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe humboldtiana</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rhodanthe stricta</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Senecio pinnatifolius</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Sondottia connata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Trichanthodium skirrophorum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual

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Asteraceae cont.	<i>*Ursinia anthemoides</i> subsp. <i>anthemoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Walshia kendallii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Boraginaceae	<i>*Echium plantagineum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Cynoglossum</i> sp. Inland Ranges (C.A. Gardner 14499)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Halgania cyanea</i> var. Allambi Stn (B.W. Strong 676)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Omphalolappula concava</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Boryaceae	<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Brassicaceae	<i>*Brassica tournefortii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Carrichtera annua</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Menkea australis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Phlegmatospermum drummondii</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Sisymbrium orientale</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Sisymbrium runcinatum</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stenopetalum pedicellare</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Campanulaceae	<i>Isotoma scapigera</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lithotoma petraea</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lobelia cleistogamoides</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lobelia rhytidosperra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Caryophyllaceae	<i>*Petrohragia dubia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Silene nocturna</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Spergularia marina</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Spergula pentandra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>*Spergularia rubra</i>	X		Discrete	Annual

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Casuarinaceae	<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Casuarina obesa</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Centrolepidaceae	<i>Centrolepis aristida</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Centrolepis cephaliformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Centrolepis polygyna</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Centrolepis</i> sp. Kalannie (B.J. Lepschi et al. BJL 3517)	X		Discrete	Annual
Chenopodiaceae	<i>Atriplex amnicola</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex bunburyana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex ?cinerea</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Atriplex hymenotheca</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Atriplex nana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex ?suberecta</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex stipitata</i> subsp. <i>stipitata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Dysphania melanocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eriochiton sclerolaenoides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana amoena</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Maireana convexa</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial	

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Chenopodiaceae cont.	<i>Maireana diffusa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana georgei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana glomerifolia</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana marginata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana oppositifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana planifolia</i> x <i>villosa</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3482)		X	Putative Hybrid	Perennial
	<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana triptera</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Maireana villosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Rhagodia preissii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Salsola australis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena drummondii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena eriacantha</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia calyptrata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia doliiformis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia halocnemoides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia lepidosperma</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia loriae</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Tecticornia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>pterygosperma</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Tecticornia syncarpa</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Tecticornia undulata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Chenopodiaceae cont.	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 3'	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4'	X		Discrete	Perennial
Colchicaceae	<i>Burchardia congesta</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Convolvulaceae	<i>Convolvulus ?remotus</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Duperreya sericea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Crassulaceae	<i>Crassula closiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Crassula exserta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Crassula tetramera</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
Cucurbitaceae	* <i>Citrullus amarus</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cucumis melo</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Cucumis myriocarpus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
Cupressaceae	<i>Callitris arenaria</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Cyperaceae	<i>Chrysitrix distigmatosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cyperus gymnocaulos</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Ficinia marginata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Gahnia drummondii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Schoenus humilis</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Schoenus sculptus</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Dilleniaceae	<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial

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Dilleniaceae cont.	<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Dioscoreaceae	<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Droseraceae	<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Drosera eremaea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Drosera macrantha</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Drosera major</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	X		Discrete	Perennial
Ecdeiocoleaceae	<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Ericaceae	<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Calycoplepus paucifolius</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Euphorbia tannensis</i> subsp. <i>eremophila</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Fabaceae	<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia aestivalis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia aneura</i>	X	2	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia blakelyi</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia caesaneura</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia daphnifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia daviesioides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia dielsii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia effusifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia eremaea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Fabaceae cont.	<i>Acacia ericksoniae</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia incognita</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia kochii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia latior</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ligulata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia microbotrya</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia mulganeura</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia murrayana</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia neurophylla</i> subsp. <i>?erugata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia nyssophylla</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ?oswaldii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia prainii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ?pteraneura</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia puncticulata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>linophylla</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia resinosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia restiacea</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. Wheatbelt (B.R. Maslin 8602)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia sibina</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia sibirica</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ?sphacelata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Acacia ?synchronica</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Acacia tysonii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	

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Fabaceae cont.	<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gastrolobium callistachys</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gastrolobium</i> ? <i>spinosum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Glycine canescens</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Jacksonia acicularis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Labichea lanceolata</i> subsp. <i>brevifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Lupinus angustifolius</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Medicago</i> ? <i>truncatula</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Medicago minima</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Mirbelia</i> ? <i>depressa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Bursarioides</i> (T.R. Lally 760)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x artemisioides</i>		X	Named Hybrid	Perennial
	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i>		X	Named Hybrid	Perennial
	<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Senna stowardii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Senna</i> sp. <i>Austin</i> (A. Strid 20210)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Swainsona affinis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Swainsona gracilis</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Templetonia smithiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Trifolium glomeratum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
Frankeniaceae	<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Gentianaceae	<i>Sebaea ovata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Geraniaceae	* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Goodeniaceae	<i>Brunonia australis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Dampiera lavandulacea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dampiera salahae</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Goodeniaceae cont.	<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia ?glabrata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia krauseana</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia mimuloides</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	X		Discrete	Annual
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
Haloragaceae	<i>Glischrocaryon flavescens</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pteroarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Haloragis trigonocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Myriophyllum decussatum</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Hemerocallidaceae	<i>Caesia micrantha</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caesia</i> aff. sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tricoryne ?elatior</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Tricoryne ?tenella</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial	
Hypoxidaceae	<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Juncaceae	* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Juncus radula</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Juncaginaceae	<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Triglochin nana</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Triglochin</i> sp. A Flora of Australia (G.J. Keighery 2477)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Lamiaceae	<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hemigenia divaricata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hemigenia macphersonii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Lamiaceae cont.	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i> (Potentially undescribed)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera campbellii</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera eckersleyana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)	X		Discrete	Perennial
<i>Teucrium disjunctum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	
Lauraceae	<i>Cassytha nodiflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cassytha pomiformis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Loganiaceae	<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Loranthaceae	<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Amyema miquelii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Malvaceae	<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>Prostrate</i> (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Alyogyne ?pinoniana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Androcalva luteiflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Brachychiton gregorii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Corchorus</i> sp.		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hannafordia bissillii</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Lawrencia squamata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Seringia exastia</i> (EPBC: CR)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Seringia velutina</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Sida</i> sp. Golden calyces <i>glabrous</i> (H.N. Foote 32)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Montiaceae	<i>Calandrinia baccata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia disperma</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Montiaceae cont.	<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i> s. lat. (non-papillate variant)	X		Variant	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia</i> aff. <i>eremaea</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3472)		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia flava</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia polyandra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia ptychosperma</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia remota</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. <i>Bungalbin</i> (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. <i>Needilup</i> (K.R. Newbey 4892)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. <i>Truncate capsules</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Myrtaceae	<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Babingtonia camphorosmae</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Dudawa</i> (M.E. Trudgen MET 5369)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Calothamnus quadrifidus</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Calytrix glutinosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Calytrix</i> sp. <i>Paynes Find</i> (F. & J. Hort 1188)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Darwinia</i> sp. <i>Karonie</i> (K. Newbey 8503)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremaea beaufortioides</i> var. <i>?beaufortioides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Eucalyptus eudesmioides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Myrtaceae cont.	<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus gittinsii</i> subsp. <i>illucida</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus jucunda</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>lissophloia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus pyriformis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus redunca</i> subsp. <i>pluricaulis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus rigidula</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus subangusta</i> subsp. <i>?pusilla</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Malleostemon roseus</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca concreta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca marginata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> x	X		Putative Hybrid	Perennial
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Melaleuca tinkeri</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial	

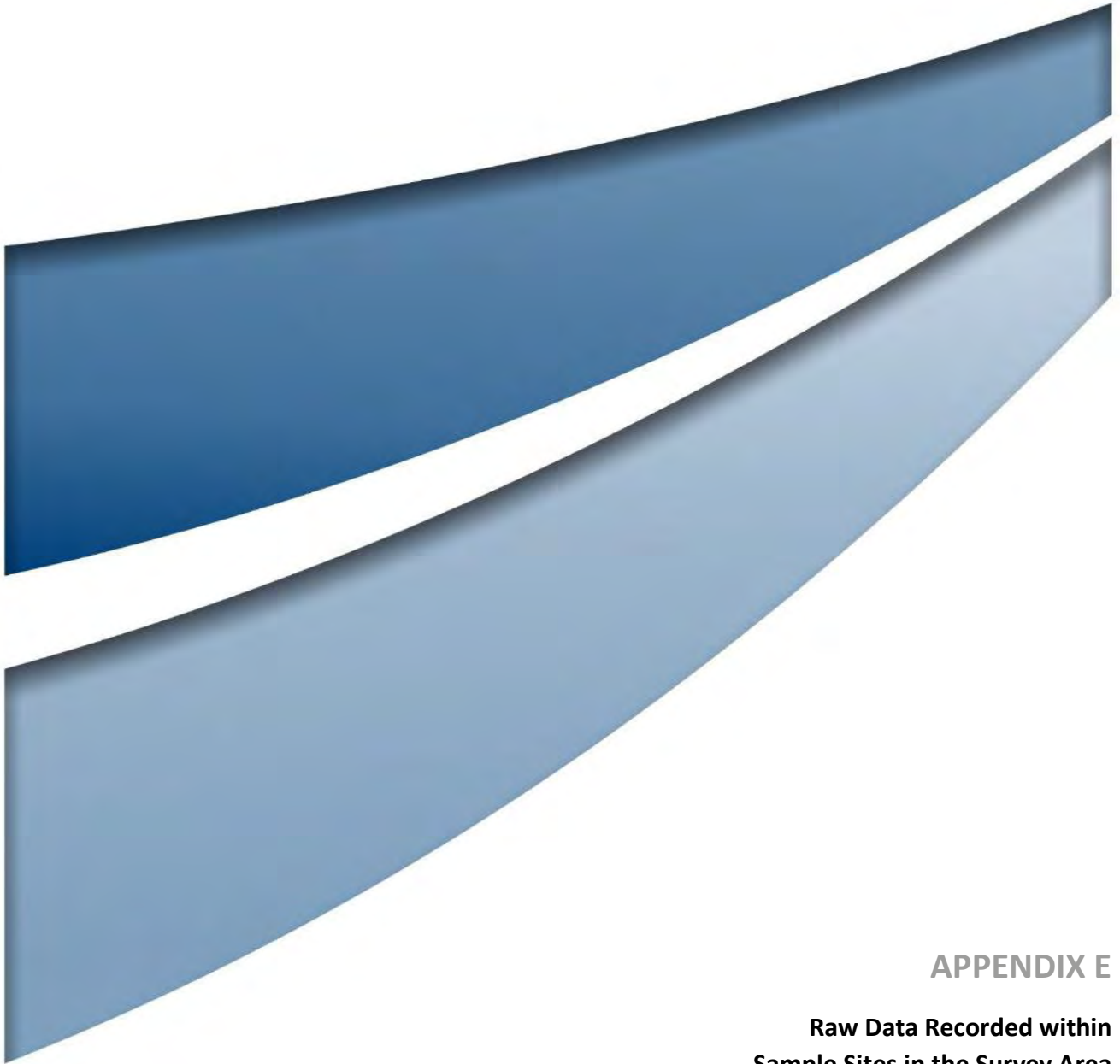
Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Myrtaceae cont.	<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thryptomene denticulata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thryptomene hyporhytis</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Ophioglossaceae	<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Orchidaceae	<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caladenia remota</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Caladenia roei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Ericksonella saccharata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Prasophyllum gracile</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thelymitra petrophila</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Orobanchaceae	* <i>Parentucellia latifolia</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Phrymaceae	<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Phyllanthaceae	<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Poranthera leiosperma</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
Pittosporaceae	<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Plantaginaceae	* <i>Plantago coronopus</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Plantago debilis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Plantago ?drummondii</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
Plumbaginaceae	* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Poaceae	* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Amphibromus nervosus</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Aristida contorta</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Aristida holathera</i> var. <i>holathera</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa flavescens</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa macalpinei</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	

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Poaceae cont.	<i>Austrostipa ?tenuifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Avena barbata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Avena fatua</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Avena ?sativa</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Briza maxima</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Bromus arenarius</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Lachnagrostis plebeia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Lolium rigidum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Paspalidium basicladum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Paspalidium clementii</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Phalaris ?minor</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Guinness et al. OAKP 10/63)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Thyridolepis multiculmis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Triodia danthonioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	X		Discrete	Annual	
Polygalaceae	<i>Comesperma drummondii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Polygalaceae cont.	<i>Comesperma volubile</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Polygonaceae	<i>Duma florulenta</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	* <i>Rumex hypogaeus</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
Primulaceae	* <i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Proteaceae	<i>Grevillea amplexans</i> subsp. ? <i>amplexans</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea biformis</i> subsp. <i>biformis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea extorris</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea juncifolia</i> subsp. <i>temulenta</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea levis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea ?paniculata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea petrophiloides</i> subsp. <i>petrophiloides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea sarissa</i> subsp. <i>sarissa</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea scabrifa</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea francisiana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea minyma</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea multilineata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea preissii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Hakea scoparia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial
Pteridaceae	<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cheilanthes brownii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Pteridaceae cont.	<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Ranunculaceae	<i>Ranunculus sessiliflorus</i> var. <i>sessiliflorus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Rhamnaceae	<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)		X	Discrete	Perennial
Rubiaceae	* <i>Galium aparine</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Opercularia ?spermacoceae</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Rutaceae	<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Drummondita microphylla</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Phebalium lepidotum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Phebalium lepidotum</i> x <i>tuberosum</i>	X		Putative Hybrid	Perennial
	<i>Phebalium ?megaphyllum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Phebalium tuberosum</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Philotheca tomentella</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Santalaceae	<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Sapindaceae	<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dodonaea pinifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Scrophulariaceae	<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>linearifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila georgei</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila glabra</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila granitica</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila miniata</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial	

Family	Taxon	2023/24 Survey	Previous Surveys	Type	Longevity
Scrophulariaceae cont.	<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila platycalyx</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Eremophila serrulata</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Solanaceae	<i>Anthotroche pannosa</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Nicotiana hesperis</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Solanum oldfieldii</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Stylidiaceae	<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stylidium perpusillum</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Surianaceae	<i>Stylobasium australe</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Thymelaeaceae	<i>Pimelea avonensis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pimelea forrestiana</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
Typhaceae	<i>Typha orientalis</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
Urticaceae	<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Violaceae	<i>Pigea curvifolia</i>	X		Discrete	Perennial
Zygophyllaceae	<i>Roepera apiculata</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Roepera eremaea</i>	X	X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Roepera ?fruticulosa</i>		X	Discrete	Perennial
	<i>Roepera iodocarpa</i>		X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	X		Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roepera ovata</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	<i>Roepera similis</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
Aizoaceae	* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual
	* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	X	X	Discrete	Annual



APPENDIX E

**Raw Data Recorded within
Sample Sites in the Survey Area**

**GOVERNMENT AGENCY REFERENCE ONLY
NOT FOR PUBLIC DISSEMINATION
CONTAINS LOCATIONS OF SIGNIFICANT FLORA TAXA**

Quadrats

Site Name: FAC-01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469477E 6771985N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam (some granite in area)
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Blennozona drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		
<i>Caesia ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)</i>	0.3		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	0.2		

<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		
<i>Podolepis kendallii</i>	0.1		
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3		
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.05		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2.5		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Triglochin</i> sp. A Flora of Australia (G.J. Keighery 2477)	0.1		
<i>Velleia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469400E 6771863N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with granite pebbles and some granite outcropping
 Soil Colour: Pale brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.05		
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.3		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	3.5		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		

<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.05		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	2		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.8		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.5		
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.5		
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beauglehole 11880)	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>	0.05		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469442E 6771705N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with BIF gravel
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.05		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia cynopotamica</i>	0.05		

<i>Velleia hispida</i>	1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470769E 6766905N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Upper slop
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.8		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		
<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms	2		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)</i>	0.3		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	2.5		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>	0.5		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		

<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	0.1		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470568E 6767384N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.8		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i>	4		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	0.1		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea glabra</i>	0.5		
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471406E 6768656N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Brown-red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Baekkea benthamii</i> ms	2		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)</i>	0.3		
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.2		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i>	4		
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i>	0.5		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>			

<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Stylidium warriedarens</i>	0.1		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470216E 6768605N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia effusifolia</i>	3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	9		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	0.05		
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		

<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469829E 6768137N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	3		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.2		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	0.2		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.5		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		

<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2		
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468305E 6768400N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.3		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.8		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>	5		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. <i>Clyde Hill</i> (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.8		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	4		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.5		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Prostanthera eckersleyana</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2		

<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-10
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469268E 6767379N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with fine BIF gravel
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.3		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.05		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469680E 6767188N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with BIF gravel
 Soil Colour: Brown-red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.5		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.3		
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>			
<i>Caladenia roei</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		

<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.05		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	2.5		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.05		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-12
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468500E 6767343N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam with fine BIF gravel
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	5		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	7		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.05		
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>	0.05		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.3		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.05		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		

<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.5		
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beauglehole 11880)	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.05		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.5		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.5		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.5		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469471E 6767268N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: simple slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Clay loam with fine BIF gravel
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)</i>	0.3		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> ? <i>polyandra</i>	0.05		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.05		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		

<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	2		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.5		
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Pterostylis</i> sp. inland (A.C. Beauglehole 11880)	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.3		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia cycnopotamica</i>	0.05		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.05		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-14
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469245E 6768938N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	2		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	5		
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	3		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	0.4		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	7		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	4		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		

<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	4		
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.8		
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.3		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469506E 6769028N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Orange-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	3.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia ?polyandra</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	6		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i>	6		
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	3		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471955E 6772606N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Aristida ?holathera</i>	0.2		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>			
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.6		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-17
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471575E 6772364N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.5		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.3		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471414E 6772863N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Aristida ?holathera</i>	0.3		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
* <i>Gorteria personata</i>	0.2		
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472471E 6773110N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Aristida ?holathera</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia remota</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.05		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.3		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		
* <i>Emex australis</i>	0.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.05		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		

<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.1		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-20
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471341E 6771948N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	2.5		
<i>Aristida ?holathera</i>	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.3		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
* <i>Cuscuta ?epithimum</i>			
* <i>Emex australis</i>	0.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
* <i>Gorteria personata</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.1		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.05		
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-21
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472289E 6771883N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia remota</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
* <i>Emex australis</i>	0.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.05		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-22
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470875E 6771362N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: Red-orange

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.2		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. <i>Clyde Hill</i> (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		

<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2.5		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.2		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	1.2		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-23
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471270E 6771426N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	3		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Senecio</i> ? <i>glossanthus</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.8		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.5		

<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.2		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-24
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472059E 6771152N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	3		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.05		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.2		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.2		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	1		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		

<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-25
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472477E 6770944N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.2		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.8		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	9		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.8		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2.5		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.4		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-26
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471685E 6768574N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa ?scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia ?sp. Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.2		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.05		
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.2		
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.6		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		

<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		
<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-27
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471667E 6769568N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	1.2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.1		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	12		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe stricta</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		

<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-28
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471641E 6770151N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	0.8		
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Angianthus</i> sp.	0.1		
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i> var. <i>tenella</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia remota</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.1		
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.1		
* <i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	0.3		
* <i>Emex australis</i>	0.2		
<i>Eremophila</i> ? <i>ericalyx</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		

<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	1		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2		
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.2		
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.5		
* <i>Petrorhagia dubia</i>	0.2		
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.2		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.2		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Senecio</i> ? <i>pinnatifolius</i>	0.3		
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3		
<i>Tetragonia</i> ? <i>diptera</i>	0.2		
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-29
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471867E 6770895N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	0.2		
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.05		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Eremophila</i> ? <i>ericalyx</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	10		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>	0.1		

<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhodanthe</i> ? <i>maryonii</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		
<i>Tetragonia</i> ? <i>diptera</i>	0.2		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.2		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-30
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472376E 6771283N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.05		
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.2		
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.05		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.4		
<i>Hypoxis glabella</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		

<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	5		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.6		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-31
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470806E 6771083N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red-orange

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Asteraceae</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa ?scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.4		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>			
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.2		
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-32
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470901E 6771478N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Caesia</i> ? <i>sp.</i> Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.1		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Dichopogon</i> ? <i>tyleri</i>	0.3		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila</i> ? <i>ericalyx</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.2		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		

<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.2		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-33
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470601E 6766687N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Clay loam with coarse granite gravel and some granite outcropping
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.05		
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.05		
<i>Caesia</i> ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)	0.2		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> ? <i>polyandra</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.05		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1		
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.05		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.2		
<i>Hypoxis glabella</i>	0.1		

<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.05		
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.3		
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.05		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	0.5		
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia cynopotamica</i>	0.05		
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: FAC-34
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470394E 6767620N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	5		
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	6		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i>	4		
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	4		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i>	0.5		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		
<i>Philothea glabra</i>	0.4		
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1		
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		
<i>Velleia hispida</i>	0.05		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-01
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 15/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480181E 6774668N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: E of Blue Hills, near haul road, W8 (but mapped as W1)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia prainii</i>	6		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.1		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.05		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila</i> sp.	1		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	0.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.05		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.5		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	4		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.15		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.5		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-02
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481169E 6775021N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with scattered ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: W of Blue Hills, off Haul road

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	0.3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.2		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.5		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	0.4		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.2		
? <i>Marsdenia australis</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		

<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	6		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-03
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481086E 6775134N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with scattered ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: W of Blue Hills, off Haul road

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	4		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	2.5		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.6		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.5		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7		

<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.6		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-04
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482717E 6775455N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Upper slope/Crest
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Aspect: WSW
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam on BIF
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: Near turnaround point of Blue Hills track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.3		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.2		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.7		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.8		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	0.6		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.7		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.7		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		

<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-05
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483153E 6775897N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Ridge/Crest
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam on BIF
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: N/E of turnaround point at end of Blue Hills track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>argentea</i>	4		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.4		
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.4		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	1.7		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2.5		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.5		

<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-06
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483040E 6776102N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: NE of turnaround point at end of Blue Hills track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.2		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.3		
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.6		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.8		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	0.8		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	2		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.7		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1.5		

<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	2.5		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.15		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-07
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482454E 6775713N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Gentle/moderate
 Aspect: NNW
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: NW of Blue Hills, near fauna transect in aluta

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.8		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		
<i>Stylidium ?warriedarens</i>	0.05		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-08
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482048E 6776155N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with scattered ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: NW of Blue Hills, in Callitris woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.8		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.01		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.3		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.6		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			

<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.4		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-09
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478473E 6771846N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: E of Mt Karara, bottom of downslope track near fauna transect

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.8		
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.6		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	6		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.7		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		

<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-10
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478975E 6771502N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Aspect: ESE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with scattered ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: E of Mt Karara, before junction of southern circuit track and track towards mungada

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuarina</i>	1		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	6		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)	0.7		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Stylidium</i> ? <i>warriedarensis</i>	0.05		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-11
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478034E 6770274N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: S of Mt Karara, very southern end, north of circuit track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.3		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	6		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-12
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479440E 6770614N
 Community: K
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone pebbles and quartz
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: S of Mt Karara, about 350m east of junction of circuit track and mungada track, then south of the mungada track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.3		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2.5		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2.5		
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	10		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.01		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	0.6		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-13
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479956E 6771116N
 Community: K
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with few ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: SE of Mt Karara, along track towards mungada, approx 1.1km from junction with Karara circuit track

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	1		
<i>Atriplex ?suberecta</i>	0.05		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	8		
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i> subsp. <i>drummondii</i>	0.01		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.01		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-15
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480886E 6773254N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Aspect: WSW
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: E of Mt Karara, near N/S fenceline track that joins haulroad, about 1.5km south of haulroad then 350m west

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.1		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.01		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-16
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480154E 6773955N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Aspect: NNW
 Soil Type: Silty loam on BIF
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: N end of Mt Karara, near haulroad and new track (starts on haulroad about 2.2km from Karara camp)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.7		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-17
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480466E 6773950N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty loam with large iron stones
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: N end of Mt Karara, near haulroad and new track (which starts about 2.2km from Karara camp on haulroad)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	5		
<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms	1.5		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3		
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-18
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/05/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480996E 6773980N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with ironstone pebbles and quartz
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Comments: N end of Mt Karara, near N/S fenceline track, about 800m S of haulroad then 200m W

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.3		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-19
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476728E 6773046N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Silty loam with small ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1.2		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.5		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	3		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		

<i>Pimelea forrestiana</i>	0.4		
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.05		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-20
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478472E 6773707N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with frequent ironstone pebbles, some exposed ironstone
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1.2		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-21
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479528E 6774370N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam with very occasional ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia sp. nov 2 (gind_21-1)</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Maireana villosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.3		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.05		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-23
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 489862E 6777475N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Silty Clay Loam (other)
 Soil Colour: Brown-Orange (other)
 Rock Outcrop: Ironstone, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Comments: Clearing/rehab track through centre of plot. Lots of dead annual daisies; too poor condition for ID

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.7		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.1		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	1		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1.7		
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		

PHOTOS





Site Name: GIND-25
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 489821E 6778056N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Silty Loam (other)
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia caesaneura</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.4		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	8		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.8		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-26
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480560E 6773362N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Brown-red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.15		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.6		
<i>Drosera</i> sp.			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	1		
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	0.4		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.6		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.6		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.15		
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.7		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-27
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481750E 6772802N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.3		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-28
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482504E 6773681N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Crest
 Slope Class: Steep
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.5		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	0.1		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.8		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	2		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.2		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	0.6		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.4		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.4		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-43
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488532E 6777971N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Moderate-steep
 Aspect: ESE
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>intermedia</i>	4		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.02		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	1		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		
<i>Plantago</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>	0.05		

<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.4		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-44
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 31/07/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488236E 6777797N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i>	5		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1.2		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.6		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.6		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.6		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-45
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 01/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488235E 6778818N
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level
 Soil Type: Medium clay
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i>	4		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.5		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.5		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.5		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-46
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 01/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488902E 6778655N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaervis</i>	7		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.7		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.3		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		
<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS

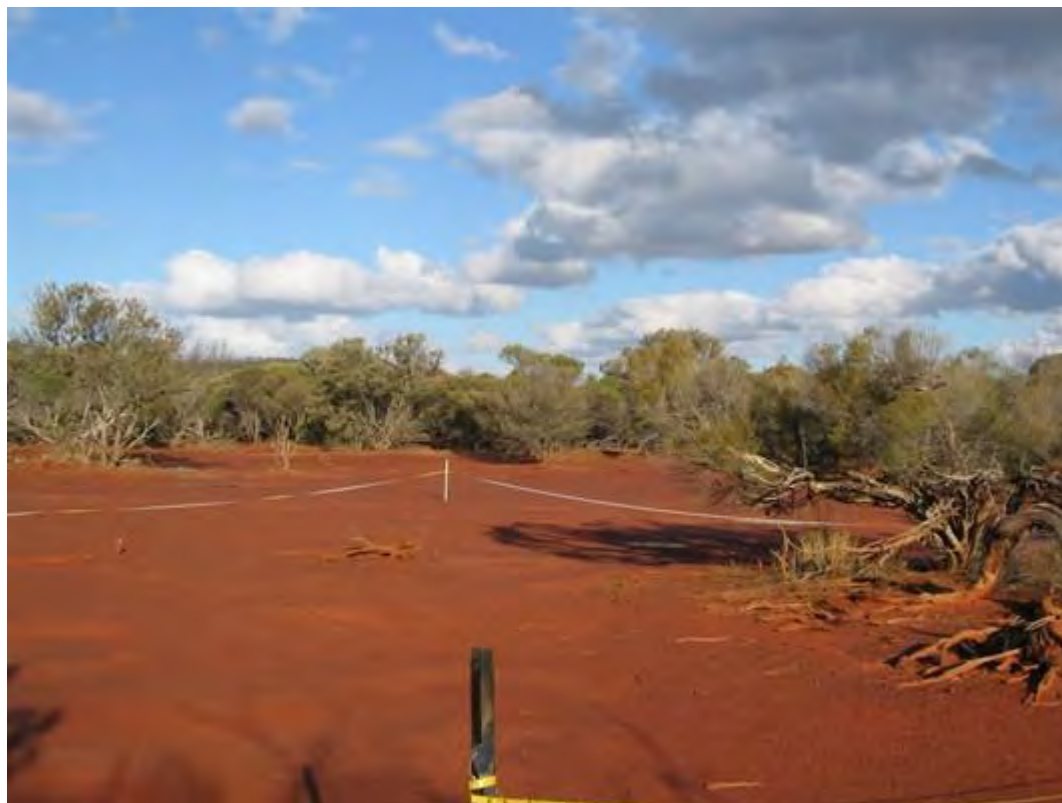


Site Name: GIND-51
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 01/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487152E 6777598N
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Drainage depression
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Medium clay
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i>	3		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	2.5		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-52
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482962E 6775087N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-53
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483176E 6775506N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle-moderate
 Aspect: ESE
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.5		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.4		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.1		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.2		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-54
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483440E 6774176N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Crest
 Slope Class: Steep
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.8		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.6		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	3		
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>	0.3		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara BIF			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2.5		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.5		
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-55
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 485167E 6775453N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Crest
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1.8		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i>	3		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.8		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.25		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.25		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.6		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	1		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-56
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484454E 6776192N
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	4		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.7		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.01		
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-57
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484349E 6776601N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: SSE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Baekkea benthamii</i> ms	1.2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4.5		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.75		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	1.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		
<i>Stylidium ?warriedarens</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-58
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484996E 6776755N
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. <i>?argentea</i>	3		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>	0.8		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.8		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.6		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-59
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484369E 6775630N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-62
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488190E 6773371N
 Community: K
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty Loam (other)
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Track to south, old drought deaths (other)
 Fire: >15 years
 Comments: 2024 - near track, old pastoral station, long-lasting grazing impacts? Mid stratum depauperate although this may be its natural state. A lot of small herbs which are likely to be *Sclerolaena* spp. seedlings

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.5		1.5
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.3		0.2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	3		1.5
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2.2		1
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	7		12
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		4
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.2		3

<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.01		1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Olearia muelleri</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.05		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Roepera</i> sp.	0.3		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.05		0.01
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	0.5		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-73
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 485470E 6779171N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Brown-red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Cassytha</i> sp.			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.8		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	1.3		
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.3		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.1		
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-76
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483594E 6778066N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam sandy
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia sp. nov 3 (gind_71-05, KM_103-2)</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		
<i>Austrostipa sp.</i>	0.4		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.3		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-77
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483509E 6778596N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	0.4		
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.4		
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>	0.3		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	3		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	1.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.15		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-78
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483012E 6777939N
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.2		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2.5		
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	1.6		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	1		
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.2		
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	3.5		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Zygophyllum apiculatum</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-80
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479780E 6776571N
 Community: J
 Landform Type: Clay pan
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.1		
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.01		
<i>Corchorus</i> sp.	0.01		
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		
* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	0.01		
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i> subsp. <i>drummondii</i>	0.01		
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.6		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.2		
<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>	0.2		
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-81
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479494E 6776716N
 Community: J
 Landform Type: Clay pan
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa ?tenuifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Convolvulus ?remotus</i>			
<i>Corchorus</i> sp.	0.1		
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	1.2		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.5		
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.2		
<i>Muehlenbeckia florulenta</i>	2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.6		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-82
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480645E 6776488N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>			
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	1		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.3		
<i>Maireana diffusa</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.3		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.6		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		
<i>Templetonia smithiana</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-83
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481559E 6776446N
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.6		
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.3		
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	1.2		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia preissii</i>	1		
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.4		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.3		
<i>Zygophyllum aurantiacum</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-84
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482024E 6776463N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	0.5		
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	0.7		
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2.2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.5		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.2		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	1.4		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1.5		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.35		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-92
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483303E 6772098N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Gentle-moderate
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	0.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>	4		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	3.5		
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3)	0.5		
<i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. Yuna (A.C. Burns 95)			
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Zygophyllum</i> ? <i>fruticulosum</i>	0.05		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-97
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478849E 6769811N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: WNW
 Soil Type: Silty loam with ironstone
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.01		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	1.7		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-98
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477059E 6769301N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Valley flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>effusa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.4		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.5		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	1.4		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

PHOTOS



Site Name: GIND-99
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475456E 6769230N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Aspect: ENE
 Soil Type: Silty loam with ironstone
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>argentea</i>	0.3		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5		
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		
<i>Stylidium</i> ? <i>warriedarensis</i>	0.05		
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-01
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 476505E 6773331N
 Community: K
 Landform Type: Breakaway
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Clay loam sandy
 Soil Colour: Pale brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	0.5		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	1.5		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.4		
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.15		
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.5		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	0.5		
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		
<i>Xerolirion divaricata</i>	0.2		

Site Name: GINM-02
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 476318E 6772553N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.4		
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1		
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-03
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 474933E 6772962N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Sandy loam

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	3		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.3		
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4.5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.7		
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		
<i>Stylidium</i> ? <i>warriedarensis</i>	0.1		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-04
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 474431E 6772273N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: ESE
 Soil Type: Silty loam with ironstone
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>	1.5		
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-05
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 474318E 6770213N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Soil Type: Sandy clay loam with quartz
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.2		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)			
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.4		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-06
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: WGS84 Zone 50 474685E 6769079N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Hillslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: WSW
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	0.5		
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

<i>Solanum oldfieldii</i>			
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PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-07
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474522E 6769016N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.7		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.4		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: GINM-13
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478260E 6771760N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Simple slope
 Slope Class: Moderate-steep
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2		
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.3		
<i>Cassytha nodiflora</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		
<i>Drosera</i> sp.			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara BIF	0.4		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.5		
? <i>Liliaceae</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	1		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	0.2		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			

<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		
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PHOTOS





Site Name: KARA01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477945.950106603E 6770924.73867431N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>			
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>			
<i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>			
<i>Crassula tetramera</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Elymus scaber</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>elevata</i>			
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)			
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>			
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			

<i>*Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)			
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478041.624408815E 6770909.67412768N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. <i>Karara</i>			
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Elymus scaber</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			

<i>Hakea preissii</i>			
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lobelia rhytidisperma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cynopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478301.942795102E 6770975.29973456N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. <i>Karara</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperra</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			

<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478439.1357237E 6771116.09606736N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)			
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Lobelia rhytidisperma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			

<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477884.279374435E 6771239.75651807N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia sp. Karara</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Calandrinia calyptata</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperma</i>			

<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)			
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>			
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms			
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478490.985447504E 6770741.47291544N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Callitris glaucophylla</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>elevata</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle rugulosa</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			

<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> var. <i>drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477768.242961319E 6771276.89192437N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>			
<i>Calotis</i> aff. <i>cuneifolia</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3447)			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			

<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477477.780595579E 6771419.99843147N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus rudallii</i>			

<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477183.485534583E 6771491.27544558N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. <i>Karara</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Elymus scaber</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>elevata</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			

<i>Haloragis odontocarpa f. pterocarpa</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispid</i> a (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum</i> aff. <i>sphaerocarpum</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3414)			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA10
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478116.525586231E 6772065.07210745N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i>			
* <i>Anagallis arvensis</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			

<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperra</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus helipteroides</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Senecio pinnatifolius</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477887.652422555E 6772090.69939113N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>major</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>			
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Centrolepis aristida</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			

<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA12
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477627.659064907E 6772042.83084995N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia sp. Karara</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			

<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>			

Site Name: KARA13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478862.328455263E 6772751.60553704N
 Community: P

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>			

<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA14
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478896.890096084E 6772722.86190332N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. <i>Karara</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis</i> aff. <i>cuneifolia</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3447)			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. <i>Cue</i> (K.F. Kenneally 47A)			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i> var. <i>glomerosa</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)			

<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Pimelea avonensis</i>			
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>			
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478571.47249559E 6773113.952529N
 Community: D

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>			
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Hakea preissii</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			

<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479223.500501421E 6773811.14996857N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis</i> aff. <i>cuneifolia</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3447)			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes brownii</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
<i>Crassula tetramera</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Hakea preissii</i>			

<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>			
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA17
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479438.854459887E 6773166.43690506N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Aristida contorta</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Guinness et al. OAKP 10/63)			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Brachyscome cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>			
<i>Calandrinia calyptрата</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> aff. <i>corruguloides</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3475)			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula tetramera</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithimum</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>			
<i>Elymus scaber</i>			
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			

<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> var. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
* <i>Galium aparine</i>			
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Isotoma petraea</i>			
<i>Lachnagrostis plebeia</i>			
* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>			
<i>Maireana marginata</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Pleurosorus rutifolius</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>			
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KARA18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478905.541018265E 6771211.25543456N
 Community: D

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> aff. <i>eremaea</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3472)			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i>			
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana planifolia</i> x <i>villosa</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3482)			
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispidula</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon)			

3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>			
<i>Trichanthodium skirrophorum</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>			
<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i>			

Site Name: KARA19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479124.395440028E 6772746.61737128N
 Community: O

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. <i>Karara</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Caesia</i> sp. <i>Wongan</i> (K.F. Keneally 8820)			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Crassula closiana</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>			
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. <i>Cue</i> (K.F. Kenneally 47A)			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle callicarpa</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			

<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>			
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
<i>Stylidium perpusillum</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Velleia hispida</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: KARA20
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479448.451457077E 6773137.17303999N
 Community: G

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia cf. aneura</i> var. <i>aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>			
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> aff. <i>eremaea</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3472)			
<i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>			
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Crassula tetramera</i>			
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Elymus scaber</i>			
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>			
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>			
<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>			
* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Erymophyllum tenellum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>			

<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle pilifera</i> var. <i>glabrata</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>			
<i>Lachnagrostis plebeia</i>			
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>			
<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>			
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana marginata</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
* <i>Medicago minima</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>			
<i>Omphalolappula concava</i>			
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Plantago</i> aff. <i>hispida</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3440)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Ranunculus sessiliflorus</i> var. <i>sessiliflorus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>			
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>			
<i>Senecio pinnatifolius</i>			

<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
* <i>Silene nocturna</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum pedicellare</i>			
<i>Triglochin</i> sp. B Flora of Australia (P.G. Wilson 4294)			
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>			
<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i>			

Site Name: KARA21
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479267.819519948E 6773877.72331542N
 Community: G

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>			
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>			
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i>			
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>			
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>			
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>			
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> var. <i>angustifolia</i> ms			
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)			
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>			
<i>Hakea preissii</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			

<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms			
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>			
<i>Velleia</i> sp. <i>cycnopotamica/rosea</i> complex			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: KIOP 023
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473453E 6770695N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	4		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.5		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		

Site Name: KIOP 024
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473224E 6770276N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.5		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	6		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>	2		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 025
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473540E 6770412N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Crest
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Pale brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	4		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.2		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.8		
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1.8		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		
<i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>	0.2		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.5		
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 026
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472734E 6770699N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	10		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		
<i>Sclerolaena ?gardneri</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 027
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473234E 6770752N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.2		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1.5		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.5		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 028
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473865E 6770708N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: footslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	4		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 029
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472483E 6769265N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	1		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	1		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	8		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	0.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 030
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472317E 6769109N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.5		
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.3		
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 031
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472584E 6768720N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: footslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: sandy clay loam
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	2		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	4		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		
<i>Calotis ?multicaulis</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.3		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		
<i>Mirbelia ?microphylla</i>	0.5		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.5		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 032
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 30/07/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472021E 6768419N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		
<i>Calotis ?multicaulis</i>	0.2		
<i>Cheilanthes ?adiantoides</i>	0.1		
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	1		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>	3		
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.2		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.2		
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.3		
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 213
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474412E 6767812N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Breakaway (other)
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Pale brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Skeletal
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, 20-50% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open tall shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Allocasuarina acutivalvis* subsp. *prinsepiana*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia aulacophylla*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Mirbelia bursarioides* ms, *Petrophile pauciflora*, *Prostanthera patens*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	2.5		8

<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4	2
<i>Allocauarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4	3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1	10
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2	1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.2	0.5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1	1
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperma</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)	4	1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1	1
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)	0.5	0.5
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1	2
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.3	1
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 217
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476546E 6766982N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open woodland over open tall shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia anthochaera*, *Acacia latior*, *Acacia obtecta*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*,
Acacia tetragonophylla
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ptilotus obovatus*, *Senna artemisioides* subsp. *filifolia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	5		3
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		8

<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	14		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i>	14		25
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i>	1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.8		1
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	0.2		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Zygophyllum iodocarpum</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 218
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476304E 6767180N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red/ brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Tall closed shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Acacia sibina, Melaleuca leiocarpa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	5		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		8
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	9		8
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2

<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		1
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 219
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475722E 6766792N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red/ brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Tall closed shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 2: *Eucalyptus leptopoda* subsp. *arctata*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Acacia longispinea*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	6		60
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	9		10
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		10
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		2

<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	7		6
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		3
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Ptilotus grandiflorus</i> var. <i>grandiflorus</i>	0.1		
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 220
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475901E 6766461N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Other, Granite plain (other)
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red/ brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Shallow
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open woodland over tall shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 2: *Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia karina*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Allocasuarina acutivalvis* subsp. *prinsepiana*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Melaleuca radula*, *Mirbelia microphylla*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
------------	-------------	-------------	-------------

<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	5	10
<i>Acacia karina</i>	3	10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4	3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4	4
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1	30
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1	0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	12	3
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>	2	2
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1	1
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2	1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1	3
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2	2

PHOTOS



Site Name: K I O P 221
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475263E 6766592N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Other, Undulating plain (other)
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red/ brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open woodland over tall shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 2: *Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia sibina*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Malleostemon tuberculatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Amphipogon caricinus* var. *caricinus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		0.2

<i>Acacia sibina</i>	5		6
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Caesia micrantha</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	3		15
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	9		10
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		1
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.2		1
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1		2
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 222
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474906E 6766832N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Other, Undulating plain (other)
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia karina*, *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Eremophila forrestii* subsp. *forrestii*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia karina</i>	2.5		5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		25
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1

<i>Caesia micrantha</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	2		10
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.2
? <i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		1
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		1
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		10
<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tricoryne</i> ? <i>tenella</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: K1OP 223
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474413E 6766357N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Pale brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Shallow
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over open low woodland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia umbraculiformis*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Thryptomene costata*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ptilotus obovatus, Solanum lasiophyllum*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.1
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		6

<i>Austrostipa ?scabra</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		50
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.2
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.2		2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		5
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 224
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474265E 6766344N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Other, Low rise (other)
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Pale brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Shallow
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Tall shrubland over closed shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Eremophila oldfieldii* subsp. *oldfieldii*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Dodonaea inaequifolia*, *Scaevola spinescens*, *Senna* sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ptilotus obovatus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	9		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	9		10
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		1

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1.5	1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2.5	5
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	9	8
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2	0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2	2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.8	0.2
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.3	5
<i>Podolepis lessonii</i>	0.1	5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4	1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1	3
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	4	1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	2	2
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2	0.5
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	2	5

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 226
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471613E 6766752N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Other, Upperslope of low rise (other)
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Pale Brown (other)
 Soil Depth: Moderate
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Laterite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 15 years

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		11
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.15		0.2
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		4
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.75		0.2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	1.2		0.3
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.01		0.2

PHOTOS







Site Name: KIOP 238
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474287E 6771951N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Very open Melaleuca woodland over open Acacia shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Acacia umbraculiformis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	3.5		2.5

<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>	1		0.4
<i>Austrodanthonia ?caespitosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		0.7
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Grevillea ?extorris</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	1		0.3
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	0.1		2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4.5		8
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe ?laevis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 239
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474005E 6772210N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing, Weeds
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Very open Acacia shrubland over mixed low shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.2		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.2		4
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		2
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.4

<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)	1		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.6
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i>	0.1		1.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 240
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473498E 6771720N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Mixed shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i>			0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5

<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		30
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 241
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470808E 6770002N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Very open woodland over open Acacia shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		8
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		0.4
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2.4		0.8

<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		4
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	5		2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	1		0.5
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.4
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 242
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469886E 6770118N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Very open Allocasuarina woodland over mixed shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 2: *Allocasuarina acutivalvis* subsp. *prinsepiana*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Aluta aspera*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		3
<i>Aluta aspera</i>	1.7		8
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.7
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		1
<i>Drummondita microphylla</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			

<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		2
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.3
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.3		0.4

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 243
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 02/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469550E 6770094N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Acacia shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Acacia sibina*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		4
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		1.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		0.4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Wanarra (M.E. Trudgen MET 5376)	2.5		3
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		0.4

<i>Drummondita microphylla</i>	0.7		1.5
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	7		2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.2		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 248
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 03/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468224E 6770431N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open Eucalypt woodland over open Acacia shrubland
 Comments: Fence line and track running through plot

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *plenissima*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Callitris columellaris*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		8
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa ?scabra</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	2		1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	8		5
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	8		20
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	2		0.5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 265
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470353E 6772456N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open Eucalypt woodland over Acacia shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *plenissima*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		8
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	6		10
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.2

<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	2		1.8
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.8
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.7
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 266
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/11/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471104E 6772760N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Sandy clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open (patchy) Eucalypt woodland over Acacia shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 2: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.7		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.4
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaervis</i>	8		20
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	1		0.3
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Rytidosperma</i> ? <i>caespitosum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 269
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/12/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468199E 6766957N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: C
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Depth: Deep
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Northern Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >5
 Habitat: Open Eucalypt woodland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *plenissima*

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		0.8
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	10		4
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	4		0.4
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	4		0.4
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		1

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.2
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PHOTOS



Site Name: KIOP 430
 Site Type: PLOT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 494257E 6779261N
 Orientation: Cardinal points
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Depth: Moderate
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 years
 Comments: Dead annual daisies present; too poor condition for ID

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		10
<i>Acacia latior</i>	1		0.2
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		3
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		25
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	0.8		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Xanthosia kochii</i>	0.4		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: KK01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477291.0088E 6773246.346N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Other, Mid Slope – Drainage Line (other)
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm, 600-2000mm
 CF Types: Granite, Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low open woodland of *Euc. salubris* over very open low shrubland of mixed species over low open chenopod shrubland of mixed species

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus salubris*

Lower Stratum 1: *Atriplex codonocarpa*, **Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum*, *Sclerolaena drummondii*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>	0.2		4
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Atriplex stipitata</i> subsp. <i>stipitata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>			

<i>Erymophyllum tenellum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	10		13
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		8
<i>Pogonolepis ?muelleriana</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Roepera similis</i>			
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena drummondii</i>	0.1		11
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Sondottia connata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KK02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478315.17E 6775187.8N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown/orange (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland dominated by *Acacia latior* and *A. longispinea*

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia sibina*, *Melaleuca leiocarpa*

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	1.5		19
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	5		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y.			

Caruso 78) (P1)			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	5		2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Pogonolepis ?muelleriana</i>			
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>			
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KK03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479101.4439E 6775007.56N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown/orange (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland of mixed species dominated by *A. latior* and *A. ramulosa* with tall isolated trees of *E. kochii* subsp. *plenissima*

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Melaleuca leiocarpa*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>			

<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.4	2
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3	1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.2	0.3
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.3	0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Teucrium disjunctum</i>		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KK04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478002.8939E 6774672.783N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Drainage Line
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown/orange (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite, Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland of mixed species dominated by *A. burkittii* and *Melaleuca hamata* over mid-low very open shrubland over low sparse annuals

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Melaleuca hamata*

Lower Stratum 1: *Trachymene ornata*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	5		50
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			0.1
<i>Duperreya sericea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia mimuloides</i>	0.1		1
<i>Haloragis trigonocarpa</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>			0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle rugulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	7		5
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	0.1	10	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		2
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KK05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479669.6858E 6773491.581N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Rock Outcrop: Bif (other), 10-20% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm, 600-2000mm
 CF Types: BIF (other)
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland of mixed species dominated by Acacias over low open shrubland of mixed species over very open annuals

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*, *Acacia latior*, *Calycopeplus paucifolius*, *Melaleuca nematophylla*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		15
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3.5		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		10
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2

<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Pogonolepis ?muelleriana</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML21
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 14/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474656.25E 6766192.42N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: > 10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over mid shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Acacia longispinea, Eucalyptus arctata*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia, Malleostemon tuberculatus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.8		9
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	2.7		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.8		15
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.6
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	3.8		2.5

<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.2		0.6
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)	0.9		0.1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.4		15
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	1		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML22
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475604.04E 6767112.76N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: > 5 yrs
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over mid sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia incognita*, *Melaleuca hamata*

Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		4
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.2

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>			
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>	0.7		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.8		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	6		4
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.3
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML23
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476128.19E 6766969.73N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: > 5 yrs
 Habitat: Mid open woodland over tall open shrubland over mid sparse shrubland over low sparse grassland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia incognita*, *Acacia latior*, *Acacia sibina*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Philotheca deserti* subsp. *deserti*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Amphipogon caricinus* var. *caricinus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	4		5

<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)	1.5		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		12
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	6		1.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>			0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	12		7
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.5		0.2
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		0.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.2		3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.2		1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML25
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474952.84E 6767836.07N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: B
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, 20-50% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm, 600-2000mm
 CF Types: Granite, Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: > 5 yrs
 Habitat: Mid isolated shrubs over low forbland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Calycopeplus paucifolius*

Lower Stratum 1: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.6		0.1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>			
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1	60
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	1.5	1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>		
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>		
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>		
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>		
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>		
<i>Pogonolepis ?muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus eremita</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4	0.3
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML27
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476702.02E 6766241.98N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None, (other) - Old track nearby
 Fire: > 10 years
 Habitat: Low open woodland over tall sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Acacia sibina*, *Melaleuca leiocarpa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3.4		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	3		0.2
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		1.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eriochiton sclerolaenoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	9		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KML36
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476472.45E 6767948.11N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: > 10 years
 Habitat: Mid woodland of Euc grey bark 2 (27-01) over low sparse shrubland of Daisy shrub (30-09)

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia*

Lower Stratum 1: *Olearia humilis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		1.5
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		0.4
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	2		0.2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4.5		1.2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2.2		0.7
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.8		1.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1

<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	12		8
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	1.8		0.2
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.4		2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: KMLL01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477756.21E 6773297.67N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Light Brown (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - rabbits
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over mid sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia incognita*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Calycopeplus paucifolius*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.8		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		2

<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	4		0.2
<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Bursarioides</i> (T.R. Lally 760)	1.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478901.83E 6774501.53N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Laterite, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - rabbits
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over mid sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*

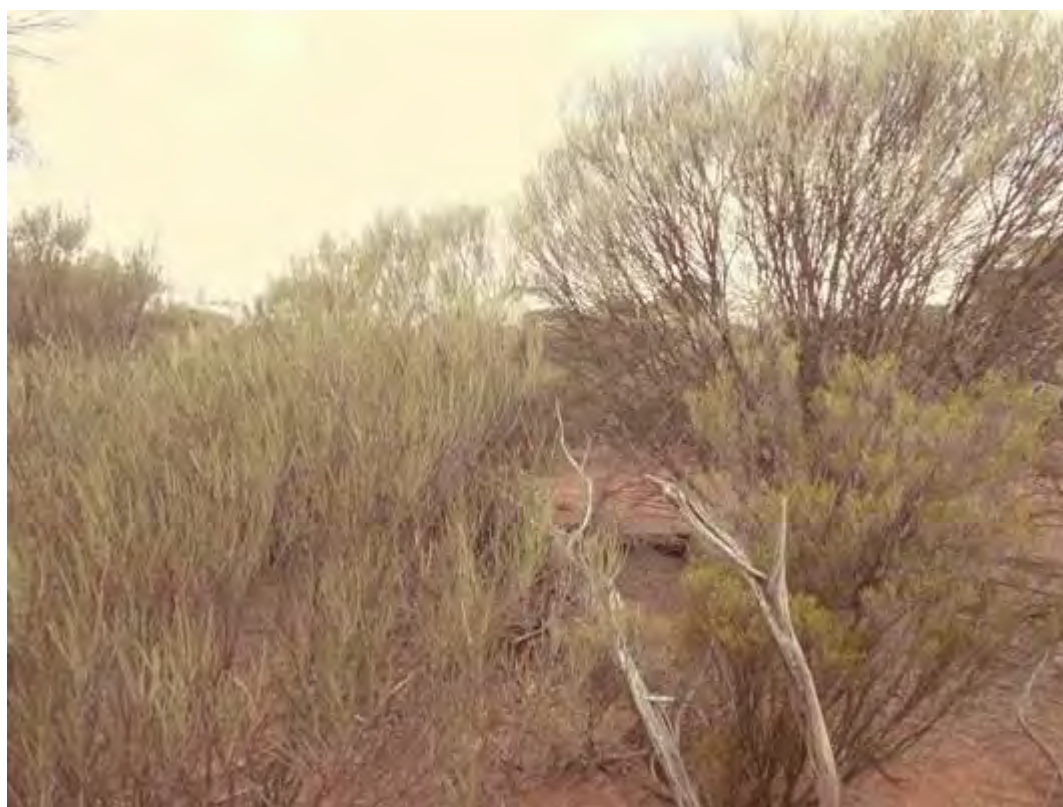
Mid Stratum 1: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*, *Melaleuca leiocarpa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.5		15
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.2		2
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2		2
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.7		0.1
<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478835.03E 6774705.71N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Laterite, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Mid open woodland over tall sparse shrubland over low sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia obtecta*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia acuaria*, *Senna artemisioides* subsp. *filifolia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.1		2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>		10	
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus eremita</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roepora ovata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		3
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479675.13E 6774201.34N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland over mid sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia burkittii*, *Acacia latior*, *Acacia obtecta*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2	2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>		
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i>	1	0.5
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>		
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>		
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479352.94E 6774099.28N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Light Clay
 Soil Colour: Orange-brown (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Mid woodland over low open woodland over tall open shrubland over mid open shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Upper Stratum 2: *Eremophila oldfieldii* subsp. *oldfieldii*, *Exocarpos aphyllus*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Senna artemisioides* subsp. *filifolia*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.1		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.1		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1

<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	5		4
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	4		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	14		20
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	6		5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.1		1
<i>Rhodanthe stricta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>	0.8		0.2
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.2		2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478052.76E 6769523.12N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Orange-brown (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low open woodland over low sparse shrubland (but quadrat surrounded by tall open shrubland)

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*

Lower Stratum 1: *Rhagodia drummondii*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.2		0.2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	12		9

<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Feldstonia nitens</i>			
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Medicago minima</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		2
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: KMLL07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478921.68E 6768384.89N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Orange-brown (other)
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: None
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low open woodland over tall sparse shrubland

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Exocarpos aphyllus*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia colletioides*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	1.2		2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		6
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		4
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus eremita</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.8		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO1
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 471710.26E 6766579.8N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: SSW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Laterite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Lots of macropod poo. Calandrinias present which are not in flower or identifiable yet (could not be collected)

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	471710	6766580	
Corner 2	471728	6766580	
Corner 3	471728	6766561	
Corner 4	471708	6766558	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		20
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.3		0.1
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		1.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	0.3		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO2
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472376.83E 6767599.2N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Grazing, Weeds
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Dead branches and leaf litter. Weedy(?) grasses (juvenile), evidence of surface water flow

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472377	6767599	
Corner 2	472396	6767600	
Corner 3	472397	6767583	
Corner 4	472378	6767580	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.3		0.1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.7		1

<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		4
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		3
<i>Paspalidium clementii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.4		7
<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>	0.05		0.1
* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO3
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 475272.56353978E 6773514.82505694N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: WNW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	475273	6773515	
Corner 2	475295	6773518	
Corner 3	475294	6773498	
Corner 4	475273	6773497	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2.2		0.4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.7		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.3
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	1.7		0.8

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.3		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i> s. lat. (non-papillate variant)	0.1		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		4
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	3		1.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	10		7
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		5
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.2		0.8
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		3
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO4
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 475122.16E 6773549.47N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: WNW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Old plant deaths, likely successive droughts, logs etc.

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	475122	6773549	
Corner 2	475142	6773555	
Corner 3	475143	6773535	
Corner 4	475124	6773532	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		0.1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		6
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4.5		8
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.3		8
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.6		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.7		3
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	7.5		5
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.1		12
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus ?manglesianus</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 474591.35182073E 6772415.33761625N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	474591	6772415	
Corner 2	474612	6772418	
Corner 3	474613	6772399	
Corner 4	474594	6772395	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuarria</i>			
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4.2		5

<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		3
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.2		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>			
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	5.5		5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	6		6
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		5
<i>Olearia humilis</i>			
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.4		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO6
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483747.08E 6772415.64N
 Orientation: NW
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: >20 years
 Habitat: Open woodland (~15%) over sparse shrubland (> 2m, >3%), over open herb field

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	GDA2020	483747	6772416	
Corner 2	GDA2020	483766	6772411	
Corner 3	GDA2020	483764	6772391	
Corner 4	GDA2020	483744	6772391	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		0.8
<i>Acacia latior</i>	1.6		0.8
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.6		0.5

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.3		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		2
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>	1.6		0.4
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	8		1
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	9		9
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		3
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.5		0.4
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.2
<i>Phlegmatospermum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1		0.4
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.8
? <i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLECO7
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483737.84E 6772140.86N
 Orientation: NW
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: >20 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland (3m+) over tall shrubland (3m+) over sparse low shrubland (1m+) over herbs

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	GDA2020	483738	6772141	
Corner 2	GDA2020	483755	6772141	
Corner 3	GDA2020	483753	6772119	
Corner 4	GDA2020	483734	6772120	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.2		1
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>			

<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3	2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4	20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3.5	15
? <i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1	0.2
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.15	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>	1.7	0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1	1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1	1
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5	0.4
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.15	1
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.4	0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	1	0.2
<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>	0.4	0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 473164.037302326E 6771733.31840071N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SSE
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	473164	6771733	
Corner 2	473182	6771731	
Corner 3	473180	6771712	
Corner 4	473164	6771715	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		25
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		9
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.1		0.1

<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.3
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.3		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2.5		3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.7		0.4
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		5
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		2.5
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2.2		0.3
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.5
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 471803.03E 6773381.57N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SSW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	471803	6773382	
Corner 2	471822	6773382	
Corner 3	471822	6773363	
Corner 4	471802	6773362	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.1		1.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.4		1
<i>Actinobole ?uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.5

<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>			
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		4
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.6		6
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2.1		4
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.4		0.4
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		1
? <i>Nicotiana</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Salsola australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.7		0.4
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. <i>lat.</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEC11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 468223.09E 6771550.16N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Lots of other small unidentifiable herbs present; too young to ID

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	468223	6771550	
Corner 2	468241	6771551	
Corner 3	468243	6771533	
Corner 4	468225	6771531	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		10
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	4.5		1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			

<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	5.5		3
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		2
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.2
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.6		0.2
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 465229.99E 6771644.35N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Near road and power line, pit nearby. Rabbit poo. Lots of unidentifiable small seedlings

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	465230	6771644	
Corner 2	465249	6771644	
Corner 3	465249	6771626	
Corner 4	465230	6771624	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.5		25
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.15		1.5
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		4
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			

<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		8
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.4		2.5
<i>Ericksonella saccharata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	2.7		1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	1.7		4
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		1
<i>Thysanotus ?manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		1
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS







Site Name: MLEC14
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 464604.75E 6771648.56N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SSW
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10 Years
 Comments: Next to power line. Evidence of burn on old dead trunks

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	464605	6771649	
Corner 2	464606	6771630	
Corner 3	464588	6771629	
Corner 4	464586	6771647	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1		0.3
<i>Acacia latior</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.4		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	1.7		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cassytha nodiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>			
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1

<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.6		8
<i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i>			
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	1		0.5
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	1		1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4		1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	1.7		10
<i>Phebalium lepidotum x tuberculosum</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.01		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 463922.57E 6771765.86N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10 Years
 Comments: Evidence of previous burns - scorch marks

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	463923	6771766	
Corner 2	463940	6771767	
Corner 3	463941	6771746	
Corner 4	463920	6771746	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	1.6		6
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	1.6		1
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		9
<i>Anthotroche pannosa</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.8		6
<i>Grevillea juncifolia</i> subsp. <i>temulenta</i>	1.5		1

<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Jacksonia acicularis</i>			
<i>Malleostemon roseus</i>	0.3		4
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	0.8		5
<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	0.4		2
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.4		1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.05		0.2
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.05		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEC16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 463027.92E 6771868.8N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years
 Comments: Lots of dead wood

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	463028	6771869	
Corner 2	463043	6771871	
Corner 3	463048	6771852	
Corner 4	463028	6771849	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.4		0.1
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		2

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.15		0.1
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.7		0.2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3.5		2
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	2		20
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC17
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 462359.817243489E 6771945.21097936N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	462360	6771945	
Corner 2	462378	6771944	
Corner 3	462378	6771927	
Corner 4	462360	6771926	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>	0.5		5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2

<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.5		1.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		25
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		5
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 12/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 463621.887649952E 6770395.88203596N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	463622	6770396	
Corner 2	463638	6770393	
Corner 3	463638	6770374	
Corner 4	463620	6770374	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		8
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.3		0.1

<i>Callitris columellaris</i>		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	1.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.01	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Ecdeiocola monostachya</i>	0.8	3.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)		
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2	0.5
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	3
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8	1.5
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEC19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 12/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 462913.305660509E 6770366.19153103N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	462913	6770366	
Corner 2	462931	6770367	
Corner 3	462932	6770350	
Corner 4	462914	6770349	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.2
<i>Actinobole</i> ? <i>uliginosum</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chrysitrix distigmata</i>	0.4		0.2

<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1	17
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	0.4	0.2
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	2.5	0.5
<i>Malleostemon roseus</i>	0.6	3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3	5
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394479.17E 6758243.33N
 Community: N
 Landform Type: Closed Depression
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Clayey Sand
 Soil Colour: Grey-Brown (other)
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low sparse chenopod shrubland
 Comments: Potentially historic clearing

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	GDA2020	394479	6758243	
Corner 2	GDA2020	394467	6758231	
Corner 3	GDA2020	394479	6758216	
Corner 4	GDA2020	394495	6758230	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	0.1		1
* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.5
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>	0.2		2
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.4		1
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)	0.3		5
<i>Tecticornia syncarpa</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 16/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394898.37E 6758645.49N
 Community: N
 Landform Type: Closed Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Grey-Brown (other)
 Soil Condition: Moist - Parts water logged
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low sparse chenopod shrubland
 Comments: Historical disturbance

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	GDA2020	394898	6758645	
Corner 2	GDA2020	394910	6758633	
Corner 3	GDA2020	394895	6758619	
Corner 4	GDA2020	394882	6758631	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Needilup (K.R. Newbey 4892)	0.1		0.1

<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis polygyna</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1		
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Schoenus humilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenus sculptus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Spergularia rubra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.5		2
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)	0.4		3
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1		1
<i>Triglochin</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394988.9E 6758772.54N
 Community: I
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Comments: Historical disturbance

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	GDA2020	394989	6758773	
Corner 2	GDA2020	394997	6758756	
Corner 3	GDA2020	394980	6758748	
Corner 4	GDA2020	394970	6758765	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.8		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.1

<i>Blennospora phlegmatocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia baccata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia disperma</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	8		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	3		0.5
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis macrocephala</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		3
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3		1
* <i>Leontodon rhagadioloides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		0.1

<i>*Medicago minima</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	2.5	1
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>*Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides subsp. airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Petrohragia dubia</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Podolepis aristata subsp. aristata</i>	0.3	1
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.6	0.1
<i>Ptilotus humilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4	0.2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala subsp. splendida</i>	0.1	2
<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>	1.3	0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Tricoryne soullierae (P3)</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Triodia danthonioides</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>*Vulpia myuros forma myuros</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata var. acuminata</i>	0.1	0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395078.63E 6758828.23N
 Community: N
 Landform Type: Closed Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other) - historical disturbance, unnatural inundation
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low open chenopod shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Amphibromus nervosus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>			
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.4		5
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)	0.3		0.5
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)	0.3		5
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.2		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395476.56E 6758832.89N
 Community: L
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland, low sparse chenopod shrubland
 Comments: Salinisation

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	1.1		1.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis polygyna</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>*Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5	0.2
<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	0.1	0.1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.3	1
<i>*Hordeum leporinum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Juncus bufonius</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Lamarckia aurea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Lolium perenne</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3	4
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2	0.5
<i>*Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>*Parapholis incurva</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5	1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1	0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.4	0.2
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.5	0.2
<i>*Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)	0.5	0.2
<i>Tetragonia</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 18/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 405096.506428729E 6771327.13859237N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Grazing - Historical grazing, Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low woodland, mid-sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Carrichtera annua</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>*Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2	0.4
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. <i>ramosum</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	7	8
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6	0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Lolium perenne</i>		
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4	0.2
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5	1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.4	0.3
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.6	0.2
<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.2	0.2
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 425511.551125893E 6770456.54228198N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 20-60mm
 CF Types: Laterite, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland, mid-sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland
 Comments: Dust related death

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	2		0.4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		6
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		10
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula closiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		0.3
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		2
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.4
* <i>Parentucellia latifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.5		0.3
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		10

<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.2		2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.5		0.4
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1		0.2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.2
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 426757.628931971E 6770743.16382895N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, 10-20% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other) - Dust related decline
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland over mid sparse shrubland over low sparse shrubland.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>	3.5		0.3
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	3		0.2
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	0.3		0.1

<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3	2
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Euphorbia tannensis</i> subsp. <i>eremophila</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>	0.4	0.1
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.3	3
<i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>	1.2	2
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2	2
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2	0.3
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3	0.1

<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 428267.549694991E 6770241.16569199N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other) - Dust
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland, mid-sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4.5		2
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	4.5		15
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	0.4		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		2
<i>Centrolepis cephaliformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis</i> sp. Kalannie (B.J. Lepschi et al. B JL 3517)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
<i>Crassula closiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	2		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia krauseana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.2		2
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Leontodon rhagadioloides</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Lobelia cleistogamoides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperma</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		1.5
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		0.1

<i>*Monoculus monstrosus</i>	2	1.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus pygmaeus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.2	2
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>*Spergularia rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.	0.3	0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.3	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED10
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 432144.505478026E 6770367.46548624N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low open woodland, tall sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	5		0.5
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	1		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.8		0.3
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia flava</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.2		0.1

<i>*Carrichtera annua</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>*Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		9
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.5
<i>*Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Limonium lobatum</i>	0.3		4
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		4
<i>*Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Roepera ovata</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium runcinatum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 432541.315348495E 6770345.21825498N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: (other) - little decline (possible dust/drought)
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	4		13
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula closiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.6	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.3	1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.2	1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.2	3
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.2	2
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	0.6	0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4	1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.3	5
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.2	0.5
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2	0.3
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1

<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED12
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433425.9140567E 6770370.35413124N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland, mid-sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		0.1
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	5		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		3
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	5		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.2		3
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>			0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1

<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.6	0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2	3
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.2	3
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.3	0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5	1
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5	0.3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5	1
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.3	2
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Poranthera leiosperma</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2	3
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3	0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433820.87E 6770381.74N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 20-60mm
 CF Types: Basalt (other)
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds - Aggressive weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)	0.1		0.1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4.5		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4.5		0.2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4.5		3
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	4.5		0.2
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		2.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		1.5
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.3		0.1
<i>Haloragis trigonocarpa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lachnagrostis plebeia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus pygmaeus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1

<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera similis</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Salsola australis</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			0.1
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1.5		0.5
* <i>Silene nocturna</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium runcinatum</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.3		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED14
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 434389.57E 6770377.15N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland, low open shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		0.2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		2
<i>Allocauarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		13
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.4		0.1
<i>Caladenia roei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1

<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4	3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.3	2
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2	3
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2	0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 20/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431737.56E 6770360.16N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		15
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.3		10
<i>Feldstonia nitens</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.3		3
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.2		5
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Tetragonia eremaea</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400543.53E 6757916.36N
 Community: L
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other) - Salinisation
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland, low sparse chenopod shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia eremaea</i>	2.5		1.5
<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>	0.3		0.2
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	1		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Austrostipa macalpinei</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>	0.1		1
<i>Gnephosis macrocephala</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gnephosis trifida</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>	2		0.2
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	2		0.5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>			0.1
<i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)	0.1		0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i> (P3)	0.1		10
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus humilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6		2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.2

* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Stylobasium australe</i>	1		0.4
<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED17
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 398827.02E 6757724.68N
 Community: N
 Landform Type: Closed Depression
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other) - Death (possibly through salinisation)
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Low sparse samphire shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>	0.4		0.2
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula exserta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>	0.1		1
<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)	0.1		0.1
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)	0.2		1
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Hydrocotyle glochidiata</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	0.3		0.1

<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>*Parapholis incurva</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Spergularia marina</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)	0.3		0.5
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>	0.4		3
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)	0.4		0.1
<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 439772.94E 6770177.12N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Undulating Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	2.5		0.6
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	5		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3.5		3
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula closiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>*Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.3	5
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	3
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.3	0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.5	0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5	2
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	3	1
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.2	5
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2	2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	0.2	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440706.8E 6770393.86N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		2
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	0.1		0.3
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>*Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.5	0.2
<i>*Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia krauseana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>*Limonium lobatum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	2	0.5
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	15
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.3	0.9
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4	0.2
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1	2
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED20
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440655.47E 6770167.67N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Undulating Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Pale Brown (other)
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland, mid sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.8	1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2	1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>	0.1	1.5
* <i>Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>	0.8	0.2
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.6	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2	0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4	0.2
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	2.5	3
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Myriocephalus pygmaeus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	10
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.4
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.2	3
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1	0.1

<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED21
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443390.88E 6769933.03N
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Isolated low mallee, tall open shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		7
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1

<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2.5		1.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	4		0.2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		5
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		2
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	4		1
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		1
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.2
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.3		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLED22
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 438024.3E 6770142.17N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: >10 years
 Habitat: Mid open woodland, tall sparse shrubland, low sparse shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>*Carrichtera annua</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>*Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaervis</i>	13		8
<i>*Ficinia marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		7
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Limonium lobatum</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>*Lolium perenne</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera ovata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Rumex vesicarius</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		0.7
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.1

<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK01
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472054.7E 6766646.51N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Undulating Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472055	6766647	
Corner 2	472075	6766653	
Corner 3	472077	6766632	
Corner 4	472059	6766628	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa var. ramulosa*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia tetragonophylla*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Calotis multicaulis, Erodium cygnorum*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		3

<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	8	12
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3	1.5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>		
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>		
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.2	0.7
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.2	0.7
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2	1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.2	0.3
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472260.56E 6767731.2N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472261	6767731	
Corner 2	472260	6767751	
Corner 3	472279	6767752	
Corner 4	472280	6767731	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia acuminata*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Actinobole uliginosum*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		1.5
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>			
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.3		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Glycine canescens</i>			0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.2
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
*? <i>Hypochaeris</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	2		0.8
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		0.4

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.6		1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		10
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	2		0.2
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.7		0.5
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Walshia kendallii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Wurmbea ?densiflora</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472425.72E 6767682.74N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Moderately Inclined (10°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Weed cover very high

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472426	6767683	
Corner 2	472427	6767701	
Corner 3	472447	6767699	
Corner 4	472448	6767679	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia umbraculiformis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia jibberdingensis*, *Acacia ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*
 Lower Stratum 1: **Ehrharta longiflora*, *Grevillea* sp., *Parietaria cardiostegia*, *Rhodanthe battii*,
Rhodanthe maryonii

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		0.3
<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>	5		2
<i>Acacia kochii</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	6		16
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.2		0.2
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>			0.2
<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Duperreya sericea</i>			0.5
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>	0.3		15
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Galium aparine</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Glycine canescens</i>			0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Grevillea</i> sp.	2		0.2
*? <i>Hypochaeris</i> sp.	0.1		0.3
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.8		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.7		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>	0.3		20
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		3

<i>Rhodanthe oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.8		0.7
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i> subsp. <i>anthemoides</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472570.12E 6768035.02N
 Community: B
 Landform Type: Other, Granite sheet (other)
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Clayey Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, >50% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472570	6768035	
Corner 2	472570	6768018	
Corner 3	472549	6768014	
Corner 4	472548	6768033	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Lower Stratum 1: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1

<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472764.5E 6768288.56N
 Community: B
 Landform Type: Other, Granite sheet (other)
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clayey Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, >50% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472764	6768289	
Corner 2	472745	6768288	
Corner 3	472745	6768308	
Corner 4	472766	6768307	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Lower Stratum 1: *Borya sphaerocephala*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Crassula extrorsa, Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		4

<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>	0.1	8
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>		0.1
<i>Dysphania melanocarpa</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3	5
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5	0.1
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Spergularia marina</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Wurmbea ?densiflora</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472756.61E 6768160.88N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472757	6768161	
Corner 2	472753	6768179	
Corner 3	472774	6768182	
Corner 4	472778	6768162	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Acacia umbraculiformis*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Myriocephalus gueriniae*, *Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Goodenia cycnopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.6		0.4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		2.5
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	2		6
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Actinobole ?uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.4
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		6
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		25
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.2
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Walshia kendallii</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEK07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 483500.8E 6772590.62N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: Weeds, Animal
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Previously pastoral station

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	483501	6772591	
Corner 2	483501	6772610	
Corner 3	483520	6772608	
Corner 4	483521	6772588	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Malleostemon tuberculatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Bellida graminea*, *Gilruthia osbornei*, *Myriocephalus gueriniae*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.4
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.4		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.3		20
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.4
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.2		3
<i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.7		1.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.7		1.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella</i> ? <i>ciliocarpa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.25		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 483462.82E 6772390.24N
 Community: K
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Historically cleared? Very open, not many shrubs

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	483463	6772390	
Corner 2	483462	6772372	
Corner 3	483482	6772374	
Corner 4	483478	6772393	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus clelandiorum*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Eremophila oppositifolia* subsp. *angustifolia*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Ptilotus obovatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Menkea australis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.75		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>			
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	4.75		1.25
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	6		8
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>			0.3
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.25		0.3
<i>Phlegmatospermum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	1		0.7
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.25		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 483269.97E 6772351.1N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	483270	6772351	
Corner 2	483269	6772369	
Corner 3	483251	6772367	
Corner 4	483254	6772347	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus clelandiorum*, *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia acanthoclada* subsp. *glaucescens*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Rhagodia drummondii*, *Scaevola spinescens*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.75		2

<i>Acacia colletioides</i>		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.75	4
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.13	0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1	0.5
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	3	0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	5	4
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6	7
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Phlegmatospermum drummondii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.15	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.25	2.5
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.2	0.3
<i>Roepera</i> sp.	0.1	0.2
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.75	6
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Sclerolaena drummondii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>		
<i>Senna stowardii</i>		
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.13	0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK10
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 09/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472860.38E 6772725.08N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 20-60mm, 6-20mm, 60-200mm, 200-600mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472860	6772725	
Corner 2	472856	6772745	
Corner 3	472876	6772746	
Corner 4	472876	6772725	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia umbraculiformis*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Eremophila forrestii* subsp. *forrestii*, *Ptilotus obovatus*, *Solanum lasiophyllum*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Myriocephalus gueriniae*, *Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Goodenia cycnopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	3.5		2
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.75
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.25
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.7
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.4		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		2
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.25		0.25
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.15		1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.17		2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.15		1
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		3
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Walshia kendallii</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 469640.38E 6763999.78N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	469640	6764000	
Corner 2	469641	6764019	
Corner 3	469659	6764022	
Corner 4	469661	6764003	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia sibina*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Cryptandra imbricata*, *Ptilotus obovatus*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Bellida graminea*, *Gilruthia osbornei*, *Myriocephalus gueriniae*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		3.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3.5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		5
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.3		1.5
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.5
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		2
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	2.5		3.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Roebuckiella ?ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	2		0.2
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEK12
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 469685.57E 6764315.75N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Adjacent to road

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	469686	6764316	
Corner 2	469668	6764315	
Corner 3	469670	6764335	
Corner 4	469689	6764331	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia acuminata*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Eremophila forrestii* subsp. *forrestii*, *Grevillea pityophylla*

Lower Stratum 1: *Calotis multicaulis*, *Goodenia cynopotamica*, *Podolepis aristata* subsp. *affinis*,
Rhodanthe laevis

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.3		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		3
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.6		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		3
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1.1		1.5
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.6
<i>Roebuckiella ?ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 467450.91E 6770548.67N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Laterite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	467451	6770549	
Corner 2	467431	6770552	
Corner 3	467430	6770571	
Corner 4	467449	6770571	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Hysterobaeckea setifera* subsp. *setifera*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ecdeiocolea monostachya*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Bellida graminea*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		4

<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		2
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1.2		0.2
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.8		6
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	2.2		22
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK14
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 467232.81E 6770540.76N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clayey Sand
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	467233	6770541	
Corner 2	467214	6770540	
Corner 3	467212	6770559	
Corner 4	467232	6770558	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia latior*, *Darwinia capitellata*, *Enekbatus stowardii*, *Hemigenia* sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624), *Malleostemon tuberculatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Bellida graminea*, *Ecdeiocolea monostachya*, *Goodenia cycnopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
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<i>Acacia latior</i>	1.5	2
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1	0.4
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2	0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Crassula</i> ? <i>colorata</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Crassula</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.5	5
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)		0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.6	7
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.4	1.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.2	0.4
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	0.5	0.4
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.3	1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.2	2.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5	1.5
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 466735.44E 6771616.14N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	466735	6771616	
Corner 2	466719	6771619	
Corner 3	466716	6771637	
Corner 4	466737	6771640	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *borealis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia sibina*,
Allocasuarina acutivalvis subsp. *prinsepiana*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Olearia humilis*, *Philothea deserti* subsp. *deserti*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Bellida graminea*, *Gilruthia osbornei*, *Goodenia cynopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3.5		2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.6
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	5.5		2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.6		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.7		0.6
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.6		6
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.2		1.5
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella ?ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.6		0.4
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 466516.48E 6770495.91N
 Community: P
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	466516	6770496	
Corner 2	466497	6770497	
Corner 3	466494	6770516	
Corner 4	466512	6770516	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*, *Acacia sibina*, *Melaleuca nematophylla*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Hibbertia arcuata*, *Philotheca deserti* subsp. *deserti*,
Xanthosia kochii

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		5

<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.6		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.6		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.8		0.6
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		1.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> x			
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philoteca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.9		4
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Xanthosia kochii</i>	0.7		7

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK17
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 466094.87E 6770469.16N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	466095	6770469	
Corner 2	466076	6770465	
Corner 3	466074	6770487	
Corner 4	466095	6770485	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia acuminata, Acacia latior, Acacia tetragonophylla*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Acacia duriuscula, Malleostemon tuberculatus, Pimelea spiculigera var. thesioides, Senna artemisioides subsp. filifolia*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ecdeiocolea monostachya*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Amphipogon caricinus var. caricinus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	1.6		2.5
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.6		1
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caladenia roei</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1.3		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	1.5		0.3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.2		1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.4
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	1.2		7
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			4
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. <i>lat.</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 465384.74E 6770442.11N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	465385	6770442	
Corner 2	465382	6770462	
Corner 3	465401	6770462	
Corner 4	465403	6770441	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus horistes*, *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *borealis*
 Upper Stratum 2: *Callitris columellaris*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia colletioides*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Calytrix* sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188), *Philothea deserti* subsp. *deserti*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Chamaexeros fimbriata*, *Ecdeiocolea monostachya*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	3		1.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.9
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	1.7		0.3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		6
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.4		5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chamaexeros fimbriata</i>	0.5		2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.8		2.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	8		1.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	8		0.7
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.2		0.5
<i>Halgania cyanea</i> var. Allambi Stn (B.W. Strong 676)			
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Olearia</i> sp. Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n.)			

PERTH 00449628)			
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.7		2.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 464765.23E 6770401.51N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	464765	6770402	
Corner 2	464746	6770402	
Corner 3	464749	6770418	
Corner 4	464770	6770417	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia acuminata, Acacia sibina, Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Darwinia capitellata, Platysace trachymenioides*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Ecdeiocolea monostachya*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Borya sphaerocephala*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		1.5
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		3
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.4		8
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.9		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.8		6
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	1.2		0.3
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	1.8		2
<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>	0.5		3
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEK20
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 12/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 463813.33E 6770371.89N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Clearing, Grazing
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Previously disturbed? Very open vegetation

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	463813	6770372	
Corner 2	463812	6770391	
Corner 3	463793	6770389	
Corner 4	463794	6770370	

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia assimilis* subsp. *assimilis*, *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Acacia tetragonophylla*, *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Ptilotus obovatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Austrostipa elegantissima*, *Sclerolaena diacantha*

Lower Stratum 2:

Chthonocephalus pseudevax, *Sclerolaena eurotioides*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	12		1.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.8		0.9
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1.3		0.5
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
<i>Crassula ?colorata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Eremophila serrulata</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		2
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	1.6		0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.6		0.4
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.2		0.1

? <i>Podotheca</i> sp.	0.1		0.2
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.4		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella ?ciliocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.6
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM02
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 457536.7E 6772079.9N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Eucalyptus over Acacia over mixed shrubland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	457537	6772080	
Corner 2	WGS84	457525	6772068	
Corner 3	WGS84	457513	6772084	
Corner 4	WGS84	457533	6772096	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.6
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	1.8		0.6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.8
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1

<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2	0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	3	0.5
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.5	0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	9	4
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.4	0.5
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.3	1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3	0.2
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.4	1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pimelea ?microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.6	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3	0.4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3	0.4
? <i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.4	0.5
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.3	0.1
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2	0.1

<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM03
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 456320.5E 6771934.5N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over mid isolated clumps of shrubs over low sparse forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	456320	6771934	
Corner 2	WGS84	456304	6771926	
Corner 3	WGS84	456293	6771941	
Corner 4	WGS84	456310	6771957	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		0.1
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1

<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.3		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.7		0.4
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.8		0.4
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	1.1		0.1
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.4		0.6
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.3		0.8
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		0.8
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		0.3
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM04
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 22/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 455785.6E 6771893.3N
 Community: T
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland over mid shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail and other ground disturbance

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	455786	6771893	
Corner 2	WGS84	455792	6771888	
Corner 3	WGS84	455793	6771872	
Corner 4	WGS84	455771	6771879	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Cassytha nodiflora</i>			0.1

<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.6		0.5
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.6
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	0.1		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.6
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.2		0.7
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.3		1.5
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM05
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 23/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 454779.2E 6771987.8N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other), Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid woodland over tall sparse shrubland over low sparse shrubland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	454779	6771988	
Corner 2	WGS84	454769	6772000	
Corner 3	WGS84	454773	6772021	
Corner 4	WGS84	454795	6772002	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.9		0.4
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	1.4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1

<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	2.2	0.2
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> ? <i>eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.2
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	10	5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>		
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.4	0.5
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>		
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Olearia</i> sp. <i>Eremicola</i> (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628)	0.7	0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>gaudichaudii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6	0.3
<i>Roepera similis</i>	0.1	0.1

<i>Roepera</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.9		1
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1.5		0.5
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM06
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 23/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 454314.8E 6772117.5N
 Community: S
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other), Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall isolated clumps of shrubs over low isolated clumps of shrubs over sparse low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	454315	6772118	
Corner 2	WGS84	454302	6772130	
Corner 3	WGS84	454319	6772144	
Corner 4	WGS84	454339	6772139	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	4		0.2

<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i>	1		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		2.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.8		0.6
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	0.5		0.1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		0.2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		0.4
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.4		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>	0.6		1
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. <i>lat.</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM07
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 23/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 453846.5E 6772143.7N
 Community: E
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland over low open forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	453846	6772144	
Corner 2	WGS84	453828	6772159	
Corner 3	WGS84	453844	6772166	
Corner 4	WGS84	453860	6772152	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		2.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.7
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.3		2.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.2

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i>	0.5		0.4
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Grevillea</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.3
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>			
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.8
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.6
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	3.5		0.5

<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM08
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 23/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 453147.4E 6772182.3N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid isolated clumps of mallee trees over tall sparse shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	453147	6772182	
Corner 2	WGS84	453149	6772200	
Corner 3	WGS84	453168	6772201	
Corner 4	WGS84	453167	6772186	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.2		3.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.3

<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.2	0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i>	1.7	0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	3.5	3.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	2.5	0.6
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1	0.6
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Philotheca tomentella</i>	0.6	0.4
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM09
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 453516.2E 6771968N
 Community: F
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall isolated clumps of shrubs over mid isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby transmission line

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	453516	6771968	
Corner 2	WGS84	453534	6771975	
Corner 3	WGS84	453533	6771958	
Corner 4	WGS84	453518	6771960	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.8		0.3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.2		0.4
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	3.5		0.9
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.3	0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1	3.5
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia disperma</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia ?eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5	2
<i>Eremophila serrulata</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.8	0.6
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	0.2	0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	1.5

<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM11
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 455559E 6769263.3N
 Community: D
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: (other), Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid isolated clumps of mallee trees over tall open shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Between two tracks, rubbish

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	455559	6769263	
Corner 2	WGS84	455550	6769245	
Corner 3	WGS84	455536	6769251	
Corner 4	WGS84	455532	6769265	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.7		0.1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		0.5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y.	0.2		0.1

Caruso 78) (P1)		
<i>Calandrinia disperma</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2	0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i>	0.6	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>borealis</i>	6	2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)	0.2	0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1	0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.2	0.2

<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM13
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 24/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 451606.2E 6772045N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Other, Low lying flat (other)
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid isolated clumps of mallee trees over tall open shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	451606	6772045	
Corner 2	WGS84	451606	6772068	
Corner 3	WGS84	451623	6772063	
Corner 4	WGS84	451624	6772043	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3.5		7
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	3		2
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	2.2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		12
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM15
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 445566.1E 6770767.4N
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - PR - Pristine
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall closed shrubland over low forbland

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	445566	6770767	
Corner 2	WGS84	445592	6770762	
Corner 3	WGS84	445588	6770735	
Corner 4	WGS84	445559	6770743	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	2.5		70
<i>Acacia latior</i>	4		2.5
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta ?planiflora</i>			0.1

<i>Drosera eremaea</i>		0.1
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.4
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>		
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>		
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5	1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1	2
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2	0.8
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM16
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 445827.7E 6770828.1N
 Community: A
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Laterite, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - PR - Pristine
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	445828	6770828	
Corner 2	WGS84	445842	6770811	
Corner 3	WGS84	445834	6770788	
Corner 4	WGS84	445818	6770792	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia incognita</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>			0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera major</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.9		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Goodenia cycnopotamica</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.8		0.5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i> (Potentially undescribed)	1		1
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>			0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		3
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.7		1.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.7
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM18
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446377E 6771066.2N
 Community: M
 Landform Type: Open Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low open chenopod shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail and road

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	446377	6771066	
Corner 2	WGS84	446366	6771076	
Corner 3	WGS84	446348	6771088	
Corner 4	WGS84	446366	6771094	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	0.3		0.8

<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Isotoma scapigera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>	0.4		4
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Maireana glomerifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sarcozona praecox</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sondottia connata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	0.4		1.8
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM19
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446546.7E 6771032.1N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm, 20-60mm, 60-200mm
 CF Types: Granite, Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail and road

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	446547	6771032	
Corner 2	WGS84	446546	6771045	
Corner 3	WGS84	446560	6771051	
Corner 4	WGS84	446574	6771020	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	0.5		1

<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2	4
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	1.5	0.5
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)	0.2	0.2
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	0.1	0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1	0.8
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>		0.1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.5	0.5
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	2	0.5
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>		
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>		
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>		
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Grevillea sarissa</i> subsp. <i>sarissa</i>	1.8	0.8
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.5	0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4	0.7
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7	0.8
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1	1.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1	2
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>		
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.8	0.5
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.5	0.5

<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1.5		0.5
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.2		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM23
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446875.3E 6771101.4N
 Community: M
 Landform Type: Open Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Waterlogged
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Quartz
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low sparse chenopod shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	446875	6771101	
Corner 2	WGS84	446890	6771098	
Corner 3	WGS84	446887	6771069	
Corner 4	WGS84	446868	6771069	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.1	0.1
<i>Centrolepis cephaliformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaliformis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1	0.3
<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)	0.1	0.1
<i>Gnephosis trifida</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Lawrencia squamata</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Maireana glomerifolia</i>	0.3	0.5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.2	1.5
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>	0.3	0.1
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	0.4	0.7
<i>Tecticornia loriae</i>	0.3	5
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>	0.3	1.5
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 3'	0.4	0.2
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4'	0.3	3
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Triglochin nana</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM25
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447788.2E 6771195.4N
 Community: M
 Landform Type: Open Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Waterlogged
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: (other), Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low open chenopod shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: 20m south of quadrat is inundated. Nearby rail and road

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	447788	6771195	
Corner 2	WGS84	447776	6771193	
Corner 3	WGS84	447781	6771210	
Corner 4	WGS84	447800	6771204	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	0.5		0.4
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Calandrinia Ptychosperma</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.5		2
<i>Gomphrena verecunda</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.5		0.4
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>	0.1		0.5
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.6		15
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Triglochin nana</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM26
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447982.8E 6771327.1N
 Community: L
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: S
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	447983	6771327	
Corner 2	WGS84	447963	6771331	
Corner 3	WGS84	447967	6771348	
Corner 4	WGS84	447986	6771340	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	1		2
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2	0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3	0.3
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.3	1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.5	0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5	0.5
<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>	6	8
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>	0.1	0.1
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	0.1	0.2
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4	0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5	1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1	0.4
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1	0.2
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Sarcozona praecox</i>	0.3	0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1	0.5
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.3	0.3
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2	0.1
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.2	0.1
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	0.1	0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM30
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 27/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 441015.5E 6770113.1N
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Quartz, Granite, Calcrete
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, Grazing
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low isolated clumps of trees over tall isolated clumps of shrubs over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	441016	6770113	
Corner 2	WGS84	441040	6770112	
Corner 3	WGS84	441039	6770090	
Corner 4	WGS84	441016	6770089	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.2		3
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>			0.1
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.4		1
* <i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>	0.1		0.8
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		3
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	0.1		1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>	1		0.5
<i>Roepera similis</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sondottia connata</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEQ-001
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490152.17E 6778631.97N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Open woodland, less than 10% and less than 10 m over tall open shrubland of Acacia species, less than 10% 2-3 m over very open shrubland to 1.5 m < 10% over very open herbs to 40 cm < 5%

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	490152	6778632	NW
Corner 2	490171	6778633	NE
Corner 3	490172	6778613	SE
Corner 4	490151	6778612	SW

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		1

<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		0.25
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		20
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.8		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Roepera eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEQ-002
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490613E 6779251.47N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall very open shrubland of Melaleuca to 4 m, 5 % over tall open shrubland (Acacia sp.) to 2.5 m at 10% over low open shrubland dominated by Acacia species to 1 m at 5 %
 Comments: Some dead annuals not collected

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	490613	6779251	NW
Corner 2	490630	6779247	NE
Corner 3	490628	6779228	SE
Corner 4	490606	6779231	SW

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Acacia sibina, Melaleuca hamata*

Lower Stratum 1: *Amphipogon caricinus* var. *caricinus*, *Dianella revoluta* var. *divaricata*, *Monachather paradoxus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		12
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>			0.01
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.01
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		6
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-003
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490209.52E 6779482.02N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Upper stratum isolated trees at 8 m, 10 % cover, upper stratum 2 - 4m < 10 %
 Melaleuca hamata. LS1 1-2 m mixed Acacias 30 % cover
 Comments: Dead daisies - not identified.

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	490210	6779482	NW
Corner 2	490225	6779482	NE
Corner 3	490230	6779460	SE
Corner 4	490207	6779460	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		10
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	5		1

<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		5
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PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-004
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 491118.14E 6779495.5N
 Orientation: 9
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall isolated shrubs to 6 m over tall shrubland of Acacia species up to 2 m at 30 %
 over open shrubland to 1 m of mixed Acacias 5 %
 Comments: Dead annuals not collected

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	491118	6779496	NW
Corner 2	491136	6779488	NE
Corner 3	491132	6779469	SE
Corner 4	491114	6779472	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	2		20

<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.01
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	2		0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.05		0.01
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		2

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-005
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 491690.05E 6779478.98N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall isolated shrubland of Melaleuca over tall shrubland of Acacia sp. 30 % over low sparse shrubland to 0.5 m
 Comments: Syncline Road

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	491690	6779479	NE
Corner 2	491675	6779481	NW
Corner 3	491693	6779461	SE
Corner 4	491672	6779461	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2

<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		10
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Brachychiton gregorii</i>			
<i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181)	0.4		5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.4		3
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.4		2

PHOTOS







Site Name: MLEQ-006
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492242.75E 6779365.14N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Very sparse tall shrubland 4m < 5% over shrubland 1.5-3m at 20 % over understorey to 0.5 m 25%

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	492243	6779365	NW
Corner 2	492262	6779366	NE
Corner 3	492264	6779349	SE
Corner 4	492250	6779349	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		8
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		5

<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181)	0.5		17
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1		0.1
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.4		4
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		4
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-007
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492127.59E 6778603.36N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal, Old vehicle tracks (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Open tall woodland > 10 m < 10 % over tall open shrubland 2m+ over sparse low shrubland 1 m over herbs and grasses

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	492128	6778603	NW
Corner 2	492150	6778606	NE
Corner 3	492151	6778586	SE
Corner 4	492130	6778585	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		

<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			8
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.15		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.1		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	2.4		
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7		
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1		

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-008
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492554.73E 6778972.14N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: WNW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal, Rehab drill line outside of quadrat (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland to 4 m 10 % of Melaleuca sp. over open shrubland of mixed Acacia sp. 2 m at 30 % over low shrubland at 1 m 10 %
 Comments: Quadrat is north of rehabilitated track. This vegetation is slightly different to the Acacia scrub to the west. More rocky here, and heading upslope to the north

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	492555	6778972	NW
Corner 2	492572	6778972	NE
Corner 3	492571	6778953	SE
Corner 4	492551	6778952	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		10
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	0.5		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		10
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		5
<i>Prostanthera campbellii</i>	0.7		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.1

Site Name: MLEQ-009
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 493022.38E 6778854.22N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal, Old vehicle tracks (other)
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland to 4 m, < 10 % over shrubland 1-2 m at 35 % over low shrub < 1 m at 10 %
 Comments: Dead annuals and acacias

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	493022	6778854	NW
Corner 2	493041	6778851	NE
Corner 3	493040	6778831	SE
Corner 4	493017	6778835	SW

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Melaleuca leiocarpa*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Acacia latior, Melaleuca leiocarpa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			30
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			15

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-010
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 493596.46E 6779405.53N
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall sparse shrubland to 3 m < 5% over tall shrubland 1.5-2 m 20% over low sparse shrubs 0.5m 5%

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	493596	6779406	NW
Corner 2	493615	6779402	NE
Corner 3	493611	6779382	SE
Corner 4	493590	6779384	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		8
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Chamelaucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i>	0.4		6

(B.J. Conn 2181)			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3
<i>Prostanthera campbellii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.05		0.01

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-011
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 493689.93E 6779289.69N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal, Road within 50 m (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland to 4 m of Mel. hamata < 10 % and Euc. leptop. over tall shrubland of Acacia sp. 2.5 m 40 %

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	493690	6779290	NW
Corner 2	493710	6779290	NE
Corner 3	493711	6779270	SE
Corner 4	493689	6779269	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		45
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		0.5

<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	4		3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		3
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2		1

PHOTOS







Site Name: MLEQ-012
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 496552.38E 6779525.13N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal, Drill track nearby (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Acacia shrubland with Eucalyptus. Open woodland to 10 m at 5% over tall shrubland 2-4 m at 15 % over shrubland 1-2 m at 15% over sparse isolated low shrubs
 Comments: Waste rock dump in distance of photo 2. Lots of dead Acacia and Philotheca desertii. Lots of dead annuals

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	496552	6779525	NW
Corner 2	496572	6779525	NE
Corner 3	496574	6779504	SE
Corner 4	496551	6779504	SW

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		7
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		3
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	10		6
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.2
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-013
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 496040.8E 6779278.67N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: G
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Mixed Eucalyptus woodland and shrubland. Isolated trees to 10 m over tall shrubland to 4m at < 10 % over shrubland 1-3 m at 30 % over lower stratum to 0.5 m < 5 %
 Comments: Lots of dead annuals

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	496041	6779279	
Corner 2	496061	6779279	
Corner 3	496061	6779259	
Corner 4	496044	6779257	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
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<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3.5		15
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			1
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1.5
<i>Maireana convexa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-014
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495935.15E 6779532.02N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: O
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland to 4 m at 5 % over shrubland 1-3 m at 30 % over sparse shrubs
 0.5 m at < 5%

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	495935	6779532	
Corner 2	495956	6779529	
Corner 3	495953	6779507	
Corner 4	495932	6779511	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		3
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		8
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.3

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		2
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.4		
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		4
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2.5		0.5

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-015
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495693.11E 6779205.2N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: H
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal
 Habitat: Shrubland to 2m, < 10 % in quadrat, thicker outside

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	495693	6779205	
Corner 2	495710	6779209	
Corner 3	495717	6779188	
Corner 4	495697	6779183	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		0.3
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		1.5

<i>Atriplex ?vesicaria</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.25		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.3		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.15		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-016
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488112.32E 6778294.44N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NNW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 3 - Very Good
 Disturbance: Proximity to ex mining area, drill lines (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland 2-4 m of Acacia sp. 20 %, over low open shrubland to 1 m at < 5 %, occasional trees
 Comments: Lots of old death. Lots of dead daisies. Animal poo - kangaroos? Lots of insect activity

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia mulganeura</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		12
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		3
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.7		0.1

<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		2
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.4		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-017
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487178.49E 6778470.92N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: R
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall isolated shrubs > 3 m over shrubland 1-2 m at 25 % over low open shrubland < 1 m at 10 %
 Comments: Dead daisies, less than in previous

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	487178	6778471	
Corner 2	487198	6778472	
Corner 3	487197	6778450	
Corner 4	487178	6778451	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		6
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		5

<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		4
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEQ-018
 Site Type: QUADRAT
 Dimensions: 20m x 20m
 Survey Date: 07/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 486988.1E 6778042.93N
 Orientation: 90/180
 Community: Q
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: SE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal, proximity to x mining area, roads (other)
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall isolated trees to 10 m over tall shrubland 2-4 m 20% over shrubland 1-2 m < 10 %
 Comments: Numerous dead annuals, lots of death overall

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	486988	6778043	
Corner 2	487008	6778046	
Corner 3	487007	6778019	
Corner 4	486989	6778023	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
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<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		3
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	10		3
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		0.2

PHOTOS





Relevés

Site Name: AIR-01
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470697E 6767549N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope, gentle rise
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: Sand with some silt
 Soil Colour: Brown-orange
 Fire: >3
 Comments: Thicket over low grasses.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.8		5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Baekkea benthamii</i> ms	2.5		5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	1.7		1
<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>	0.4		7
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		7
<i>Philothea glabra</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: AIR-02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470029E 6768027N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Nil
 Soil Type: Silty-loam, hard packed
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >3
 Comments: Open Woodland.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	3		5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	15		5
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>	0.4		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: AIR-03
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469296E 6768317N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Nil
 Soil Type: Silty loam, fairly hard packed
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >3
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	1.5		15
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		1.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	15		8
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	2		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: AIR-04
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468732E 6768537N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Nil
 Soil Type: Silty loam, hard packed, sand on top
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >3
 Comments: Open Woodland/Shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	4		5
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1		2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	15		7
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	2		3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: BP03-1
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 444349E 6770347N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam with ironstone gravels
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		8
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	3		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: BP04-1
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 463396E 6771752N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		50
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>			
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		4
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		1
<i>Hakea ?invaginata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		2
<i>Philothea glabra</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		1

Site Name: C-001
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479645E 6771716N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: clay-silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		7
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		2
<i>Austroanthonia</i> sp.	0.3		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	5		5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	5		5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		8
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.4		0.25
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			0.05
<i>Senna ?stricta</i>	2		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		4
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			

Site Name: C-002
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479698E 6771902N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		40
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.1		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.3		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	5		15
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	1.5		1
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3

Site Name: C-003
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480042E 6771771N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: clay silt with occasional ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	10		30
<i>Maireana marginata</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x artemisioides</i>	2		3
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Stylidium</i> sp.			

Site Name: C-004
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480058E 6771321N
 Landform Type: plain - sheetwash
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.5		3
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>			0.25
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		6
<i>Eucalyptus striaticalyx</i> subsp. <i>striaticalyx</i>	12		30
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.5
<i>Maireana marginata</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x artemisioides</i>			0.25

Site Name: C-005
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480085E 6770969N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus striaticalyx</i> subsp. <i>striaticalyx</i>	5		50

Site Name: C-006
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480526E 6771403N
 Landform Type: drainage line
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt with some granite rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>			
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		20
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.25
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.025		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	3		2.5
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.15		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. <i>Yuna</i> (A.C. Burns 95)	0.5		3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	8		15
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		2
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	6		1
<i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: C-008
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481011E 6772081N
 Landform Type: crest of rocky rise
 Soil Type: clay silt with rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		2.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		20
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		5

Site Name: C-009
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481287E 6772627N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: clay silt with some ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuarria</i>	2		2.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	5		2
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		4
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>			0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	5		2.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2		1

Site Name: C-010
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481300E 6773164N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt with some rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		60
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	5		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2		2.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2.5
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	3		2.5

Site Name: C-011
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481250E 6773800N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: clay silt with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		7
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	10		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		1.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	6		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-012
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480854E 6772904N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: clay silt with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	1		2
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ?burkittii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		7
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.05
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		20
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	10		1.5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		1
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.2		0.05
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>			
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	3		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Senna cardiosperma</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: C-013
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480954E 6773821N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: mod-gentle
 Soil Type: hard clay silt with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		30
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		10
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.5		1
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		4

Site Name: C-014
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480417E 6773682N
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: hard clay silt over rocky BIF
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		10
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		40
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		15
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		1.5

Site Name: C-015
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480492E 6773792N
 Landform Type: mid-slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: clay silt with gravel and ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		40
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		30
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		1
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	1		5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		5

Site Name: C-016
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480370E 6773564N
 Landform Type: lower slope-drainage area
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt with gravel
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		50
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			0.05
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		2
<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hemigenia divaricata</i>	0.5		5
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.25
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.2		0.5

Site Name: C-017
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481107E 6774539N
 Landform Type: plain, lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay silt with gravel and occasional rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		50
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		1
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		0.5

Site Name: C-018
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481003E 6774755N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: V. gentle
 Soil Type: Clay silt loam with sand
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	5		4
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		10
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	3.5		2
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	15		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		2

Site Name: C-019
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480422E 6774652N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Hard clay silt
 Soil Colour: Red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		25
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	0.5		1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		3
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		3
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	3		0.5
<i>Senna cardiosperma</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: C-020
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479943E 6774354N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very very gentle
 Soil Type: hard silt-clay with occasional small rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		3
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)			
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		1.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: C-021
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480184E 6774240N
 Landform Type: lower slope-plain
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: hard silt-clay with small ironstone
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2.5		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-022
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480369E 6774159N
 Landform Type: mid-slope
 Slope Class: moderate-steep
 Soil Type: granite over rocky BIF
 Soil Colour: brown-purple

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		30
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2.5		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		5
<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	3		8
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		1
<i>Philoteca sericea</i>	1.5		15
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2		0.5
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms			

Site Name: C-023
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480435E 6774094N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: steep on sides
 Soil Type: hard clay silt with BIF and granite
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2.5		10
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		10
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>	2		1
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		1
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	4		10
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		0.5
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.5		10
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			0.05
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-024
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478418E 6773794N
 Landform Type: Plain - lower rise
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Clay-silt with gravel and ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		15
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		10
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		25
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.05
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: C-025
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478075E 6773279N
 Landform Type: Plain-lower slope
 Slope Class: V. gentle
 Soil Type: Clay silt
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		10
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Dodonaea pinifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		1
<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: C-026
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477405E 6772908N
 Landform Type: Plain-sheetwash
 Soil Type: Hard clay-silt-loam
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		5
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Cratystylis subspinescens</i>	1		1
<i>Dodonaea pinifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		1
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2		2
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		10
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		1
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		4
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		3
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		6
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	3		1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		5
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-027
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 20/05/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476990E 6772640N
 Landform Type: Drainage line-plain
 Slope Class: V. gentle
 Soil Type: Hard clay-loam with occasional rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		15
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		1
<i>Dodonaea pinifolia</i>	3		3
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	10		10
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		3
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		4
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		2

Site Name: C-028
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476952E 6770314N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt, crusted with occasional rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		60
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.3		0.25
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		0.5

Site Name: C-029
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477148E 6770227N
 Landform Type: lower slope-plain
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with rocks and gravels
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		15
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		10
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		30
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	1		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		2.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: C-030
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477649E 6770418N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: clay-silt with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		25
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		2
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	10		10
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	1		5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		1
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		7
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			

Site Name: C-031
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477429E 6771240N
 Landform Type: mid-slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: clay-silt with ironstone rocks and gravel
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	0.5		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		15
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		3
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		10
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		1
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		3

Site Name: C-032
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477905E 6771294N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: clay-silt with bif, granite and ironstone
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2		4
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		40
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1.5		10
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		2
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		10
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		2

Site Name: C-033
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478040E 6771354N
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: rocky, ironstone, clay-silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	1.5		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		35
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1.5		10
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		5
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>			

Site Name: C-034
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477306E 6771953N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: moderate-gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with ironstone rocks and gravel
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		20
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		20
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	2		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2		

Site Name: C-035
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477821E 6772060N
 Landform Type: mid-slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: clay-silt with ironstone rocks/pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		7
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		20
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.05
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Grevillea nematophylla</i> subsp. <i>supraplana</i>	4		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		3
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		5

Site Name: C-036
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478148E 6772028N
 Landform Type: crest-upper slope
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: rocky, some clay-silt over BIF
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2.5		4
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		25
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		10
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.05
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.05
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>	0.1		0.05
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.7		3
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		2
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara BIF	0.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1.5		7
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		3
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		10
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	0.2		0.1

Site Name: C-037
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478121E 6770218N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: moderate-gentle
 Soil Type: silt-loam with scattered ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		3
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	15		10
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	5		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		10
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.15		0.25
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		7
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>			

Site Name: C-038
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478127E 6770481N
 Landform Type: mid-lower slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silt-clay with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: brown-red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		50
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		3
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	6		2
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		10
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		3

Site Name: C-039
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478128E 6770624N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: silt-shallow clay with lots of ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		3
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		40
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		5
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			0.01
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		2
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	6		2
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		2
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Karara BIF</i>			
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		3
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		1

Site Name: C-040
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478129E 6770689N
 Landform Type: upper slope
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: very shallow silt-clay, large BIF outcropping
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		20
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		0.05
<i>Asteraceae</i> sp.	0.1		7
<i>Atriplex ?amnicola</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		4
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.01		0.05
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		5
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>			0.5
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-041
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479124E 6771297N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-loam, some gravel
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	0.4		0.25
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		10
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.3		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		6
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>			

Site Name: C-042
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478701E 6771329N
 Landform Type: lower slope, small drainage areas throughout
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy clay with surface rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		3
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		60
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		10
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>	0.1		0.05
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1.5		4
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		2
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		5
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.2		1

Site Name: C-043
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478801E 6771850N
 Landform Type: plain-lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with surface rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		10
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		10
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		3
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			0.005
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		1
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		3
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	1		15
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.005
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		3

Site Name: C-044
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479180E 6772068N
 Landform Type: plain-lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with small rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		60
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>	2		5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		7
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.5		3
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		6
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		7

Site Name: C-045
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481024E 6775061N
 Landform Type: plain
 Soil Type: loamy-sand
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		15
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		6
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		7.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.005
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	2		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.05
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			

Site Name: C-046
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481332E 6774962N
 Landform Type: plain-floodwash area
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: sandy-silty-clay
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	5		2
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	8		0.5
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	10		10
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	10		10
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)	1		3
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	0.5		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.05
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			
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Site Name: C-047
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482597E 6774791N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very gentle-nil
 Soil Type: silty-clay with few stones
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ?oswaldii</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	12		20
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>	0.05		0.01

Site Name: C-048
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482565E 6774072N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silty-clay with lots of ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		10
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		2
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		0.5
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		1
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		6

Site Name: C-049
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482553E 6773861N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: shallow clay-silt, very rocky over BIF
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		4
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2		7
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		3
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		10
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	0.4		3
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.3		7
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	3		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		1

Site Name: C-050
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482600E 6775137N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Clay-silt, very rocky, ironstone
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>			
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	1		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		10
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		2.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2		3
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	6		15
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	2		3
<i>Philothea sericea</i>			
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.01
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: C-051
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482604E 6775237N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: steep
 Soil Type: ironstone BIF

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	1.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3.5		15
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.1		0.05
<i>Asteraceae</i> sp.	0.1		3
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			3
<i>Gastrolobium callistachys</i>	2.5		5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Karara BIF	0.5		5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3.5		15
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		15

Site Name: C-052
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482594E 6775271N
 Landform Type: mid slope-drainage line
 Soil Type: clay-silt, lots BIF
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		50
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		0.5
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		0.25
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		3
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		3
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		2
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		4
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	2		10
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1		0.05
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.25
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.05

Site Name: C-053
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482561E 6775386N
 Landform Type: ridge
 Slope Class: gentle - moderate
 Soil Type: sandy-clay
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		10
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2		3
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	2		3
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		10
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		5
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.5		2
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>			

Site Name: C-054
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482486E 6775424N
 Landform Type: upper slope
 Slope Class: steep-moderate
 Soil Type: clay-silt, lots of ironstone
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		20
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		3
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3.5		2
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	3		3
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		2
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		30
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: C-055
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483335E 6775363N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay, scattered ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		70
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		3
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			0.005
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.1		0.05

Site Name: C-056
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483889E 6775513N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Silty-loam-clay
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	5		2
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		3
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: C-057
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/06/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484764E 6775828N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: V. gentle
 Soil Type: Silty-clay, some small surface rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	5		8
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	1.5		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		3
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	6		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.3		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		1

Site Name: C-058
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/06/2004
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 485386E 6776118N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Silty clay with surface ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		30
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		1
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		2
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		4
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		4

Site Name: C-059
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484187E 6775980N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty-clay no rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.4		25
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	8		5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		1
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.5

Site Name: C-060
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484136E 6776243N
 Landform Type: mid slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty-clay with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		25
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			0.05
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		20
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		2
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		2
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.5		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		0.5

Site Name: C-061
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484597E 6775543N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: gentle-moderate
 Soil Type: silty-clay, lots of ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	3		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		20
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	3		0.5

Site Name: C-062
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484627E 6775410N
 Landform Type: upper slope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silty-clay under ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	3		20
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		50
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		10
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		5

Site Name: C-063
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 484714E 6775278N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: shallow silty-clay, much ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		15
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	2.5		15
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		25
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		0.5
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		2.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		1

Site Name: C-064
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 485059E 6776543N
 Landform Type: plain-floodplain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty-clay no rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	3		0.5
<i>Senna cardiosperma</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: C-065
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488109E 6777640N
 Landform Type: mid slope-rise
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: hard silt with gravel and small ironstone
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	5		4
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		4
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.4		1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1.5		4

Site Name: C-066
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488119E 6777940N
 Landform Type: mid slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty-clay with ironstone
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.05
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.05
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		5
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2		0.5
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		5
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.3		4
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-067
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488173E 6778681N
 Landform Type: plain
 Soil Type: silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		40
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			

Site Name: C-068
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488634E 6778372N
 Landform Type: mid slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty-clay, some surface rock
 Soil Colour: brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		10
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	7		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.05
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		0.05
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1		3
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	1.5		0.5
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		0.5
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: C-069
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 489489E 6778173N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Silty Clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		20
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.3		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	12		10
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	1		1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: C-086
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487248E 6778257N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay, few rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.5		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		3
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	1.5		2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3

Site Name: C-089
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487656E 6778075N
 Landform Type: drainage area, flat
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	7		3
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Brachychiton gregorii</i>			
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: C-090
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487500E 6777923N
 Landform Type: drainage area, lake
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: cracking clay
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	3		0.5
<i>Asteraceae</i> sp.	0.15		0.05
<i>Centipeda thespidioides</i>	0.1		0.05
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	0.05		0.05
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		0.25
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			

Site Name: C-091
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487334E 6777514N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: fine silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		70
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	2		5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	4		1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			

Site Name: C-092
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 487399E 6777333N
 Landform Type: rise
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay, hard
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.05
<i>Drummondita</i> aff. <i>microphylla</i> (R. Cranfield 8586 A)	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: GI-1
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443704E 6770308N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay-loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket - some degradation due to clearing for track.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.7		1.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	2.5		10
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.4		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.2		2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.6		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i>	2		1
<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Podolepis</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			

Site Name: GI-2
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440510E 6763668N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Thin silty sand on granite
 Soil Colour: Light brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Light brown, thin silty sand on granite. Has been grazed 2/3.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		3
<i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		4
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calytrix glutinosa</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Erymophyllum ?glossanthus</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.05		0.2
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.5		1

Site Name: GI-3
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440478E 6763627N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle-moderate
 Soil Type: Clay silt over granite (weathered)
 Soil Colour: Light brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Light brown clay/silt over granite(weathered)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		1.5
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	0.5		1.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		1.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		4
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.4		3
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. <i>ramosum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		5
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.05		0.1

Site Name: GI-4
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440421E 6763460N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with occasional granite
 Soil Colour: Light brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Light brown sandy loam with occasional granite

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3.5		15
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	1		5
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.5		4
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>			
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>			
<i>Dodoniae inaequifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. <i>ramosum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		8
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.05		0.1
* <i>Medicago ?truncatula</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>			
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			

<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
* <i>Trifolium</i> sp.			
<i>Zygophyllum ?aurantiacum</i>			

Site Name: GI-5
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440358E 6763081N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay-loam with occasional granite
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Brown clay/loam, occasional granite.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		15
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	0.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	0.4		
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>			
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Senna</i> sp. <i>Austin</i> (A. Strid 20210)	2.5		3

Site Name: GI-6
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440087E 6763075N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay-loam on weathered granite
 Soil Colour: Red-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: red/brown clay-loam on weathered granite. Fire break, has been grazed.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		7.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		4
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	0.4		2.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	5		1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	2		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		6
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			

Site Name: GI-7
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 439909E 6763071N
 Landform Type: Upperslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty-sandy clay on granite
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: brown silty-sandy-clay/granite

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		8
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		2.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.2
<i>Erymophyllum ?glossanthus</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		4
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>	1.5		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: GI-8
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/10/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 439784E 6763085N
 Landform Type: Upperslope-crest
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Skeletal silt on granite
 Soil Colour: Light brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Light brown skeletal silt on granite

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		1.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus ?horistes</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	4.5		1
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	3		5
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: HR01
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431307E 6770253N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: loam
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Immediate road reserve only. Past clearing

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
* <i>Cucumis myriocarpus</i>			0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3		4
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		5
<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i>	2		0.5
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	0.1		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: HR02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 430609E 6770260N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded woodland mainly on northern side of road

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	1.4		0.5
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>lissophloia</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		15
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		2
<i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>	0.4		1.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		6
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.2

Site Name: HR03
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 429641E 6770246N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia scrubland with lots of grassy weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	2		8
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		5
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eremophila ?miniata</i>	1.3		0.1
<i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>	0.3		4
<i>Maireana ?tomentosa</i>	0.6		3
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	1		4
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	1		
<i>Sida atrovirens</i> ms	1.5		5
<i>Sida excedentifolia</i> ms	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: HR04
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 429229E 6770234N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: undulating
 Soil Type: loamy/rocky
 Soil Colour: red/brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>			
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Aristida contorta</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			

Site Name: HR05
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 428269E 6770225N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy silt on gravel
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		25
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia puncticulata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.2
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		6
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>	2		5
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3		0.5
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Karara</i> (H. Pringle 3865)	0.4		2
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2.5		0.2
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.1

Site Name: HR06
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 427408E 6770274N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty sand with granite
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket/Acacia scrub, same community on both sides of Haul Road

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia restiacea</i>			
<i>Acacia ?speckii</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>	2		5
<i>Aristida contorta</i>			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		10
<i>Brunonia australis</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		4
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>	2		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2		1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.4		8
<i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.3		1
<i>Mirbelia ?microphylla</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Solanum ?ellipticum</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			

Site Name: HR07
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 426732E 6770778N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy silt on granite
 Soil Colour: brown/red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	2.5		8
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		35
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		2
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>			
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>			0.2
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.5		20
<i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			

Site Name: HR08
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 426282E 6770654N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silty gravel on granite
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Dense thicket with emergent Allocasuarina

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.4		0.5
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		15
<i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>	6		1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		2
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		10
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Karara</i> (H. Pringle 3865)	0.3		1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Solanum</i> ? <i>ellipticum</i>	0.2		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: HR09
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 425520E 6770478N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silt with occasional granite and ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia scrub/thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	5		0.5
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		30
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Enchylaena ?tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		30
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>			
<i>Rhagodia ?drummondii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	1		0.5
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	1		0.1
<i>Solanum ?ellipticum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: HR10
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 425049E 6770104N
 Landform Type: in creekline
 Soil Type: silt with occasional granite
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>			
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>	3.5		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		30
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.2
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		4
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Solanum ?ellipticum</i>			

Site Name: HR11
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 425129E 6770043N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silt with exposed granite
 Soil Colour: pale brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>	2.5		1
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2.5		1
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		3
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2.5		8
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	1.5		4
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		1
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Karara</i> (H. Pringle 3865)	0.4		4
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Solanum ?ellipticum</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: HR12
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 424718E 6769599N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silt with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	1.5		15
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		8
<i>Amyema miquelii</i>			0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		2
<i>Enchylaena ?tomentosa</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		15
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.6		0.1
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: HR13
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 424674E 6769668N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silt with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mallee in thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>	1		3
<i>Acacia prainii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	5		20
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		5
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	0.5		4

Site Name: HR14
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 424471E 6769426N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silty loam with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	2.1		1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		5
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>			
<i>Hakea multilineata</i>	0.5		5
<i>Halgania</i> ? <i>cyanea</i> var. <i>cyanea</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	1.2		1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2		50
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			
<i>Velleia rosea</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			

Site Name: HR15
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 424028E 6769241N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silty loam with occasional granite
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	1.7		0.5
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	2.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5		4
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		7
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	2		5
<i>Mirbelia</i> ? <i>microphylla</i>	0.5		0.1

Site Name: HR16
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 423747E 6769215N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty sand with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: brown/red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mallee woodland other thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	1		8
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>	1		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>	1		3
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	3		20
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5		2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2.5		30

Site Name: HR17
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 423079E 6769062N
 Landform Type: mid/lowerslope
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: loamy
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	2		
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		1.5
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1.5		7
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Enchylaena</i> ? <i>tomentosa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	8		15
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	8		1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.5		
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>			
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	0.5		
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>			0

Site Name: HR18
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 421723E 6768718N
 Landform Type: mid/lowerslope
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: loamy
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Road verge woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		2
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.5		5
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	1		6
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	6		2.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	0.5		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Maireana</i> ? <i>planifolia</i>	0.3		2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			1
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: HR20
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 421261E 6768601N
 Landform Type: red/brown
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: loamy
 Soil Colour: red/brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		6
<i>Atriplex</i> ? <i>bunburyana</i>	1.5		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		2
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.2		5
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	8		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		2
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.4		3
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Maireana</i> ? <i>planifolia</i>	0.4		4
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3		5
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>			
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>			

Site Name: HR21
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 420876E 6768868N
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded roadside woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	1.5		3
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		3
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	3		2
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	1		5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	7		6
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		2
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		3
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3		2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		4
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.5		5
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>	2		8

Site Name: HR22
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 420895E 6770339N
 Landform Type: mid/upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silt with ironstone pebbles and some granite
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia thicket/scrub

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>			
<i>Aristida contorta</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nodosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	0.4		10
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2		5
<i>Mirbelia ?microphylla</i>	0.8		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	2		1
<i>Solanum ?ellipticum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>			0.1

Site Name: HR23
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 06/02/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 420887E 6770926N
 Soil Type: sandy silt
 Soil Colour: orange/brown
 Comments: Mallee with Acacia, lots of dead grasses

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	6		8
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		5
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		5
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	3		6
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: KM-001
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481625E 6772274N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Silt with small ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1.7		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		25
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	0.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1.7		1
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.5		2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	50		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: KM-002
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483613E 6773206N
 Landform Type: Flat, lowerslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with scattered small ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5 yr

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.7		7
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.7		2
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		2.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.15		2
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.5		2
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	1.5		2

Site Name: KM-003
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483362E 6772993N
 Landform Type: Flat, lowerslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		2
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		6
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.2		

Site Name: KM-004
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483049E 6772782N
 Landform Type: Flat, lowerslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with lots of ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>conifera</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Cuscuta</i> sp.			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i> subsp. <i>drummondii</i>	0.05		20
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		6
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			

Site Name: KM-005
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482818E 6771891N
 Landform Type: Upperslope, crest
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with granite rocks
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.7		10
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	3		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		10
<i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>	4		3
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.7		2.5
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	3		4
<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i> (P3)			
<i>Maireana marginata</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		1.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.6		2
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	2		5
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.1		0.1

Site Name: KM-008
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 481510E 6771918N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt, occasional pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.5		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		3
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		10
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.1
<i>Hemigenia macphersonii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2		1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.1		0.3

Site Name: KM-009
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480690E 6776105N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: silt with sand at surface
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Grazed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	3		10
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	2		1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		1
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.6		1
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.4		3.5
<i>Olearia muelleri</i>			
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.7		10
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Templetonia smithiana</i>			

Site Name: KM-010
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480327E 6776970N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay loam, soft, some calcrete
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Woodland/nothing

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	8		60
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.1
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	3		0.1

Site Name: KM-011
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479518E 6776904N
 Landform Type: Ephemeral wetland
 Slope Class: Nil
 Soil Type: cracking clay and silt
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Fairly degraded - paterson's curse throughout, lots of kangaroo grazing. Many dead annuals.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aristida holathera</i> var. <i>holathera</i>	0.2		0.5
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.2		5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		0.2
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Muehlenbeckia florulenta</i>	1.7		10
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.7		10

Site Name: KM-012
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479749E 6776923N
 Landform Type: ephemeral wetland
 Slope Class: Nil
 Soil Type: cracking clay with silt, very soft
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: This area of wetland is free of paterson's curse, less degraded. Lots of dead annuals.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>			
<i>Atriplex ?amnicola</i>			
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.3		6
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.1		1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>			
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		2
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Salsola tragus</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.4		15

Site Name: KM-013
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480179E 6776977N
 Landform Type: Low rise beside ephemeral wetland
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt with sand
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Some dead annuals.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aristida holathera</i> var. <i>holathera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3		15
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.4		2
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		1
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.5		2
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.1		0.5

Site Name: KM-019
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 28/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 479531E 6770765N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-loam with occ. quartz
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	10		15
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		1.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.5		2
<i>Maireana marginata</i>	0.1		2
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		2
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.4		4
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		3
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.1		3

Site Name: KM-020
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 28/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478806E 6769635N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-loam with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		75
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	0.5		4
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.01
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		2
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	1.5		0.01
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.3		3

Site Name: KM-021
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 28/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478620E 6769429N
 Landform Type: Lowslope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		8
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.05
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>			0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: KM-022
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 28/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478476E 6769296N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		4
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1		0.5
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		2

Site Name: KM-025
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 28/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 486738E 6779221N
 Landform Type: Upperslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: silt over BIF
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>argentea</i>	4		
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	0.5		0.2
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1		0.1
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	2.5		6
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Brachychiton gregorii</i>	4		
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	2		5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		0.1
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.4		10
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.4		8
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		2

Site Name: KM-036
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 29/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482506E 6778055N
 Landform Type: Lower-midslope
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		8
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		2
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.2
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	3		1
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		2
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		2
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.5
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.3		0.1
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		4
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: KM-037
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 29/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482521E 6777763N
 Landform Type: Flat-undulating
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	6		1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		0.5
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	13		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	12		8
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		1
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>			
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>	7		0.1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Zygophyllum</i> sp.	0.3		0.1

Site Name: KM-038
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 29/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 482565E 6777400N
 Landform Type: Flat-undulating
 Slope Class: Very Gentle
 Soil Type: sandy-loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	1		0.1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	3.5		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.1
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	7		7
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		3
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2		0.1
<i>Senna stowardii</i>	2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: KM-039
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 29/06/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 483217E 6778416N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: clay-silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	4		6
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.01
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		4
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.5		0.1
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		5
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.2
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Templetonia smithiana</i>	1		0.1

Site Name: KM-103
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 477582E 6768606N
 Landform Type: flat
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: silty loam
 Soil Colour: red brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>			
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		7
<i>Acacia sp. nov 3 (gind_71-05, KM_103-2)</i>	3		9
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		1
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		6
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		6
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		1
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)			
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.7		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		5
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5

<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.5

Site Name: KM-104
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475976E 6769324N
 Landform Type: upperslope/crest
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2		3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			0.01
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.1
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		3
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	2		1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philoteca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Stylidium</i> ? <i>warridarensis</i>	0.01		0.01
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		10
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.01

Site Name: KM-105
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475775E 6769127N
 Landform Type: mid-upper slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam with occ ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		40
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. ? <i>acanthoclona</i>	1.7		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	4.5		7
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		1
<i>Hakea multilineata</i>	3		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		3
<i>Philothea tomentella</i>	1.5		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: KM-106
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475402E 6770495N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silt
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2		65
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		6
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: KM-107
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474993E 6770201N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam with scattered ironstone and quartz pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		25
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		3
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.7		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.5		
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.7		0.1
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		9
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		4
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		4
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.7		0.5

Site Name: KM-108
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474647E 6770005N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silt on granite with granite rocks
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.15		5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		1
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		10
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.4		0.01
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.5		2

Site Name: KM-109
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474459E 6769599N
 Landform Type: outcrop granite
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: fine silt
 Soil Colour: pale brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	2		8
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		0.5
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.05		2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.5		2.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: KM-110
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475598E 6770621N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam with scattered ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia sp. nov 3 (gind_71-05, KM_103-2)</i>	4		10
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. ? <i>acanthoclona</i>	3		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.7		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	8		4
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		4
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Maireana triptera</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.01
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.1

Site Name: KM-111
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475473E 6771221N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam with occasional ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuarria</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia</i> sp. nov 3 (<i>gind_71-05, KM_103-2</i>)	3		9
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		8
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Maireana triptera</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		1
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.2

Site Name: KM-112
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475114E 6771897N
 Landform Type: lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam
 Soil Colour: red brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.5		20
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: KM-113
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474601E 6772554N
 Landform Type: mid-lower slope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aff. coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		0.1
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>	1.5		2
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		4
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	8		6
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		4
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		0.1
<i>Solanum oldfieldii</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: KM-114
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475064E 6772488N
 Landform Type: mid slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	1.5		3
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.7		0.1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	6		1
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	4		12
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.4		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	7		10
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.5		1
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)	0.5		5
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.4		3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	1		1
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i> var. <i>divaricatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.5		0.1

Site Name: KM-115
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475933E 6773041N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silt on ironstone
 Soil Colour: red brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		12
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	2		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Solanum oldfieldii</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: KM-116
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475837E 6773157N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silt over ironstone and quartz
 Soil Colour: red brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Karara (C. Godden 14)	1.7		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.5		15

Site Name: KM-117
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 04/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476529E 6773042N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle - moderate
 Soil Type: silt with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		50
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		6
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	1.5		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.5		2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		2
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: KM-117a
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 485455E 6775686N
 Landform Type: crest
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: BIF with silt
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>argentea</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.01
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	2		0.2
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			0.01
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		6
<i>Micromyrtus</i> sp. Warriedar (S. Patrick 1879A)	2		2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1		9
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Sida ?calyxhymania</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.5		0.2

Site Name: KM-121
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480863E 6775808N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: sandy silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>			
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		5
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		9
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		2
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		0.1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		3
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Zygophyllum eremaeum</i>	0.5		0.5

Site Name: KM-122
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 480351E 6775471N
 Landform Type: flat
 Slope Class: nil
 Soil Type: sandy silt
 Soil Colour: red-brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	0.5		7
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	4		10
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.7		1
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.4		0.3
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i>	0.5		4
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	1		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		2
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.5		0.5
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	0.2		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		3
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		1

Site Name: KM-123
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478120E 6774199N
 Landform Type: upperslope/crest
 Slope Class: moderate
 Soil Type: silt with ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i> var. ? <i>aneura</i>	3.5		3
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	1.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	1.5		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		10
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		2
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	1.5		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.3		2
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		3
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		4
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		0.5

Site Name: KM-124
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478041E 6774921N
 Landform Type: lower slope near drainage line
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. <i>Yuna</i> (A.C. Burns 95)	1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3.5		8
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: KM-125
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 05/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478071E 6775237N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: very gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay with quartz and ironstone
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		20
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Austrostipa</i> sp.	0.4		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> (variant)	1		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hemigenia</i> ?sp. <i>Yuna</i> (A.C. Burns 95)	0.4		0.1
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		6
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		6
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		4
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Sida</i> ? <i>calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: KM-126
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476499E 6773361N
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam-clay with exposed granite

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2.5		20
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		10
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		3
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.4		1
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		2
<i>Xerolirion divaricata</i>	0.4		3

Site Name: KM-127
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478507E 6773028N
 Landform Type: lower - mid slope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty loam with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia</i> aff. <i>coolgardiensis</i> (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3313)	2.5		35
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	2		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	2		6
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	1.5		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	5		6
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		2
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	0.4		8
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.5		2
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			

Site Name: KM-128
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/08/2006
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 478633E 6772226N
 Landform Type: upper slope
 Slope Class: steep - moderate
 Soil Type: BIF and quartz on silty loam
 Soil Colour: red-brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		3
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		30
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	2.5		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.01		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. <i>climbing</i>			0.01
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		1
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2		5
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Cue (K.F. Kenneally 47A)	0.4		0.1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.7		0.5
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. <i>Karara BIF</i>	0.4		8
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		5
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		0.5
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.			0.01
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>	0.4		15

Site Name: LIC 013
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/10/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 379313E 6759415N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sand
 Soil Colour: yellow/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Disturbed Low woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia blakelyi</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acanthocarpus</i> sp. Ajana (C.A. Gardner 8596)	0.3		0.3
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		1
* <i>Avena fatua</i>	1		4
* <i>Briza maxima</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.4		0.3
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.3
* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	0.3		3
<i>Eucalyptus jucunda</i>	6		9
<i>Eucalyptus pyriformis</i>	6		4
<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3)			
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	5		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.3		3
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.5		4
<i>Thryptomene denticulata</i>	2		1
* <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i>	0.2		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: LIC 014
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/10/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 374704E 6760367N
 Landform Type: upslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sand
 Soil Colour: yellow
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Low woodland Actinostrobos over annuals/weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Actinostrobos arenarius</i>	4		7
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.3		4
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
* <i>Avena fatua</i>	1		1
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.3		4
<i>Calothamnus quadrifidus</i>	2		0.5
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.4		1
* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	0.5		2
<i>Eremaea beaufortoides</i> var. ? <i>beaufortoides</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Grevillea amplexans</i> subsp. ? <i>amplexans</i>	1		0.3
* <i>Lolium rigidum</i>	0.5		3
* <i>Lupinus angustifolius</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	1		50

PHOTOS



Site Name: LIC 016
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/10/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394312E 6758215N
 Landform Type: claypan drainage line
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sand
 Soil Colour: brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Samphire flats

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	0.2		4
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.05		0.2
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Frankenia</i> ? <i>pauciflora</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		3
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>	0.05		3
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Tecticornia</i> ? <i>halocnemoides</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Tecticornia</i> ? <i>peltata</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>	0.3		15

PHOTOS



Site Name: LIC 017
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 405048E 6758087N
 Landform Type: flat saltpan
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: loamy clay
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)	0.4		20
<i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i>			
<i>Tecticornia ?peltata</i>	0.3		1

Site Name: LIC 018
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 404877E 6758058N
 Landform Type: flat plain adjacent to salt flat
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: clay loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	0.5		4
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eremophila dielsiana</i>	0.1		1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.1		40
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>	4		6
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp.	0.1		0.1

Site Name: LIC 019
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394375E 6758142N
 Landform Type: flat clay drainage line
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sandy clay
 Soil Colour: cream/grey
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.2		4
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.1		9
<i>Gunniopsis rodwayi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>	0.1		1
<i>Podolepis</i> sp.	0.1		0.2
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.3		12
<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>	0.2		12

Site Name: LIC 020
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395009E 6758741N
 Landform Type: valley flats
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	6		3
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.7		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus gittinsii</i> subsp. <i>illucida</i>	5		4
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	10		5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>supralaevis</i>	10		9
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Gunniopsis rodwayi</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>	0.3		3
? <i>Malleostemon hursthousei</i>	2		2
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	3		0.3
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms	0.7		0.2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Triodia danthonioides</i>	0.4		0.1

Site Name: LIC 021
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394912E 6758645N
 Landform Type: saline flats
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sand
 Soil Colour: cream over brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eremophila dielsiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.3		4
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.1		4
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	4		3
<i>Podolepis</i> sp.	0.1		0.3
<i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i>	0.4		16
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.4		1

Site Name: LIC 022
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2009
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395406E 6758887N
 Landform Type: samphire flats
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: sandy clay
 Soil Colour: cream/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.1		1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.2		5
<i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.5		11
<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i>	0.3		0.3

Site Name: M-09
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488094E 6775565N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam, stoney
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	5		5
<i>Acacia aneura</i>	7		0.5
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		10
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	6		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3.5		0.5
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.5
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: M-24
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/11/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488053E 6773762N
 Landform Type: Flats
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>nitida</i>	0.25		0.5
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.05		1
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	2		1
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. ? <i>ramosum</i>	0.15		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	6		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus striatocalyx</i> subsp. <i>striatocalyx</i>	10		7
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			0.5
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.2		0.5

<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2		0.5
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.2		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MH-01
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476467E 6772224N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty Gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia sibirica</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	6		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	8		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		3
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	1		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.5

<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena eriacantha</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		
<i>Zygophyllum ovatum</i>	0.1		1

Site Name: MH-02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475558E 6772344N
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silt, rocky on surface
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		0.5
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		0.5
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Lawrenzia ?rosea</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.5		0.5
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		1

<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		2
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.1		1
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: MH-03
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475253E 6772402N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy Silt
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	4		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ligulata</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia prainii</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	4		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.3		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>	1		3
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	8		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Lawrencia ?rosea</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	3		0.5

<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)	1.5		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Philothea tomentella</i>	1		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		2
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: MH-04
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474599E 6772520N
 Soil Type: Silty clay, rocky on surface
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			0.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	8		5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Lawrenzia ?rosea</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		2
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		1

Site Name: MH-05
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474478E 6772537N
 Landform Type: Unknown
 Slope Class: Unknown
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: Open Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	3		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)	0.1		0.5
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		2
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			0.5
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.05		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3.5		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Lawrenzia ?rosea</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1.5		0.5
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		4
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>			

<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1.5		0.5

Site Name: MH-06
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473573E 6772525N
 Landform Type: ?Top of hill
 Slope Class: Unknown
 Soil Type: Silty loam, granitic outcrop
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia kochii</i>			
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>			
* <i>Aira caryophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Grevillea ?paniculata</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: MH-07
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471711E 6772507N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Unknown
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
* <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>			
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Thyridolepis multiculmis</i>			

Site Name: MH-08
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470979E 6772452N
 Landform Type: Valley floor
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty sand clay
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Cryptandra ?apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>			
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Plantago debilis</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>			

<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			
<i>Stenanthemum poicilum</i> (P3)			

Site Name: MH-09
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469444E 6772004N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open heath

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	4		2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		30
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		2
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	2		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		10
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-10
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468946E 6771886N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>			
<i>Lawrenzia</i> ? <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>			
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: MH-11
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468614E 6771756N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			

Site Name: MH-12
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 467837E 6771560N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Plantago debilis</i>			

Site Name: MH-13
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 467529E 6771530N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty gravel
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Darwinia halophila</i> ms			
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>			
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)			
<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)			
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>			

Site Name: MH-14
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 466960E 6771502N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0		0.5
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	8		5
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	5		3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		0.5
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-15
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 466503E 6771546N
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)			
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Tricoryne</i> ? <i>elatior</i>			
<i>Xanthosia bungei</i>			

Site Name: MH-16
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 465038E 6771721N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)			
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Phebalium</i> ? <i>megaphyllum</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			

Site Name: MH-17
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 464472E 6771786N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3.5		2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		1
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			0.5
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1		15
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		15
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	1		
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			

Site Name: MH-18
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 463466E 6771854N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Light sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Light brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket over sedges

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		2.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		1
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.4		1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1		20
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		1
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	1		1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		0.5
<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thelymitra petrophila</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.5
? <i>Verticordia</i> sp.	0.5		1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.5

Site Name: MH-19
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 462011E 6772016N
 Landform Type: Valley Floor
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silt
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Woodland, 10% weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	6		3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Cryptandra</i> ? <i>apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>linearifolia</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>	7		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		3
<i>Lawrencia</i> ? <i>rosea</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	5		1
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.2		2

Site Name: MH-20
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 460471E 6772136N
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty gravel
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		12
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-21
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 459657E 6772096N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>linearifolia</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>eremicola</i> ms			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: MH-22
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 459010E 6772069N
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Light brown/red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		10
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3.5		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
* <i>Aira caryophylla</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.3		0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			0.5
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.5
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	0.1		3
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	0.5		1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	3		5
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rhyncharrhena linearis</i>			0.5

Site Name: MH-23
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 458417E 6772003N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Woodland - thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	7		0.5
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)	0.4		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	10		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		3
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	3		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2		0.5

<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.3		0.5

Site Name: MH-24
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 456838E 6771794N
 Landform Type: Mid to Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy clay silt
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia prainii</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>			
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Cryptandra</i> ? <i>apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>			
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>			
<i>Eremophila decipiens</i> subsp. <i>linearifolia</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Lawrencia</i> ? <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)			
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			

<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>			

Site Name: MH-25
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 455626E 6771727N
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Brown/red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Dense thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		80
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	7		1
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	4		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Plantago debilis</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>	0.4		1

Site Name: MH-26
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 455262E 6771709N
 Landform Type: Valley floor
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	3		1
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		5
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	10		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5

Site Name: MH-27
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 454370E 6771853N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		0.1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Murchison (B.R. Maslin 7331)	7		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.7		0.5
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		30
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	4		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		3
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.5		0.5

<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rulingia luteiflora</i>	2		0.5
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	4		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-28
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 451358E 6771889N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Red/brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. ? <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			

Site Name: MH-29
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448828E 6771088N
 Landform Type: Lowland
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy silt calcrete
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia ?synchronicia</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
* <i>Aira caryophyllea</i>			
<i>Atriplex ?cinerea</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>			
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosia</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: MH-30
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448176E 6771070N
 Landform Type: Lower Slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay calcrete
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Samphire heath, disturbed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Atriplex ?cinerea</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Atriplex ?codonocarpa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
* <i>Centaurea melitensis</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.2		0.5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		1
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Sclerostegia disarticulata</i>	0.3		10

Site Name: MH-31
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448175E 6771108N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red/brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>			
<i>Atriplex bunburyana</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>			
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>			
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>			
<i>Eremophila miniata</i>			
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>			
<i>Erymophyllum ?glossanthus</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>			
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>			
<i>Grevillea sarissa</i> subsp. <i>sarissa</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>			
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Pittosporum angustifolium</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			

<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>			
<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena eriacantha</i>			

Site Name: MH-32
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447727E 6771061N
 Landform Type: Lake edge
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silt
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Angianthus prostratus</i> (P3)			
<i>Atriplex bunburyana</i>			
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>			
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>			
<i>Grevillea sarissa</i> subsp. <i>sarissa</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>			
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Sarcosoma praecox</i>			
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>			

Site Name: MH-33
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446145E 6770945N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt gravel
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa</i> ? <i>nitida</i>			
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Hemigenia</i> ? <i>sp. Yuna</i> (A.C. Burns 95)			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>			
<i>Maireana carnos</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			

Site Name: MH-34
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 445355E 6770754N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket, grazed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		10
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	5		2
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	6		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Samolus repens</i> var. <i>floribundus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-35
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 444574E 6770564N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			

Site Name: MH-36
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 441988E 6770279N
 Landform Type: Valley floor
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		7
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.5
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.5		1
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2		0.5
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	0.3		

Site Name: MH-37
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 441478E 6770266N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket, grazed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		30
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.01		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3		0.5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Hemigenia divaricata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-38
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440772E 6770241N
 Landform Type: Crest of rise
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Rocky silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	6		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>linophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	6		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		30
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Lawrenzia ?rosea</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		6
<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-39
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 439116E 6770232N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland over Thicket, grazed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Eremophila ?eriacalyx</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	8		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.4		0.5

Site Name: MH-40
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 26/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 435588E 6770246N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		1
<i>Hemigenia divaricata</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Lawrenca</i> ? <i>rosea</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		1

Site Name: MH-41
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 435239E 6770250N
 Landform Type: Lower slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland over Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.6		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>?plenissima</i>	10		2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Lawrencia ?rosea</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.2		5

Site Name: MH-42
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 434548E 6770252N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	4		6
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	6		6
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		5
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-43
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 27/10/2005
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 434134E 6770290N
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Loamy silt
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
* <i>Aira caryophylla</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		6
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i> var. <i>exaltatus</i>	0.4		2
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: MH-44
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433726E 6770245N
 Landform Type: Upper slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy silt, very rocky
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i>			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eremophila ?ericalyx</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>			

Site Name: MH-45
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433508E 6770278N
 Landform Type: Mid slope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>			
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Lawrenzia ?rosea</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Sida ?calyxhymenia</i>			
<i>Sonchus</i> sp.			

Site Name: MH-46
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433291E 6770240N
 Landform Type: Crest of low hill
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty loam
 Soil Colour: Red

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Austrostipa ?nitida</i>			
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i> var. <i>parviflorus</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> var. <i>obovatus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			

Site Name: MH-47
 Site Type: AREA
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446702E 6771005N
 Landform Type: Salt Pan
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Silt
 Soil Colour: Brown

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Angianthus cornutus</i>			
<i>Atriplex nana</i>			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Erymophyllum ?glossanthus</i>			
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. ? <i>ramosum</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis rodwayi</i>			
<i>Halosarcia pterygosperma</i> subsp. <i>pterygosperma</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>Maireana oppositifolia</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
<i>Tecticornia calyptrata</i>			
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>			

Site Name: MLEC10
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 467999.385980574E 6771842.39421987N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: E
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	467999	6771842	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	5		5
<i>Amphipogon carcinus</i> var. <i>carcinus</i>	0.5		0.5
? <i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.6		0.1

<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	7.5		1
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		5
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	4		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		5
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.8		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	0.1		3

PHOTOS







Site Name: MLEC12
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 468666.01E 6771706.06N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: > 20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	468666	6771706	
Corner 2	468665	6771705	
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		40
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.6		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.01		5
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1.1		0.1
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	4		1.5
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		0.2

<i>Hakea minyma</i>	2		0.5
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	2.2		1
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	1		2
<i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEKR1
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472581.94E 6768025.35N
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, 10-20% bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Granite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472582	6768025	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia umbraculiformis*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Eremophila serrulata, Ptilotus obovatus*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Borya sphaerocephala, Myriocephalus guerinae, Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Goodenia cycnopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	7		5

<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		2
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			
<i>Drosera major</i>			
<i>Eremophila serrulata</i>	1.5		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		5
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.2		3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		8
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.3		8
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEKR2
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 08/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 472001.52E 6771614.67N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, Clearing
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Comments: Previously cleared?

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	472002	6771615	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*
 Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Maireana tomentosa* subsp. *tomentosa*, *Ptilotus obovatus*, *Solanum lasiophyllum*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Calotis multicaulis*, *Cephalopterum drummondii*
 Lower Stratum 2: *Menkea australis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	1.5		1

<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.3		20
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		2
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.4
* <i>Medicago minima</i>			
<i>Menkea australis</i>	0.1		6
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		4
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>			
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		8

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEKR3
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 470158.85E 6765033.58N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 CF Types: Ironstone, Laterite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Fire: 10-20 Years

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	470159	6765034	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia ramulosa* var. *ramulosa*, *Melaleuca hamata*
 Mid Stratum 2: *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia*, *Eremophila forrestii* subsp. *forrestii*, *Grevillea pityophylla*
 Lower Stratum 1: *Bellida graminea*, *Goodenia cynopotamica*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1.5

<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		8
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		2
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>			
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)			
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>			
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.6		0.8
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		3
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.7		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	2.5		6
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)			
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM01
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 21/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 360415.8E 6755056N
 Landform Type: Mid Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: ESE
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD – Completely Degraded
 Disturbance: Weeds, Clearing, Animal
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Eucalyptus over weeds

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	360416	6755056	
Corner 2	WGS84			
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.3		70
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	10		80
* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.3		0.1

* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.2		0.1
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PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM10
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 24/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 454713.9E 6769399.9N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: Weeds, (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid open woodland over tall open shrubland over low sparse shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM05. Nearby track, historical station activity (fences etc.)

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	454714	6769400	
Corner 2	WGS84	454721	6769405	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		4.5

<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		0.4
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>			
<i>Menkea australis</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1		0.2
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.3
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM12
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 24/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 455894.6E 6769660.8N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Clearing, (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Track/station fence nearby, historical clearing/grazing?

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	455895	6769661	
Corner 2	WGS84	455895	6769662	
Corner 3	WGS84	455892	6769654	
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.9		0.4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>	4		3
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>			
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			

<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.2
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.9
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.4

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM14
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 449862E 6771724.5N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low open woodland over tall sparse shrubland over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM05. Between road and rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	449862	6771724	
Corner 2	WGS84	449854	6771697	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1

<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
* <i>Cuscuta</i> ? <i>planiflora</i>			
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	9		6
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		0.4
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>			
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>			
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.3
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>			
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.8
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.4
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.1		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.2
* <i>Spergula pentandra</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM17
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 445937.9E 6770842.2N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - PR - Pristine
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM16

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	445938	6770842	
Corner 2	WGS84	445936	6770843	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		6
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	2.5		3
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>			

<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>		
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>		
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>	0.1	0.1
<i>Hemigenia sp. aff. botryphylla</i> (Potentially undescribed)	1	0.5
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>		
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>		
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>		
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4.5	3
<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	0.1	0.1
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	1	0.5
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>		
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>		
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>		
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>		
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>		
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>		
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	2	1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM20
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 444602.4E 6770774.7N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM16 but no low shrubs, Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	444602	6770775	
Corner 2	WGS84			
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2.5		18
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	0.1		
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	0.1		

<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	5		7
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEM21
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 444911.1E 6770613.9N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Mid open woodland over tall shrubland over mid isolated clumps of shrubs over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM02, Nearby road and transmission line

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	444911	6770614	
Corner 2	WGS84	444892	6770602	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		35
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		4
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.5		0.8
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	11		6
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			

<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		1
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.5		0.4
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.3		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM22
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443133.2E 6770476.3N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low woodland over tall shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	443133	6770476	
Corner 2	WGS84	443147	6770475	
Corner 3	WGS84	443148	6770476	
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	3		30
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	6		2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	6		2
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			

<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>affinis</i>			
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM24
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 446822.1E 6770974.7N
 Landform Type: Open Depression
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Waterlogged
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: (other), Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low sparse chenopod shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Similar to MLEM18, Nearby road

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	446822	6770975	
Corner 2	WGS84	446822	6770975	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>			
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	0.3		0.5
* <i>Avena barbata</i>			
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>			
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>			
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>			

<i>*Juncus bufonius</i>			
<i>*Lysimachia arvensis</i>			
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>	0.4		1
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>*Parapholis incurva</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>*Rostraria pumila</i>			
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	0.5		10
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>	0.5		2
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM27
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 27/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 442632.7E 6769894.8N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Light Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Grazing, Weeds
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low woodland over tall isolated clumps of shrubs over low isolated clumps of shrubs over low forbland

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	442633	6769895	
Corner 2	WGS84	442632	6769895	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		4
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	7		18
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3		0.2

<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus ?gaudichaudii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM28
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 27/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 442544.6E 6770086.6N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Moist
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, Grazing
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Low isolated clumps of trees over tall open shrubland over low forbland

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	442545	6770087	
Corner 2	WGS84	442555	6770089	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.4		1
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>	6		3
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.3		1
<i>Menkea australis</i>			

<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7		0.5
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEM29
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 27/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 441563.6E 6770433.8N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Aspect: None
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Disturbance: (other)
 Fire: 10-20 Years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland over low forbland
 Comments: Nearby rail

SITE POINTS

Label	Datum	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	WGS84	441564	6770434	
Corner 2	WGS84	441563	6770433	
Corner 3	WGS84			
Corner 4	WGS84			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2.5		0.9
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		45
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5

<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.4		1
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		3
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>	0.1		2

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLER-001
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490772.85E 6779492.57N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland to 4m of Melaleuca (<5%) over tall shrubland of Acacia species to 2 m at 30 %
 Comments: Lots of old, dead Acacia spp., and many dead annuals. Species depauperate. Same vegetation as MLEQ-002

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		10
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		5
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-002
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490027.98E 6779366.09N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NNE
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Drought
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Upper stratum isolated tall trees > 10 m at 1 %. Upper stratum tall shrubland, mixed Acacias 2-4 m at 10 %, LS1 Shrubland 1-2 m of mixed Acacias at 35%
 Comments: Numerous dead annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-003
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490186.46E 6779264.4N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 10-20%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 3 - Very Good
 Disturbance: Road disturbance in distance (other)
 Habitat: Open shrubland to 3 m, 15 %

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-005
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492531.56E 6779155.27N
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Drought
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Isolated trees to 4 m over tall shrubland 2-3 m at 60 % cover
 Comments: Numerous dead daisies from last year, at road nearby Amyema sp. on Eucalyptus leptopoda. Upslope from quadrat MLEQ-006

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		45
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>	3		
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	4		2
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>	2.5		5

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-006
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 494135.77E 6778996.66N
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: NW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm, 20-60mm
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Track very close by
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubland > 2 m at 30 %, low shrubland to 1 m at 40%

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia caesaneura</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		15
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.7		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.5		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	0.7		0.1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		0.1
<i>Philothea sericea</i>	1		8
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	1		0.1
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.5		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-007
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 494155.36E 6779507.54N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: <2%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Major drought
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall shrubs to 4m at 30% over shrubs to 1m at 5% over scattered grasses
 Comments: Lots of old dead Acacia spp.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		15
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		1
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.5		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-008
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 496200.52E 6779393.17N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 2-10%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Drought, road nearby
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Open Eucalyptus woodland over tall patchy shrubland to 3m over very sparse understorey

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1.5		4
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>	10		3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		3
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	2.5		4
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana convexa</i>			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.5

Site Name: MLER-009
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495588.12E 6779218.79N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Level (0°)
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 2 - Excellent
 Disturbance: Animal - Rabbit activity, (other) - Drought
 Comments: Would have been many more species in a better year/season

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Atriplex ?vesicaria</i>	0.7		0.2
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	2		5
<i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		0.1
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.15		0.2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1		0.5
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	0.5		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLER-010
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495262.18E 6779505.17N
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: W
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - Animal diggings, (other) - Drought
 Fire: > 20 years
 Habitat: Tall open shrubland 4m <10% over tall shrubland 2-4 m 30% over low shrubs to 1m 10%
 Comments: Numerous dead annuals and lots of dead Acacia spp.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		0.2
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	3		0.2
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4		1
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	3		3
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		2
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		20

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-011
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495318.96E 6779365.48N
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 20-50%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: Animal - Lots of rabbit diggings, (other) - Drought
 Habitat: Tall shrubland 3m 45% over very little understorey
 Comments: Lots of dead daisies

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		35
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>	1		0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		4
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	4		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		4
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLER-012
 Site Type: RELEVE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 494733.96E 6779524.44N
 Landform Type: Simple Slope
 Slope Class: Gently Inclined (3°)
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Soil Condition: Dry
 Rock Outcrop: No bedrock exposed
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm, 6-20mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Vegetation Condition: Southern Vegetation Condition - 1 - Pristine
 Disturbance: (other) - Drought
 Habitat: Shrubland 40% cover

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia latior</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		3
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2.5		1
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	0.4		2
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.2		3
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	2		0.5
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>			
<i>Philotheca sericea</i>	1.5		3
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474055E 6772620N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Grey/Caramel
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open shrubland over open low shrubland over herbs and annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>	0.5		3
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	2		5
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		6
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Dichopogon ?tyleri</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		1
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	1		0.3
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>	0.1		3
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>?venustum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.05		0.2
<i>Maireana ?georgei</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1.5		0.5
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.3
<i>Ptilotus ?drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)	2.5		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.2

<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>			
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PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 03
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473698E 6772602N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		25
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		8
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	6		2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caladenia remota</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		1.5
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		15
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>?splendida</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		4
<i>Swainsona affinis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 05
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471997E 6772606N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3.5		40
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		10
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		1.5
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		1
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Podolepis capillaris</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.7

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 06
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 471070E 6772564N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open woodland over acacia shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		25
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	5		3
<i>Brachyscome</i> ? <i>oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	6		9
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		5
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Maireana</i> ? <i>georgei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
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PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 07
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470742E 6772535N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia shrubland over low scrub, annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1		2
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.2
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Austrostipa flavescens</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ?onocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.1
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.5		3
<i>Lepidosperma ?sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	4		2.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		15
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	0.1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 08
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 470552E 6772549N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		30
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		2
<i>Amphipogon ?caricinus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Brachyscome ?onocarpa</i>	0.4		0.4
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.7		0.2
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	0.5		4
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	5		3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Stylidium warriedarensense</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 09
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 469993E 6772396N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: E. kochii open woodland over Acacia shrubland over scrub, annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		20
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		0.5
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.05		0.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	1.5		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.05		1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	7		9
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		3
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>	0.05		0.2
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>?splendida</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 10
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 468912E 6772081N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia shrubland over mixed scrub over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2.5		3
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		2
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.3
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	0.4		0.3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>?splendida</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		5
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		35

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 11
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 467083E 6771744N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia shrubland over Malleostemon tuberculatus shrubland over herbs and annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4.5		6
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		12
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		5
<i>Amphipogon ?caricinus</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		3
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.4
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		1
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		1.5
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		13
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	3.5		2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	0.4		0.3
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 12
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 457391E 6772005N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open woodland over shrubland of mixed Acacia & Callitris

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		20
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i>	33		1
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.3
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	5		10
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	6		4
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1.5
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)	0.5		0.3
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>?venustum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.8		1.5

<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.2

Site Name: RC 13
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 464479E 6771900N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia - Melaleuca shrubland over scrub (unburnt pocket in burnt area)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		4
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.3
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.5		6
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i>	0.4		2
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	3		8
<i>Phebalium lepidotum</i>	0.7		0.5
<i>Philotheca glabra</i>	0.5		1.5
<i>Wrixonia prostantheroides</i>	0.2		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 14
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 453810E 6772091N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed shrubland dominated by Acacia ram ram (T1 like)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.4
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>	2		1
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.1
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.3		0.2
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1.5		1
<i>Goodenia ?occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		3
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	3		2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Ptilotus ?drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 15
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 452656E 6772101N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red-orange
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia shrubland over herbs and annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		60
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		5
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.2
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Brachyscome</i> ? <i>oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia</i> ? <i>occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 16
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 450396E 6772008N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red-orange
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Euc kochii plenissima woodland over mixed shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		18
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Angianthus ?milnei</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Angianthus</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	10		12
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		2
<i>Maireana ?georgei</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Ptilotus ?drummondii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.2		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 17
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 449858E 6771705N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: E. Ioxo supra Woodland over mixed Acacia shrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		5
<i>Brachyscome</i> ? <i>oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	12		10
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Sclerolaena</i> ? <i>gardneri</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	0.2		0.1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Velleia</i> ? <i>glabrata</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 18
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 449253E 6771230N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: A. ram ram shrubland over low scrub, annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		35
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome</i> ? <i>oncocarpa</i>	0.1		1
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		2.5
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		8
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		1
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		1
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>	0.1		6
<i>Ptilotus</i> ? <i>drummondii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		2.5
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.2		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.5		1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 19
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448843E 6771410N
 Landform Type: Plain/drainage basin
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Loamy silty sand
 Soil Colour: Brown/grey
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Melaleuca woodland over low scrub over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ?onocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.4		1
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	4		3
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i>	6		25
<i>Ptilotus ?drummondii</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>?splendida</i>	0.2		2
<i>Rhodanthe stricta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.1		6
<i>Sclerolaena ?gardneri</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Wahlenbergia ?preissii</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: RC 20
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448817E 6771199N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia shrubland over scrub over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		15
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		6
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia tysonii</i>	3		7
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			0.3
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	1		0.5
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>	3		1
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana</i> ? <i>georgei</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>	3		1
<i>Sclerolaena</i> ? <i>gardneri</i>	0.1		4
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Velleia</i> ? <i>glabrata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 21
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448404E 6771203N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Loamy sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia shrubland over low scrub , annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	5		21
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	6		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		4
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Blackberry (D.M. Porter 171)	0.1		0.1
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1		0.3
<i>Goodenia</i> ? <i>occidentalis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.05		0.3
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.7		1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	1		1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena</i> ? <i>gardneri</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia</i> ? <i>glabrata</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 22
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447672E 6771343N
 Landform Type: Salt pan
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Salty clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Sclerostegia scrub land

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	0.6		3
<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ciliaris</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ?pusilla</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Carpobrotus modestus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.2		4
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Frankenia ?pauciflora</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis ?rodwayi</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>	0.3		1
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>	0.4		9
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Nicotiana occidentalis</i> subsp. <i>hesperis</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Ptilotus chamaecladus</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>?splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	0.3		2
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Senecio ?lacustrinus</i>	0.3		0.2

<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.4		35

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 23
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447117E 6771139N
 Landform Type: Salt pan
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Salty clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Grey-white
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Sclerostegia/Tecticornia scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
? <i>Angianthus</i> sp.	0.1		1.5
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>	0.2		1
<i>Atriplex hymenotheca</i>	0.2		1
<i>Atriplex lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>			
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>			
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>	0.1		30
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis ?rodwayi</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Gunniopsis ?septifraga</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>?venustum</i>	0.4		1
<i>Lawrencia squamata</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Ptilotus chamaecladus</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	0.4		1
<i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i>	0.4		4
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>	0.4		25

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 24
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 445652E 6770943N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed acacia shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	5		0.3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	6		3
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	5		20
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		3
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	5		10
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.2		60
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		5
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		20

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 25
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 444552E 6770694N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia - melaleuca Shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	5		12
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		20
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	5		6
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	6		12
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		2
<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 26
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443649E 6770444N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	6		8
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	5		17
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		1
? <i>Angianthus</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		1
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		4
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	5		4
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		6
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		1
<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 27
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440156E 6770392N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with gravel
 Soil Colour: Orange
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia - melaleuca shrubland over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	5		1
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		2
<i>Dichopogon sp.</i>	0.3		2
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		1
<i>Maireana ?georgei</i>	0.3		0.8
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	6		15
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 28
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 434893E 6770408N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Low woodland of *E. ewartiana* over A ram ram thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		28
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1.5
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>	5		4
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		2
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	5		2
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	3		2
<i>Minuria cunninghamii</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 29
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 434444E 6770402N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand with ironstone gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia-melaleuca shrubland over scrub over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	5		7
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	4		8
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		6
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.3		0.3
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Caesia ?sp. Wongan (K.F. Kenneally 8820)</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		1
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	5		3
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		2
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		15
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>	0.1		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 30
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433507E 6770360N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia, Melaleuca, Allo thicket over scrub over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		7
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	5		13
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	5		4
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	5		16
<i>Amphipogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Bellida graminea</i>	0.1		2
<i>Brachyscome ?oncocarpa</i>	0.1		2
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>	3		3
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	1.5		1
<i>Dichopogon</i> sp.	0.2		0.5
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.2		2
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>	2.5		2
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.2		2
<i>Melaleuca ?hamata</i>	8		7
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	0.2		3
<i>Podolepis canescens</i>	0.2		2
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	0.1		10
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			0.1
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	0.1		0.1

<i>Velleia ?glabrata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		40

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 31
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431938E 6770416N
 Landform Type: Drainage line
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand (very moist)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed acacia shrubland over weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	6		8
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		35
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	5		20
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	0.3		90
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	0.4		10
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>	0.4		15
* <i>Lolium rigidum</i>	0.4		8
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	0.2		10
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.4		3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 32
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 11/09/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431656E 6770396N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: Clayey sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open E. kochii plen woodland over Aca ram ram over annuals and herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		30
? <i>Angianthus</i> sp.	0.1		1
<i>Brachyscome</i> ? <i>oncocarpa</i>	0.1		1
<i>Drosera macrantha</i> subsp. <i>eremaea</i>			0.2
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	8		9
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	0.2		2
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	3		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2		1
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. ? <i>splendida</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Velleia rosea</i>	0.1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 50
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473848E 6772005N
 Landform Type: mid-upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open Mixed Acacia scrubland over dwarf open scrubland over grasses/herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	6		1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		20
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		1.5
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	2.5		2
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	0.5		2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		2
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 51
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473506E 6771796N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia Scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		15
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3
<i>Amyema gibberula</i>			0.2
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>	2		0.2
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>	2		0.2
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	4		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 52
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473553E 6771463N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Aca ram Scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		30
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		2
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 53
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473765E 6771412N
 Landform Type: small knoll
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: Decomposing granite
 Soil Colour: caramel/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: V Open Scrubland of Acacia over open dwarf scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	3		3
* <i>Aira caryophylla</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Calytrix ?oldfieldii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)	1		3
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 54
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 473750E 6771265N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Aca umbr and Aca ram over Thry costata (T3)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	5		5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	3		2
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	4		1
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>	1		0.5
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.2
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.2
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>	4		0.2
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	2		4

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 55
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474105E 6771079N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia Scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	4		4
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		7
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		4
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		3
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	6		
<i>Mirbelia bursarioides</i> ms	1		0.2
<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>	1.5		

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 56
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472791E 6771860N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open scrubland of Aca ram ram

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		5
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.1		50
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	1		0.2
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	2		0.2
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		0.2
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 57
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 472800E 6772180N
 Landform Type: upslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: Decomposing granite
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Tall Open Scrubland over open scrubland over grasses/herbs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	8		3
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	0.2		20
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	2		3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		0.5
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.5		4
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	1		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 58
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 462742E 6771487N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open low woodland Euc lox supra over open scrubland mixed over chenopods (W1)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		2
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	4		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	10		7
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	5		0.5
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>	0.1		50
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		5
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.4		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 59
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 462764E 6771103N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia scrubland over dwarf scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	5		10
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		0.5
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		15
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Baeckea benthamii</i> ms	2		0.5
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Philothea deserti</i>	1.5		4

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 60
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 462771E 6770870N
 Landform Type: plain
 Slope Class: flat
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Scrubland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		25
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		2
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	1		3
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)	1		0.5
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	1		0.2
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	3		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Philothea deserti</i>	0.5		1.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 62
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443177E 6769535N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Mixed Acacia shrubland/thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		0.5
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	3		35
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3		2
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		0.1
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>	2		0.2
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		0.5
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2.5		1
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.5		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: RC 63
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 10/12/2008
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443255E 6769728N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope - midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: silty clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Acacia ?coolgardiensis thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>	5		40
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		1
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	2		2
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: SLU01
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 21/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433373E 6762525N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy gravel
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Degraded woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		0.2
<i>Acacia ?andrewsii</i>	1		0.3
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	1		0.1
<i>Acacia ?ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	3.5		0.2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.3		0.3
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Carthamus lanatus</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>?supralaevis</i>	6		20
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		1
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 21/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431264E 6762315N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Orange/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?resinosa</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	4		1
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>	0.8		0.1
? <i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.3		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	5		10
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	3		3
<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i>	5		0.2
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>			
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	1		0.2

Site Name: SLU04
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440956E 6766254N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Yellow-brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	4		25
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>	2		0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>?obliquistigma</i>	3		1

Site Name: SLU12
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 430885E 6762184N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hakea ?recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>			
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	2		0.5
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	0.4		0.1
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			

Site Name: SLU13
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 430488E 6762060N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	3.5		20
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>?prinsepiana</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		2
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	7		10
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>	8		10
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	6		
<i>Hakea francisiana</i>	2		1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	3		1
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3		1
<i>Phebalium tuberculosum</i>	1		1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>	2		0.2
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

Site Name: SLU14
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 429410E 6761469N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel and occasional granite
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia neurophylla</i> subsp. <i>?erugata</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	4		35
<i>Acacia ?sphacelata</i>	1.6		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	1		4

Site Name: SLU15
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 428874E 6761436N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay with gravel and granite
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Open woodland over thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>			
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	4.5		4
<i>Acacia ?sphacelata</i>	1.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.4
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>?prinsepiana</i>	6		15
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>?Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.3		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	0.6		6
<i>Comesperma drummondii</i>			
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1		0.4
<i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	2		0.4
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	7		5
<i>Grevillea ?levis</i>	1.5		0.4
<i>Labichea lanceolata</i> subsp. <i>brevifolia</i>	2		0.1
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	1.6		1
<i>Mirbelia ?depressa</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>			
<i>?Waitzia</i> sp.	0.2		0.2

Site Name: SLU16
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 428640E 6761446N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Silty clay with granite
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		2
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>			
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	1		0.4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		20
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>?prinsepiana</i>	4		5
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>			
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>			0.5
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>	1.5		1
<i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i>	4		1

Site Name: SLU17
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 426154E 6760901N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Degraded woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Acacia ?acuminata</i>	3		4
<i>Acacia resinosa</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.4
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		4
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	5		2
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>	5		1
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	2		4
? <i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	1.2		5
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1.5		0.4

Site Name: SLU18
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 422912E 6760541N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>			
<i>Halosarcia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>	0.3		2
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		20
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		20

Site Name: SLU19
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 22/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 421342E 6760339N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Degraded roadside woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	4.5		2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>?supralaevis</i>	8		3
<i>Eucalyptus subangusta</i> subsp. <i>?pusilla</i>	5		5
<i>?Maireana georgei</i>	0.5		1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.2		1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	1.2		3

Site Name: SLU20
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 418584E 6760074N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy gravel (lateritic?)
 Soil Colour: Yellow
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Degraded roadside woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	3		20
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>	2		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus eudesmioides</i>	3.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus ?gittinsii</i>	9		3
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>?obliquistigma</i>	0.3		1
<i>Hannafordia bissillii</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	2		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		1

Site Name: SLU21
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 416663E 6759794N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.1
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	2.5		0.1
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	1.6		0.1
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.3		20
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.2		10

Site Name: SLU22
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 413952E 6759380N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Yellow
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>			
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Acacia dielsii</i>	1.5		2
<i>Acacia prainii</i>	2		0.5
<i>Acacia sibina</i>	3		14
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	2		0.5
<i>Alyogyne</i> ? <i>pinoniana</i>			
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
? <i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Cheiranthra filifolia</i> var. <i>simplicifolia</i>			
<i>Chrysitrix distigmata</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Dampiera lavandulacea</i>			
<i>Dampiera</i> ? <i>lavandulacea</i>			
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>	2		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	1		0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.6		3
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>arctata</i>	3		2
<i>Gahnia drummondii</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Glischrocaryon</i> ? <i>flavescens</i>			
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	1		0.1
<i>Grevillea</i> ? <i>levis</i>	2		0.1
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp.	2		7

<i>?obliquistigma</i>			
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			
<i>Hemigenia ?sp. Jibberding (J. D'Alonzo 418)</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Jacksonia ?acicularis</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Keraudrenia velutina</i> subsp. <i>velutina</i>			
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>			
<i>?Maireana georgei</i>			
<i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i>	2		2
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	2		0.1
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)			
<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

Site Name: SLU23
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 412866E 6759203N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Paddock weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.2
<i>Acacia prainii</i>			
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>			
<i>Enchylaena ?tomentosa</i>	0.3		1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		5
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.4		0.2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		10
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Salsola tragus</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU24
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 412476E 6759147N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Also has planted Eucs and paddock weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia prainii</i>			
<i>Acacia rostellifera</i>	3.5		1
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.4		2
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		4
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		30
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>			
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: SLU25
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 412146E 6759112N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Euc plantation over salt bushes

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0.2		2
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	0.6		1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		10
<i>Halosarcia lepidosperma</i>	0.3		1
<i>Halosarcia ?pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>	0.2		1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		10
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		25
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.1		3
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU26
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 410149E 6758832N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: With planted eucs

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>	1		0.3
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.5		1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		3
<i>Eremophila ?decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>	1.4		0.2
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		15
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		1
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.2		1
<i>Paspalidium basicladium</i>	0.3		0.3
? <i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	0.3		
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Sida ?sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)</i>	0.6		0.1

Site Name: SLU27
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 407865E 6758539N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Degraded roadside woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.1
<i>Acacia ?coolgardiensis</i> subsp. <i>coolgardiensis</i>	3		0.2
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Comesperma ?integerrimum</i>	0.5		0.1
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.4		1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		1
<i>Eucalyptus ?kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	10		5
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	2		0.1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		4
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	1		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		5
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sida ?sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)</i>	0.4		0.1

Site Name: SLU28
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 405185E 6758301N
 Landform Type: Loweslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.2		0.1
? <i>Haloragis</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Halosarcia doleiformis</i>	0.5		1
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. ? <i>bidens</i>	0.6		22
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Maireana oppositifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana</i> sp.	0.4		0.2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>opp 12 prostrate crenulate</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Sida</i> ?sp. dark green fruits (<i>S. van Leeuwen</i> 2260)	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU29
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 405119E 6758231N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	5		
<i>Halosarcia doleiformis</i>	0.4		10
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>			
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. ? <i>bidens</i>	0.3		5
<i>Halosarcia</i> sp.	0.2		0.5
<i>Maireana oppositifolia</i>	0.2		0.1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		3

Site Name: SLU30
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 404893E 6758138N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	6.5		
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>	0.4		15
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. ? <i>bidens</i>	0.4		4
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.5		2
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			

Site Name: SLU31
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 403836E 6758091N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Slope Class: Flat
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Thicket

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		0.3
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia ?inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>	3.5		1
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>	1.2		0.3
* <i>Aira ?caryophyllea</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Aristida ?contorta</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>	0.7		0.2
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		3
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		3
? <i>Haloragis</i> sp.	0.3		0.2
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	2		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	1		0.1

Site Name: SLU38
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399042E 6757720N
 Landform Type: Salt pan
 Slope Class: -
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?eremaea</i>			
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	0.6		0.1
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i> subsp. <i>clavellatum</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Frankenia ?pauciflora</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>			
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>?halocnemoides</i>	0.6		7
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>?bidens</i>	0.6		15
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	0.4		1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.2		0.5

Site Name: SLU39
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 398849E 6757713N
 Landform Type: Salt pan
 Slope Class: -
 Soil Type: Silty sand
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Carpobrotus modestus</i>	0.2		0.4
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i> subsp. <i>clavellatum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>?halocnemoides</i>	1		25
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>?bidens</i>	0.5		1
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	0.7		1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.3		1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		0.4

Site Name: SLU40
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 398280E 6757692N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	0.6		1
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i> subsp. <i>clavellatum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>?halocnemoides</i>	0.6		20
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>?bidens</i>	0.5		1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.1

Site Name: SLU41
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 398105E 6757680N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Sandy clay
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	0.4		5
<i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>supralaevis</i>	9		8
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		3

Site Name: SLU42
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399655E 6757804N
 Landform Type: Salt pan
 Slope Class: -
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Grey/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Halosarcia

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Disphyma crassifolium</i> subsp. <i>clavellatum</i>	0.1		0.4
<i>Gnephosis acicularis</i>	0.1		0.1
? <i>Haloragis</i> sp.	0.2		0.1
<i>Halosarcia fimbriata</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. ? <i>halocnemoides</i>	1		15
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. ? <i>bidens</i>	0.6		3
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	0.6		1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.2		0.2

Site Name: SLU43
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400200E 6757875N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?eremaea</i>			
<i>Aristida ?contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	1		10
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>supralaevis</i>	8		5
<i>Gunniiopsis quadrifida</i>	0.3		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		6

Site Name: SLU45
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400558E 6757922N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: -
 Soil Type: Silty sand
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?eremaea</i>			
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	0.5		3
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.4		3
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.2		0.3
? <i>Maireana georgei</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>Melaleuca lateriflora</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i>	3.5		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6		3
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			

Site Name: SLU47
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 24/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 401377E 6757882N
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aristida ?contorta</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>?Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>?supralaevis</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.3		0.4
<i>?Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	4		15
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.2

Site Name: SLU48
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394520E 6758188N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Open woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia nyssophylla</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Angianthus preissianus</i>	0.1		4
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		3
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>supralaevis</i>	5		1
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.2		0.1
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	0.3		7
<i>Hakea preissii</i>			
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. ? <i>halocnemoides</i>	0.6		0.2
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	0.6		1
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>	2		0.1
<i>Melaleuca</i> ? <i>atroviridis</i>	6		1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.4		3
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU56
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 25/05/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394830E 6758500N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Silty sand
 Soil Colour: Orange/brown
 Fire: >10
 Comments: Woodland

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Acacia nyssophylla</i>	1.5		0.1
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.	1		0.3
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		4
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>?supralaevis</i>	10		4
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>	1.5		0.2
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i>	0.3		1
<i>Halosarcia halocnemoides</i> subsp. <i>?halocnemoides</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Halosarcia indica</i> subsp. <i>?bidens</i>	0.6		1
<i>Halosarcia undulata</i>	0.2		0.2
<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana oppositifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2		4
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		1.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: SLU57
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 02/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394744E 6758457N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >%
 Comments: Paddocks on west side. Degraded road verge, west side of road ~ 2.3m wide. Small pipeline here

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		25
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.05		0.5
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.5		1

Site Name: SLU59
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 02/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 391117E 6758461N
 Landform Type: Mid - Lowslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Loamy sand
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Very degraded road verge. Very weed infested with small weeds appearing

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Abutilon ?cryptopetalum</i>	0.4		1
<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. <i>prostratum</i> ms	0.1		0.5
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia microbotrya</i>	2.5		5
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Chenopodium melanocarpum</i> forma <i>leucocarpum</i>	0.1		0.2
* <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	0.2		60
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.5		3
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	1.5		1

Site Name: SLU60
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 02/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 390542E 6758401N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Loamy sand with quartz and ironstone
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Isolated patch of trees. Understorey destroyed. Very rocky, only not cleared because of rocks.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2		2
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>			0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	7		40
? <i>Hybanthus floribundus</i> subsp. <i>floribundus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	0.2		0.1

Site Name: SLU61
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 02/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 390211E 6758428N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Clay/silt/sand with quartz and ironstone rocks
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: LIC goes in cleared track. SLU61 to North of track. Lots of small weeds and annuals, no flowers or fruits.

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		2
<i>Acacia restiacea</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>	2		10
? <i>Anthericaceae</i> sp.	0.1		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	1.3		
<i>Cheilanthes</i> ? <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	8		6
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>			
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>	0.3		0.1

Site Name: SLU62
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 02/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 390195E 6758381N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Moderate
 Soil Type: Clay/silt/sand on lots of heavy quartz
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: On side of rocky hill

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		1
<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>	2		50
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	1.5		4
<i>Cheilanthes ?sieberi</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea scoparia</i>	2.5		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2.5		10
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			

Site Name: SLU63
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 03/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 387717E 6758669N
 Landform Type: Upperslope
 Slope Class: Gentle-moderate
 Soil Type: Sandy silty clay with quartz/granite outcropping
 Soil Colour: Brown/red
 Comments: Overstorey, no understorey

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Allocasuarina humilis</i>	4		4
<i>Austrodanthonia</i> sp.	0.1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	6		35

Site Name: SLU64
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 03/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 381351E 6758713N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam, some clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: On edge of bushland to north of LIC

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>	1.8		10
<i>Astroloma serratifolium</i>	0.4		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.4		0.5
<i>Baeckea megaflorea</i> ms	0.3		0.5
<i>Cassutha pomiformis</i>			0.1
<i>Dampiera salahae</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.5		0.2
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.5		5
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	6		5
<i>Grevillea petrophiloides</i> subsp. <i>petrophiloides</i>	1.7		2
<i>Hakea scoparia</i>			
? <i>Hemigenia</i> sp.	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>	1.7		15

Site Name: SLU65
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 03/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 381358E 6758675N
 Landform Type: Lower- midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Road gravel
 Soil Colour: -
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded road verge. Same both sides, occasional pasture grass

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia daviesioides</i>	1.3		1
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		1
<i>Baeckea megaflorea</i> ms	0.4		0.5
<i>Chrysitrix distigmatosa</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Dampiera salahae</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>	4		5
<i>Gastrobium ?spinosum</i>	1.5		8
<i>Glischrocaryon flavescens</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Grevillea ?levis</i>	1		2
<i>Grevillea petrophiloides</i> subsp. <i>petrophiloides</i>	1.6		0.5
<i>?Hemigenia</i> sp.	0.4		0.5
<i>Hibbertia ?huegelii</i>	0.3		
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>	0.3		
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	1.5		
<i>Melaleuca tinkeri</i>	0.5		
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> subsp. <i>?dampieri</i>	0.4		
<i>Opercularia ?spermacocea</i>	0.3		
<i>Rhagodia ?preissii</i> subsp. <i>preissii</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			

Site Name: SLU66
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 03/07/2007
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 378516E 6759416N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Very gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Yellow
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Degraded road verge

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia blakelyi</i>			
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>	6		
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		
<i>Baeckea ?camphorosmae</i>	0.3		
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	1		0.5
<i>Cucumis melo</i>	0.1		0.1
<i>Dianella revoluta</i>	0.7		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus jucunda</i>	8		1.5
<i>Grevillea biformis</i> subsp. <i>biformis</i>	1.5		
<i>Grevillea petrophiloides</i> subsp. <i>petrophiloides</i>			
<i>Scholtzia</i> aff. <i>capitata</i>			
<i>Scholtzia</i> sp.	1.3		0.1
? <i>Verticordia</i> sp.			

Site Name: W01
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443247E 6769620N
 Landform Type: Lowslope
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with some laterite gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		5
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	4		7
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		0.3
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	2		1
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>hakeoides</i>	1.5		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	1		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		1
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: W02
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443314E 6769602N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	3		7
<i>Acacia ?incognita</i>	6		15
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>?arctata</i>	8		3
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	2		2
<i>Hakea minyma</i>	4		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	5		4
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		3

PHOTOS



Site Name: W03
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443449E 6769525N
 Landform Type: Lower/midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam with gravel
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	2		4
<i>Acacia ?incognita</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		10
<i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	1		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	2		5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.3		2
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	1		5

PHOTOS



Site Name: W14
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443679E 6770340N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Loamy clay with ironstone pebbles
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3.5		35
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		1.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: WA2
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 23/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443257E 6769761N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Fire: >5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ?incognita</i>	5		20
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	5		2
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1.5		5
<i>Eremophila ?clarkei</i>	2		0.5
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.4		5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN001
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 371665E 6759317N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5, very disturbed, highly modified, other weed species present but are beyond identification, road verge is 6m wide, occasional *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *loxophleba* on south side

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	6		3
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>			0.1
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		0.5
* <i>Citrullus lanatus</i>	0.2		0.5
* <i>Emex australis</i>			0.3
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	7		2
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	0.3		10
* <i>Lolium ?rigidum</i>	0.2		0.1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		0.01
? <i>Orobanchaceae</i> sp.	0.3		0.1
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.4		4
* <i>Sisymbrium ?orientale</i>	0.3		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN002
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 370766E 6759312N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sand loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		15
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusata</i>	16		10
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.5		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN003
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 370340E 6759300N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	7		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>			0.3
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		10
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.6		0.5
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.5		0.5
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.2		0.3
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		1
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.4		0.1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Poaceae</i> sp.	0.3		0.3
<i>Senna</i> ? <i>glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN004
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 369878E 6759296N
 Landform Type: drainage line/creek line
 Slope Class: gentle/creek is moderate
 Soil Type: coarse river sand
 Soil Colour: red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia rostellifera</i>	3		2
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		8
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.4		6
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusa</i>	14		20
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	10		5
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		3

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN005
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 368699E 6759283N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: loamy sand
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	3		1
<i>Acacia aestivalis</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Austrodanthonia setacea</i>	0.2		2
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		15
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	10		6
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1		0.3
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.4		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN006
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 368290E 6759279N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: clay loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	2		1
<i>Acacia aestivalis</i>	2.5		1
<i>Acacia daphnifolia</i>	2.5		2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	2.5		1
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		15
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.3		1
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.3
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	14		7
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	2.5		1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		2
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i>	0.7		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN007
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 367403E 6758324N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Soil Type: clay loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	7		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		1
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		10
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	3		1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		0.1
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.5
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN008
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 367079E 6757554N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	8		6
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>			0.3
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		15
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	4		0.5
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.4		0.1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN009
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 15/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 367087E 6757155N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle/flat
 Soil Type: clay sand
 Soil Colour: grey/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 6

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		50
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		30
* <i>Carthamus lanatus</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>			
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN010
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 367096E 6756090N
 Landform Type: lowerslope, adjacent to drainage line
 Slope Class: gentle/flat
 Soil Type: loamy clay
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5, east side of the road has *Acacia colletioides* and planted *Eucalyptus camaldulensis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		2
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	4		15
<i>Atriplex ?lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>	0.2		0.5
<i>Austrostipa ?elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.2
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		4
* <i>Avena ?sativa</i>	0.5		0.1
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		1
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>	0.2		0.2
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.4		0.3
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.4		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	14		3
* <i>Lolium ?rigidum</i>	0.4		0.3
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		0.5
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		4
* <i>Pentaschistis airoides</i>	0.1		0.3
* <i>Plantago coronopus</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i>	0.1		0.2
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.3		0.5
* <i>Sisymbrium ?orientale</i>	0.6		0.3
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	0.7		0.2

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN011
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 366499E 6755950N
 Landform Type: lowerslope
 Slope Class: gentle/flat
 Soil Type: loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	3		3
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.3		0.3
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		4
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	14		7
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	0.2		1
* <i>Lolium ?rigidum</i>	0.4		7
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		1
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.2		5
* <i>Phalaris ?minor</i>	0.6		0.3
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.3		0.5
* <i>Sisymbrium ?orientale</i>	0.5		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN012
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 364358E 6755935N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle/moderate
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	5		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	4		2
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>			0.5
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>			
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		15
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.5		10
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.2
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.6		5
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.5		1
* <i>Trifolium glomeratum</i>	0.3		0.3

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN013
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 362837E 6755919N
 Landform Type: drainage line
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: pink
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>	5		15
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		70
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.6		1
* <i>Carthamus lanatus</i>	0.3		0.2
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.3		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusa</i>	16		3
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	0.3		1
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.6		1
* <i>Sisymbrium ?orientale</i>	0.5		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN018
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 373344E 6759364N
 Landform Type: midslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: red
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 6

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Austrodanthonia caespitosa</i>	0.3		5
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		50
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.5		0.5
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	10		7
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	5		5
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5		1
<i>Salsola tragus</i>	0.5		5
* <i>Sisymbrium ?orientale</i>	0.4		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN019
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 16/02/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 357822E 6752637N
 Landform Type: upperslope
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sand
 Soil Colour: grey/yellow
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 6, planted trees spread out over 2kms

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>	6		
<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>	14		
<i>Eucalyptus ?loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	3		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	5		
<i>Eucalyptus ?pluricaulis</i>	3		
<i>Eucalyptus rigidula</i>	5		
<i>Eucalyptus ?rigidula</i>	3		
<i>Eucalyptus ?sargentii</i>	8		
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	6		
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	6		
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.	2		
<i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i>	4		

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN055
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 08/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 373420E 6759717N
 Landform Type: drainage line
 Slope Class: gentle
 Soil Type: sandy loam
 Soil Colour: white
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5, weeds, highly modified

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	7		6
<i>Acacia ericksoniae</i>	0.4		0.2
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		1
<i>Allocasuarina campestris</i>	4		5
? <i>Anthocercis genistoides</i>	1		0.5
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.5		0.2
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.5		25
* <i>Briza maxima</i>	0.4		2
* <i>Bromus diandrus</i>	0.4		15
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	0.4		10
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	8		7
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	2		0.5
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	0.3		15
<i>Juncus radula</i>	0.5		0.3
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>	0.6		0.2
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.4		5
<i>Melaleuca concreta</i>	3		2
<i>Melaleuca coroncarpa</i>	1.5		2
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	0.1		5
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms	0.6		0.3
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.2		0.5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN061
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 361046E 6756032N
 Landform Type: Lowerslope
 Slope Class: Gentle/undulating
 Soil Type: Sandy loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	4		5
<i>Acacia</i> sp.	6		4
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	3		4
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	0.6		0.3
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		50
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.5		1
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. ? <i>loxophleba</i>	8		8
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	5		7
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>	0.4		25
<i>Olearia dampieri</i> ms	1		0.5
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.6		1

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN062
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 360844E 6756033N
 Landform Type: Valley flat next to drainage line
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 4

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		5
* <i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	0.1		20
<i>Cyperus gymnocaulos</i>	0.5		70
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>	0.2		0.1
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.2		0.3
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusata</i>	18		7
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	16		7
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	6		1
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.4		0.5
* <i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i>	0.4		5
<i>Typha orientalis</i>	3		5

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN063
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 360608E 6756032N
 Landform Type: Drainage line
 Slope Class: Gentle/flat
 Soil Type: Clay loam
 Soil Colour: Red/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.4		5
* <i>Carthamus lanatus</i>	0.2		0.1
? <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i>	0.3		2
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	14		12
<i>Hakea preissii</i>	8		4
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>	0.2		15
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.6		2

PHOTOS



Site Name: YAN064b
 Site Type: AREA
 Survey Date: 09/03/2010
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 360394E 6755071N
 Landform Type: Midslope
 Slope Class: Gentle
 Soil Type: Sand
 Soil Colour: Yellow/brown
 Fire: >5
 Comments: Condition: 5, weeds/grazed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia rostellifera</i>	4		6
<i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. <i>lindleyi</i> ms	6		2
* <i>Avena barbata</i>	0.6		15
* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>	0.4		80
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusa</i>	18		45
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>	0.4		1

Vegetation Mapping Notes

Site Name: CGMN01
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 10/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 469301.527E 6772042.054N
 Landform Type: Upper Slope
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: Granite, <2% bedrock exposed

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	469302	6772042	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	6		2
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.1		7
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>			
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	2		12
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>			
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: KMLN14
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476645.22E 6766404.18N
 Comments: Vegetation similar to KML39. Scattered shrubs up to 1.2 m

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476645	6766404	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			

Site Name: KMLN15
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476480.49E 6768012.72N
 Comments: Vegetation similar to KML36

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476480	6768013	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>			

Site Name: KMLN16
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476699.71E 6768135.26N
 Comments: Between KMLN15 and here - Exocarpos aphyllus, Acacia anthochaera

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476700	6768135	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			

Site Name: KMLN17
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 16/08/2020
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474553.2E 6768781.38N
Comments: Shallow sandy clay loam over granite

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	474553	6768781	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: KMLN19
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474197.37E 6768763.63N

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	474197	6768764	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>			
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>			
<i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>			

Site Name: KMLN20
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 16/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474442.2E 6768775.26N
 Comments: Mosaic of KMLN19 and KMLN21. Sandier than KMLN19, still *Acacia latior* but more open, *Acacia tetragonophylla* and *Panaetia lessonii* appears

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	474442	6768775	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>			

Site Name: KMLN21
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 16/08/2020
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 474540.12E 6768803.85N
Rock Outcrop: Granite
Comments: Vegetation similar to KML24, coming up onto granite

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	474540	6768804	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: KMLN2
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476352.81E 6772968.56N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Comments: Flats of *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis* with sparse shrubs and chenopods

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476353	6772969	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			

Site Name: KMLN23
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 18/08/2020
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476361.32E 6772850.25N
Comments: Starts to get rocky, upslope, diverse Acacia thicket

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476361	6772850	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: KMLN24
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476355.07E 6772676.29N
 Comments: Just out of Acacia thicket, steeper rocky upslope, sparse vegetation, mulga/eremophila/acacia

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476355	6772676	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: KMLN25
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/08/2020
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476354.65E 6772642.28N
 Landform Type: Crest
 Comments: Top of crest. Ironstone plus other rocks. Sparse vegetation

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476355	6772642	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia aneura</i>			
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>			
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			

Site Name: KMLN26
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 18/08/2020
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 476356.97E 6773214.76N
Comments: Out of Eucalyptus loxophleba subsp. supralaevis on drainage areas, going upslope,
Acacia thicket

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	476357	6773215	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEDN01
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 17/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395185.9E 6758909.45N
Comments: Unvegetated salt pan, skeletons of Tecticornias, Narrow strip on verge that is similar to MLED04

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEDN02
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 395403.15E 6758883.3N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: (other) - Historical disturbance
 Comments: Lot of bare ground

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>			
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>			
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>			
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>			
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN03
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 372773.16E 6759349.5N
 Landform Type: Low Rise
 Soil Type: Clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 CF Types: Basalt (other)
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD - Completely Degraded
 Comments: Targeted survey not required, Isolated vegetation over agricultural weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN04
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 372964.138E 6759360.499N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD - Completely Degraded
 Comments: Minor drainage line and slopes. Brown clay loam with basalt (?) stones

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN05
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 17/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 373309.34E 6759411.45N
Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD - Completely Degraded
Comments: Similar to MLEDN04 but everything more isolated

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN06
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 373418.85E 6759716N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: YAN55 list is fairly accurate, although did not see *Acacia ericksoniae*, *Allocasuarina campestris* (possible mis-ID of *Melaleuca concreta*), *Anthocercis genistoides*, *Lepidosperma costale*. Confirmed ID of *Enchylaena tomentosa*. *Hakea preissii* is actually *Hakea recurva* subsp. *recurva*. Agricultural weeds dominate the understorey

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>			
<i>Burchardia congesta</i>			
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>			
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>			
* <i>Ehrharta calycina</i>			
* <i>Ehrharta longiflora</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>			
<i>Melaleuca concreta</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			
<i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>			
<i>Thryptomene hyporhytis</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN07
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 17/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 373138.93E 6759359.01N
Comments: Similar to MLEDN03 with *Acacia tetragonophylla*

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEDN08
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 393956.03E 6758333.55N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Disturbance: Weeds, Salinity, (other) - Historical disturbance
 Comments: Very similar structure and composition to MLED01

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>			
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>			
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>			
<i>Maireana amoena</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>			
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>			
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)			
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN09
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 17/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 394215.2E 6758206.86N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Primarily a degraded form of MLED01 vegetation, but with fewer Tecticornias and perennials in general. Transitioning to a higher elevation area which was likely historically equivalent to MLED03 but is now degraded. Same species as MLEDN08 but also with *Atriplex amnicola* and *Rhodanthe chlorocephala* subsp. *splendida*. Planted *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis* and *Melaleuca eleuterostachya*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex amnicola</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN10
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 403758.31E 6771551.75N
 Landform Type: Plain
 Soil Type: Sandy Loam
 Soil Colour: Brown
 CF Types: Laterite
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Historical railway. Significant weed cover and historical disturbance. Not sure if Lateritic gravel is from here or not

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Upper Stratum 1: *Acacia acuminata, Acacia coolgardiensis, Acacia sibina*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
* <i>Avena barbata</i>			
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>			
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>			
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>			
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>			
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>			
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>			
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>			
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN11
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 403998.03E 6771318.96N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay
 Soil Colour: Brown
 Soil Condition: saline
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Saline area that has been ripped and planted with *Casuarina obesa*, numerous agricultural weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>			
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>			
<i>Casuarina obesa</i>			
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>			
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN12
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 18/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 405810.95E 6771243.85N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD - Completely Degraded
 Comments: Possible degraded version of MLED06. Scattered *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis* over agricultural weeds with occasional native annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEDN13
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 422885.05E 6760526.18N
 Soil Type: Clay (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Soil Condition: Saline
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Degraded saline flat; probably once dominated by *Tecticornia* based on vegetation observed further south but now dominated by introduced species

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Lower Stratum 1: **Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum*, **Parapholis incurva*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
* <i>Avena barbata</i>			
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>			
* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>			
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>			
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>			
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>			
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>			
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN14
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431228.43E 6769112.13N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Historically cleared (?revegetation area)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>			
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>			
<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN15
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431248.3E 6769443.99N
 Comments: More or less the same as MLEDN14

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN16
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 430928.52E 6769448.82N
 Comments: More or less the same as MLEDN14 with scattered *Ricinocarpos velutinus*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN17
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431913.46E 6770357.45N
 Landform Type: Flat
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Degraded version of MLED15. Tall open shrubland over agricultural weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>			
* <i>Echium plantagineum</i>			
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>			
* <i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN18
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 19/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 431983.7E 6770349.56N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Equals MLEDN17 but shrubland with some native annuals but still dominated by agricultural weeds (same as MLEDN17)

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>			
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)			
<i>Rhodanthe charsleyae</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN19
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 20/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 433923.42E 6770370.03N
Comments: Equals MLED10

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEDN20
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 401380.11E 6757938.83N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN21
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 401097.34E 6757952.33N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Salt lake inland vegetation similar to MLED05. Isolated Melaleucas over low chenopod shrubland over native herbs and agricultural weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
* <i>Avena barbata</i>			
* <i>Bromus rubens</i>			
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>			
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>			
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>			
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>			
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>			
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>			
* <i>Medicago minima</i>			
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>			
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>			
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>			
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN22
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 21/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400747.05E 6757913.48N
Comments: Equals MLEDN21 but more low lying. Similar to MLED02

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEDN23
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400379.82E 6757933.76N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Similar to MLED16 with occasional *Tecticornia indica* subsp. *bidens*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia eremaea</i>			
<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>			
<i>Melaleuca adnata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN24
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 400177.94E 6757882.68N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Similar to MLED16 with occasional *Eucalyptus loxophleba* subsp. *supralaevis*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN25
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399973.53E 6757866.36N
 Comments: Similar to MLED17, Samphire shrubland in salt pan interspersed with bare areas

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>			
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>			
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>			
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>			
* <i>Parapholis incurva</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>			
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)			
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>			
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)			
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN26
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 21/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399409.99E 6757811.53N

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)			

Site Name: MLEDN27
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 21/09/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399304.34E 6757764.6N
Comments: Same as MLEDN25

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEDN28
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 399062.42E 6757706.38N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Similar to MLED16

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)			
<i>Gnephosis macrocephala</i>			
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN29
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 398142.38E 6757678.45N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Very similar to MLED03 to the south but all outside the Survey Area. Vegetation inside Survey Area is a degraded version of the vegetation outside the Survey Area, many agricultural weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>			
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>			
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>			
<i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i>			
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>			
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>			
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN31
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 435824.46E 6770349.74N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Similar to MLED10, but no *Acacia erinacea*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN32
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 437370.28E 6770180.15N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good
 Comments: Similar to MLED15

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i>			
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>			
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN33
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 21/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 438596.34E 6770271.24N
 Comments: Similar to MLED10

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>			
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>			

Site Name: MLEDN34
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 443097.8E 6769379.24N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Appears to be historically cleared, very similar to MLED21 but no low shrubland here. Similar composition of annuals as MLED21. Structural change

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>			

Site Name: MLEDN35
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440509.82E 6763667.85N
 Comments: No perennial vegetation, only agricultural weed. Some annuals

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN36
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 439890.15E 6763067.71N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - D - Degraded
 Comments: Regrowth on pipeline. Tall open shrubland over mid sparse shrubland with some native annuals and weeds

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>			
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>			
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>			
* <i>Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)			
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>			
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>			
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>			
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEDN37
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 22/09/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 440416.94E 6763461.49N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - CD - Completely Degraded
 Comments: Occasional regrown *Acacia acuminata* over agricultural weeds and some natives

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>			
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEJN01
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 25/08/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 475139.0587E 6772928.317N
Comments: No Acacia karinae in vicinity

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEKN01
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 11/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 464400.32E 6770446.81N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Comments: Transitional vegetation - mostly same as MLEK19, but has less acacia/overstorey.
 Transitioning to sandplain vegetation

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	464400	6770447	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEKN02
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 12/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 463825.2E 6770333.09N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - VG - Very Good

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	463825	6770333	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			

Site Name: MLEKN03
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 12/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 462767.58E 6771030.18N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - G - Good
 Comments: Previous gravel pit, has been rehabilitated

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	462768	6771030	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>			
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>			
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i>			
<i>Androcalva luteiflora</i>			
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>			
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>			
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>			
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>			
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)			
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>			
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>			
<i>Myriocephalus gueriniae</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>			

Site Name: MLEMN01
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 25/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 448276.27E 6771278.72N
 Vegetation Condition: Combined Vegetation Condition - E - Excellent
 Comments: Start of change from Acacia scrubland to more wet vegetation, with paperbarks to west

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	448276	6771279	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEMN02
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447380E 6771252.62N
 Comments: Salt lake with standing water. No vegetation apparent

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	447380	6771253	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEMN03
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 26/08/2024
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 447513.98E 6771262.83N
 Comments: Similar to MLEM18

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	447514	6771263	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>			
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>			
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>			
<i>Sarcozona praecox</i>			
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>			
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>			

Site Name: MLEMN04
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 27/08/2024
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 442554.08E 6770168.91N
Comments: Same as MLEM28

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	442554	6770169	
Corner 2			
Corner 3			
Corner 4			

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEN-001
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 06/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495642.996E 6779218.032N
Comments: Vegetation change

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEN-002
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490148.5329E 6778901.301N

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Maireana carnososa</i>			
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-003
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 03/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 489957.3779E 6777882.387N
Comments: Old 'rehab' track between GIND-23 and GIND-25

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEN-004
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 03/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490006.7127E 6777978.267N
Landform Type: Drainage Line
Comments: Looked for *Rhodanthe collina* (P3) in this location (drainage line and surrounds, rocky). Evidence of dead daisies but nothing that can be IDed. Only one plant spreading from base (dead)

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEN-005
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 03/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 488715.3372E 6777847.328N

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia incognita</i>			
<i>Maireana carnos</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEN-006
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490587.0028E 6779270.391N

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEN-007
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490173.343E 6779466.702N

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia caesaneura</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEN-008
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490046.3363E 6779398.897N
 Comments: Slight change in soil from MLEN-007; more ironstone here. Occasional *Aluta aspera* subsp. *hesperia* and *Grevillea obliquistigma* subsp. *obliquistigma* but otherwise the same vegetation as MLEN-007

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-009
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 04/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490032.78E 6779323.77N
 Comments: Eucalyptus kochii subsp. amaryssia and Melaleuca leiocarpa with species from MLER-002, but slightly stonier. Heads slightly upslope to the south, where it is dominated by Acacia latior

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			

PHOTOS





Site Name: MLEN-010
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 04/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 490130.3255E 6779256.711N
Landform Type: Plain
Comments: East of MLEN-009. Vegetation becomes more open. Dominated by *Grevillea obliquistigma* subsp. *obliquistigma*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-011
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492437.78E 6778993.34N
 Slope Class: Very Gently Inclined (1°)
 Aspect: SW
 Soil Type: Silty Loam (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 CF Abundance: 0%
 Comments: Similar vegetation to MLER-005. Acacia thicket with Eucalyptus kochii subsp. amaryssia, and scattered patches that are more open

DOMINANT TAXA IN VEGETATION STRATA

Mid Stratum 1: *Acacia latior*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		30
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	1		10
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	3		2
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)			
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	1		0.1
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>			
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>	0.7		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEN-012
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 05/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492368.9383E 6778930.694N
Comments: Same community as MLEN-011 with a few extra species

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-013
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492204.9653E 6778847.71N
 Soil Type: Sandy Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: Vegetation change to *Melaleuca hamata* over *Acacia latior*, then *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia* over *Acacia latior* with *Melaleuca leiocarpa*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>			
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-014
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 05/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492130.1204E 6778749.828N
Comments: Change to Eucalyptus woodland to southwest

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEN-015
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 05/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492214.79E 6778700.92N
Comments: Change from Eucalyptus woodland in southwest to Acacia thicket with Eucalyptus kochii subsp. amaryssia in northeast

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEN-016
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492310.8417E 6778808.006N
 Soil Type: Sandy Silt (other)
 Soil Colour: Red
 Comments: Pockets of *Hysterobaeckea setifera* subsp. *setifera* heath with *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia*

SITE POINTS

Label	Easting	Northing	Comments
Corner 1	488112	6778294	
Corner 2	488132	6778304	
Corner 3	488136	6778281	
Corner 4	488118	6778279	

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-017
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 05/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492318.6956E 6778847.454N
Comments: Vegetation change to Acacia scrub to north

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-018
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 05/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492567.1287E 6779061.339N
 Comments: Heading upslope to north and the road. Vegetation change from MLEQ-008 vegetation back to *Acacia latior* dominated scrub community, with *Eucalyptus kochii* subsp. *amaryssia*, *Hysterobaeckea setifera* subsp. *setifera* and *Acacia sibina*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia latior</i>			
<i>Acacia sibina</i>			
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>			
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>			

Site Name: MLEN-019
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 05/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 492991.9447E 6778984.827N
Comments: Vegetation becoming more open to south. Was *Acacia latior* and *Hysterobaeckea setifera* subsp. *setifera* in the north, but heading downslope it transitions with *Melaleuca leiocarpa* coming in. *Hysterobaeckea setifera* subsp. *setifera* only in small-ish patches. None in the vicinity of MLEQ-009

SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLEN-020
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495604.784E 6779410.355N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 Rock Outcrop: Dolerite, 10-20% bedrock exposed

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>	1		0.1
<i>Acacia incognita</i>	3		5
<i>Acacia latior</i>	3		10
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	2		3
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.3		1
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>	0.5		0.1
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>			

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEN-021
 Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
 Survey Date: 06/10/2023
 GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 495083.4838E 6779418.674N
 Aspect: N
 Soil Type: Clay Loam
 Soil Colour: Red-Brown
 CF Abundance: 50-90%
 CF Sizes: 2-6mm
 CF Types: Ironstone
 Comments: Drainage area

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	1.5		0.5
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>			
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>	0.05		0.1
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>	1		15
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>			
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	0.3		0.1

PHOTOS



Site Name: MLEN-022
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 06/10/2023
GPS Location: GDA94 Zone 50 494993.276E 6779457.634N
Comments: Change in vegetation type from drainage area going uphill to west

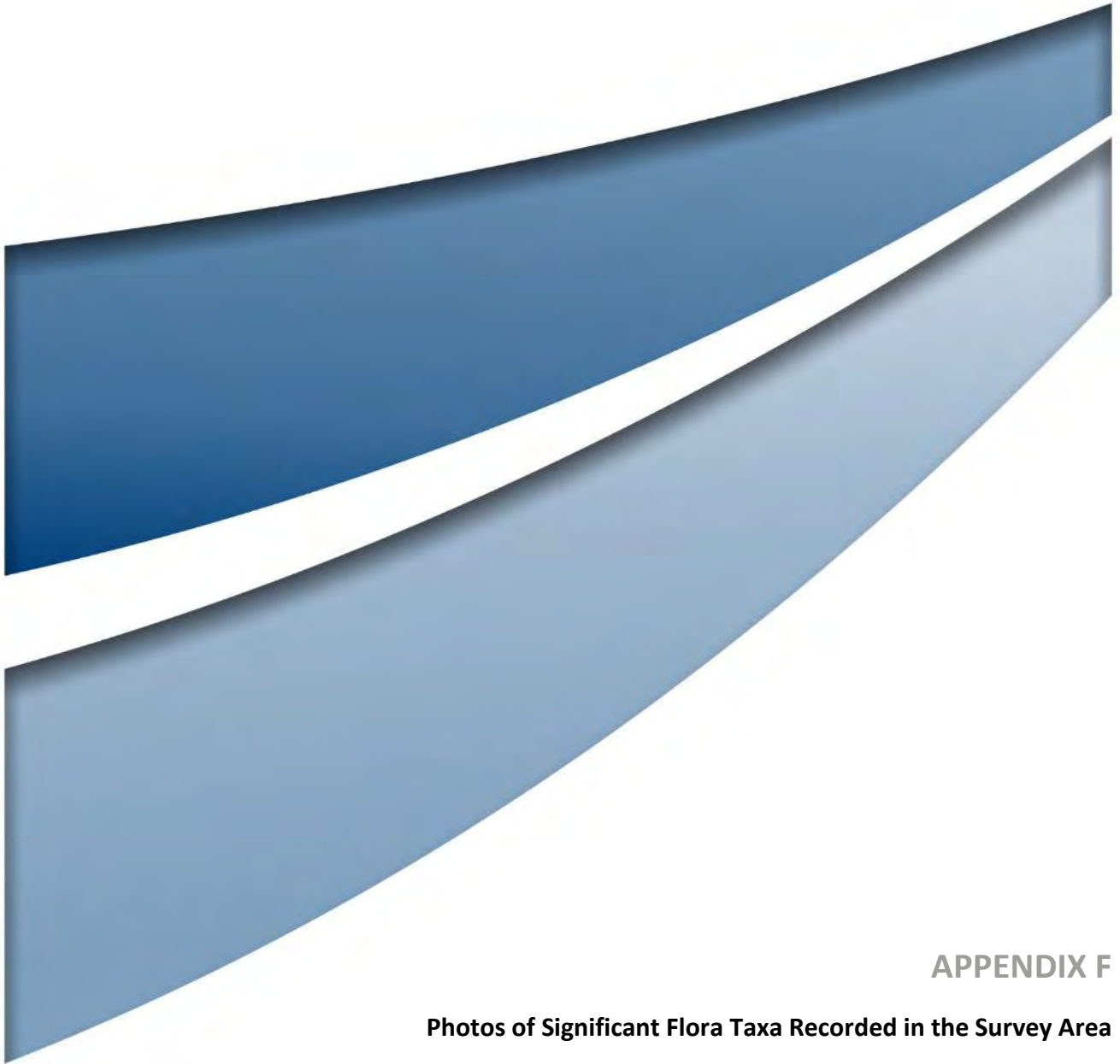
SPECIES LIST

No species recorded.

Site Name: MLETN01
Site Type: MAPPING_NOTE
Survey Date: 23/08/2024
GPS Location: GDA2020 Zone 50 478717.9928E 6774049.918N
Comments: Disturbed laterite gravelly area dominated by *Allocasuarina acutivalvis* subsp. *prinsepiana*

SPECIES LIST

Taxon Name	Avg. Height	Count Alive	Cover Alive
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>			



APPENDIX F

Photos of Significant Flora Taxa Recorded in the Survey Area

Acacia karinae (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt

***Acacia woodmaniorum* (T)**



Photo source: Umwelt (main); B.R. Maslin (inset)

Allocasuarina tessellata (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt

***Baeckea* sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)**



Photo source: Umwelt photo of WA Herbarium specimen

***Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)**



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

Crassula sp. nov (PU)



Photo source: WA Herbarium (scan of Umwelt specimen collected in the Survey Area in 2020)

Drummondita fulva (P3)



Photo source: S. Dillon from Meissner and Markey (2007)

Epitriche demissus (P2)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

Eucalyptus synandra (T)



Photo source: Euclid (CANBR, 2020)

***Fitzwillia axilliflora* (P2)**



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Gnephosis setifera* (P1)**



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Grevillea globosa* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

***Grevillea granulosa* (P3)**



Photo source: G. Byrne

***Grevillea scabrida* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

Grevillea subtiliflora (P3)



Photo source: M. Fagg (2018)

Gunniopsis divisa (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt

Hemigenia sp. aff. *botryphylla* (PU)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Hibbertia cockertoniana* (P3)**



Photo source: G. Cockerton from Thiele and Cockerton (2015)

***Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)**



Photo source: Umwelt

Melaleuca barlowii (P3)



Photo source: M. Fagg (2014)

Menkea draboides (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Micromyrtus acuta* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt (main); B. L. Rye from Rye (2006) (inset)

***Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

***Millotia dimorpha* (P1)**



Photo source: Umwelt

Nicotiana salina (P1)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

***Petrophile pauciflora* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt (main); G. Byrne (inset)

Pityrodia viscida (P4)



Photo source: G. Byrne

Podotheca uniseta (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

***Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)**



Photo source: Umwelt

***Rhodanthe collina* (P3)**

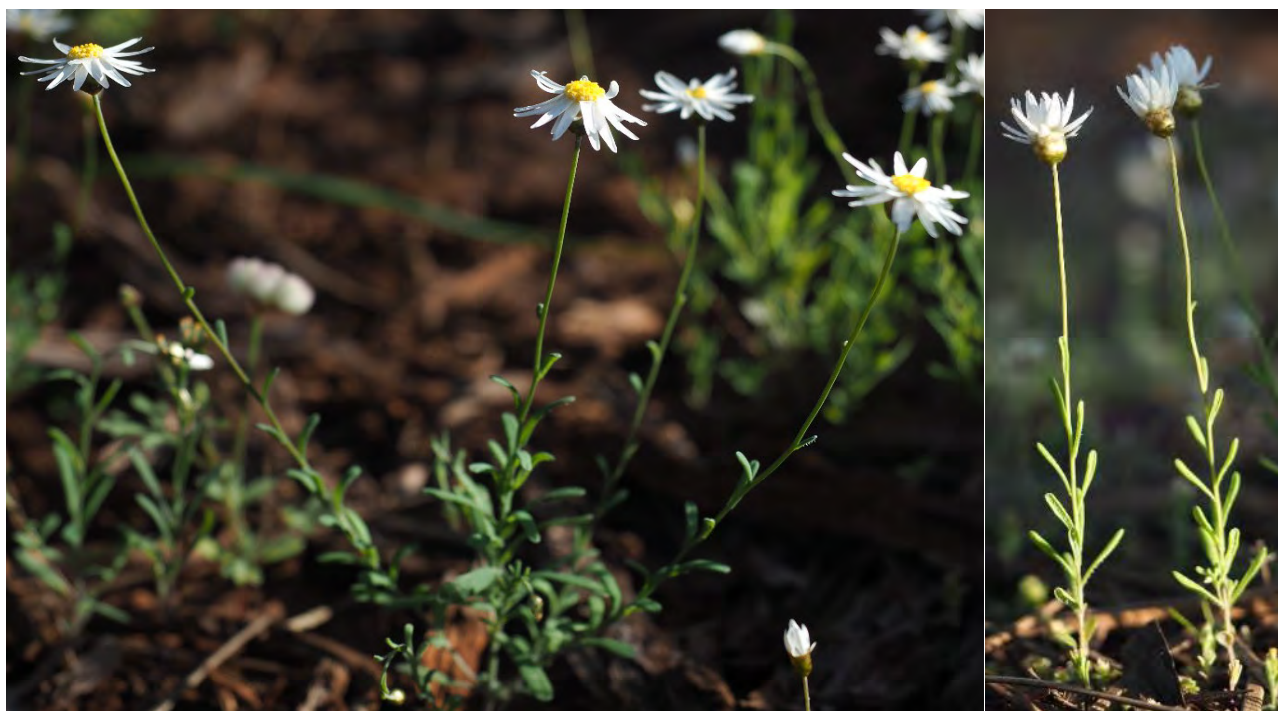


Photo source: Umwelt

***Roebuckiella halophila* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

Seringia exastia (EPBC: CR)



Photo source: G. Byrne

***Stenanthemum poecilum* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt

Stylidium scintillans (T)



Photo source: Umwelt

***Swainsona picta* (P1)**



Photo source: J. Hruban (2020)

***Tecticornia fimbriata* (P3)**



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

Tecticornia sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

Tecticornia sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

Tricoryne soullierae (P3)



Photo source: Umwelt (scanned specimen)

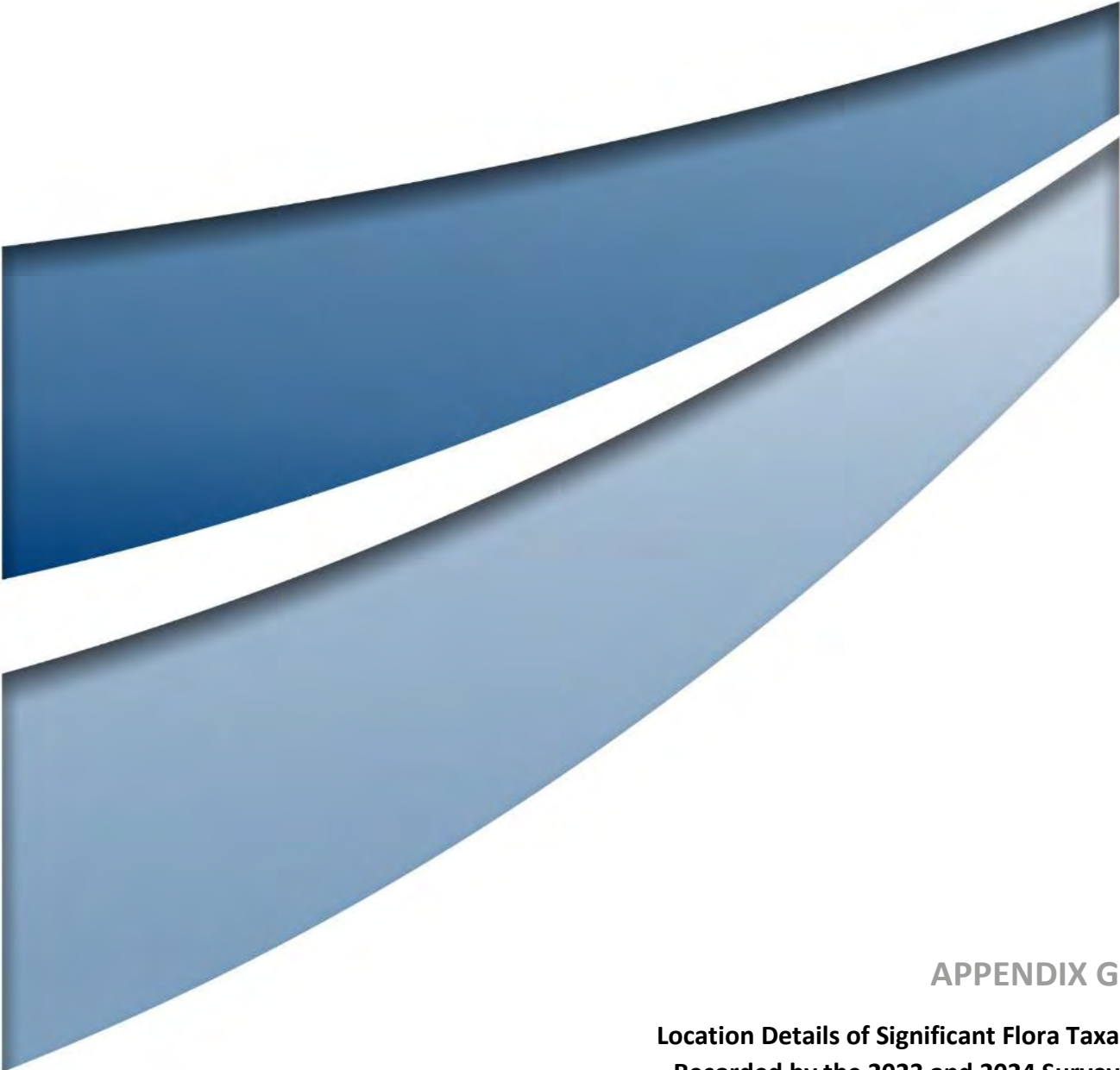
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APPENDIX G

**Location Details of Significant Flora Taxa
Recorded by the 2023 and 2024 Survey**

**GOVERNMENT AGENCY REFERENCE ONLY
NOT FOR PUBLIC DISSEMINATION
CONTAINS LOCATIONS OF SIGNIFICANT FLORA TAXA**

All locations are in GDA2020 Zone 50.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	473174	6771743		1	Just outside quadrat MLEC08
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476893	6767127		1	Red-brown clay loam flat beneath <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , <i>Acacia obtecta</i> , <i>Alyxia buxifolia</i> , and small dense patch of <i>Callitris columellaris</i>
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476741	6767306		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477661	6774759		4	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477671	6774571		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477565	6774626		20	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477577	6774589		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477464	6774658		5	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477465	6774631		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477465	6774597		4	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477467	6774564		8	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477473	6774537		15	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477467	6774474		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477563	6774535		8	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477506	6774566		40	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477540	6774525		4	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477569	6774505		6	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477572	6774442		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477469	6774375		5	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	478662	6768081		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475486	6766971		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475103	6766448		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475106	6766327		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476749	6766187		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476732	6766352		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476642	6766158		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476777	6773558		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476682	6773613		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476519	6773462		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476507	6773439		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476180	6773393		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476620	6773490		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476623	6773453		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476766	6773469		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476570	6773482		12	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476572	6773544		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476524	6773477		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476722	6773502		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475822	6773100		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475818	6773132		4	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475828	6773184		7	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475816	6773209		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475831	6773244		5	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475868	6772974		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475863	6773099		15	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475873	6773233		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475722	6773079		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476067	6773142		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475911	6772940		12	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475920	6772987		25	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475922	6773038		30	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475921	6773088		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475918	6773168		15	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475923	6773212		20	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475916	6773238		15	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476016	6773207		25	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476016	6773174		30	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475771	6773148		15	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475769	6773054		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	477465	6768088		1	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476180	6773190		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476169	6773287		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475955	6773368		2	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476027	6773237		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476071	6773255		5	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476083	6773293		10	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476119	6773306		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	476023	6773285		3	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475965	6773027		6	
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3	475972	6773068		3	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475082	6767950		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477670	6774741		15	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477677	6774806		12	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477923	6774731		10	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477718	6774761		4	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477815	6774783		11	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477620	6774756		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477974	6774803		3	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477965	6774787		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477966	6774723		6	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477766	6774834		8	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477557	6774796		30	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477575	6774789		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477568	6774766		8	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477565	6774626		8	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477577	6774589		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477961	6774635		5	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477467	6774564		2	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477471	6774504		25	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477523	6774550		13	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477518	6774490		30	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477517	6774446		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477570	6774563		50	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477563	6774535		15	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477540	6774525		15	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477567	6774475		15	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	477816	6774109		2	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	479075	6774907		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	474220	6772036		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	478877	6774258		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475143	6766222		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475130	6767067		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475950	6766217		11	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475791	6767651		1	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3	475624	6773177		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	471614	6766753	KIOP 226		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	471710	6766580	MLEC01		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	483748	6772417	MLEC06		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	483739	6772142	MLEC07		

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474201	6770823		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475087	6766131		2	Outside SA
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476172	6773471		1	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476720	6773177		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476514	6773074		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	472377	6767599	MLEC02		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	463028	6771869	MLEC16		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	463622	6770396	MLEC18		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	456322	6771936	MLEM03		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	454780	6771989	MLEM05		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	453848	6772145	MLEM07		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	453148	6772184	MLEM08		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	434391	6770379	MLED14		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	473164	6771733	MLEC08		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475217	6773664		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475150	6773669		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478312	6775521		5	Outside SA
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478327	6775525		1	Outside SA
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478350	6775516		5	Outside SA
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478214	6775519		5	Just outside SA
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	454316	6772119	MLEM06		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	453517	6771970	MLEM09		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	455560	6769265	MLEM11		

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	479645	6772993		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476287	6766663		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476040	6766481		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475639	6767864		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475635	6767876		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475078	6767879		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474227	6770466		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474376	6770204		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474274	6770285		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474318	6770144		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474315	6770320		10	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474313	6770417		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474463	6770530		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474464	6770442		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474472	6770399		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474668	6770196		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474658	6770393		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474501	6770492		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474476	6770125		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474471	6770034		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474474	6770019		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474550	6769991		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474621	6770375		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474648	6770399		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474612	6770425		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474270	6770600		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478073	6775373		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478070	6775058		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477921	6775265		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477907	6775085		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477923	6774809		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478016	6774926		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478126	6775291		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478117	6775233		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478120	6775115		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478180	6775469		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478080	6774870		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478072	6774972		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478068	6775057		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478078	6775129		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478074	6775169		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477974	6775294		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477974	6774803		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477965	6774787		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477557	6774796		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477575	6774789		3	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477568	6774766		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477868	6774842		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477565	6774626		6	?Greenstone/dolerite
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477577	6774589		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477757	6774327		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477719	6774338		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477817	6774353		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477626	6774327		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478074	6774451		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477973	6774418		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477972	6774399		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477570	6774563		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477506	6774566		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477569	6774505		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477572	6774442		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477571	6774400		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477574	6774342		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477572	6774308		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478120	6773848		2	<i>Acacia-Aluta</i> upland
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478069	6773768		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478061	6773933		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477969	6773897		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477819	6774214		10	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477769	6774144		1	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477516	6774203		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477574	6774272		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478222	6775346		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478219	6775238		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478230	6775173		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478276	6775499		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478283	6775477		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478282	6775464		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478269	6775460		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478247	6775457		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478276	6775392		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478274	6775199		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478272	6775186		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478267	6775112		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478320	6775172		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478318	6775449		1	<i>Acacia-Allocasuarina</i> shrubs over <i>Styphelia</i> , <i>Austrostipa</i> , annuals on stony plain (quartz, ironstone), red-brown clay loam. Co-occurs with more <i>Caesia</i> spp.
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478317	6775450		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478312	6775449		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478310	6775453		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478308	6775436		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478291	6775426		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478304	6775424		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478320	6775441		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478333	6775447		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478315	6775460		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478320	6775481		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478315	6775477		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478318	6775496		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478315	6775498		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478320	6775512		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478344	6775514		1	Just in/on SA boundary
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478352	6775503		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478331	6775501		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478172	6775209		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478180	6775177		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478018	6774598		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478121	6774631		2	Low stony rise (quartz/ironstone)
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478127	6774618		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478062	6774548		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478067	6774604		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478268	6774324		25	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478083	6774144		15	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478032	6774160		10	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478017	6773958		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478076	6773979		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478068	6774026		16	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478073	6774069		13	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478061	6774164		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478073	6774210		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	478069	6774258		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474372	6770784		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474326	6770760		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474321	6770991		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474145	6771036		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474171	6770999		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474223	6771029		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474217	6771063		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474664	6770859		3	Flowers white, purple-red outside
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474618	6770876		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474125	6772068		2	Granite area
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474473	6772452		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474519	6772458		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474517	6772416		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474372	6772003		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474667	6772191		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474591	6772415	MLEC05		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477973	6773851		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	477975	6773791		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475639	6767464		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475845	6767304		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475843	6767225		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475445	6766637		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475440	6766257		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475441	6766188		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475500	6766441		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475496	6766184		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475499	6766151		10	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475389	6766354		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475543	6767236		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475537	6767212		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475034	6766233		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475243	6766314		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475242	6766890		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475237	6767087		1	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475439	6767077		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475642	6767227		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475843	6767182		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475841	6767168		2	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475086	6766678		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475103	6766490		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475098	6766349		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475088	6766229		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475294	6766169		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475297	6766233		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475495	6766872		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475945	6767133		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475914	6767165		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475389	6767266		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475845	6766602		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476089	6766892		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475940	6766271		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475839	6766543		3	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475845	6766477		3	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475840	6766231		5	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476033	6766237		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476335	6766302		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476345	6766315		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476333	6766385		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476351	6766433		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476294	6766429		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476306	6766202		10	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476395	6766367		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476383	6766423		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476399	6766522		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476351	6766501		8	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476399	6766495		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476414	6766499		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476389	6766516		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476140	6766757		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475845	6766221		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475440	6767561		1	White flowers
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476724	6773232		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476624	6773539		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476621	6773483		11	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476687	6773445		6	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476564	6773448		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476572	6773544		2	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476823	6773414		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476763	6773525		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476820	6773031		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476861	6773200		7	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476627	6773004		30	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476775	6773029		5	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	476769	6773014		8	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475273	6773515	MLEC03		
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475169	6773619		10	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475264	6773660		10	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474471	6772852		3	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474516	6772624		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474662	6772575		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474321	6772796		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	474364	6772625		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475537	6767809		4	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475438	6767450		1	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1	475919	6773320		1	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	476160	6773490		10	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487642	6777982		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487578	6777925		1,000	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487699	6778047		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487678	6778035		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487852	6778130		2,000	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487800	6778109		600	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487784	6778108		400	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487750	6778079		400	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	487825	6778108		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479939	6774404		200	Just inside SA
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479672	6774224		500	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479822	6774356		300	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479823	6774342		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479816	6774274		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479818	6774138		150	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479821	6774104		5	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479632	6774286		50	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	478461	6775449		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	478065	6774778		100	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	477572	6774308		500	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479874	6774474		1	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479470	6774014		10	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479229	6773876		10	Scattered plants also up the slope
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479441	6774046		200	Co-occurs with <i>Calotis hispidula</i>
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479219	6773826		500	Laterised ironstone outcrop; below edge of cap on top of the hill, NW side, continues downslope
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479223	6773846		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	478868	6773515		300	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	478626	6773369		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	476277	6773499		20	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	475916	6772345		200	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	475526	6773202		1,000	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	475927	6772549		500	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	475921	6772509		500	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	476327	6773340		20	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	475778	6772721		50	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3	479928	6773857		150	Just inside SA; on BIF scree
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492439	6778995	MLEN-011		
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492556	6778974	MLEQ-008		
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	489863	6777476	GIND-23		
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	494785	6779433		4	Red-brown clay loam simple slope 3 degrees with <10 % ironstone gravel
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492716	6779093		20	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492676	6779113		10	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492648	6779123		5	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492874	6779137		6	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492839	6779140		40	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	492823	6779133		6	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487491	6778726		3	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487298	6778557		1	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487153	6778301		3	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487169	6778334		6	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487185	6778371		11	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487214	6778428		1	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487239	6778491		3	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487260	6778552		1	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3	487067	6778105		11	
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	399717	6757844			
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	399411	6757813	MLEDN26		
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	399063	6757708	MLEDN28		
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2	398828	6757726	MLED17		
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i>	P2	398828	6757726	MLED17		
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1	446876	6771103	MLEM23		
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1	399411	6757813			
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475645	6766132		1	Outside SA
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	496050	6779417		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492383	6779205		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492499	6779237		9	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492482	6779247		5	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492553	6779221		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492542	6779219		8	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492525	6779232		16	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	492452	6779238		6	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	493043	6779145		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477285	6766798		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477245	6766714		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477252	6766673		5	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477245	6766613		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477468	6775301		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477774	6775371		5	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477568	6775318		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477587	6775312		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	478370	6774059		1	Acacia shrubland
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	479164	6774751		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	478771	6774481		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477476	6775116		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477526	6775066		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475583	6766681		4	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475580	6766670		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475545	6766691		3	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475554	6766669		4	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475543	6766372		8	Additional to historical records
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475538	6766351		9	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475542	6766313		5	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475738	6766715		3	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475634	6766198		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	475645	6766663		6	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	476735	6766155		2	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	476727	6766167		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	476795	6766165		3	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477294	6766199		1	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3	477245	6766187		1	
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	432542	6770347	MLED11		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	464605	6771649	MLEC14		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	467233	6770541	MLEK14		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	466735	6771616	MLEK15		

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	462913	6770366	MLEC19		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	463622	6770396	MLEC18		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	464765	6770402	MLEK19		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	466095	6770469	MLEK17		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	456322	6771936	MLEM03		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	455787	6771895	MLEM04		
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3	462769	6771032	MLEKN03		
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477667	6774076		30	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477240	6773385		1	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477871	6774802		2	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	478069	6774868		7	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477924	6774831		8	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477721	6774797		6	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477717	6774854		1	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477711	6774905		6	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477974	6774803		8	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477996	6774782		18	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477966	6774723		3	Known location
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477776	6774882		1	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477769	6774921		9	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477575	6774816		10	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477575	6774789		5	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477560	6774702		2	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477572	6775068		1	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477665	6774638		10	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477909	6774697		5	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477717	6774634		3	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477624	6774589		4	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477771	6774578		5	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477770	6774669		18	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477770	6774719		7	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477565	6774626		4	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477577	6774589		20	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477765	6774421		3	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477465	6774597		20	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477471	6774504		10	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477467	6774474		2	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477928	6774220		3	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477711	6774345		5	
<i>Grevillea scabrada</i>	P3	477720	6774516		2	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477632	6774480		6	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477632	6774480		5	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477770	6774239		14	Known location
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477768	6774311		23	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477570	6774563		12	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477563	6774535		28	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477506	6774566		10	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477540	6774525		8	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477569	6774505		60	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477567	6774475		27	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477768	6774094		7	Known location
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477769	6774144		20	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477770	6774206		17	Known location
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477478	6774230		4	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477574	6774272		1	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477581	6774231		12	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	477579	6774160		3	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	478062	6774548		12	
<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3	478067	6774604		2	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	400545	6757918	MLED16		
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	398828	6757726	MLED17		
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	478062	6775525		2	Just outside SA
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477981	6775519		3	Outside SA
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477627	6775522		25	Outside SA
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477583	6775519		15	Outside SA
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	395478	6758834	MLED05		
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477472	6775452		1	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	478065	6775501		1	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	478084	6775509		3	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477978	6775509		1	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	477562	6775500		6	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	478015	6775074		1	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479255	6773875		3	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479231	6773879		2	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479253	6773904		50	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479271	6773929		200	Known location
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479310	6773911		15	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479323	6773878		100	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479271	6773910		30	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479261	6773902		30	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479281	6773882		30	Ironstone over calcrete, no <i>Gunniopsis propinqua</i> here
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	479295	6773864		100	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	474545	6770886		1	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	475741	6772413		30	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3	476020	6770586		1	
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i>	PU	445829	6770830	MLEM16		
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i>	PU	445939	6770844	MLEM17		
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476306	6773526		1	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476720	6773177		300	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	454316	6772119	MLEM06		
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	453517	6771970	MLEM09		
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476433	6773375		50	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476620	6773329		3	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476263	6773462		12	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1	476569	6773364		23	
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3	445939	6770844	MLEM17		
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3	469686	6764316	MLEK12		
<i>Nicotiana salina</i>	P1	400545	6757918	MLED16		
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480182	6775096		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480389	6775013		2	Just outside SA
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478200	6767981		1	Outside SA
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477722	6767977		1	Outside SA
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477655	6767981		4	Outside SA
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478951	6768058		1	Outside SA
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477680	6775514		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	496098	6779489		3	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480623	6774535		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480821	6774686		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479523	6774186		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476693	6767985		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476743	6766635		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476756	6767119		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476724	6767485		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476744	6767794		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476142	6767631		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477157	6768064		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476841	6766651		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479328	6775305		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480278	6774897		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480283	6774891		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480272	6774756		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480070	6774998		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480070	6775095		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479864	6774792		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479663	6775282		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479466	6775120		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479269	6775173		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480211	6775065		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480016	6775071		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480016	6775118		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479427	6775139		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479958	6774940		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480478	6774874		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	480607	6774899		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479314	6774957		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479478	6774732		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479270	6774705		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478669	6775367		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479830	6774698		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479430	6775039		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479223	6775058		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479028	6775012		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478623	6775212		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477661	6775506		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478122	6775434		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478151	6775419		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477777	6775152		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478128	6775263		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478119	6775251		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478206	6775484		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478177	6775287		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478156	6774940		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477969	6775233		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477981	6774913		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477967	6774288		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478325	6774213		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477579	6774160		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478271	6775377		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478278	6774889		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478320	6775220		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478318	6775449		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478361	6775174		1	20 m from 2020 records
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478615	6775325		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478218	6774692		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478458	6774953		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478268	6774784		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478350	6774451		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478343	6774763		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478065	6774576		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478871	6774451		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479670	6774430		1	Additional to historical record
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	479467	6774431		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478989	6774305		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478363	6774343		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478367	6774355		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478724	6773575		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476150	6770394		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	475696	6770685		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478897	6768080		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478889	6768038		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478854	6768034		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478814	6768035		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478612	6768082		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478662	6768081		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476346	6767384		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	476296	6766236		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	474666	6772517		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478614	6767996		1	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478456	6768138		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478303	6768030		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478288	6768032		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478271	6768034		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478251	6768030		2	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	477659	6768023		1	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3	478382	6774185		1	
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i>	P3	400545	6757918	MLED16		
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	491048	6779368		4	0.8 m, pale orange-brown clay loam
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	490720	6779376		2	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	487605	6778760		1	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1	476794	6766445		1	Known location (2020); 1.3m
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478568	6771361		50	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478562	6771380		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477240	6773385		2	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478819	6773429		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478621	6770633		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476123	6773453		20,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476260	6773509		15,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476308	6772600		60,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476064	6772391		50,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475538	6773255		50,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475521	6773231		20,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475414	6773208		15,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478639	6771315		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477122	6773264		50	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476100	6772416		10,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476027	6766107		20,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476034	6766127		10,000	Outside SA
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	487421	6778687		120,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	487469	6778709		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	487540	6778749		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	487325	6778590		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	487343	6778623		20,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479729	6774294		1	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479925	6774087		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479595	6772811		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478659	6771401		50	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478647	6771399		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478621	6771392		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476688	6766981		1	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476944	6766676		1	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476144	6766263		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476138	6766324		3,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476157	6766398		2	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476137	6766500		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476040	6766481		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476058	6766495		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476093	6766453		100	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476093	6766469		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476100	6766488		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477874	6775110		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477868	6775067		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477471	6774769		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477933	6775218		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477925	6775191		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477922	6775179		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477718	6774761		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477522	6774781		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478023	6774707		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478123	6775063		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478124	6775040		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478065	6774778		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478072	6774808		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478075	6774840		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478080	6774870		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477965	6774611		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477967	6774580		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477568	6774766		13,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477560	6774702		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477868	6774842		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477911	6774954		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477515	6774815		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477909	6774517		30,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477900	6774502		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477910	6774420		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477961	6774635		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477465	6774631		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477470	6774454		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477899	6774405		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477902	6774383		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477889	6774324		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477911	6774298		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477928	6774220		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477925	6774167		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477926	6773996		300	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477711	6774345		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477720	6774516		600	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477522	6774468		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477517	6774446		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477530	6774427		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477516	6774297		3	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478025	6774309		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477626	6774383		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477973	6774418		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477972	6774399		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477967	6774288		40,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477975	6774237		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477770	6774239		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477767	6774279		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477569	6774505		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477567	6774475		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477572	6774442		500,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477571	6774400		500,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477574	6774342		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477572	6774308		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477977	6774160		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477721	6774201		300	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477781	6774054		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477769	6774144		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477770	6774206		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477574	6774272		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478067	6774604		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478061	6774164		5,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478073	6774210		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478069	6774258		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477976	6774195		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	477914	6773916		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479441	6774046		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479414	6774043		100,000	All over 20 x 20 m patch
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479674	6773469		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478821	6773472		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478823	6773515		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479160	6773786		1,000	Rocky substrate
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478868	6773515		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478867	6773685		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478772	6773435		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478771	6773821		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478472	6770603		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478573	6770762		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478674	6771230		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478617	6770818		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478617	6770887		5	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478696	6771209		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478716	6770653		20	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478768	6770970		50	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	474218	6772360		1	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475749	6766245		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475746	6766263		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475745	6766312		12,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475736	6766411		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475732	6766449		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475749	6766498		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475946	6766583		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475922	6766555		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475930	6766204		16,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475839	6766543		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475839	6766533		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475841	6766517		7,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475842	6766462		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475849	6766444		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475839	6766425		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475833	6766244		2,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475840	6766231		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476055	6766192		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476044	6766206		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475899	6766564		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475887	6766374		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476186	6766421		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476350	6766382		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476333	6766385		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476354	6766446		12,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476142	6766237		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476242	6766216		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476294	6766429		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476306	6766202		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476395	6766367		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476386	6766383		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476398	6766380		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476043	6766148		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476042	6766165		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476091	6766155		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476098	6766173		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476103	6766193		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476399	6766495		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476414	6766499		40	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475747	6766228		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475845	6766221		6,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476013	6773400		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476228	6773458		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476185	6773371		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476168	6773402		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476116	6773345		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476116	6773411		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476322	6773479		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476059	6773367		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476067	6773397		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476283	6773498		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476278	6773466		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476283	6773436		50	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476022	6772385		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476023	6772435		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476005	6772465		50,000	

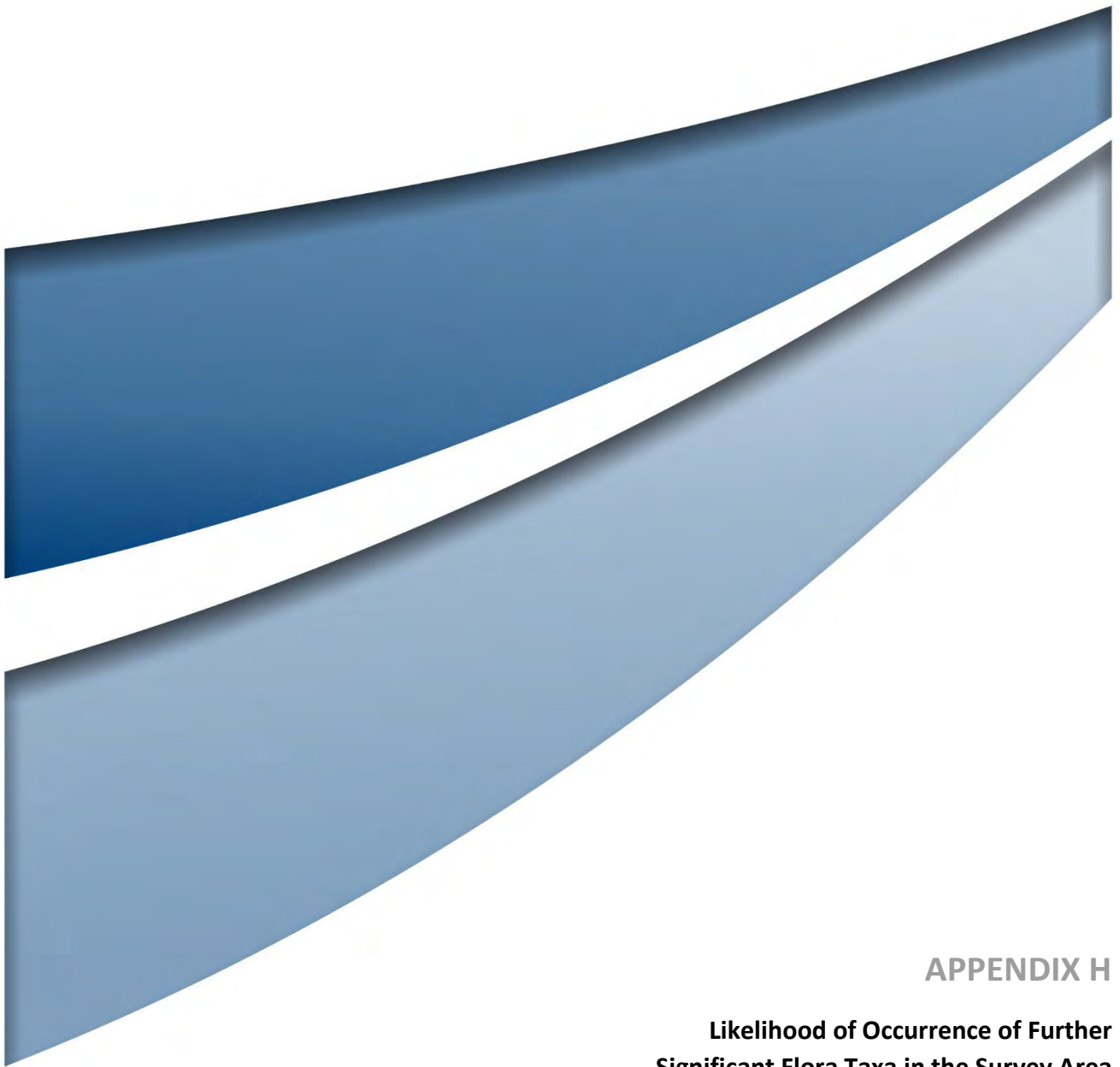
Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476219	6772687		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475979	6772459		40,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475972	6772406		40,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476169	6772507		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476173	6772626		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476184	6772667		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476180	6772715		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476370	6772830		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476360	6772812		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476369	6772775		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476377	6772747		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476373	6772726		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476415	6772707		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476466	6772769		100	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476468	6772777		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476473	6772802		300,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476472	6772879		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476477	6772912		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476515	6772784		60,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476518	6772883		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476118	6772520		3,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476120	6772656		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476321	6772776		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476311	6772723		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476058	6772404		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476063	6772503		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476264	6772724		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476271	6772679		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476558	6772818		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475630	6772790		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475566	6773237		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475573	6773188		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475558	6773093		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475770	6772618		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475536	6773211		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475526	6773202		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475527	6773184		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475524	6772979		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475717	6772431		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475721	6772707		1,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476118	6772851		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476113	6772878		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476329	6773238		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475687	6772364		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475673	6772702		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475674	6772721		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476059	6772729		10	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476473	6772950		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476123	6772695		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475274	6772963		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475422	6773012		500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475616	6772656		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475611	6772698		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475618	6772757		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475378	6772935		1,500	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475320	6772960		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475276	6772978		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475267	6772977		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475279	6772987		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475665	6772678		1,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475620	6772351		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475628	6772392		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475577	6772404		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475584	6772377		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475565	6772362		35,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475528	6772363		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475686	6772433		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476022	6772835		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476024	6772877		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475777	6773006		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475775	6773061		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475770	6773159		300	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475768	6773193		70,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475781	6773289		70,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475963	6773243		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475976	6772795		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475970	6772772		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475715	6773053		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475721	6773089		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475723	6773127		25,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475732	6773190		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475727	6773225		6,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475918	6773269		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475933	6773247		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475928	6773178		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475922	6772973		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475916	6772946		8,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475916	6772850		6,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475922	6772802		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475928	6772759		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476101	6773023		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476109	6773059		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475678	6773072		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475675	6773095		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475673	6773169		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475874	6772957		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475872	6772908		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476081	6772927		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476077	6772950		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476078	6773031		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476079	6773062		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476066	6773088		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479027	6772124		5,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479077	6772238		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479093	6772050		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479001	6771971		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479068	6772063		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	479032	6771999		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478969	6771977		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475626	6772986		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475631	6773085		100	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475776	6772954		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475764	6772976		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475984	6773366		150	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475968	6773319		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476169	6772887		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476163	6773076		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475721	6772900		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475921	6773339		25,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475922	6773301		20,000	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476120	6772930		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476122	6772973		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475673	6772944		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475678	6772970		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475689	6772990		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476066	6772827		10	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476064	6772842		200	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	476063	6772859		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475979	6773073		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475976	6773038		20,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475962	6773006		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475970	6772970		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475975	6772927		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475965	6772884		100,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475919	6772912		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	475919	6772880		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478722	6770713		2,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478724	6770976		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478503	6770551		10	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478676	6770704		15,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478689	6770920		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478676	6770945		10,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478683	6771016		300,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478676	6771049		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478580	6770648		50,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478646	6770702		12,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478616	6770727		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478620	6770783		30,000	
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3	478521	6770660		10,000	
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	431739	6770362	MLED15		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	432146	6770369	MLED10		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	432542	6770347	MLED11		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	443392	6769935	MLED21		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	440656	6770169	MLED20		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	400545	6757918	MLED16		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	439774	6770179	MLED18		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	438025	6770144	MLED22		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	433427	6770372	MLED12		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	433822	6770383	MLED13		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	434391	6770379	MLED14		

Taxon	Status (WA)	Easting	Northing	Site	Count	Comments
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	440708	6770395	MLED19		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	439891	6763069	MLEDN36		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	395478	6758834	MLED05		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	425513	6770458	MLED07		
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3	428269	6770243	MLED09		
<i>Seringia exastia</i>	-	474953	6772431		10	Cleared road verge
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1	472760	6772268		6	Outside SA
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1	472760	6772264		12	
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1	472528	6767689		10	
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3	398828	6757726	MLED17		
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3	399975	6757868			
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3	395478	6758834	MLED05		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	399063	6757708	MLEDN28		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	398828	6757726	MLED17		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	395080	6758830	MLED04		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	394899	6758647	MLED02		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU	401098	6757954	MLEDN21		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	422886	6760528	MLEDN13		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	395080	6758830	MLED04		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	394480	6758245	MLED01		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	393957	6758335	MLEDN08		
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU	399975	6757868	MLEDN25		
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3	465230	6771644	MLEC13		
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3	394990	6758774	MLED03		



APPENDIX H

**Likelihood of Occurrence of Further
Significant Flora Taxa in the Survey Area**

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Acacia aprica</i>	T	EN	June to July	Red or gravelly sand, sandy loam. Plains, rocky hills.	Yes	No	49.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia cerastes</i>	P3		January, August to September	Yellow-brown sandy loam over granite or ironstone. Hilltops, outcrops, drainage lines.	Yes	No	47.8 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia chapmanii</i> subsp. <i>chapmanii</i>	P2		August to September	Grey, brown loam or yellow sand over laterite. Flats and slopes.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northern extent of known range	3.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Acacia cochlocarpa</i> subsp. <i>cochlocarpa</i>	T	EN	June to August	Clayey, sandy, often gravelly soils.	Yes	No	87 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>cliftoniana</i>	P1		August to September	Rocky or lateritic loam.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only)	0.04 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia congesta</i> subsp. <i>wonganensis</i>	P2		August to December	Brown-red clay loam over laterite. Hillsides.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only). One record northwest of Survey Area, the rest of records 190 km south	23.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia cylindrica</i>	P3		March, September	Sandplains. Yellow or brown sand.	Yes	No	107.9 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia diallaga</i>	P1		July to September	Red-brown clay loam with basalt. Low hills and slopes.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near western edge of known distribution	2.9 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat.	
<i>Acacia flabellifolia</i>	P3		August to September	Low hills and ridges with rocky loam, lateritic gravelly soils.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only)	0.04 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia formidabilis</i>	P3		July to September	Pale yellow sand. Plains and slopes.	Yes	No	30.8 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia graciliformis</i>	P1		September	Red-brown clay-loam over laterite and ironstone. Hills.	Yes	Yes (western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.4 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and known records in proximity to this part of the Survey Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Acacia imitans</i>	P4	EN	July to September	Red-brown rocky loam. Hillside and edges of a dry creek.	Yes	No	48.3 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present, but nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's quite restricted range.	
<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>isoneura</i>	P3		August to September	Flats, slopes and low rises on yellow/brown sand.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	12.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however is almost entirely cleared in this area. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia isoneura</i> subsp. <i>nimia</i>	P3		July to September	Granite outcrops. Deep yellow loamy sand or stony soil.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only). Nearest DBCA record to south represents northern extent of main distribution, however one record known from 225 km north of Survey Area	17.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present (deep yellow sands), and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Acacia karinae</i>	P3		April to August	Red-brown to yellowish red sandy clay loam, basalt and BIF. Plains, slopes and hills.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Acacia lanceolata</i>	P3		July to August	Lateritic hills and breakaways.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia latipes</i> subsp. <i>licina</i>	P3		June to October	White/grey sand, lateritic soils, sandy loam. Sandplains, flats, hills.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	14.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia lineolata</i> subsp. <i>multilineata</i>	P1		June to August	Clay loam, red loam, rocky clay. Slopes, hills, and breakaways.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	10.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Acacia megacephala</i>	P3		July to September	Yellow or grey pale sands, occasional gravel. Flats or slopes.	Yes	No	6.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia muriculata</i>	P1		September to October	Red clay-loam over laterite and ironstone. Hills.	Yes	Yes (western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only)	1.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area bounds the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Acacia nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>latifolia</i>	P1		August to September	Sandplains and slopes. Yellow sands.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor). Nearest DBCA record to south represents northern extent of main distribution, however one record 155 km north of Survey Area	32.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Acacia nodiflora</i>	P3		September to November	Red-brown clay, loam over granite. Hills.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only)	0.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and known records in proximity to this part of the Survey Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Acacia pterocaulon</i>	P1		June to September	Brown rocky soil, yellow sand. Slope and ridges.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only)	1.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and known records in proximity to this part of the Survey Area. Records near Morawa are likely erroneous.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Acacia recurvata</i>	T	EN	July to August	Sandy clay, granitic clay-loam. Creeklines, plains, breakaways, low hills.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor and potentially Tilley Siding only)	24.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat potentially present (central part of Borefield Corridor only), but nearest DBCA record to south represents northerly extent of known range.	
<i>Acacia speckii</i>	P4		March, July	Low hills with basalt, granite or dolerite.	Yes	No	41.2 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: suitable habitat potentially present (Karara area only), but nearest DBCA location to north represents southerly extent of known range.	
<i>Acacia subrigida</i>	P2		August to October	Sandplains. Yellow or brown sand or loam.	Yes	Yes (eastern half of Survey Area only)	49.2 km (Karara Area)	Possible: taxon known from few records over a wide distribution. Suitable habitat potentially present within central to eastern part of Borefield Corridor, Tilley Siding, Yandanooka Pipeline, and Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Acacia subsessilis</i>	P3		August to October	Red-brown sandy clay loam or stony gravel over ironstone or granite Foot slopes and mid slopes.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near western edge of known distribution	15.0 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: suitable habitat potentially present (Karara area only), but nearest DBCA location to east represents westerly extent of known range. Taxon has not been recorded in Survey Area despite significant survey effort within the Karara Area over many years.	
<i>Acacia sulcicaulis</i>	T		June to July, December	Red or brown loam. Slopes of dolerite, granite and greenstone hills, rocky creeklines.	Yes	No	6.1 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: habitat not known to be present. Nearest DBCA location to south represents northerly extent of known range, and taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 3 km.	
<i>Acacia telmica</i>	P3		July to September	Low-lying seasonally moist areas on sand, loam or loamy clay.	Yes	No	29.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia tuberculata</i>	P2		May, September	Brown sandy clay over granite slopes.	Yes	No	358 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Acacia unguicula</i>	T	CR	August to September	Red-brown rocky, sandy, loam soils over dolerite. Hills.	Yes	No	48.3 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: habitat not known to be present. Taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 3 km.	
<i>Acacia vittata</i>	P2		June to August, November	Margins of seasonal lakes with grey or brown sand or sandy clay.	Yes	No	32.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia wilsonii</i>	T	EN	November to March	Hilltops, slopes and breakaways with gravelly brown, grey or yellow sand or clay loam over laterite or occasionally sandstone.	Yes	No	48.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Acacia woodmaniorum</i>	T	EN	July to September	Red clay loam, silt over ironstone. Hill slopes, scattered among rocks.	Yes	Yes (eastern Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon present in the Karara Area, but only known in this area from translocation sites and growing on the edge of the Terapod South mine pit. No additional locations known within the Survey Area despite significant survey effort within the Karara Area over many years.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Acacia</i> sp. Goodlands (B.R. Maslin 7761)	P1		July	Orange-brown or yellow coarse sand or loam. Flats.	Yes	No	45.2 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Allocasuarina grevilleoides</i>	P3		September to November	Slopes, outcrops and plains with rocky or gravelly brown sand or clay loam over laterite or granite.	Yes	No	21.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Nearest DBCA location southwest of the western end of Survey Area represents northerly extent of known range. The western end of the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat for this taxon.	
<i>Allocasuarina ramosissima</i>	P3		May to September	Breakaways, slopes and plains with gravelly grey, brown or white sand or loam over laterite.	Yes	Yes (Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i>	P3		April, August to September	Red sandy loam over laterite and ironstone. Slopes and rocky basalt outcrops.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>localis</i>	P2		October to December	Undulating plains. Yellow or brown sandy loam over gravel.	Yes	No	195 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Andersonia gracilis</i>	T	EN	August to November	Winter-wet areas, near swamps. White-grey sand, sandy clay and gravelly loam.	Yes	No	130 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Androcalva adenothalia</i>	T	CR	August to November	Orange-brown sandy loam or gravel. Plains.	Yes	No; nearest DBCA record likely erroneous	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description is 'Morawa' and thus the record has been plotted at Morawa townsite). All other records restricted to a 0.5 km range near Canna (approx. 34 km north of Tilley Siding). The Survey Area is outside this range.	
<i>Angianthus micropodioides</i>	P3		September to November	Saline flats, winter-wet depressions and adjacent dunes. Grey or brown clay loam or sand.	Yes	Yes	5.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Anthocercis intricata</i>	P3		June to September	Consolidated sand dunes on sand or loam over limestone.	Yes	No	34.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Apectospermum exsertum</i>	P3		July to November	Sandplains. Brown or yellow sandy clay, ironstone gravel.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	0.1 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and central to eastern end of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Asteridea morawana</i>	P1		September to November	Brown loam over limestone.	Yes	No	8.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only), but nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's restricted range (approx. 2.8 km).	
<i>Atriplex muelleri</i>	P1		Unknown	Claypans, cracking clay.	Yes	Unlikely	37.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: DBCA record on WA South Coast potentially erroneous (locality description states 'Peak Downs', which does not appear to be a named place in WA; however, Peak Downs is a named place in Queensland and is near other known records of this taxon). Therefore, the Survey Area likely does not occur within taxon's known range. Cracking clay not known from the Survey Area.	
<i>Austrostipa nunaginensis</i>	P3		September to November	Yellow or brown sand, occasionally clay. On slopes or low hills.	Yes	No	21.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat potentially present (western end of Borefield corridor only), but nearest DBCA location to west represents easterly extent of known range.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Babingtonia fascifolia</i>	P1		November to December	Yellow to red sandy clay, laterite. Ridges or plains.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Babingtonia minutifolia</i>	P1		September to November	Brown sandy-clay loam, laterite gravel. Rocky ground.	Yes	No	29.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present (central part of Survey Area), but nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's relatively restricted range (approx. 28 km).	
<i>Babingtonia peteriana</i>	P2		August to December	E/NE-facing gentle slopes, red/brown, brown or grey clay/clayey loam over lateritic sandstone, sometimes rocky areas and creekline edges.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	19.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Billeranga Hills (M.E. Trudgen 2206)	P1		September to October	Light coloured loams and sandy loams, pebbly and rocky. On slopes and stony hills.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline, Tilley Siding and central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Morawa (M.A. Langley MAL4177)	P1		Unknown	Orange-brown silty fine sand over laterite.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	3.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516)	P2		August to September	Red brown sandy loam or clay, or silty sands. Often with granite or ironstone on ridges and hills.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	0.01 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Walkaway (A.S. George 11249)	P3		November to January	Undulating plains, hillslopes on yellow/brown or white sand.	Yes	No	20.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present (western part of Survey Area), but nearest DBCA record to north represents most southerly extent of taxon's known range.	
<i>Balaustion grande</i>	P3		August to October	Flats. Orange or brown or yellow gravelly or clayey sand, laterite rocks.	Yes	Unlikely	42.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: DBCA record north of Survey Area at Mullewa potentially erroneous (locality description states 'Near Mullewa (South of)', but record has been plotted at Mullewa townsite). With the exception of one disjunct record near Greenough, all other DBCA records occur southeast of Three Springs. Therefore, the Survey Area likely does not occur within taxon's known range.	
<i>Balaustion hemisphaericum</i>	P1		July to October	Yellow, brown gravelly loamy sand over laterite or granite. Breakaways, hillsides and uplands.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	0.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Banksia benthamiana</i>	P4		November to January	Sandplains. Brown or yellow sand/gravel or loam.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	18.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: Yandanooka Pipeline, Tilley Siding and eastern to central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Banksia borealis</i> subsp. <i>elatior</i>	P3		January, July to August	Yellow clay loam, brown gravelly loam, grey or brown sandy loam, lateritic gravel. Flat to undulating plains.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northern extent of known range	3.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Banksia chamaephyton</i>	P4		October to December	Slopes, breakaways and flats with grey or white sand over laterite.	Yes	No	37.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present in the part of the Survey Area nearest to the known distribution.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Banksia cypholoba</i>	P3		June to September	Plains, slopes and hills with sand, often with laterite.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northern extent of known range	7.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present in the part of the Survey Area nearest to the known distribution.	
<i>Banksia elegans</i>	P4		October to November	White sand on slopes, low lateritic hills, brown gravelly loam, grey sandy gravel.	Yes	Unlikely	26.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: DBCA records south of Survey Area at Three Springs townsite likely erroneous (locality description states 'Three Springs, N of the "Diamond of the Desert" Spring', but the Diamond of the Desert spring is near Lesueur National Park). All other DBCA records occur close to the coast. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat.	
<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>crebra</i>	P3		July to August	Lateritic hilltops, slopes, plains and valleys with yellow, grey or brown gravelly sand over laterite.	Yes	No	24.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to west represents most easterly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Banksia fraseri</i> var. <i>oxycedra</i>	P3		August to September	Yellow-brown sandy loam, laterite. Hillslopes.	Yes	Yes	5.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Banksia scabrella</i>	P4		September to January	White, grey or yellow sand, sometimes with lateritic gravel. Sandplains, lateritic ridges.	Yes	No	17.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to west represents most easterly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Banksia splendida</i> subsp. <i>macrocarpa</i>	P3		July to August	Ridges, slopes and undulating plains with white/grey sand and laterite.	Yes	No	37.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Banksia subulata</i>	P3		September	White/grey or yellow sand over laterite, gravelly laterite.	Yes	No	45.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Banksia trifontinalis</i>	P3		August to October	Brown sandy loam, red-brown laterite. Hillslopes.	Yes	No	14.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present, but nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's quite restricted range (approx. 13 km).	
<i>Beyeria apiculata</i>	P1		September	Orange-brown, red loam, rocky laterite. Flat to undulating plains.	Yes	No	18.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	

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<i>Beyeria gardneri</i>	P3		August to September	Sandplains and hillsides on yellow sand.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	23.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however is almost entirely cleared in this area. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Bossiaea</i> sp. Jackson Range (G. Cockerton & S. McNee LCS 13614)	P3		March to October	Red-brown clay loam soils, white-grey sandy loam. On outcrops and breakaways.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northern extent of known range	3.3 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78)	P1		September to October	Yellow, red clayey sand over granite or laterite, rocky banded ironstone. Moderately inclined slopes.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	0.3 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Caladenia denticulata</i> subsp. <i>albicans</i>	P1		August to September	Wet flats, moist depression. Sandy soils.	Yes	No	45.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Caladenia hoffmanii</i>	T	EN	August to October	Clay loam or sandy loams. Rocky outcrops and hillsides, ridges, swamps, and gullies.	Yes	No	105 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Caladenia longicauda</i> subsp. <i>minima</i>	P2		August	Along creek lines. Red loam with ironstone outcrops, yellow sand.	Yes (August site visits only)	No	45.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Caladenia wanosa</i>	T	VU	August	Yellow sand. Low rocky hills and flats.	Yes (August site visits only)	No	103 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Calandrinia kalanniensis</i>	P2		October to January	Brown, red gritty sandy clay over granite. Shallow rock hollow on large granite rock.	Yes (October site visits only)	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northwestern extent of known range	4.7 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: possible; suitable habitat potentially present, and taxon may not have been observable during the targeted survey in 2024. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Warriedar (F. Obbens 04/09)	P2		August to September	Red-brown, fine clayey loam. Gently sloping granitic flats.	Yes (September site visits only)	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	0.03 km (Karara Area)	Likely: suitable habitat likely to be present in Survey Area (central part of Yandanooka pipeline east to Karara Area). DBCA record in very close proximity to Survey Area, which occurs in vegetation that appears to be contiguous with vegetation inside the Survey Area (based on aerial imagery interpretation).	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.

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<i>Calectasia browneana</i>	P2		June to August	Slopes and plains and creekline edges with white-grey sand over laterite.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	14.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Calectasia palustris</i>	P2		September to November	Winter-wet flats and swamps with white sand.	Yes	No	78.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Calothamnus accedens</i>	P4		September to January	Slopes or rises with brown clay loam.	Yes	No	25.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range.	
<i>Calothamnus arcuatus</i>	P2		June to September	Shallow loam/clayey loam or sand over sandstone, breakaways.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	0.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)	P3		August to September	Ridges and slopes with banded ironstone.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Calytrix chrysantha</i>	P4		November to February	Plains and flats, on yellow or grey sand.	Yes	Yes (western Survey Area only)	5.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Calytrix ecalycata</i> subsp. <i>ecalycata</i>	P3		August to October	Sandy or stony soils. Hills or slopes.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution. Note nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description is 'Morawa' and thus the record has been plotted at Morawa townsite).	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Calytrix eneabbensis</i>	P4		July to October	White, grey or yellow sand over laterite. Sandplains.	Yes	No	39.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to west represents most easterly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Calytrix plumulosa</i>	P3		October to November	Yellow loamy or clayey sand over laterite gravel. Plain.	Yes	No	43.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range.	

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<i>Calytrix purpurea</i>	P2		September to December	Sandplains and sand dunes with white, grey or yellow sand, often over laterite.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Calytrix superba</i>	P4		December to February	Sand over laterite. Flats.	Yes	No	37.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Centrolepis milleri</i>	P3		September to October	Sandplains with grey-white sand or sandy clay.	Yes	No	42.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Chamelaucium repens</i>	P1		August	Brown, grey clay-loam with granite boulders and rocks.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near southern edge of known distribution	9.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Bunjil (M.E. Ballingall 1970)	P1		August to October	Lower slopes and plains. Brown or yellow-brown sand or sandy clay, sometimes with ironstone or spongolite.	Yes	No	43.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present, but nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's restricted range (approx. 5 km).	
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Warriedar (A.P. Brown & S. Patrick APB 1100)	P1		August to September	Brown-red rocky clay loam, sandy clay. Slopes.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara near western edge of known distribution	2.8 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Wongan Hills (B.H. Smith 1140)	P3		August to December	Sand flats and slopes, near saline watercourses. Yellow, grey-white or cream sand over laterite, brown sandy loam.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	49.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however this part of the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat.	
<i>Chamelaucium</i> sp. Yalgoo (Y. Chadwick 1816)	P1		August to October	Upper slopes, flats with granite and red-brown clay.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	3.4 km (Karara Area)	Possible: central and eastern Survey Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Cheyniana rhodella</i>	P2		October	Brown-red loam over calcrete, yellow-brown sandy loam, brown gravel.	Yes	No	20.7 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	

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<i>Chorizema humile</i>	T	EN	August to September	Plains with granite; rock outcrops of granite with red-brown soil.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	28.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however suitable habitat is not considered to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Comesperma griffinii</i>	P2		August to January	Slopes, plains, open depressions and flats with grey or brown sand or light clay, sometimes with laterite.	Yes	No	20.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to west represents most easterly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Comesperma rhadinocarpum</i>	P3		October to November	Undulating plains, valley slopes and flats with grey, brown or yellow sandy loam or sand.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	20.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the western end of the Borefield Corridor extends within the taxon's known range, however is almost entirely cleared in this area. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Conostylis dielsii</i> subsp. <i>teres</i>	T	EN	July to August	White, grey or yellow sand, gravel. Low open woodland.	Yes	No	37.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to northwest represents most southeasterly extent of taxon's known range, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Conostylis micrantha</i>	T	EN	July to August	White or grey sand. Sandplains.	Yes	No	18.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description is 'Mingenew district' but record has been plotted in a paddock just outside Morawa townsite). All other records further northwest near Mount Horner (approx. 35 km northwest of Survey Area). The Survey Area is outside this range.	
<i>Corynotheca acanthoclada</i>	P1		October to December	White, red/orange, yellow sand, brown-grey sand loam, sandplain.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near southern edge of known distribution	2.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area. This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.	
<i>Crassula</i> sp. nov.	PU		Unknown; recorded in August and September (Umwelt, 2021)	Granitic areas, granite outcrops (Umwelt, 2021).	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	NA	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Cryptandra nola</i>	P3		June to August	Along drainage lines, breakaways and hillsides. Sandy soils over granite or laterite.	Yes	No	11.5 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline only. Nearest DBCA location to northwest represents southeasterly extent of known range, but similar habitat potentially present in this part of the Survey Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.

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<i>Cryptandra stellulata</i>	P3		September	Pale yellow loamy clay, brown-grey loam over granite. Hills.	Yes	Yes (western end and central Borefield Corridor only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Cyanicula fragrans</i>	P3		September to October	Red-brown sandy clay loam. Slopes and creek lines.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	2.8 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Yandanooka Pipeline, eastern Borefield Corridor and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Dampiera scaevolina</i>	P1		September to November	Brown, grey sand, loam, gravelly soil.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	34.0 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: Yandanooka Pipeline, eastern Borefield Corridor and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Dampiera tephrea</i>	P3		August to October	Flats, riverbanks and slopes with sand or loam, often with limestone.	Yes	No	48.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Darwinia chantiae</i>	P3		August to October	Plains and hillsides. Red-brown or yellow sandy or gritty loam over granite.	Yes	Unlikely	3.8 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description states 'Near Morawa' and thus the record has been plotted at Morawa townsite). All other DBCA records occur near and further northwest of Cana. The Survey Area is outside this range.	
<i>Darwinia chapmaniana</i>	T	EN	September to November	Shallow red or yellow clay-loam over sandstone or calcrete, around the edges of saline lakes in winter damp flats.	Yes	No	44.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Darwinia masonii</i>	T	VU	September to October	Brown loam over banded ironstone, laterite. Hilltops.	Yes	No	60.2 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Darwinia polychroma</i>	T	EN	July to September	Orange-brown sandy loam. Flat to undulating plains.	Yes	No	28.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Darwinia sphaerica</i>	P2		August to October	Tan-brown, orange-brown sandy loam over laterite. Granite outcrops.	Yes	No	34.5 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon considered likely restricted to a range of approx. 2.9 km at Canna.	
<i>Darwinia</i> sp. Strawberry (M.G. Corrick 8279)	P2		September	Cream-beige, grey, yellow sand. Undulating sandplains.	Yes	No	46.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Dasymalla axillaris</i>	T	CR	September to December	Plains and flats. Yellow sand.	Yes	No	18.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA location to south represents northerly extent of known range. The Survey Area is outside this range, and is unlikely to provide suitable habitat in the vicinity of known records (central Borefield Corridor), as this part of the Survey Area is almost entirely cleared or consists of only remnant or planted trees over weeds.	
<i>Daviesia bursarioides</i>	T	EN	August	Brown sandy loam, yellow clay loam over lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	15.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat in the vicinity of known records unlikely to be present.	
<i>Daviesia speciosa</i>	T	EN	April to December	Breakaways, hilltops, and slopes with gravelly grey, brown or white sand or clay loam over laterite.	Yes	No	6.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA location to west represents easterly extent of known range. The Survey Area is outside this range, and suitable habitat in the vicinity of known records not considered to be present.	
<i>Desmocladus biformis</i>	P3		September to October	Hills, slopes and undulating plains with white or brown sand or sandy clay over laterite.	Yes	No	68.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Desmocladus elongatus</i>	P4		August to December	Slopes, plains and uplands with white or grey sand over laterite.	Yes	No	44.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Dicrastylis linearifolia</i>	P3		August to January	Red or red brown to yellow sands on flats and sand ridges.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	10.6 km (Karara Area)	Possible: central and eastern Survey Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within taxon's known range.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Diuris eburnea</i>	T		October to November	Winter wet flats.	Yes (October site visit only)	No	13.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Diuris recurva</i>	P4		July to August	Winter-wet areas and drainage lines with brown sandy clay or loam.	Yes (August site visits only)	No	44.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	

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<i>Dodonaea amplisemina</i>	P4		October	Hills and ridges with quartz, chert or banded ironstone.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	6.0 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known range and in proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Dodonaea scurra</i>	P1		August	Yellow gravelly loamy sand over laterite, brown-red ironstone gravel.	Yes	Yes (western and central Borefield Corridor only)	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline, and central-western Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known range and in proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Drakaea concolor</i>	T	VU	August	Grey sand.	Yes (August site visits only)	No	48.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Drosera pedicellaris</i>	P1		September to December	Heathland with white/grey sand.	Yes	No	32.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Drummondita fulva</i>	P3		May to November	Orange-brown sandy loam. Hillslopes.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	0.1 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Drummondita rubriviridis</i>	P1		October	Banded ironstone and laterised banded ironstone and hematite.	Yes	Yes (western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area bounds the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Elatine macrocalyx</i>	P3		May to August, November	Grey-brown sandy clay, orange-red sand, red sandy loam. Wetlands.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	43.2 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Eleocharis keigheryi</i>	T	VU	August to November	Clay, sandy loam. Emergent in freshwater: creeks, claypans.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	64.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Eleocharis papillosa</i>	P3	VU	March to November	Claypans, saline floodplains.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	60.7 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: central to eastern Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Enekbatus dualis</i>	P1		July to October	Plains and slopes. Brown or yellow or orange fine silty to clayey sand, pink loam over granite.	Yes	No	39.9 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Enekbatus longistylus</i>	P3		August to September	Sandplains and flats or gentle slopes. Yellow sands, dull brown sand, silty fine sands.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	1.4 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: central to eastern Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Enekbatus planifolius</i>	P1		September to October	Very gentle slopes. Orange-brown to brown silty fine sands.	Yes	No	21.7 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon restricted to a range of approx. 1.0 km at Canna.	
<i>Epitriche demissus</i>	P2		July to December	Edges of saline lakes and depressions. Grey sands, occasionally with clay.	Yes	Yes (central part of Borefield Corridor only)	4.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Eremaea acutifolia</i>	P3		August to November	Grey or yellow sand. Proteaceous sandplains.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents eastern extent of known range	3.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat.	
<i>Eremophila glabra</i> subsp. Morawa (C.A. Gardner 7521)	P1		Unknown	Flats and plains. Red, slightly saline sand.	Yes	Yes (central part of Borefield Corridor only)	3.6 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only, within chain of saline playas/clay pans. Habitat potentially present and known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Eremophila grandiflora</i>	P1		August to October	Very gentle and simple slopes. Rocky soils of red or brown clays and clay loams. Various geologies.	Yes	No	15.0 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present (Karara Area only), but nearest DBCA record to east represents most westerly extent of taxon's relatively restricted range (approx. 13 km). Taxon has not been recorded in Survey Area despite significant survey effort within the Karara Area over many years.	
<i>Eremophila nivea</i>	T	EN	September to October	Grey-white sand. <i>Banksia attenuata</i> and <i>Eucalyptus marginata</i> woodland.	Yes	Yes (western half of Survey Area only)	2.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: western half of Survey Area occurs within taxon's known range, but suitable habitat has not been recorded in the Survey Area.	
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>papula</i>	P1		September	Rocky hills and slopes. Red and red-brown clay loams.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near western edge of known distribution	4.3 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Eremophila resinosa</i>	T	EN	January	Brown or red clay loam. Disturbed sites, plains and flats.	Yes	No	162 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Eremophila rostrata</i> subsp. <i>trifida</i>	T	CR	June, September to October	Hard brown sandy loam on upland slopes and flats.	Yes	No	20.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-eastern Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in relatively close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Eremophila sargentii</i>	P2		August to December	Gravelly or sandy soils. Slopes, ridges, disturbed sites.	Yes	No	44.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Eremophila sericea</i>	P1		March, September to October	Rocky red brown clay loam on low slopes.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents northern extent of known range	4.6 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Eremophila viscida</i>	T	EN	August to December	Brown sand or loam. Flats, slopes, around salt lakes.	Yes	Yes (central Borefield Corridor and western Yandanooka Pipeline only)	19.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central Borefield Corridor and western Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Eremophila</i> sp. Thundelarra (B. Buirchell BB 324)	P1		September	Red to brown sandy loam. Flat saline clay pans.	Yes	No	28.9 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus abdita</i>	P2		February	Laterite, sandy clay with gravel over laterite. Slopes, breakaways.	Yes	No	19.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus arachnaea</i> subsp. <i>arrecta</i>	P3		May	Red or brown stony loams. Upper slopes and rises.	Yes	Yes (central-western Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central Borefield Corridor only. Nearest DBCA record near the western end of the Borefield Corridor is somewhat disjunct from all other records, and is likely erroneous (locality description is 'Farmland E side of Yandanooka, NE road 36 km from Mingenew (near Mingenew - Morawa boundary)', but this would place the record further east near Mount Budd, and closer to the main distribution of the taxon).	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Eucalyptus beardiana</i>	T	VU	May to August	Yellow sand plains and dunes.	Yes	No	87.3 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus blaxellii</i>	P4		January, April to November	Rocky slopes. Red or brown sandy loam over sandstone.	Yes	Yes (central-western Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central Borefield Corridor only. Nearest DBCA record near the western end of the Borefield Corridor is somewhat disjunct from all other records, and is likely erroneous (description is 'Sandstone breakaway' at 'Yandanooka - E of Geraldton,' but there is no sandstone breakaway at this location). This record likely occurs further east between Yandanooka and Mount Nunn Nature Reserve.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Eucalyptus crispata</i>	T	VU	March to June	Lateritic breakaways and slopes with brown-grey sand or loam with lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	15.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>photina</i>	P4		September to March	Lateritic breakaways, sandplains with sandy clay or red sand.	Yes	Yes (western and central part of Survey Area only)	25.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Eucalyptus x impensa</i>	T	EN	June to July	Hills, slopes and plains with grey, yellow or white sand over laterite.	Yes	No	65.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Eucalyptus johnsoniana</i>	T	VU	July to May	Sandplains and lateritic breakaways with white-grey sand with lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	64.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Eucalyptus jutsonii</i> subsp. <i>kobela</i>	P1		March	Yellow sand or orange sandy loam or orange sandy clay. Broad slope or rises.	Yes	No	8.2 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present. Nearest DBCA record closest to the Karara Area, but there does not appear to be suitable habitat within this part of the Survey Area (based on aerial imagery interpretation).	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Eucalyptus leprophloia</i>	T	EN	July to November	Breakaways and slopes with grey or white sand or sandy clay over laterite.	Yes	No	16.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> subsp. <i>elachantha</i>	P4		August to December	Hillslopes, ridges, sandplains with white or grey sand over laterite.	Yes	No, but nearest DBCA record represents eastern extent of known range	4.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record west of the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within proximity to the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i> x <i>pyriformis</i>	P3		August to October	Sand, lateritic sandy soils. Hills, rocky ironstone ridges, sandplains.	Yes	No, but western end of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	23.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Eucalyptus pruiniramis</i>	T	EN	December to February	Skeletal soils over sandstone or laterite. Rocky hillslopes.	Yes	No	15.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. <i>rhodantha</i>	T	VU	July to January	Hillslopes, breakaways and gentle slopes with grey, yellow or brown sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	No	17.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus rhodantha</i> var. x <i>petiolaris</i>	P4		Unknown	Yellow-brown sandy loam on massive laterite. Upper slopes and edges of creeks.	Yes	No	26.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eucalyptus synandra</i>	T	VU	June, November to January	Hills, flats and valleys. Yellow or light brown-orange, red sandy gravel, ironstone and laterite.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Eucalyptus zopherophloia</i>	P4		October to January	Slopes and dunes with grey/white sand. Often with limestone. Coastal areas.	Yes	No	35.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Euryomyrtus recurva</i>	P3		April to October	Yellow to red or orange gravelly sandy soils. Across undulating landscapes.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near western edge of known distribution	25.7 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Eutaxia</i> sp. Jasper Hill (R.J. Cranfield 8607)	P1		Unknown	Red-brown clay over ironstone. Only known from one record in 1992.	Yes	No	5.3 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known record.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i>	P2		September to November	White saline sandy clay on low gypsum ridges or flats near or on salt lake edges.	Yes	Yes (central Survey Area only)	4.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Frankenia conferta</i>	T	EN	September to November	Clay and sand. Edges of salt lakes.	Yes	No	49.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Frankenia glomerata</i>	P4		November	Salt lake edges, watercourses and flats with white sand or grey-brown sandy loam.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	9.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within taxon's known range.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Gastrolobium hamulosum</i>	T	EN	August to October	Flats, slopes, ridges with sandy, often gravelly soils or clay.	Yes	No	86.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Gastrolobium rotundifolium</i>	P3		September to October	Hilltops, breakaways. Grey sandy loam.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	4.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Glyceria drummondii</i>	T	EN	July to October	Seasonally flooded clay pans within clay plains, in hollows. Brown or red-brown clay.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	4.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	

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<i>Gnephosis cassiniana</i>	P3		August to November	Drainage lines, saline flats.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	22.4 km (Karara Area)	Possible: central and eastern part of Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i>	P1		August to September	White to pale grey/brown sandy soil. Sandy flats or ridges fringing salt lakes.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	4.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor and Yandanooka Pipeline.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Gompholobium cinereum</i>	P3		September to November	Plains and slopes, usually above saline areas. Gravelly or clayey yellow sand over laterite.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	48.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central and eastern part of Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Goodenia neogoodenia</i>	P4		August to September	Flood plains, clay pans.	Yes	No	48.4 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Goodenia perryi</i>	P3		November	Yellow sand/clayey sand. Flats or upland hilltops.	Yes	No	42.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Grevillea amplexans</i> subsp. <i>adpressa</i>	P1		September	Slopes with yellow or white sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	No	11.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record to south represents most northerly extent of taxon's known range. The Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within proximity to the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Grevillea asparagoides</i>	P3		June to October	Yellow sand or sandy loam. Plains.	Yes	Yes (western Survey Area only)	2.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central Borefield Corridor and western Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Grevillea biformis</i> subsp. <i>cymbiformis</i>	P3		October	Flats, slopes and hills with yellow-white sand.	Yes	No	44.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	

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<i>Grevillea bracteosa</i> subsp. <i>howatharra</i>	T	CR	June to February	Hillsides and plains. Orange-brown sandy loam over laterite, ironstone or granite gravel.	Yes	Unlikely	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA records are from the 1960s, and are likely erroneous (locality descriptions state 'near Morawa' and 'near Mullewa', and thus they have been plotted at these townsites). All other records occur much further northwest near Kojarena and Howatharra. It is not known where the record near Morawa should actually be placed, but it is unlikely that the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's distribution.	
<i>Grevillea christineae</i>	T	EN	July to September	Laterite hills and slopes.	Yes	No, but western end of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	107 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Grevillea curviloba</i>	T	EN	August to October	Grey sand, sandy loam. Winter-wet heath.	Yes	No	55.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Grevillea erinacea</i>	P3		July to December	Plains, hills and slopes with white, grey or yellow sand, often with lateritic gravel.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	26.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution. The Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area.	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i>	P3		June, November to January	Ridges, flats and plains. Red-brown sandy soil.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i>	P3		July to November	Slopes and margins of salt lakes. Yellow sand, red-brown saline clay-loam, lateritic or fluvial gravel.	Yes	Yes	2.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Yandanooka Pipeline.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Grevillea hirtella</i>	P3		August to October	Sand or loam over laterite, often with gravel.	Yes	No	19.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Grevillea leptopoda</i>	P3		June to October	Hills and slopes with brown, red or yellow sand or clay loam, sometimes over laterite or occasionally granite.	Yes	Yes	0.01 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: suitable habitat potentially present, and the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in Wheatbelt Area). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Grevillea makinsonii</i>	P3		July, September to October	Gravelly white, grey or yellow sand, loam or clay over laterite. Rocky hills, sandplains.	Yes	No, but western end of Borefield Corridor near northeastern edge of known distribution	8.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Grevillea murex</i>	T	EN	August to December	Brown sandy loam. Gentle slopes and plains.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	0.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the central-western part of Borefield Corridor intersects the taxon's known range, however this part of the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat and is almost entirely cleared.	
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>cullenii</i>	P3		March, August to October	Red sand/sandy loam. Low flats.	Yes	No	46.2 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Grevillea phanerophlebia</i>	T		August to September	Red and yellow sand. On hills and flats.	Yes	No, but western end of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	8.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat.	
<i>Grevillea pythara</i>	T	EN	August to October	Slopes. Brown or yellow sandy or gravelly loam.	Yes	No	125 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Grevillea rosieri</i>	P2		June to September	Brown sandy clay/loam and lateritic gravel, typically above saline areas. Potential disturbance opportunist.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	21.5 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western part of Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Grevillea rudis</i>	P4		April to January	Hills and slopes with white, grey, yellow or red sand, often with gravel and laterite.	Yes	No	36.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Grevillea scabrida</i>	P3		July to September	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils over dolerite and/or ironstone. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	2.0 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Grevillea stenogyne</i>	P1		June	Clay plains. Only known from one record in 2011.	Yes	No	72.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i>	P3		August	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam soils. Moderately inclined low to mid slopes.	Yes	Yes (eastern Karara Area only)	2.8 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Grevillea tenuiloba</i>	P3		July to October	Slopes and granite outcrops. Gritty red, brown loam.	Yes	Yes (central part of Survey Area only)	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: central and eastern part of Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution. Note nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description states 'Near Morawa' and thus the record has been plotted at Morawa townsite).	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Guichenotia alba</i>	P3		July to August	Sandy and gravelly soils. Low-lying flats, depressions.	Yes	No	23.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Guichenotia quasicarpa</i>	P2		September to October	Sandy clay over laterite. Drainage lines.	Yes	No	16.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i>	P3		August to November	Slopes with banded ironstone and chert, sandy clay loam soil.	Yes	Yes (eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor and Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Gyrostemon reticulatus</i>	T	CR	September to October	Brown sandy loam. Plains.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	1.3 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: western and central Survey Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in Wheatbelt Area). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Haegiela tatei</i>	P4		September to December	Saline flats.	Yes	No	41.0 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Haemodorum loratum</i>	P3		November	Uplands and sandplains with grey, white or yellow sand and gravel.	Yes	No	21.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Hakea megalosperma</i>	T	VU	April to June	High in landscape; hills, breakaways, slopes and flats with white, grey or brown sand or sandy loam over laterite.	Yes	No	36.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Hemiandra gardneri</i>	T	EN	August to November	Plains with yellow or grey sand or clayey sand.	Yes	No	72.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Hemiandra rutilans</i>	T	EN	October to November	Yellow/grey sand.	Yes	No	69 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Eneabba (H. Demarz 3687)	P3		February	Sandplains with white, grey or yellow sand.	Yes	No	24.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hemiandra</i> sp. Watheroo (S. Hancocks 4)	P4		October to November	Sandplains and hillslopes with grey/white sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	No	28.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hemigenia diadela</i>	P2		October	Lower hill slopes.	Yes	No	22.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hemigenia pimeleifolia</i>	P2		August	Sandstone, brown loam. Flats and plains.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	26.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hemigenia saligna</i>	P3		July to October	Lateritic and sandy soils.	Yes	No	41.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Hemigenia tichbonii</i>	P1		August to November	Red/brown clay loam over ironstone or granite uplands.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near northwestern edge of known distribution	3.3 km (Karara Area)	Possible: Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i>	PU		Unknown; flowering material collected in late August	Gravelly brown clay loam flats, in reasonable proximity to highly saline areas.	Yes	Yes (Yandanooka Pipeline only)	NA	Known: taxon recorded within Yandanooka Pipeline.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.

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<i>Hemigenia sp. major</i> (C.A. Gardner 2677)	P1		July to September	Unknown. Only known from three collections in 1931, with no habitat information provided.	Yes	Yes (western end of Yandanooka Pipeline only)	1.2 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline, and eastern Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known range and in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Hensmania chapmanii</i>	T	VU	December to January	Yellow-grey or lateritic sand.	Yes	No	27.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hensmania stoniella</i>	P3		September to November	Flats and slopes with white, grey or lateritic sand, sometimes winter-wet.	Yes	No	21.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hibbertia bistrata</i>	P3		April, August to September	Ridge, flats. Brown loam, yellow sand, lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	20.7 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i>	P3		July to October	Orange and brown rocky soils. Banded ironstone outcrops.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Hibbertia subvillosa</i>	P3		June to October	Sandy creek beds, heavy soils, often disturbed sites.	Yes	Yes (western and central part of Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution).
<i>Homalocalyx chapmanii</i>	P2		September to October	Undulating plains, slopes and riverbanks with sand or loam.	Yes	No, but western part of Borefield Corridor near eastern edge of known distribution	11.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known record in proximity to the Survey Area, however suitable habitat unlikely to be present in this part of the Survey Area.	
<i>Hopkinsia anoectocolea</i>	P3		September to December	White or grey sand, often saline. Winter-wet depressions, floodplains, salt lakes.	Yes	No	39.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Hyalosperma stoveae</i>	P2		August to October	Plains. Red-brown or orange or brown-yellow sandy loam over laterite.	Yes	Yes (eastern half of Survey Area only)	46.7 km (Karara Area)	Possible: taxon known from few records over a wide distribution. Suitable habitat potentially present within Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.

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<i>Hydrocotyle dimorphocarpa</i>	P1		September to October	Shallow red/brown sandy clay loam. Moderately inclined mid slopes to flats.	Yes	No, but eastern part of Karara Area near western edge of known distribution	2.8 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs in close proximity to known records.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey and historical survey effort. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Hydrocotyle spinulifera</i>	P3		September to October	Clay or sandy clay, bentonite clays. Around salt lakes.	Yes	Yes (central Survey Area only)	0.2 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: central to eastern Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Hypocalymma tetrapterum</i>	P3		August	Grey sand, loam, lateritic gravel. Riverbanks, breakaways.	Yes	No	47.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Isotropis petrensis</i>	P1		July to August	Granite outcrops or sheets, brown loam.	Yes	Yes (eastern end of Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only)	10.6 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: Central to eastern Yandanooka Pipeline, and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Jacksonia pungens</i>	T	EN	November to December	Yellow sand, gravelly lateritic soils. Undulating areas.	Yes	No	66.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Korthalsella leucothrix</i>	P1		Unknown	Parasitic on <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>A. ramulosa</i> , <i>A. tetragonophylla</i> , <i>A. quadrimarginea</i> , <i>A. incurvaneura</i> , and <i>A. craspedocarpa</i> . Coarse red lateritic sandy loam by run-on areas or creeks.	Yes	No	26.3 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Lasiopetalum decoratum</i>	P2		August to December	Gullies and slopes of breakaways in grey, brown or brown-yellow, loamy sand and lateritic gravel and boulders.	Yes	No	26.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Lasiopetalum ogilvieanum</i>	P1		July to October	Undulating plains, lateritic rises.	Yes	No	8.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: DBCA record south of Survey Area likely erroneous (locality description states 'Three Springs' and thus the record has been plotted at Three Springs townsite). All other DBCA records occur further west. The Survey Area is outside this range.	
<i>Lechenaultia galactites</i>	P3		June, September to October	Yellow or brown sand over laterite, plains.	Yes	No	40.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Lechenaultia juncea</i>	P3		November to December	White, grey or yellow sand, sandy gravel. Banksia woodland.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Lechenaultia longiloba</i>	P4		September to October	Yellow/white to grey sand across undulating landscapes. Recently burned areas.	Yes	No	42.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Lepidium fasciculatum</i>	P3		September to December	Red or brown cracking clay/loam on dried lake beds.	Yes	Yes	18.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: taxon known from few records over a wide distribution. Suitable habitat potentially present within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Lepidium sagittulatum</i>	P1		September	Unknown. Only known from two collections in 1949, with no habitat information provided.	Yes	Unknown	18.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unknown, but unlikely: status and range of taxon unknown. Only known from two collections in 1949, with no specific locality information provided; collections state 'Mingenew', and thus the records have been plotted at Mingenev townsite. It is unknown whether this taxon is still extant.	
<i>Lepidobolus densus</i>	P4		August to November	Sandplains, lake edges and slopes with brown or yellow sand.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	6.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution).
<i>Lepidosperma gibsonii</i>	T		May to July, October to February	Shallow red to pale brown or pale pink sandy loam with a rocky surface over ironstone or granite. In gullies and on lower slopes of BIF hills.	Yes	No	45.5 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: suitable habitat possibly present (central and eastern part of Survey Area), but nearest DBCA record to southeast represents most westerly extent of taxon's restricted range (approx. 17 km).	
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468)	P1		July to October	Seasonally wet brown to red sandy loam at the base of granite outcrops or across moderate to steeply inclined hillslopes of rocky magnetite and laterite banded ironstone.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Koolanooka (K.R. Newbey 9336)	P1		May to June, October	Pale brown to red clay loam soils or in cracks on moderate to steeply inclined BIF. Occasionally on pale brown clay loam over granite outcrops.	Yes	Yes (central Survey Area only)	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern end of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area intersects the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.

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<i>Leucopogon grammatus</i>	P3		August	Slopes, breakaways and ridges with laterite.	Yes	No	22.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Leucopogon stokesii</i>	T		August to September	Rocky loams on sandstone. Breakaways.	Yes	No	0.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: despite the close proximity of known records, suitable habitat is not considered to be present in the Survey Area. Taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 3 km.	
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Yanneymooning (F. Mollemans 3797)	P3		May to July	Brown or grey sandy clay loam across granite hills and decomposed granite breakaways.	Yes	No	29.1 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Liparophyllum congestiflorum</i>	P4		September to November	Flats, swamps and drainage lines with grey sandy clay or sand.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	1.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Lyginia excelsa</i>	P2		March to November	Undulating plains, flats and depressions with white/grey sand.	Yes	No	47.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Malleostemon decipiens</i>	P1		August to October	Brown-orange sand or grey loam. Sandplains. Granite breakaways.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	3.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Malleostemon</i> sp. Yalgoo Road (Morawa Tree Committee 329)	P1		September	Sand. Only known from two records collected in 1993.	Yes	No	27.5 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 1.5 km.	
<i>Melaleuca barlowii</i>	P3		August to October	Slopes, flats and roadsides. Hard gravelly yellow or red or brown sandy clay loam, banded ironstone or laterite.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Yandanooka Pipeline, Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Melaleuca sclerophylla</i>	P3		August to November	Gravelly white or red-brown or orange sand over clay, granite or quartzite slopes and hills.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	15.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Menkea draboides</i>	P3		August to September	Granitic flats with brown clay loam or red soils.	Yes	Yes (eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Mesomelaena stygia</i> subsp. <i>deflexa</i>	P3		March to October	Plains, flats and slopes with white, grey or lateritic sand, clay, gravel.	Yes	No	8.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	

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<i>Micromyrtus acuta</i>	P3		June, September to October	Red and red-brown loam and rocky soils. Banded ironstone.	Yes	Yes (eastern Survey Area only)	0.4 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Micromyrtus mucronulata</i>	P1		April to September	Rocky brown loam and dolerite (sometimes over greenstone or granite) on upper slopes and summits of rocky hills.	Yes	No	46.1 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 5.5 km.	
<i>Micromyrtus ninghanensis</i>	P1		September to October	Rocky brown clay loam soil over greenstone or granite on slopes and summits of rocky hills.	Yes	No	48.3 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon has a very restricted distribution of only approx. 2.5 km.	
<i>Micromyrtus rogeri</i>	P1		July to October	Breakaways on yellow-brown sandy soils, gravel, laterite.	Yes	No	8.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i>	P3		July to November	Shallow, rocky red to brown sandy clay loam over moderately inclined hillcrests of banded ironstone or basalt.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Micromyrtus uniovulum</i>	P2		November	Ridges, hilltops and slopes with grey or brown sand or clay loam over laterite.	Yes	No	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record likely erroneous; locality description is 'Yandanooka Nature Reserve', but the record provides the identifier and location of Wilson Nature Reserve, where other known records occur. Yandanooka Nature Reserve is not known to exist. Disregarding this erroneous record, the Survey Area occurs outside the range of the taxon.	
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i>	P1		September to October, February	Rocky red to brown clay loam across moderately inclined slopes of banded (often laterised with haematite) ironstone.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon has not been recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Millotia jacksonii</i>	P2		September to October	Valleys. Orange or grey sandy clay over laterite or sandstone or siltstone.	Yes	No	24.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Mirbelia ferricola</i>	P3		June to November	Red to brown sandy clay loam across slopes of BIFs or laterite.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	2.1 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western Yandanooka Pipeline and eastern Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Ternata (M.D. Crisp & L.G. Cook MDC 9267)	P1		September	Undulating plains and rocky slopes. Pale yellow, dry grey, brown loamy sand, sandstone/laterite.	Yes	Yes (central Survey Area only)	1.1 km (Tilley Siding)	Possible: Tilley Siding and central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Nicotiana salina</i>	P1		July to October	Slopes fringing major salt lakes and islands in salt lakes. Red-brown sandy loam to yellow clay.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	2.6 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Papistylus grandiflorus</i>	P2		July to October	Brown sandy loams. With granite, often on slopes.	Yes	No	42.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Paracaleana dixonii</i>	T	EN	Late October to November	Flats, plains and slopes with grey sand, sometimes with laterite gravel.	No	No	20.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Persoonia chapmaniana</i>	P3		September to November	White sandy clay, yellow sand. Vicinity of salt lakes.	Yes	No	32.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Persoonia filiformis</i>	P3		November to December	Plains and slopes with yellow or white sand over laterite.	Yes	No	21.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Persoonia kararae</i>	P2		October	Gentle rises on sandplains. Red clay loam.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	0.01 km (Karara Area)	Likely: suitable habitat likely to be present in Survey Area (Karara Area). DBCA record in very close proximity to Survey Area, which occurs in vegetation that appears to be contiguous with vegetation inside the Survey Area (based on aerial imagery interpretation).	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i>	P3		August to November	Slope of low rises, sides of ridges and drainage lines. Rocky basalt outcrops with red-brown or orange shallow sandy clay soils, fragments of granite, haematite, ironstone, quartz or ochre.	Yes	Yes	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor and Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Persoonia rudis</i>	P3		September to January	Flats and slopes with white, grey or yellow sand, often over laterite.	Yes	No	18.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Petrophile biternata</i>	P3		August to September	Lateritic hills, ridges.	Yes	No	48.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Petrophile conifera</i> subsp. <i>divaricata</i>	P2		September to October	Brown to red sand loam or clay across rocky undulating slopes of ironstone or granite. Only known from two records in 2008 and 2011.	Yes	No	47.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Petrophile globifera</i>	P3		September	Yellow or brown sand. Often on slopes.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	2.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i>	P3		August to September	Breakaways with granite or laterite. Flats or slopes with loam and clay.	Yes	Yes (eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon.
<i>Petrophile septemfida</i>	P3		July to September	Hillsides, uplands and plains with grey-white sand, often over laterite.	Yes	No	34.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Phebalium brachycalyx</i>	P3		June to September	Gravelly brown or red to yellow sandy loam or clay over laterite across slopes.	Yes	No	78.3 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Philothea nutans</i>	P1		April to September	Red sandy loam or brown to yellow sandy clay, occasionally over ironstone. Across flats or sometimes over gradual slopes.	Yes	No	37.8 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Phlebocarya pilosissima</i> subsp. <i>pilosissima</i>	P3		August to October	Slopes with sand over laterite.	Yes	No	46.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Pigea cymulosa</i>	T	CR	January, May to August	Rocky red to brown clay loam over greenstone across hill side slopes or along creekline banks or gullies.	Yes	No	45.5 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Pityrodia viscida</i>	P4		September to February	Upper slopes and mid slopes with white or grey sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present within the taxon's known distribution. This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Podotheca pritzelii</i>	P3		September to October	Salt lakes and saline habitats.	Yes	Yes	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i>	P3		August to December	White/grey sand, sandy loam. Samphire flats.	Yes	Yes	5.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Polianthion collinum</i>	P3		July	Red to brown loamy or clay loam soils across moderate to steeply inclined slopes of banded ironstone.	Yes	Yes (eastern Karara Area only)	0.1 km (Karara Area)	Likely: suitable habitat likely to be present in Survey Area (eastern Karara Area). Known records in very close proximity to Survey Area, which occur in vegetation that appears to be contiguous with vegetation inside the Survey Area (based on aerial imagery interpretation).	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Poranthera asybosca</i>	P1		Late October	Grey/white sandy soil.	Unlikely	No	43.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8)	P1		September	Red silty clay loam. Low to mid slopes of low rises.	Yes	Yes (eastern Karara Area only)	0.2 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Psammomoya implexa</i>	P3		August to September	Gentle slopes, stony hills or sandplains. Yellow sand or red clay/silt over ironstone gravel.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	3.5 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern part of Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution, with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
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<i>Ptilotus fasciculatus</i>	P4		October to December	Saline brown or grey loam and clay loam. Around watercourses or on flats.	Yes	Yes (western Survey Area only)	33.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i>	P3		August to October	Rocky shallow red to brown sandy clay loam. Low to upper slopes of moderately inclined banded ironstone (often mixed with other minerals and rock).	Yes	Yes	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: known. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Rhodanthe</i> sp. Yuna (G.J. Keighery, B.J. Keighery & B. Moyle 2820)	P3		September to November	Red to yellow sandy loam over laterite or granite. Open flats or hillside slopes.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: known records in proximity to the western end of Borefield Corridor; however, the Survey Area is predominately cleared in this area, or consists of only <i>Eucalyptus</i> trees over pasture weeds. The Survey Area is unlikely to provide suitable habitat within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Ricinocarpos brevis</i>	T	EN	February, June to July	Red brown loam gravel, sandy clay loam or silty clay. Steep upper slopes of banded ironstone ridges.	Yes	No	240 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Ricinocarpos oliganthus</i>	P1		June, September	Red brown sandy clay or loam or stony brown clayey sand on hillsides.	Yes	No	36.0 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Taxon restricted to the Canna area.	
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i>	P3		August to October	Sand ridges in saline drainage lines or salty lake areas. Slightly to moderately saline brown-red sand or laterite clay.	Yes	Yes (central-western Borefield Corridor only)	0.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor and Yandanooka Pipeline.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Roycea pycnophylloides</i>	T	EN	September to October	Salt lakes and saline habitats.	Yes	No	136 km (Karara Area)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Scaevola chrysopogon</i>	P2		August to October	Gentle sand dunes, flat sandplains, breakaway and ridges. Dry red-brown sand.	Yes	No	44.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Scaevola kallophylla</i>	P4		May to December	Brown or yellow sand and sandy clay.	Yes	No	37.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Schoenia filifolia</i> subsp. <i>subulifolia</i>	T	EN	August to October	Clay and brown clay loam.	Yes	Yes (western Borefield Corridor only)	0.01 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity. Note, nearest DBCA record to Survey Area likely plotted at an indicative location: collection from 1904 with locality description 'Ebbanowah to Yandanooka'.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present (vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Wheatbelt Area that is within the taxon's known distribution). This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Schoenus badius</i>	P2		September to October	Grey sand. Moist areas.	Yes	No	24.3 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Schoenus griffinianus</i>	P4		September to October	Undulating sandplains, lower slopes, flats and depressions with grey sand.	Yes	No	21.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Schoenus natans</i>	P4		September to December	Ephemeral wetlands. <i>Melaleuca lateritia</i> / <i>Melaleuca viminea</i> shrubland, sometimes with emergent <i>Eucalyptus rudis</i> .	Yes	No	24.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Schoenus</i> sp. Eneabba (F. Obbens & C. Godden I154)	P2		November to December	Undulating sandplains, mid slopes and tops of rises with grey, yellow or white sand.	Yes	No	35.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>brevistylis</i>	P1		October to December	Sandplains, margins of granite outcrops, or in association with damp depressions.	Yes	Yes (western Borefield Corridor only)	0.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present. This area was searched in 2024 but this taxon was not recorded.
<i>Scholtzia brevistylis</i> subsp. <i>prowaka</i>	P2		June to September	Brown soils with granite.	Yes	No	32.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Scholtzia calcicola</i>	P2		September to December	Slopes, undulating plains. Grey or yellow sand, often with limestone.	Yes	No	46.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Scholtzia multiflora</i>	P1		August to September	Yellow to off-white siliceous sand or dry ironstone gravel laterite. Gently inclined slopes of shallow gullies or swales.	Yes	No	62 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Scholtzia prostrata</i>	P3		November	Flats or gentle slopes. Dry sand or sand over laterite.	Yes	No	22.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Scholtzia subsessilis</i>	P1		September to December	Yellow sand and sandy clay.	Yes	Yes (central-western Borefield Corridor only)	5.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Sclerolaena</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 437)	P1		Unknown	Red brown soils on footslope outwash areas of banded ironstone. Known from a single record from 2005.	Yes	No, but single known record just south of western end of Yandanooka Pipeline	2.4 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: western end of Yandanooka Pipeline only. Nearest DBCA location represents only known location, but similar habitat potentially present in this part of the Survey Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Spergularia nesophila</i>	P3		September to December	Sand. Limestone plateaus.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	0.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. All known records of this taxon occur in coastal areas or on islands off the coast, with the exception of nearest DBCA record that occurs within chain of saline claypans in Yarra Yarra system. Suitable habitat potentially present in this part of the Survey Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Stawellia dimorphantha</i>	P4		June to November	Undulating plains and slopes with yellow sand.	Yes	No	29.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i>	P3		April, August to December	Red to brown sand, clay or loam over basalt gravel or laterised banded ironstone often with haematite. Moderately inclined upper slopes.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat potentially present, but taxon was not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Stylidium amabile</i>	T	CR	September to November	Yellow/red brown sandy clay or loam. Gentle slopes of sheet laterite.	Yes	No	70.7 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Stylidium carnosum</i> subsp. Narrow leaves (J.A. Wege 490)	P1		September to October	Hillslopes and plains with white-grey sand and lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	36.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Stylidium cornuatum</i>	P2		September	Brown or orange brown clay-loam in seasonally moist habitats.	Yes	No	20.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present.	
<i>Stylidium drummondianum</i>	P3		August to October	Upper hillslopes and breakaways, low heath or mallee shrubland on sand or clayey sand over laterite.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	11.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Stylidium longitubum</i>	P4		July to November	Seasonal damplands, brown clay loam.	Yes	No	46.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is not considered to be present.	

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<i>Stylidium pendulum</i>	P1		April, September to December	Hillsides, ridges and plains. Red-brown sand, loam or clay over basalt gravel or banded ironstone.	Yes	No	8.7 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present in the vicinity of nearest known DBCA record.	
<i>Stylidium pseudocaespitosum</i>	P2		September to November	Breakaways and hillslopes on white, grey or yellow sand over laterite.	Yes	No	22.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat is not considered to be present.	
<i>Stylidium ricae</i>	P3		August to October	Clay loams with gravel. Over granite.	Yes	Yes (central-western part of Borefield Corridor only)	3.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution with known records in close proximity.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; just outside or on the edge of the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Stylidium scintillans</i>	T		August to October	Brown clay loam or brown gravelly loam on mid to upper slopes of granite outcropping. Sometimes growing in cracks between rocks.	Yes	Yes (Karara Area only)	Within Survey Area (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon not recorded despite intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Stylidium tinkeri</i>	P2		April, October to November	Winter-wet depressions, flats, wetlands and valleys with brown or grey clay loam.	Unlikely	No	9.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Stylidium torticarpum</i>	P3		September to November	Adjacent to drainage lines, depressions, and beneath breakaways, heath or mallee shrubland on sandy clay or clay loam over laterite.	Yes	No	15.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Stylidium wilroyense</i>	P3		September to October	Yellow sand. Gentle slopes of sand plains.	Yes	No	32.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Stylidium xanthopis</i>	P1		September to November	Damp red clayey sand with granite and laterite. Base of rock outcrops, screens or hillsides.	Yes	No	35.5 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Stylidium</i> sp. Three Springs (J.A. Wege & C. Wilkins JAW 600)	P2		August to September	Rocky slopes, flats and outcrops with clay-sand or loam.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	10.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central-western part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; on the edge of the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Styphelia filifolia</i>	P3		February to June	Sand, sometimes winter damp.	Yes	No	42.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Styphelia howatharra</i>	P2		June to July, October	Brown sandy loam, often gravelly. Mid to upper slopes.	Yes	No	120 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

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<i>Styphelia hyalina</i>	P3		June, October to December	Sand or loam soils, on lateritic uplands and often in association with breakaways.	Yes	No	15.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Styphelia longissima</i>	T	CR	June to September	Hillsides with gentle slopes and yellow sand.	Yes	No	49.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Styphelia marginata</i>	T	EN	May to July	Yellow sand with gravel. Hillsides, ironstone breakaways.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	5.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Styphelia obtecta</i>	T	EN	October to November	Plains with white, grey or yellow sand.	Yes	No	43.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Styphelia pallens</i>	P2		October to December	Usually high in the landscape in sand or light loam over laterite.	Yes	No	36.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Swainsona picta</i>	P1		August	Red brown sandy loam. Granite outcrops and adjacent areas.	Yes (August site visits only)	Yes (Karara Area only)	0.4 km (Karara Area)	Known: taxon recorded within Karara Area.	Mine Area: suitable habitat unlikely to be present, and taxon was not recorded by intensive systematic survey. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Synaphea oulopha</i>	P3		July to October	Lateritic breakaways and rises on grey sand, gravelly loam, clay.	Yes	No	8.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Synaphea sparsiflora</i>	P2		August to September	Slopes / crests of hills and lateritic ridges with grey / brown sand.	Yes	No	14.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Synaphea xela</i>	P2		August	Undulating sites with red-brown gravelly sand, white-pink, grey-brown clayey sand and loam, over laterite.	Yes	No	30.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Tecticornia bulbosa</i>	T	VU	June	Brown sandy clay. Gently undulating saline areas, permanently wet saline clays.	Yes	Yes (central Borefield Corridor only)	3.2 km (Yandanooka Pipeline)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only, within chain of saline playas/clay pans. Suitable habitat potentially present.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i>	P3		Unknown	Saline sand and clayey soil. Shores of salt lakes.	Yes	Yes (central Borefield Corridor and central Yandanooka Pipeline only)	Within Survey Area (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.

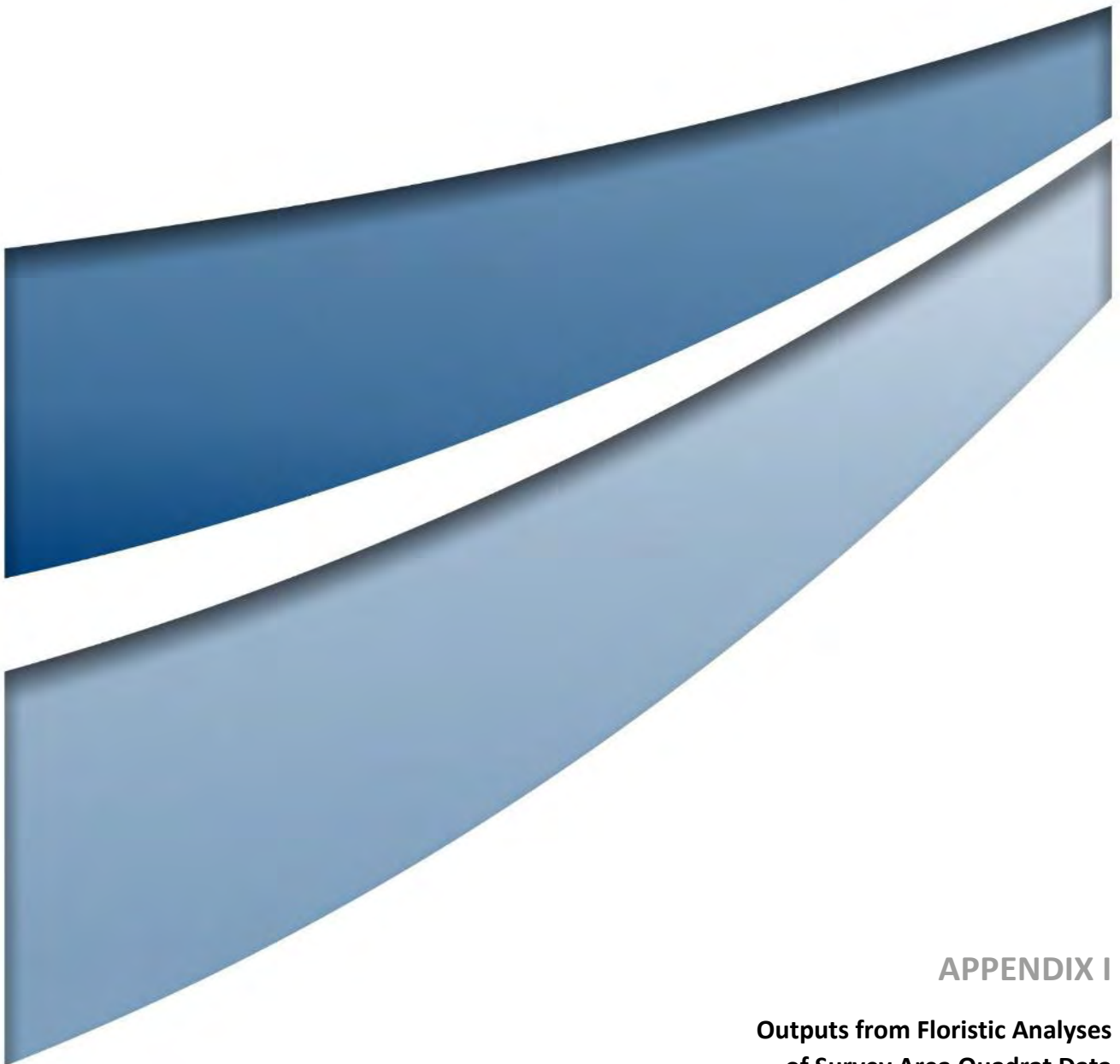
Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1'	PU		Unknown	Shores of salt lakes.	Yes	Yes	NA	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2'	PU		Unknown	Shores of salt lakes.	Yes	Yes	NA	Known: taxon recorded within Borefield Corridor.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Tetradlea nephelioides</i>	T	CR	July to January	Slopes and ridges with white or grey gravelly sand over laterite.	Yes	No	71.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Thelymitra apiculata</i>	P4		June to August	Hillslopes with grey sand, lateritic gravel and laterite.	Yes (August site visits only)	No	35.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Thelymitra stellata</i>	T	EN	September to early November	Ridges and tops of lateritic hills with grey or brown sand or loam and lateritic gravel.	Yes	No	14.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.	
<i>Thomasia x formosa</i>	P1		October	Orange clayey sand. Disturbed areas.	Yes	No	16.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Thryptomene nitida</i>	P3		August to November	Lower slopes, flats and drainage lines with clay and clay/sand.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	0.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution. Note nearest DBCA record potentially erroneous; locality description states 'Enokierra Hills, on the hill, 3.5 km E of Yandanooka', which is presumably a misspelling of Enokurra Hill. The record has plotted in a cleared paddock, while Enokurra Hill occurs approx. 1.1 km south.	
<i>Thryptomene pieroniae</i>	P3		July to September	Yellow sandplains. Yellow sand or silty gravel. Disturbed areas.	Yes	Yes (eastern Survey Area only)	46.1 km (Karara Area)	Possible: eastern Yandanooka Pipeline and western Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known range.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Thryptomene shirleyae</i>	P2		July to October	Yellow sand or sandy loam over gravel. Gentle upper slopes or plains.	Yes	No	47.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Thryptomene spicata</i>	P2		September to November	Slopes with grey, yellow or brown lateritic sand, Rocky Springs ferricrete.	Yes	No	26.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Thryptomene velutina</i>	P2		June to October	Sandplains, ridgetops and slopes. Red-brown, brown, yellow, orange or white sand, sandy clay.	Yes	No (DBCA record near Perth represents a cultivated location)	42.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Thysanotus glaucus</i>	P4		October to March	White, grey or yellow sand, sandy gravel.	Unlikely	No	41.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Thysanotus vernalis</i>	P3		September to October	Slopes, flats and winter wet depressions with grey, brown or white sand with lateritic gravel over laterite.	Yes	No	13.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i>	P3		October to December	Yellow to grey sand, gravelly clay quartz, laterite, limestone. Midslopes and uplands.	Yes	Yes (western Survey Area only)	2.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Known: taxon recorded within Yandanooka Pipeline.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Triglochin protuberans</i>	P3		August to November	Margins of ephemeral wetlands and rock pools, clay pans, sometimes granitic. Red-brown clay.	Yes	Yes	5.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: Suitable habitat potentially present, and the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Urodon capitatus</i>	P3		September to December	Yellow sand. Sandplains and flats.	Yes	Yes (western and central Survey Area only)	18.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Verticordia albida</i>	T	EN	November to January	Undulating sandplains with grey, white or yellow sand, sometimes over laterite.	Yes	No	14.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Verticordia argentea</i>	P2		November to April	White, grey or yellow sand. Sand ridges, undulating plains.	Yes	No	41.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia aurea</i>	P4		September to December	Sandplains with deep white-grey sand.	Yes	No	48.8 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia capillaris</i>	P4		March, September to November	Yellow sand across flat sandplains or slightly undulating plains.	Yes	Unlikely	2.9 km (Tilley Siding)	Unlikely: nearest DBCA record likely erroneous (locality description is 'Near Morawa' and thus the record has been plotted at Morawa townsite). The southern extent of all other records is approx. 80 km northwest of the Survey Area. The Survey Area is outside this range, and suitable habitat is unlikely to be present in the vicinity of the nearest DBCA record.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Verticordia chrysostachys</i> var. <i>pallida</i>	P3		October to January	Yellow sand. Plains or slopes.	Yes	Yes (central Borefield Corridor only)	5.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Possible: central part of Borefield Corridor only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.
<i>Verticordia comosa</i>	P1		September to January	Yellow sand. Plains or slopes.	Yes	Yes (western Borefield Corridor only)	0.01 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: despite the close proximity of known records, suitable habitat is not considered to be present in the part of the Survey Area that intersects the known range; vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Survey Area that is within the taxon's known distribution. Intact vegetation within this part of the Survey Area is unlikely to represent suitable habitat for the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia dasystylis</i> subsp. <i>oestopoa</i>	P1		October to December	Gritty soils over granite. Outcrops.	Yes	No	20.4 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia densiflora</i> var. <i>roseostella</i>	P3		September to December	Sandplains and breakaways with yellow, grey or white sand or sandy loam, often with laterite.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	7.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Verticordia fragrans</i>	P3		September to November	Sandplains and low-lying areas with white, grey or yellow sand or clay loam.	Yes	No	44.2 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia insignis</i> subsp. <i>eomagis</i>	P3		August to November	Sandplains and rocky rises with sandy soils over laterite.	Yes	No	47.1 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>luteola</i>	P3		October to January	Grey or yellow sand. Slopes.	Yes	No	14.5 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Verticordia luteola</i> var. <i>rosea</i>	P1		December to January	White sand. Flats.	Yes	No	18.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Verticordia muelleriana</i> subsp. <i>muelleriana</i>	P3		September to January	Sandplains and slopes with white-grey or yellow sand.	Yes	No	26.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia penicillaris</i>	P4		September to October	Hills, rocky creeks and outcrops with shallow grey or brown sandy loam or clay loam, often with granite or sometimes laterite or sandstone.	Yes	Yes (western Borefield Corridor only)	8.9 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution.	
<i>Verticordia polytricha</i>	P4		September to January	Yellow sand across flat sandplains or slightly undulating plains. Often found with moist soils near gorges or gullies.	Yes	Yes (very western end of Borefield Corridor only)	45.7 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: suitable habitat is not considered to be present within the taxon's known distribution.	

Taxon	Status (WA)	Status (EPBC)	Flowering Period*	Habitat*	Identifiable During Survey?	Survey Area Within Known Range?	Nearest DBCA record to Survey Area	Likelihood of Occurrence	
								Survey Area	Targeted Survey Area
<i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i>	T	EN	November to January	Dry yellow sand. Plains and road verges.	Yes	Yes (western Borefield Corridor only)	0.01 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: despite the close proximity of known records, suitable habitat is not considered to be present in the part of the Survey Area that intersects the known range; vegetation almost entirely cleared in the part of the Survey Area that is within the taxon's known distribution. Intact vegetation within this part of the Survey Area is unlikely to represent suitable habitat for the taxon.	
<i>Verticordia venusta</i>	P3		October to January	Yellow sand or yellow to brown sandy loam across undulating terrain.	Yes	No	18.6 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon, and suitable habitat unlikely to be present.	
<i>Vittadinia cervicularis</i> var. <i>occidentalis</i>	P1		August to September	Slopes or plains. Brown sand or sandy gravel. Disturbed areas.	Yes	No	8.0 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: the Survey Area is outside the known distribution of the taxon. Note, nearest DBCA record to Survey Area likely plotted at an indicative location: collection from 1904 with locality description 'Between Ebbano [Ebano Spring] and Yandanooka'. All other known records occur within approx. 7 km of the coast.	
<i>Wurmbea murchisoniana</i>	P4		July to September	Brown sand, sandy/gritty clay near ephemeral granite rock pools, riverbanks or other wet depressions.	Yes	Yes (central and eastern Survey Area only)	12.6 km (Karara Area)	Possible: central and eastern part of Borefield Corridor, and Yandanooka Pipeline and Karara Area only. Suitable habitat potentially present, and this part of the Survey Area occurs within the taxon's known distribution.	Mine Area: unlikely; suitable habitat not considered to be present. Wheatbelt Area: unlikely; outside the known range of this taxon, and suitable habitat not considered to be present.
<i>Wurmbea tubulosa</i>	T	EN	June to October	Riverbanks, seasonally-wet places with clay or loam.	Yes	Yes (western end of Borefield Corridor only)	0.04 km (Borefield Corridor)	Unlikely: despite the close proximity of known records, suitable habitat is unlikely to be present in the part of the Survey Area that intersects the known range.	

* Source: WA Herbarium specimen records data, accessed via Florabase (WA Herbarium, 1998-), except where stated otherwise.

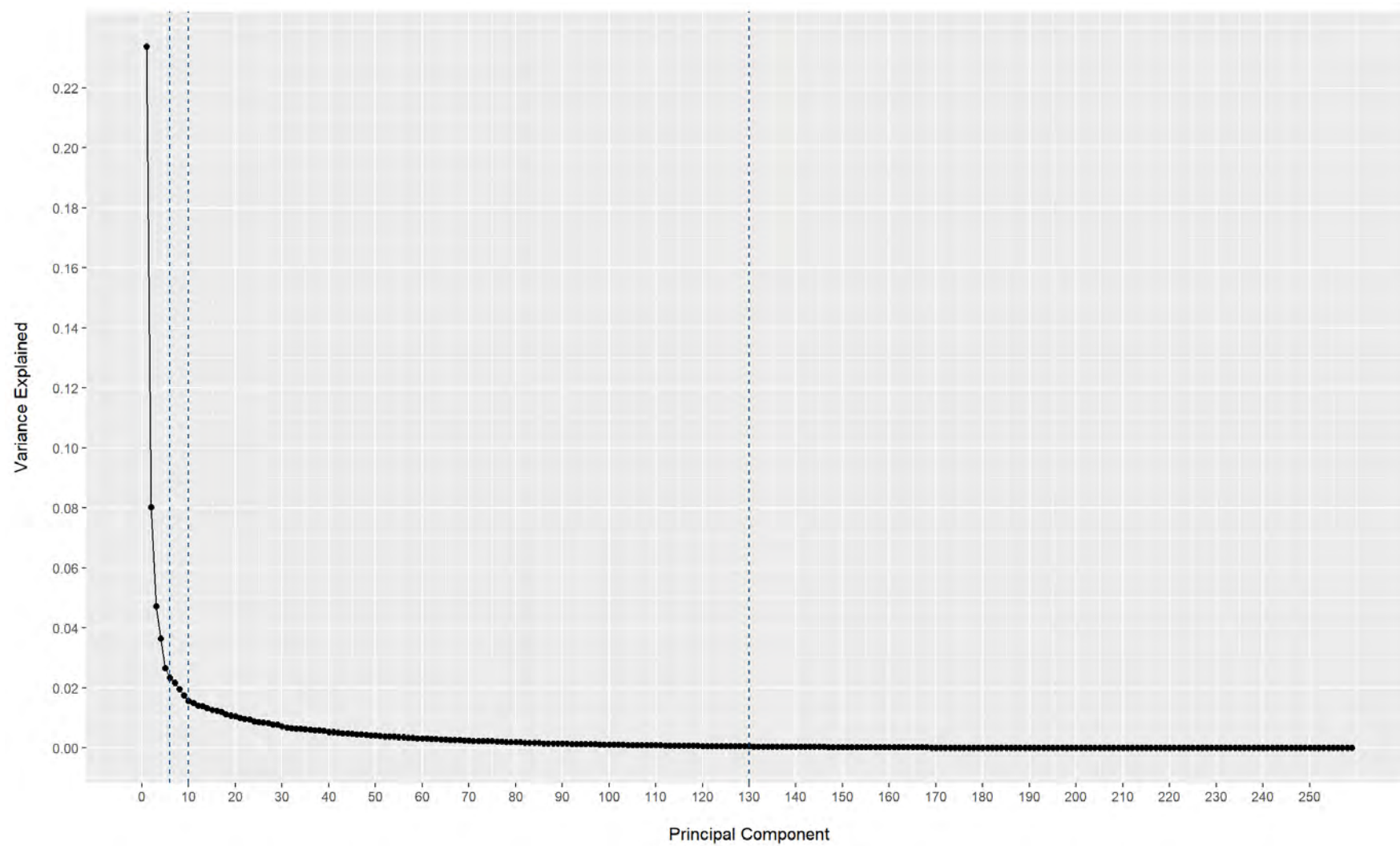


APPENDIX I

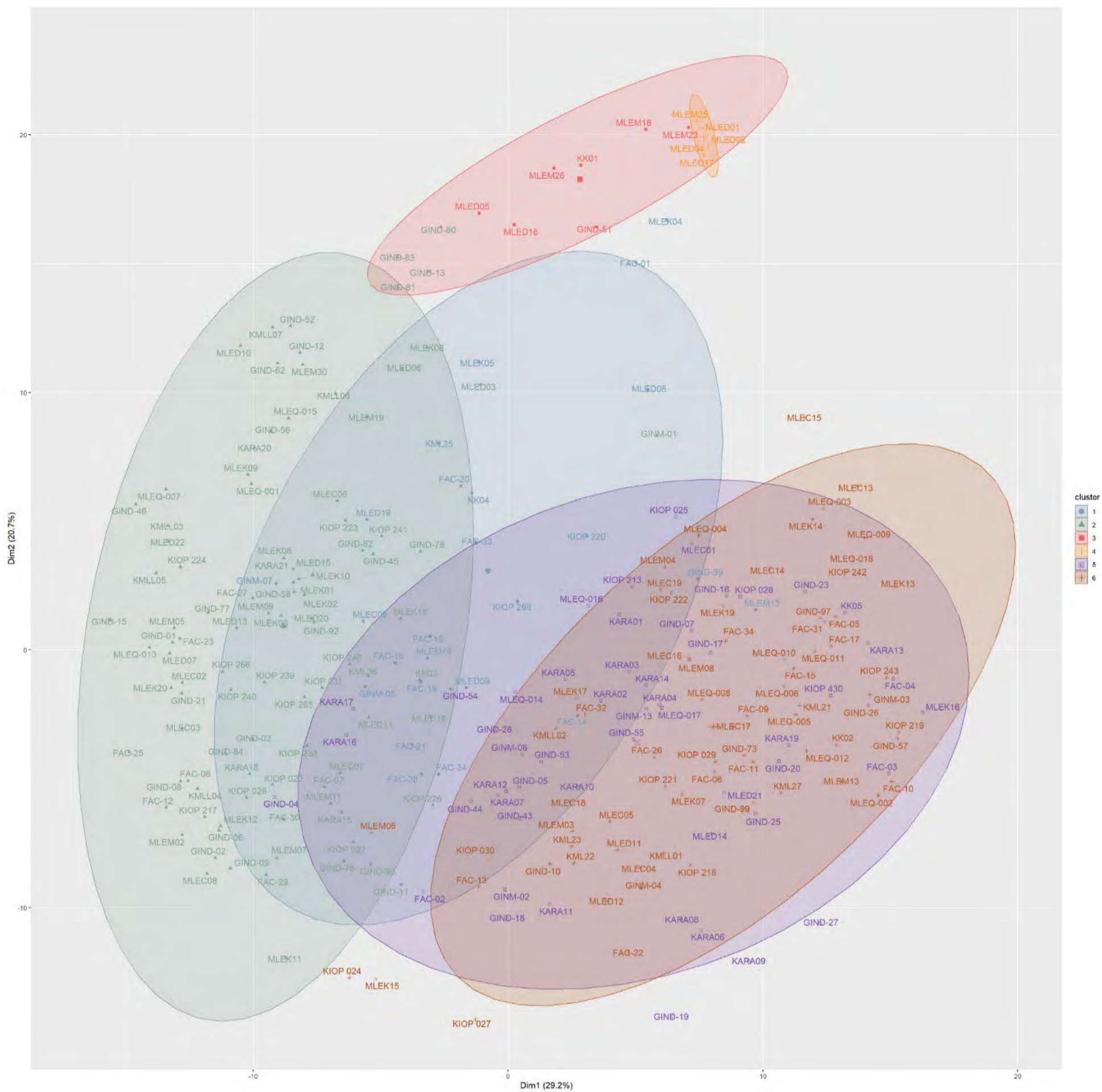
**Outputs from Floristic Analyses
of Survey Area Quadrat Data**

PCA Scree Plot

Including results of optimal number of clusters analyses (dashed lines).

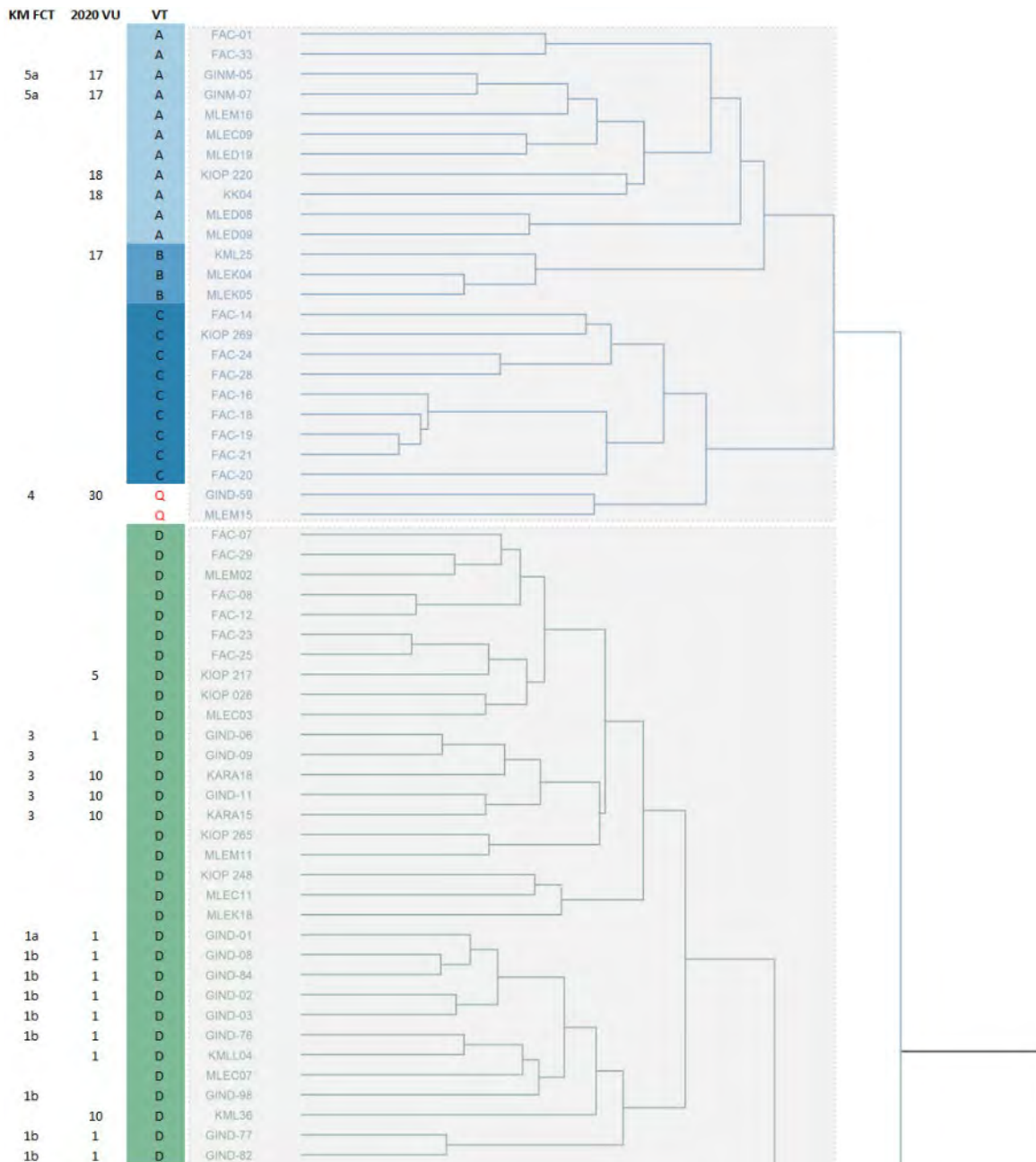


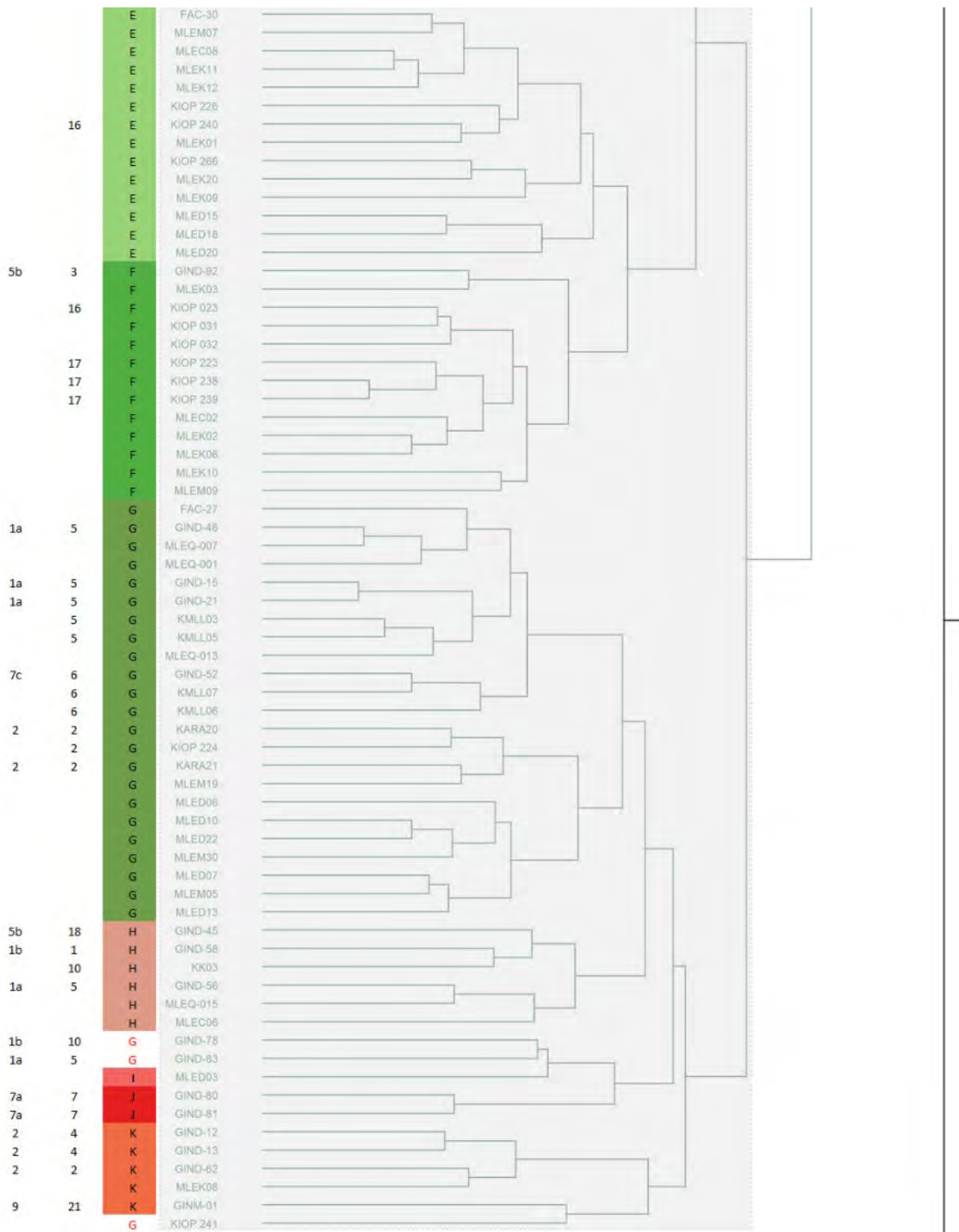
2D cluster plot

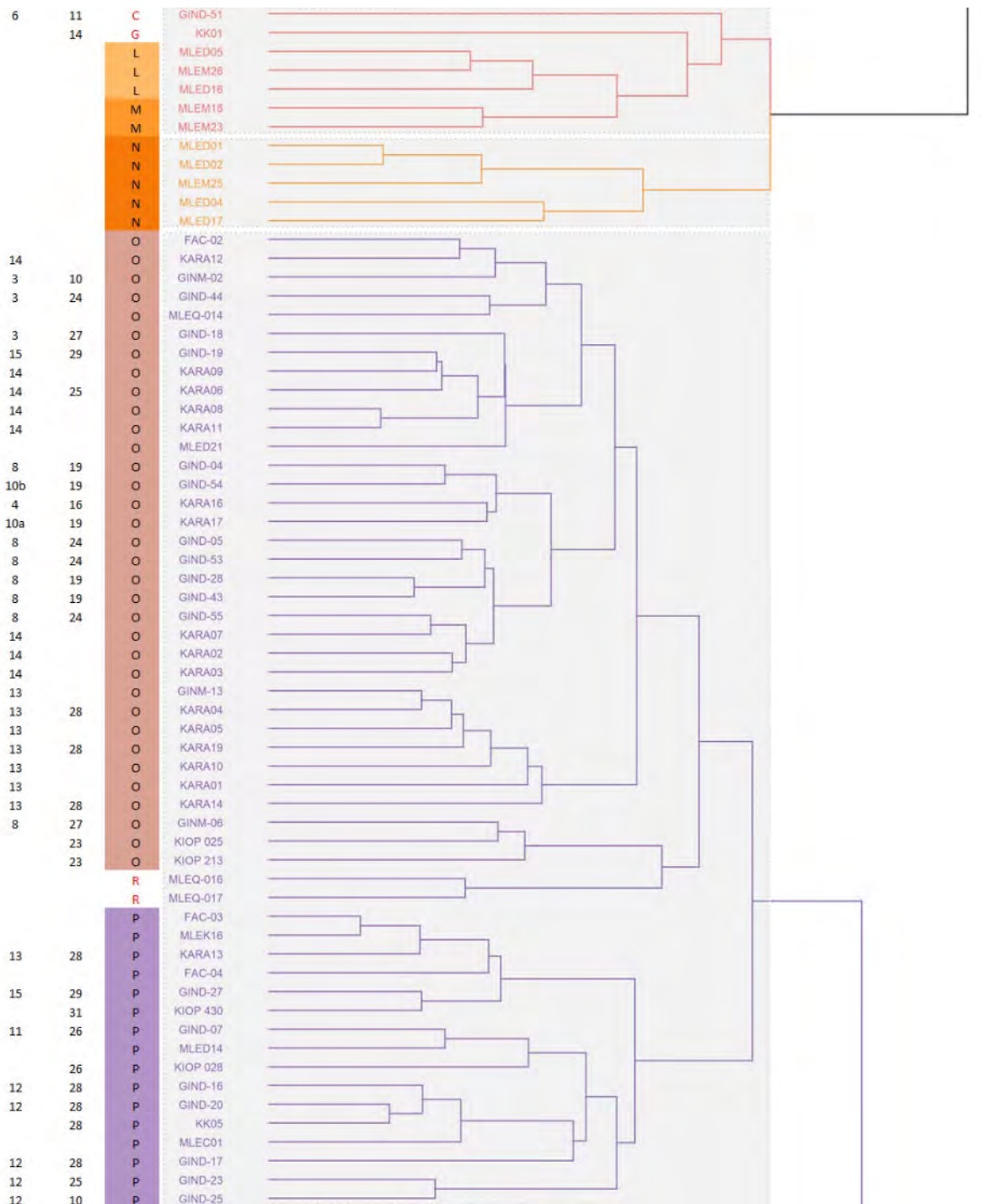


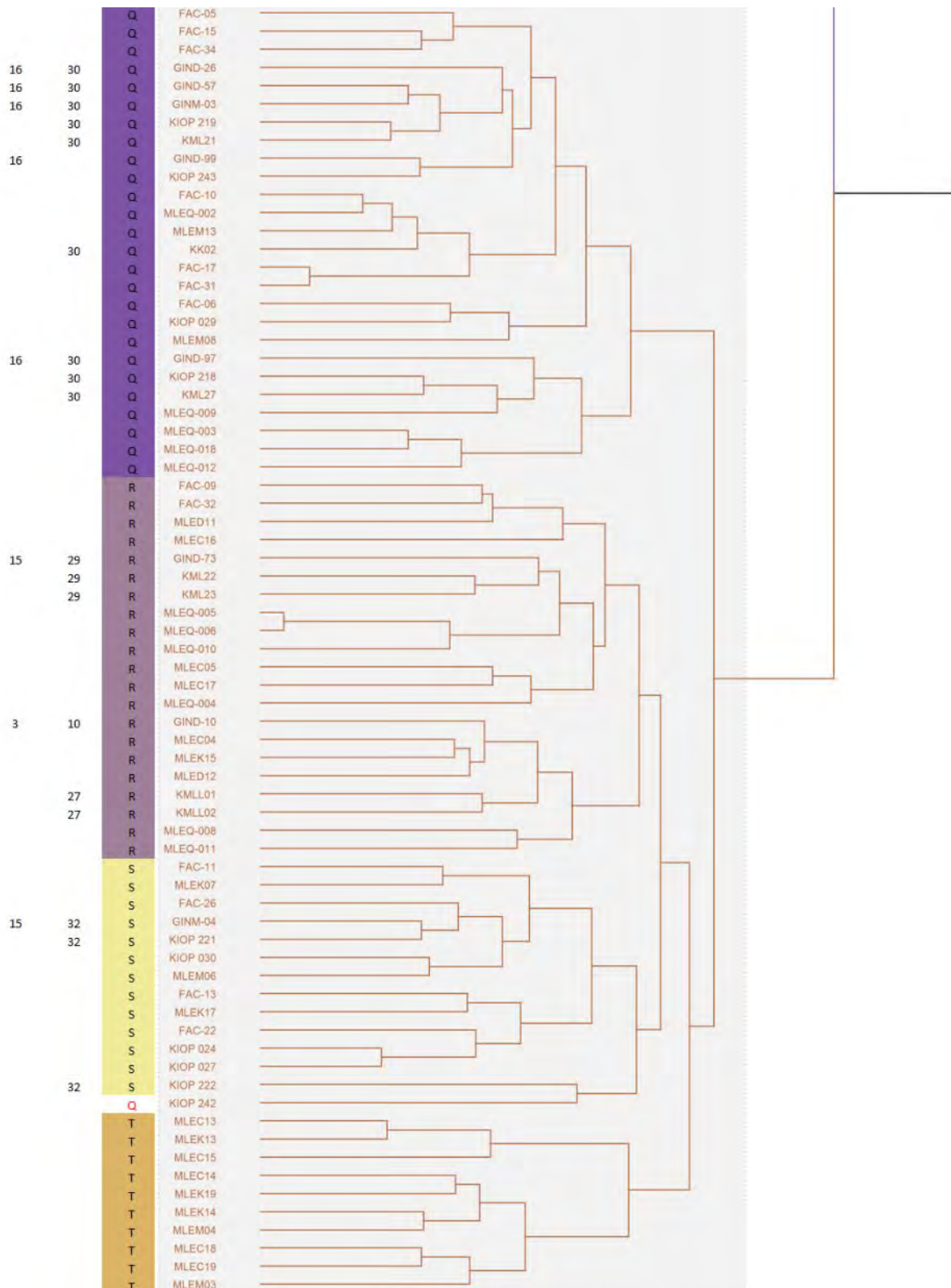
Agglomerative hierarchical clustering analysis dendrogram

Including final VT determinations ('VT'), as well as FCT and VU allocations from the Karara–Mungada Assessment ('KM FCT') and 2020 Assessment ('2020 VU'), respectively



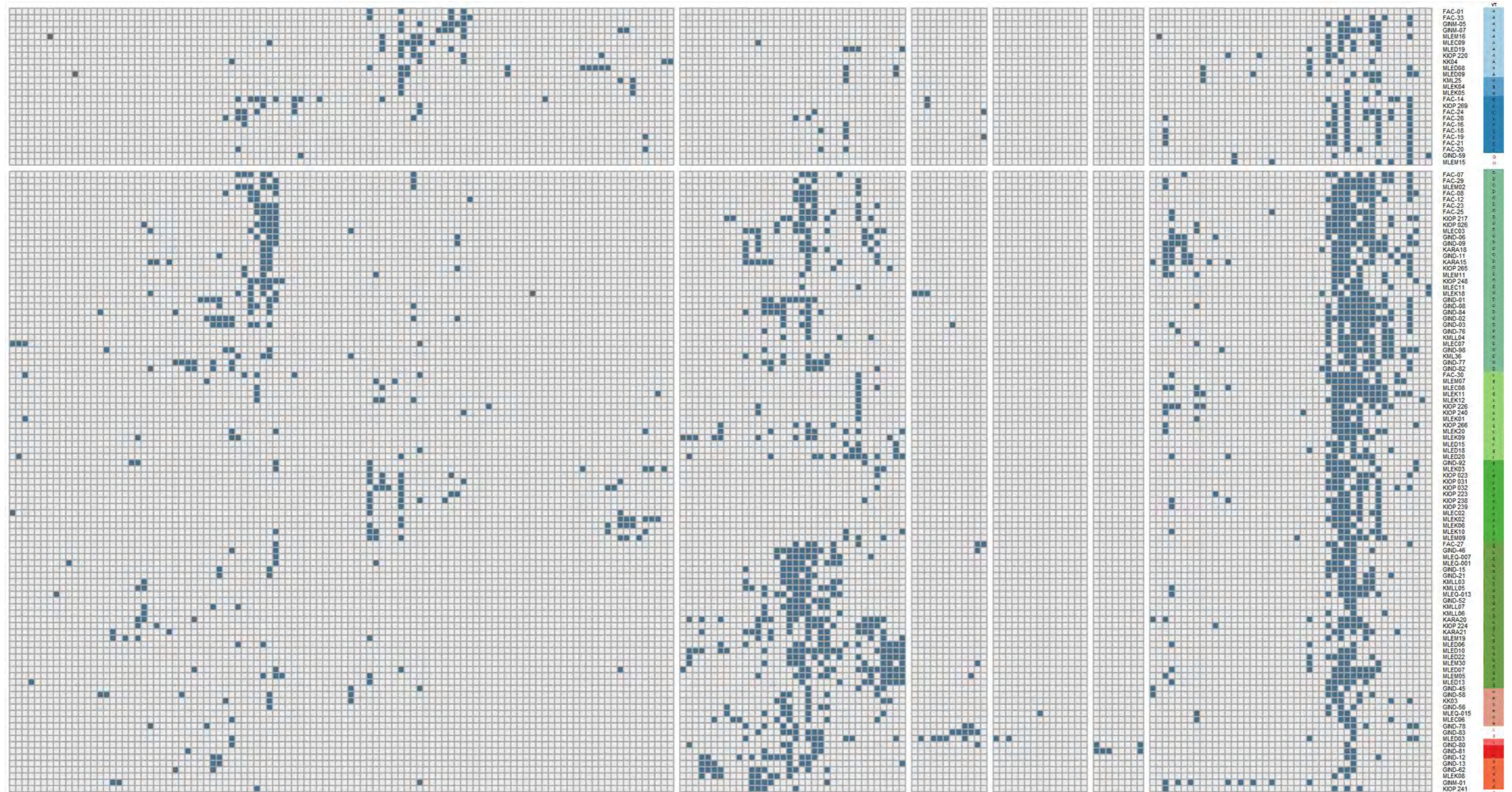


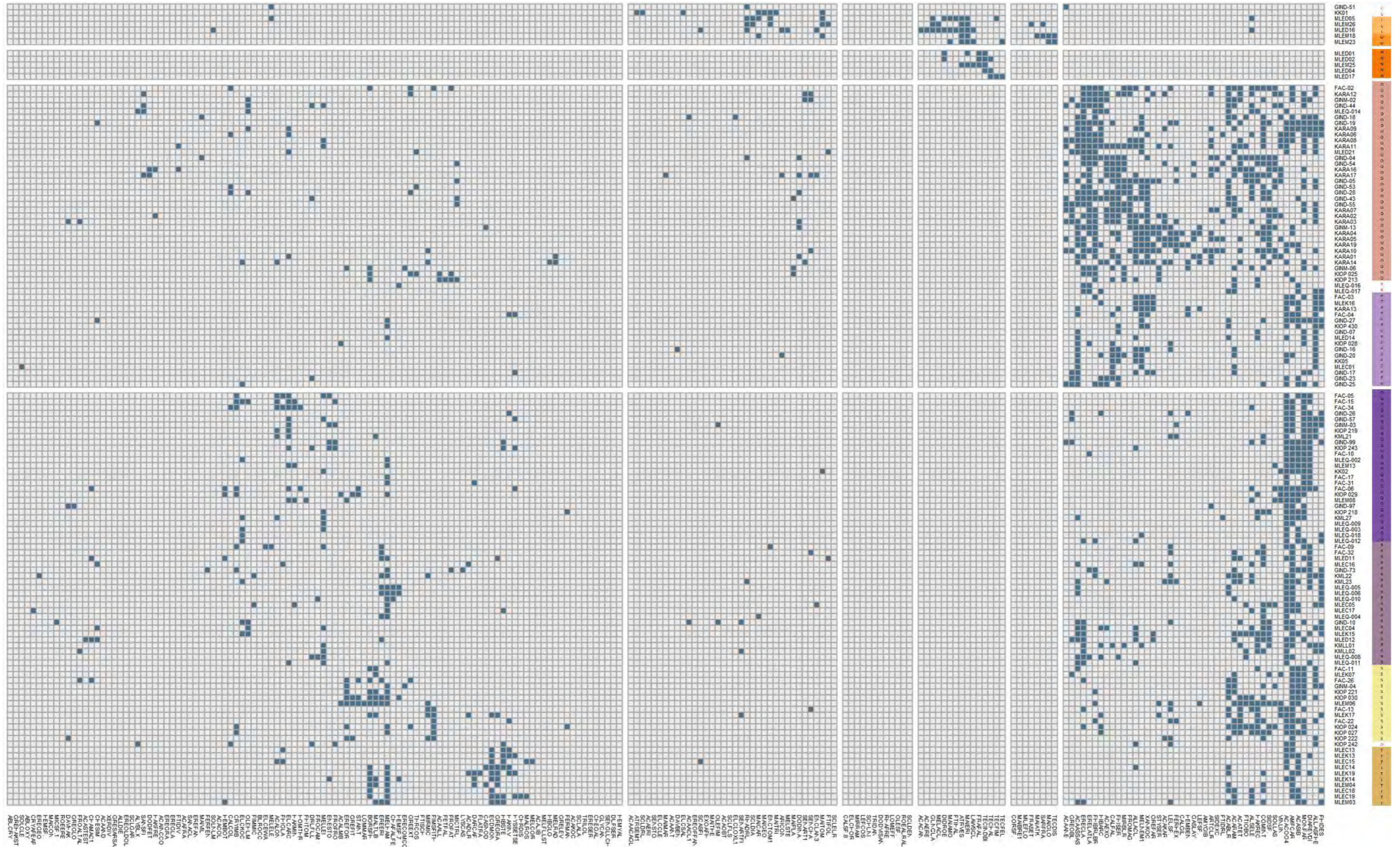


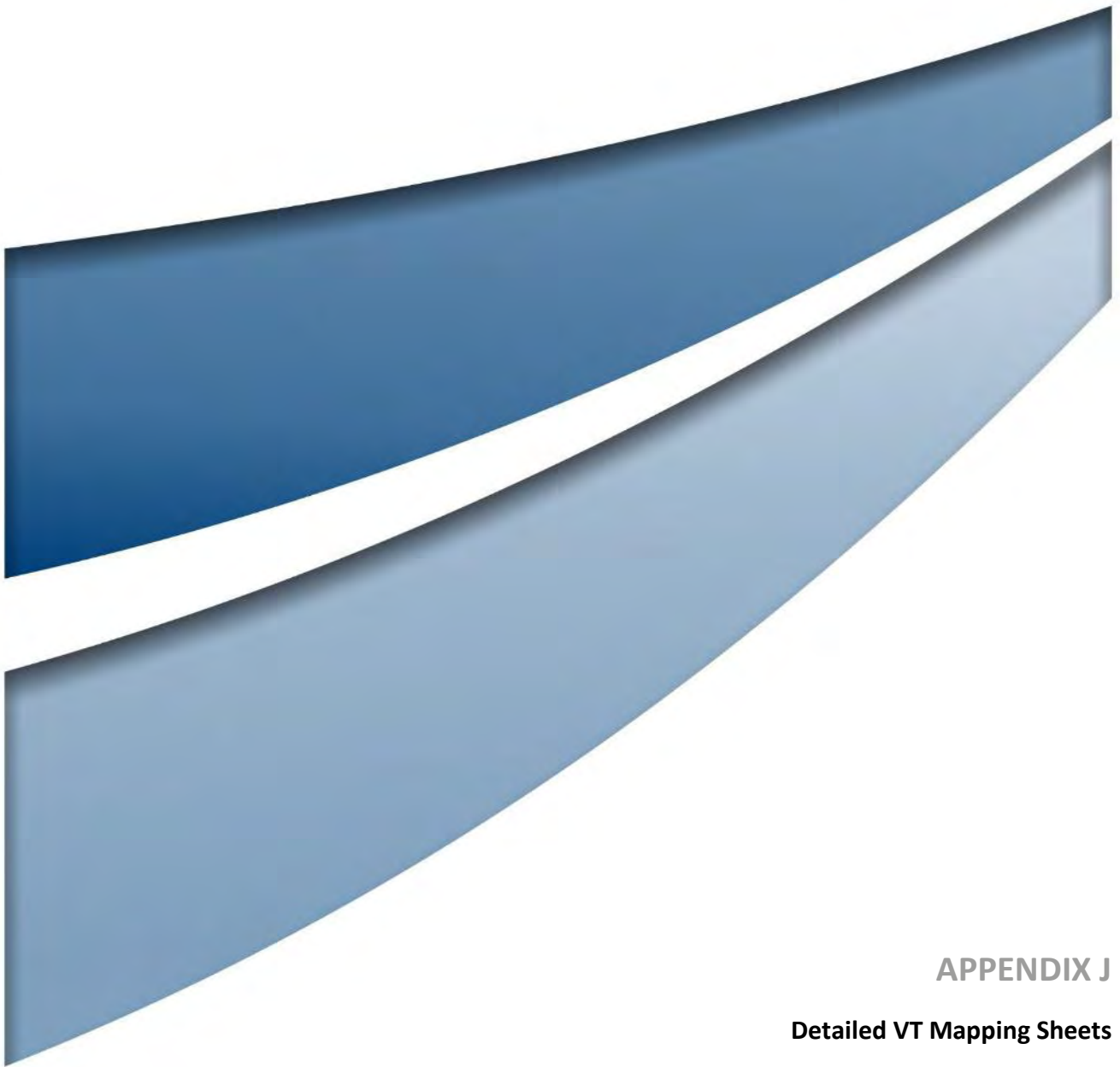


Taxon group matrix

Note that this taxon group matrix is produced using the floristic classification analyses dataset, and therefore reflects the taxa exclusions (i.e. annual/ephemeral taxa, introduced taxa, hybrids and singletons) and amalgamations (as per **Appendix A**). For a comprehensive list of all taxa present within each quadrat and VT, refer to **Appendix E** and **Appendix J**, respectively.



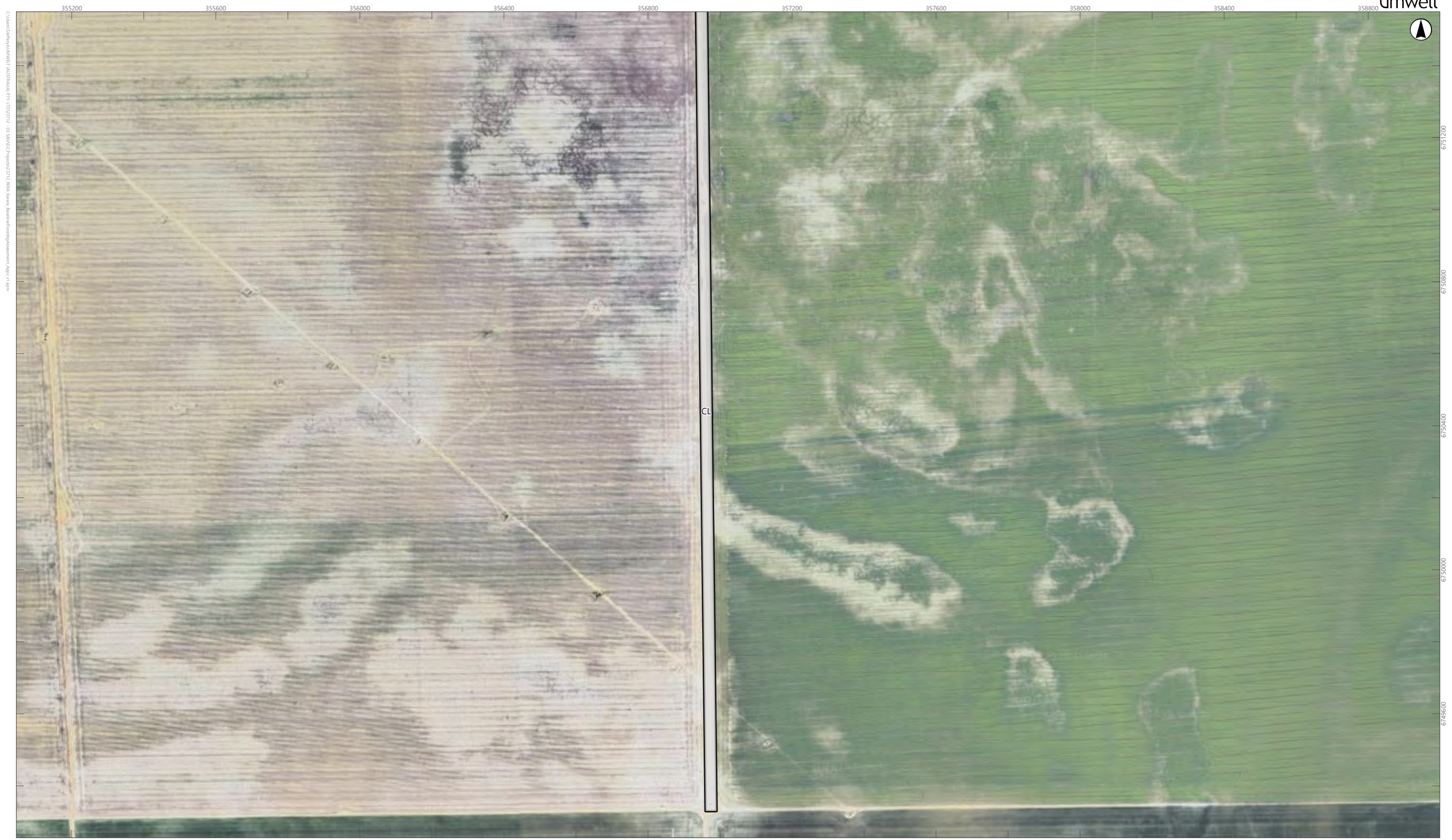




APPENDIX J

Detailed VT Mapping Sheets

**GOVERNMENT AGENCY REFERENCE ONLY
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CONTAINS LOCATIONS OF SIGNIFICANT FLORA TAXA**



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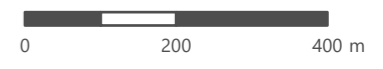
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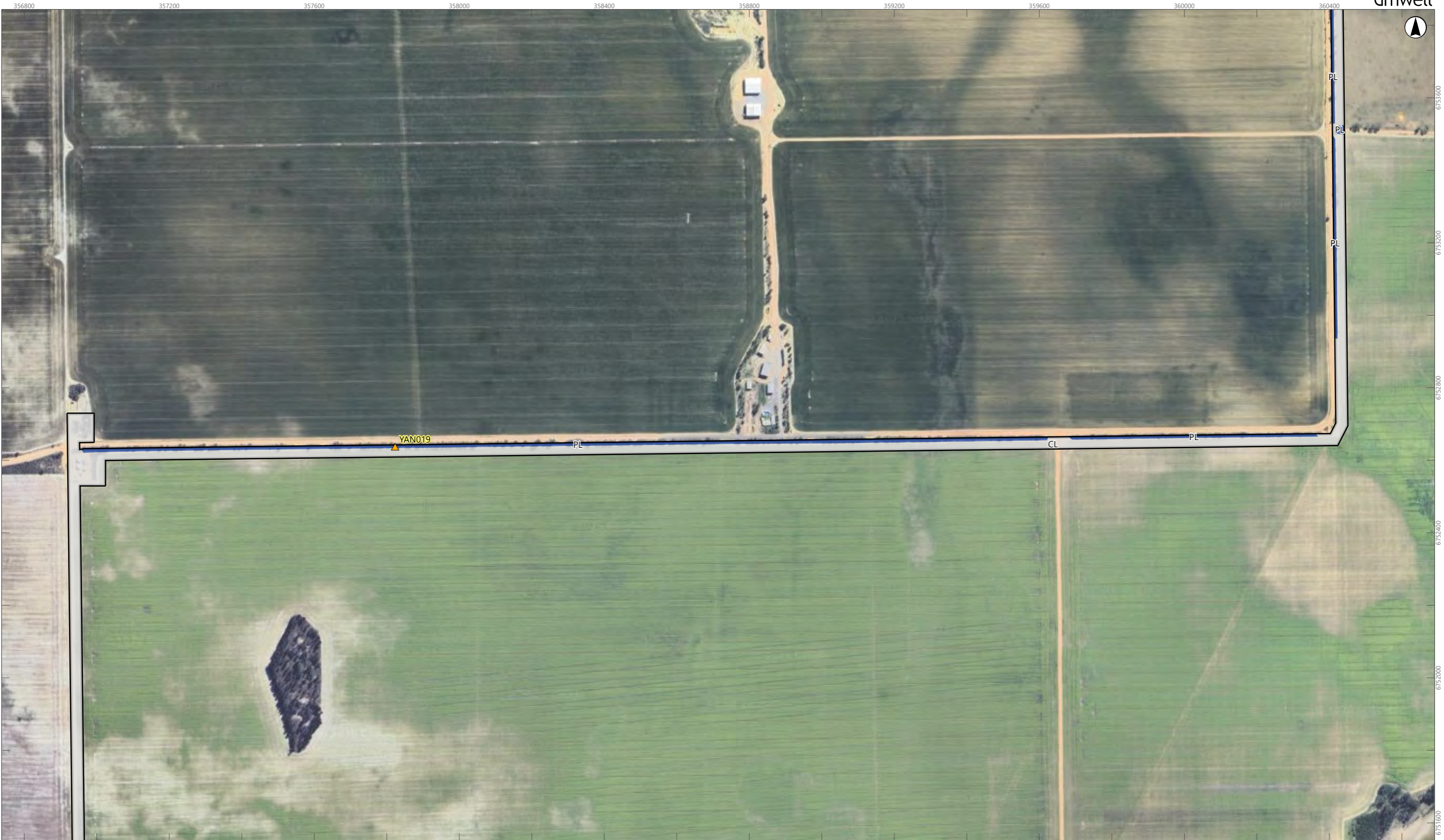
67515200
6750800
6750400
6750000
6749600

Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend
 Survey Area
Vegetation Type
 CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 1





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
Relevé	PL	CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 2



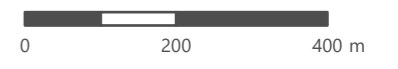


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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Relevé	HMVT D
Relevé		PL
		CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 3





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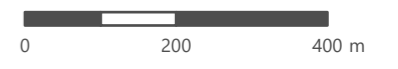
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Legend

	Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Road		
	Railway		

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 4

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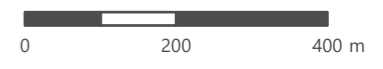


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Legend

	Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Relevé		HMVT E
			HMVT F
			CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 5



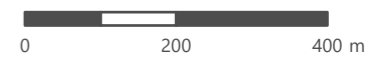


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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Relevé	HMVT D
		HMVT E
		CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 6



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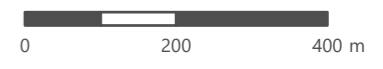
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Relevé	HMVT D
Vegetation Mapping Note		HMVT G
		CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 7

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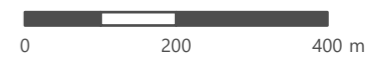


Legend

 Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
 Relevé	 Veco	<i>Verticordia comosa</i> (P1)	 CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 8

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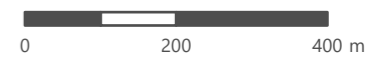
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Relevé	Grle <i>Grevillea leptopoda</i> (P3)	Vesps <i>Verticordia spicata</i> subsp. <i>squamosa</i> (T)	CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 9





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Legend

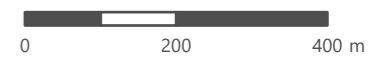
Survey Area

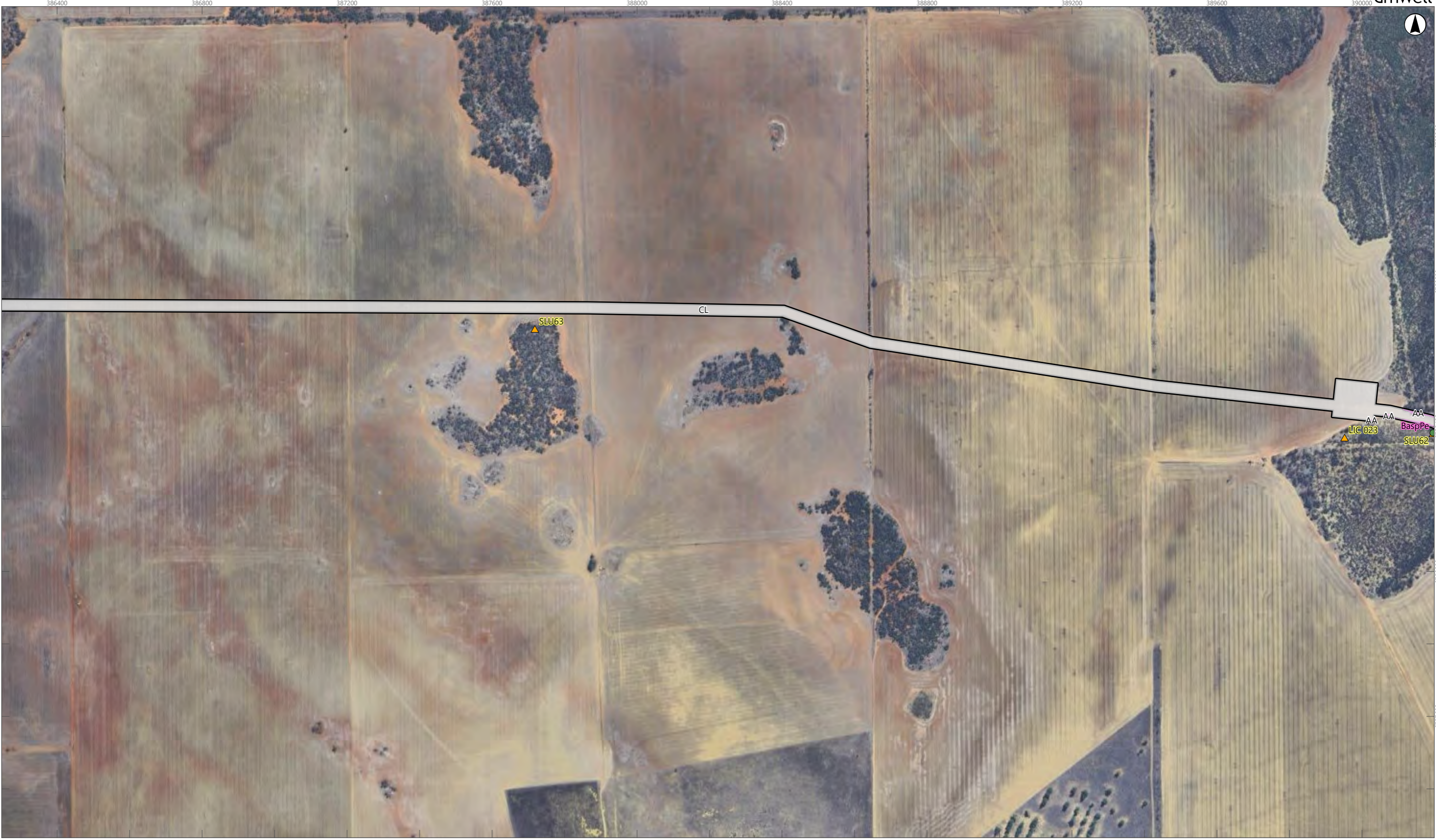
Vegetation Type

CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 10

Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



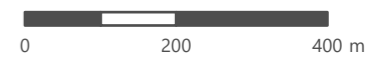


Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
	Relevé	BaspPe <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	AA
			CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 11





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

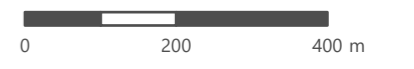
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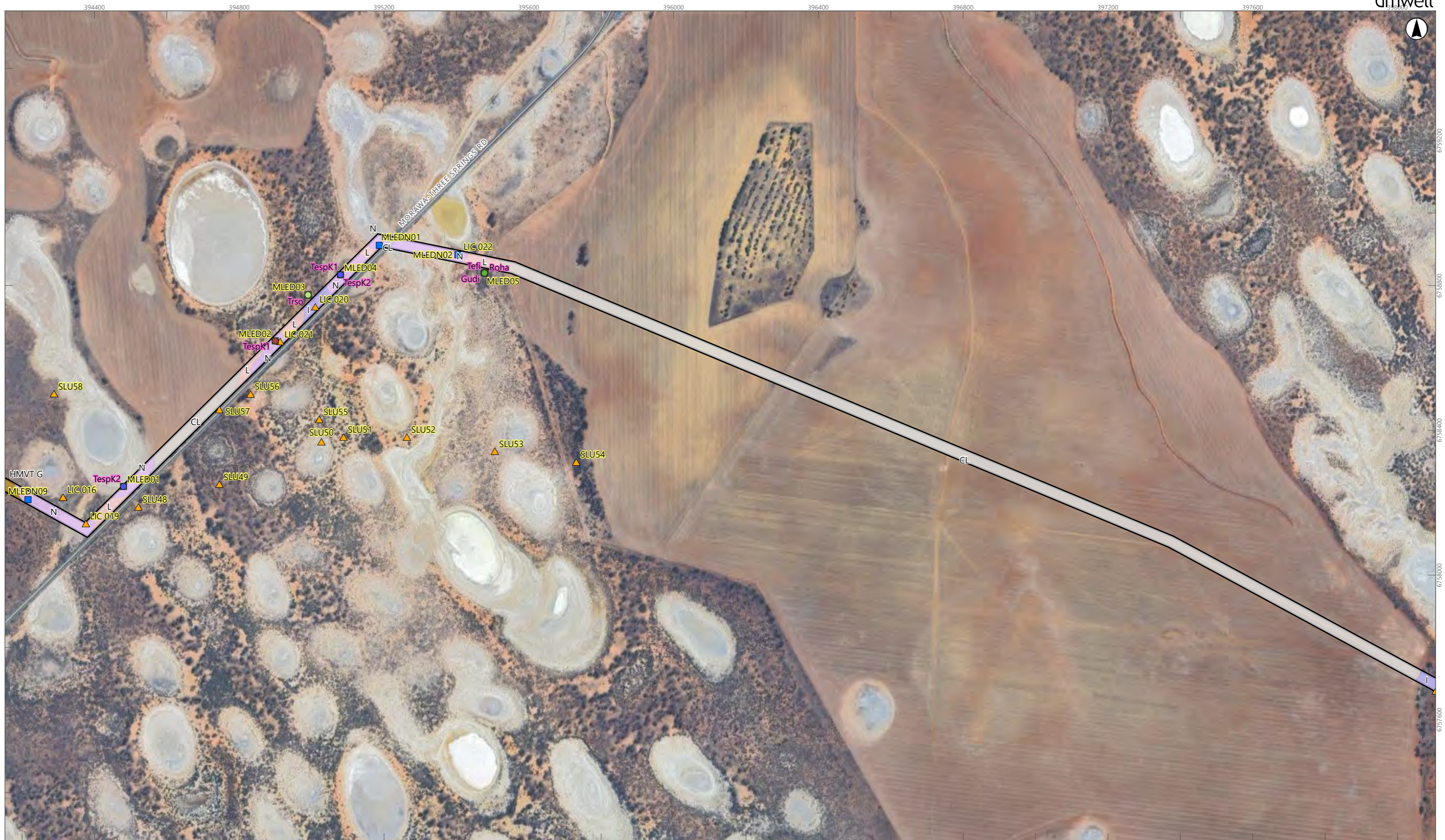
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Road	Relevé	BaspPe <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	AA
Observations – 2023/2024		TespK2 <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)	HMVT G
Vegetation Mapping Note			CL

APPENDIX J

Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

Sheet 12





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Road
- Observations – 2023/2024**
- Quadrat
- Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
- Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Gudi *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)
- Roha *Roebuckiella halophila* (P3)
- Tefi *Tecticornia fimbriata* (P3)
- TrespK1 *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)
- TrespK2 *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)
- Trso *Tricoryne soullierae* (P1)
- Vegetation Type**
- I
- L
- N
- HMVT G
- CL

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Sheet 13

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Legend

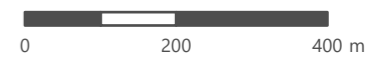
- Survey Area
- Major Watercourse
- Observations – 2023/2024
 - Quadrat
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic
 - Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa

● Epde	<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)	● Roha	<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)
● Fiax	<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)	● Tefi	<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)
● Gnse	<i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)	● TespK1	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU)
● Gudi	<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	● TespK2	<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)
● Nisa	<i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)		
● Poun	<i>Podotrochea uniseta</i> (P3)		
- Vegetation Type

■ G
■ I
■ L
■ N
■ CL

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Sheet 14

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
Relevé		L
		N
		HMVT C
		CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 15





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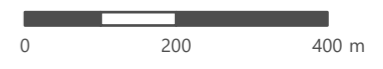
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

	Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Relevé		PL
			CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 16

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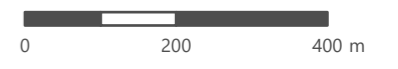
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- | | | | |
|--|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| | Survey Area | Observations – Historic | Vegetation Type |
| | Road | | |
| | Railway | Relevé | HMVT A |
| | | | CL |

APPENDIX J
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 Sheet 17

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Road	Relevé	Pivi <i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)	HMVT B
Railway			CL

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Sheet 18





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

	Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Relevé		PL
			CL

APPENDIX J

Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

Sheet 19



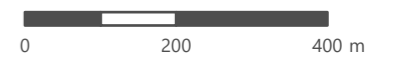


Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024**
- Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
- ▲ Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- TespK2 *Tecticornia* sp. 'Karara 2' (PU)
- Vegetation Type**
- G
- HMVT A
- CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 20





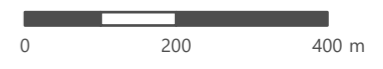
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Relevé	BaspPe	<i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)	CL

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Sheet 21

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Relevé	Pepe	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	G
			CL

APPENDIX J
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Sheet 22





434000 434400 434800 435200 435600 436000 436400 436800 437200

6764000
6763600
6763200
6762800
6762400
6762000



Legend
Survey Area
Vegetation Type
CL

APPENDIX J
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Sheet 23

Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

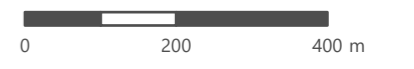




Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend		Observations – Historic		Significant Flora Taxa		Vegetation Type	
	Survey Area		Relevé		BaspPe <i>Baeckea</i> sp. Perenjori (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)		E
	Vegetation Mapping Note		Meba <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)		Pepe <i>Personia pentasticha</i> (P3)		G
			Roha <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)		MLEDN36		O
					MLEDN37		CL

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Sheet 24





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- ▲ Observations – Historic Relevé
- Vegetation Type CL

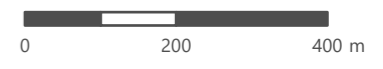
APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 25





Legend
Survey Area
Vegetation Type
CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 26





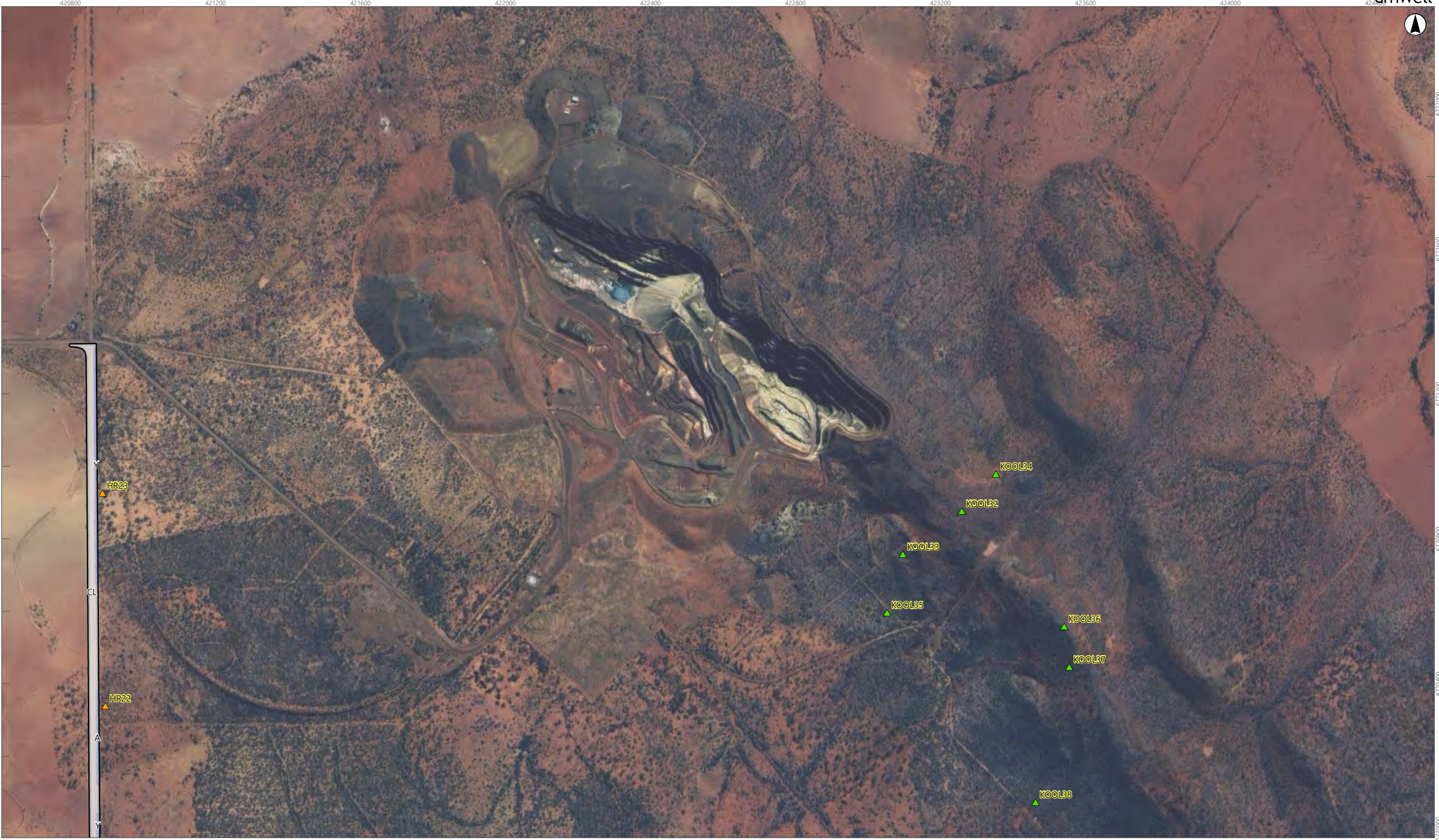
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
Road	Relevé	G
Railway		L
Observations – 2023/2024		Q
Quadrat		CL
Vegetation Mapping Note		

APPENDIX J
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Sheet 27



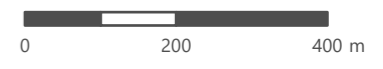


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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Quadrat	A
	Relevé	Y
		CL

APPENDIX J
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 Sheet 28



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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

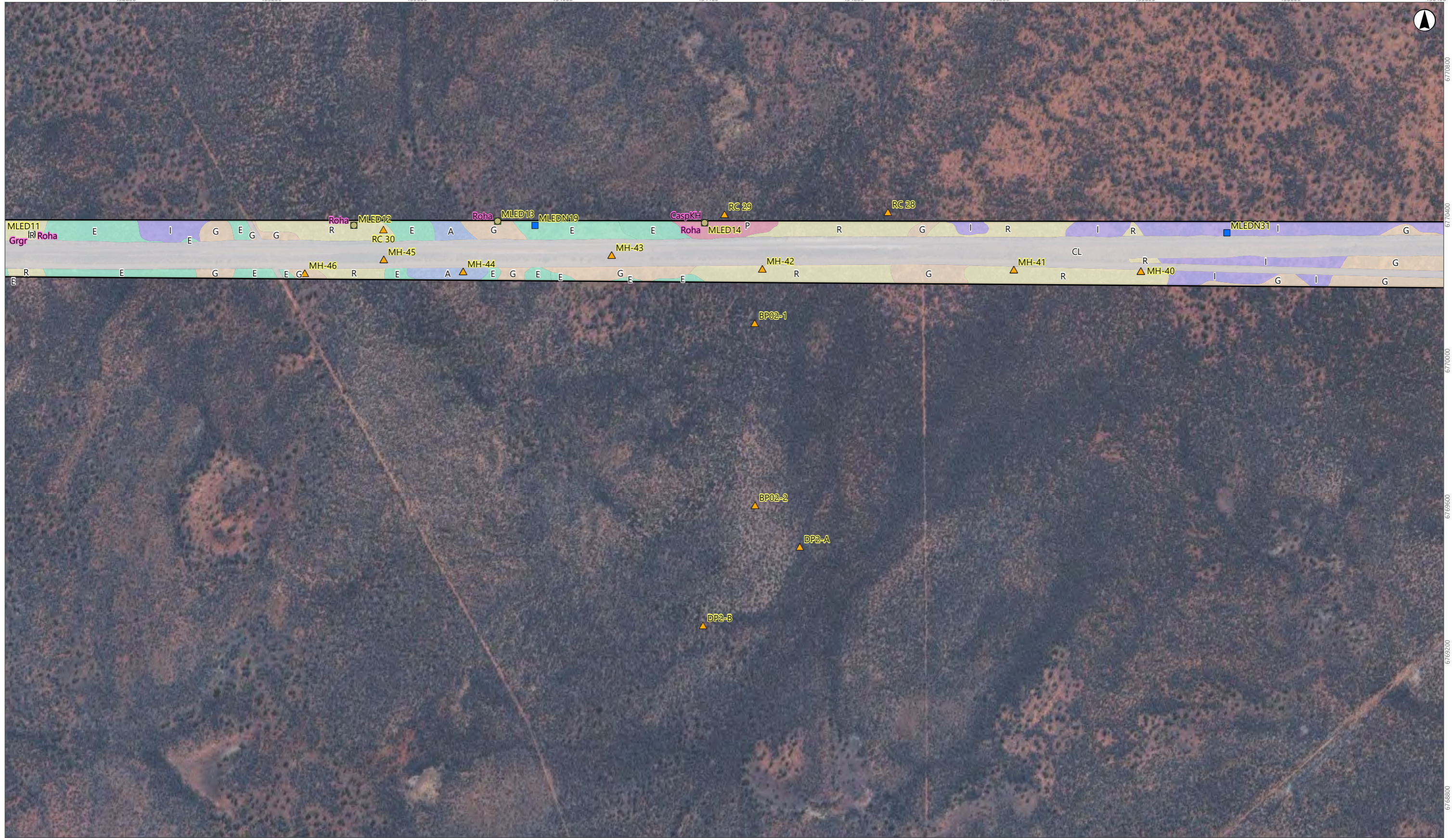
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Vegetation Type
	Quadrat	W
	Relevé	X
		Y
		Z
		CL

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 29





432800 433200 433600 434000 434400 434800 435200 435600 436000



6770800
6770400
6770000
6769600
6769200
6768800

Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area

Observations – 2023/2024

Quadrat

Vegetation Mapping Note

Observations – Historic

Relevé

Significant Flora Taxa

CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)

Grgr *Grevillea granulosa* (P3)

Roha *Roebuckiella halophila* (P3)

Vegetation Type

CL

A

E

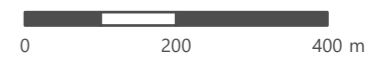
G

I

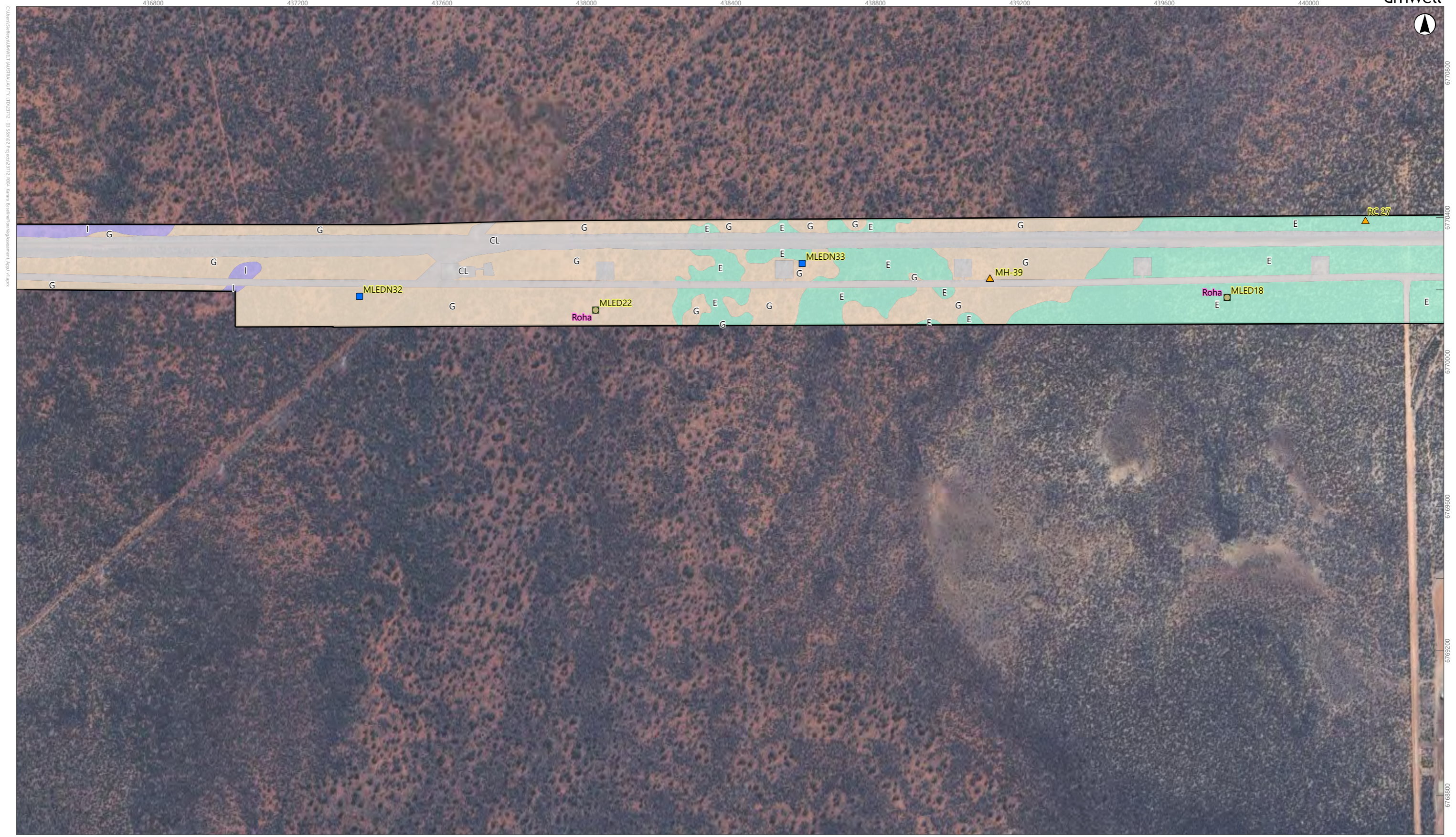
P

R

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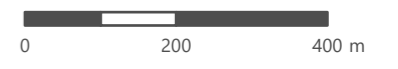


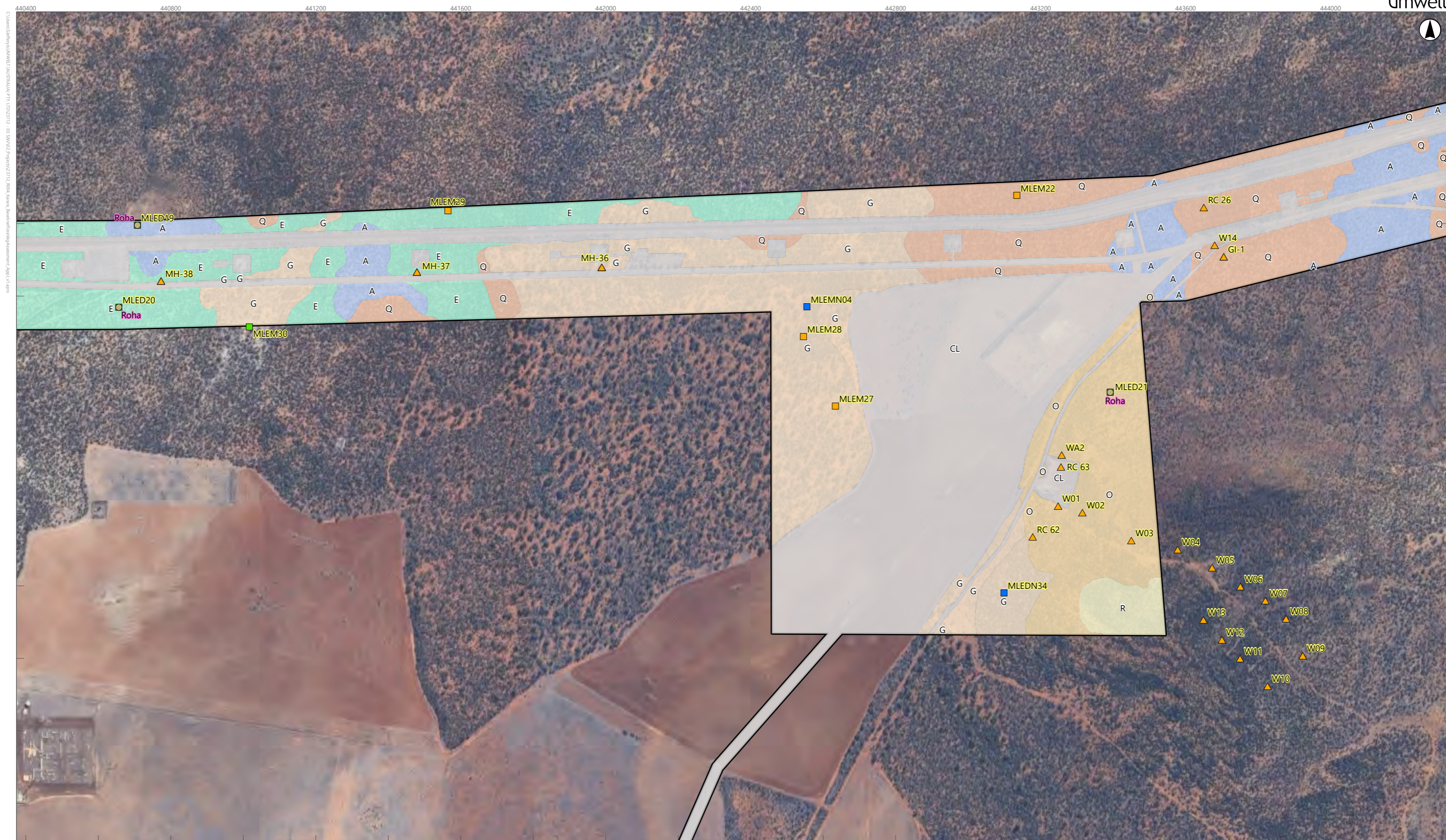
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Relevé	Roha <i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	E
Quadrat			G
Vegetation Mapping Note			I
			CL

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Sheet 33



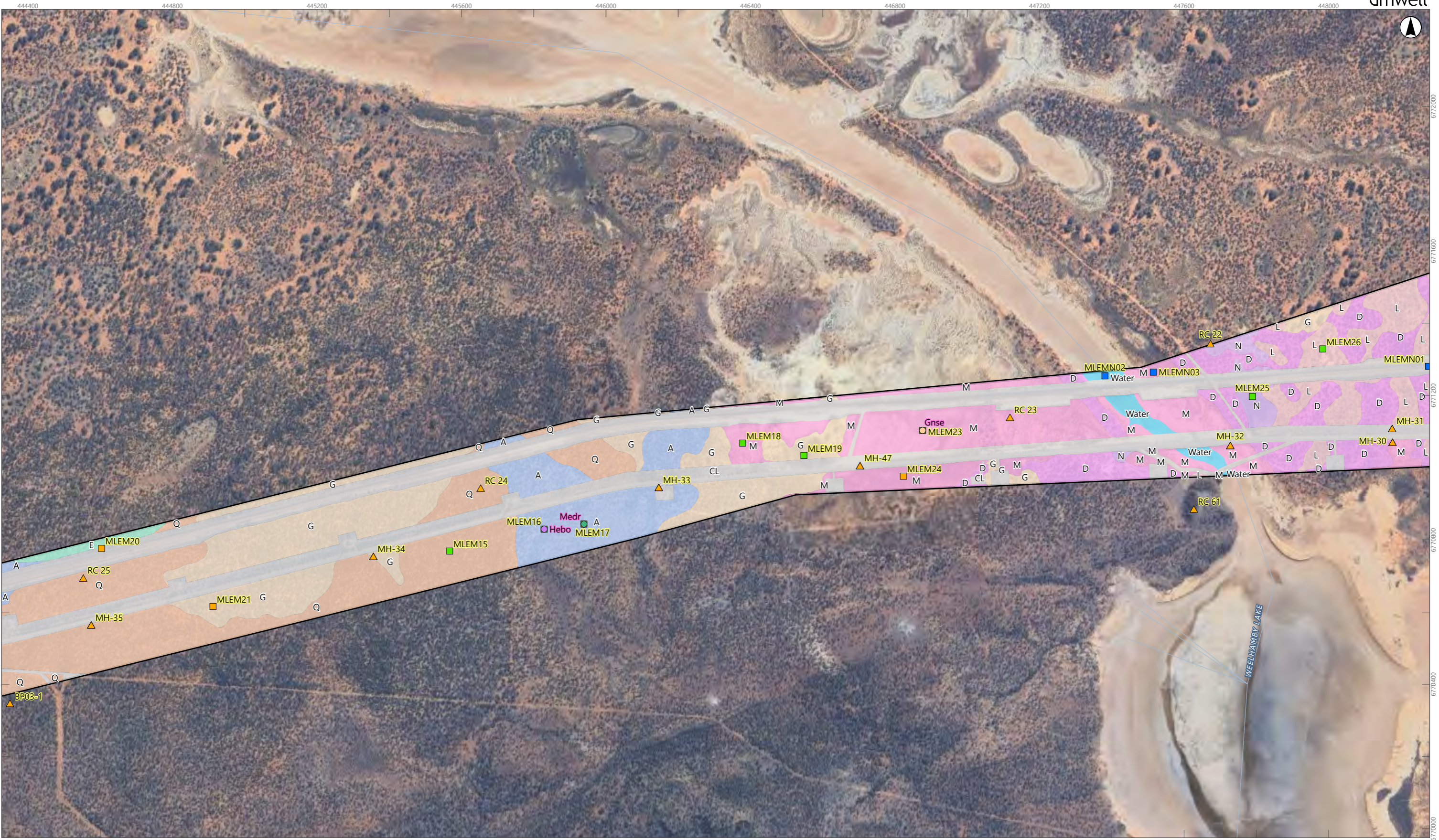


Legend

- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
 - ▲ Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
 - Roha *Roebuckiella halophila* (P3)
- Vegetation Type**
 - A
 - E
 - G
 - O
 - Q
 - R
- CL

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 34



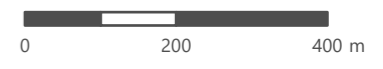


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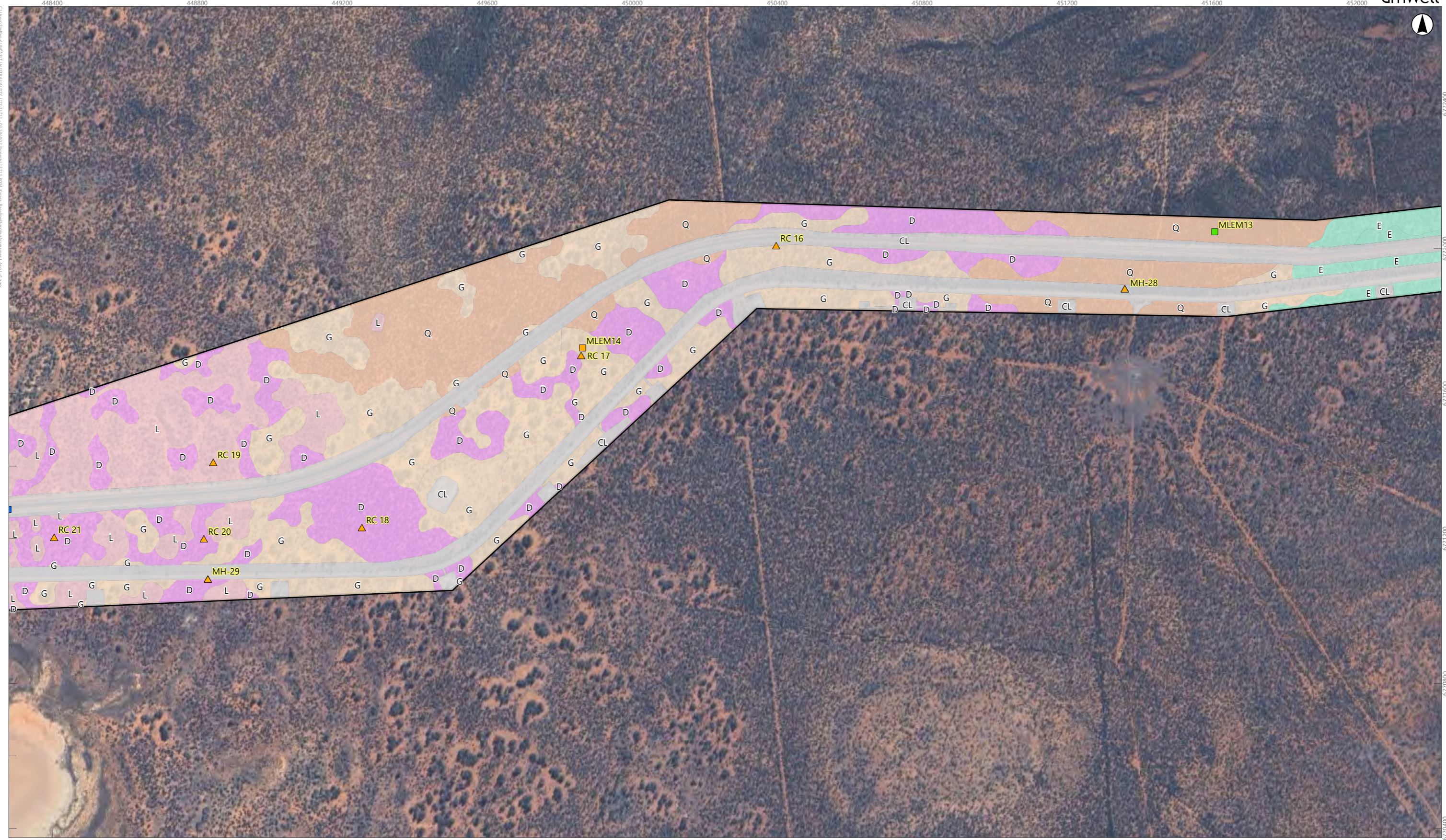
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Major Watercourse	Relevé	Gnse <i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)	A
Observations – 2023/2024		Hebo <i>Hemigenia sp. aff. botryphylla</i> (PU)	D
Quadrat		Medr <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	E
Relevé			G
Vegetation Mapping Note			L
			M
			N
			Q
			Water
			CL

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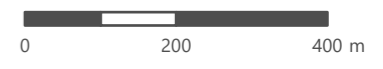
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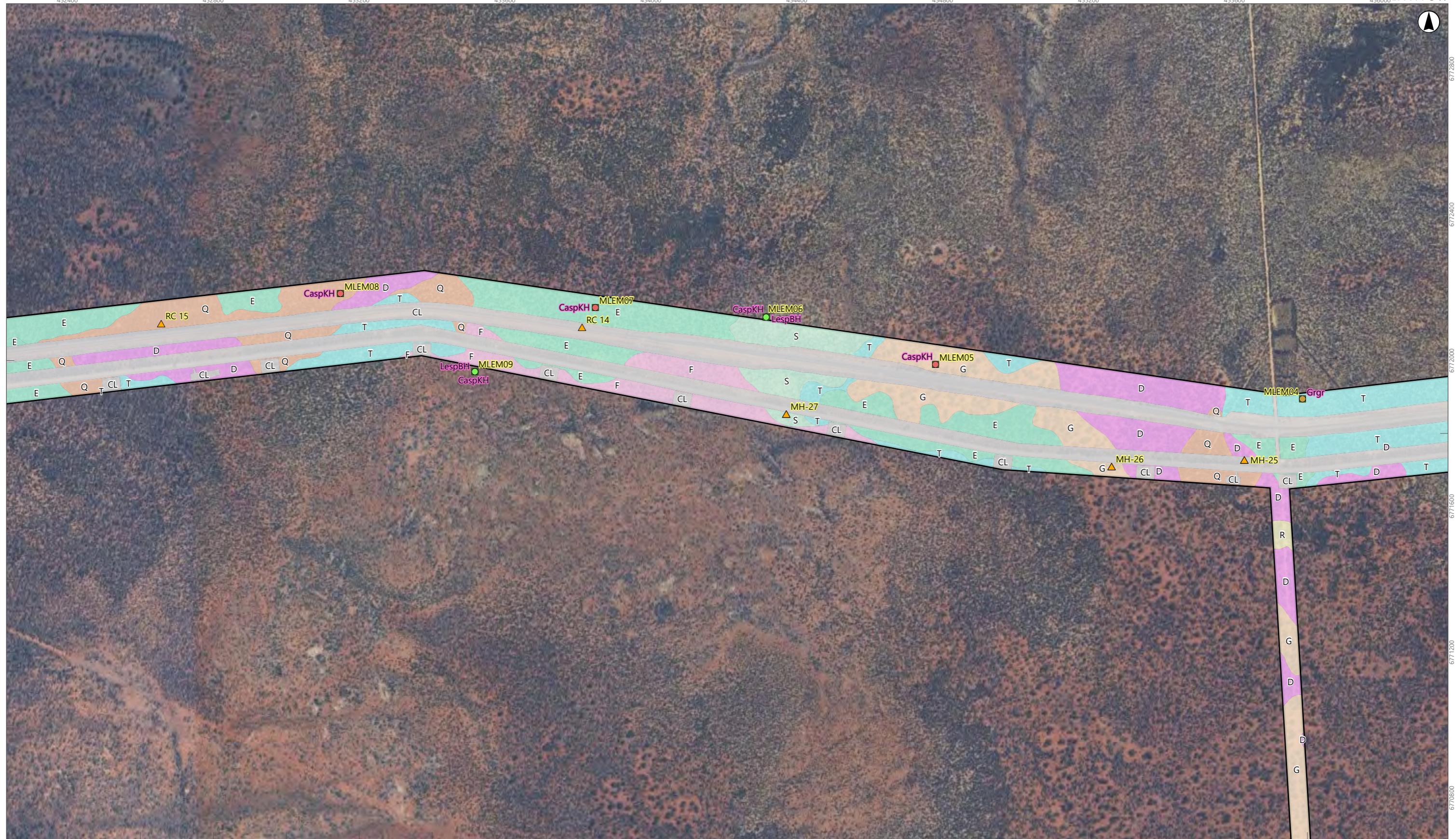


Legend

- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024**
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
 - Relevé
- Vegetation Type**
 - D
 - E
 - G
 - L
 - Q
 - CL

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 Sheet 36





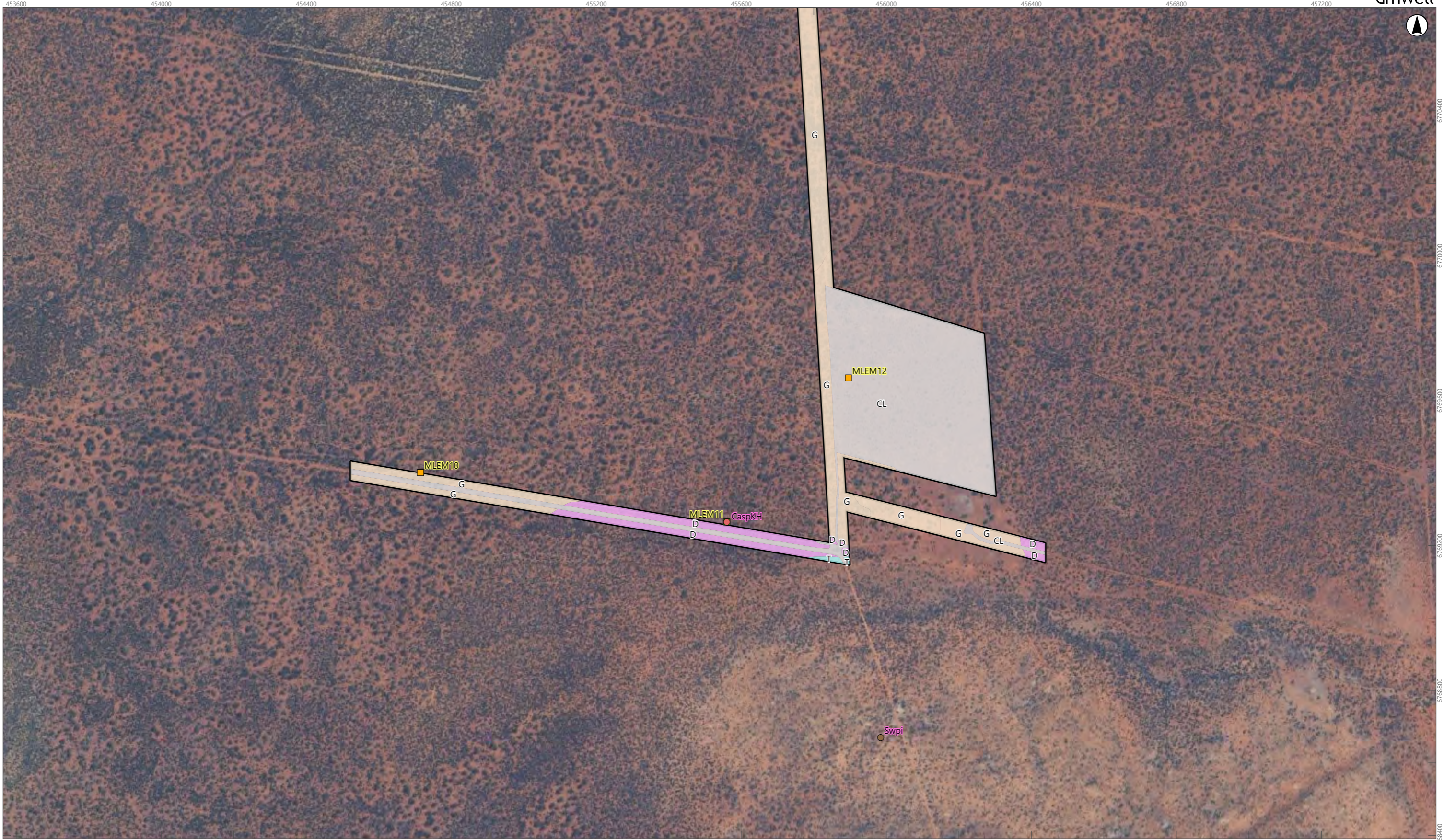
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type	S
Observations – 2023/2024	Relevé	CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	D	T
Quadrat		Ggr <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	E	CL
		LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	F	
			G	
			Q	
			R	

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Sheet 37





Legend

Survey Area	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	D
Quadrat	Swpi <i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1)	G
Relevé		T
		CL

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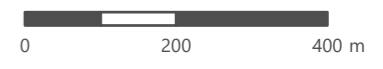
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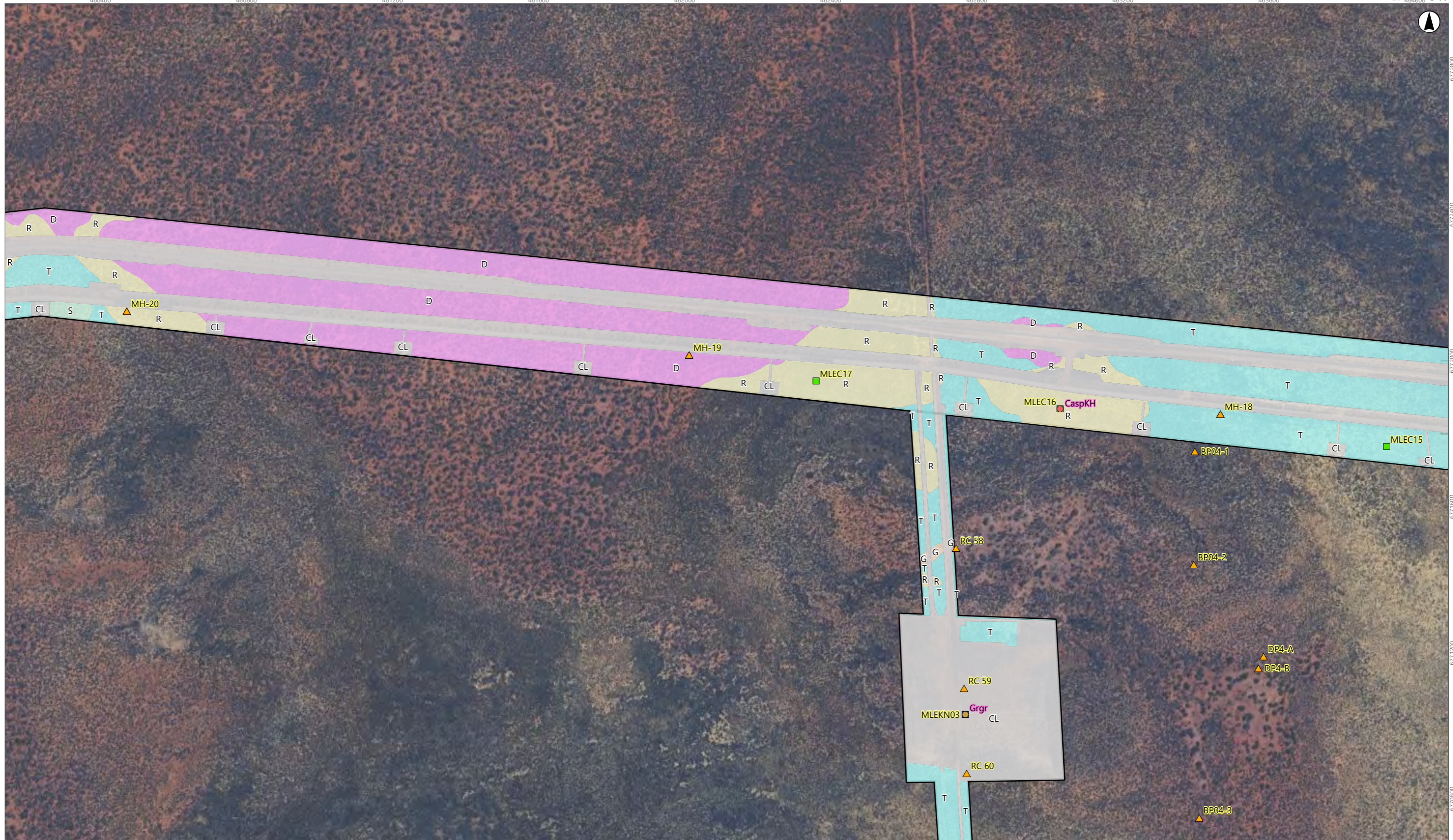


Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend		Observations – Historic		Significant Flora Taxa		Vegetation Type	
	Survey Area		Relevé		CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)		D
	Quadrat		Grgr		Grgr <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)		E
							R
							T
							CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 39



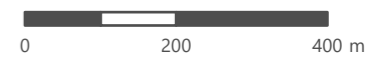


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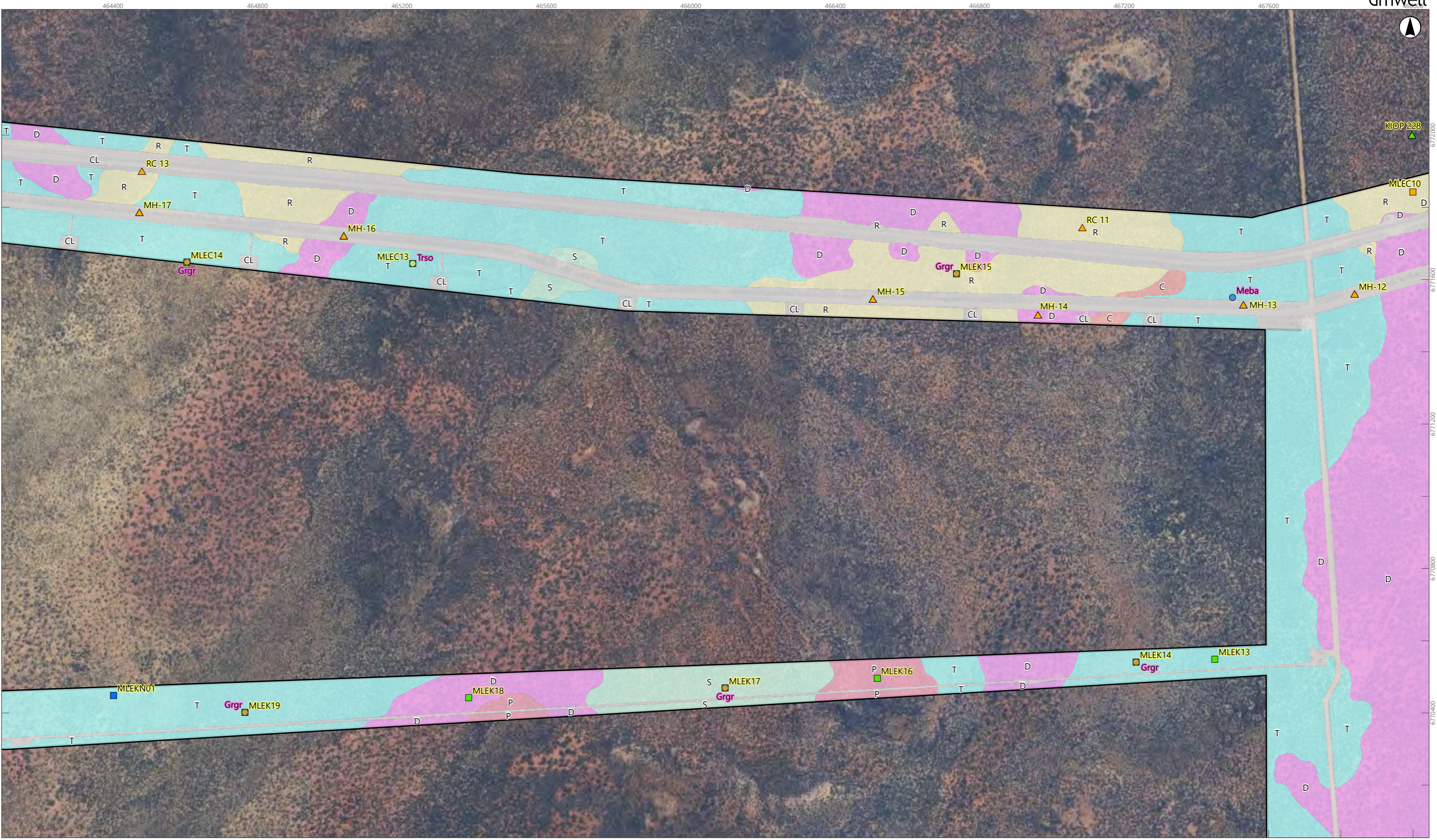
Legend

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|------------------------|
| Survey Area | Observations – Historic | Significant Flora Taxa | Vegetation Type |
| Observations – 2023/2024 | Relevé | CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1) | D |
| Quadrat | | Grg <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3) | G |
| Vegetation Mapping Note | | | R |
| | | | S |
| | | | T |
| | | | CL |

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 40



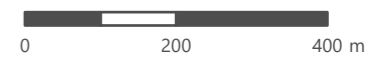
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Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type	CL
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	Grgr <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	C	
Relevé	Relevé	Meba <i>Melaleuca barlowii</i> (P3)	D	
Vegetation Mapping Note		Trso <i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P1)	P	
			R	
			S	
			T	

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 42

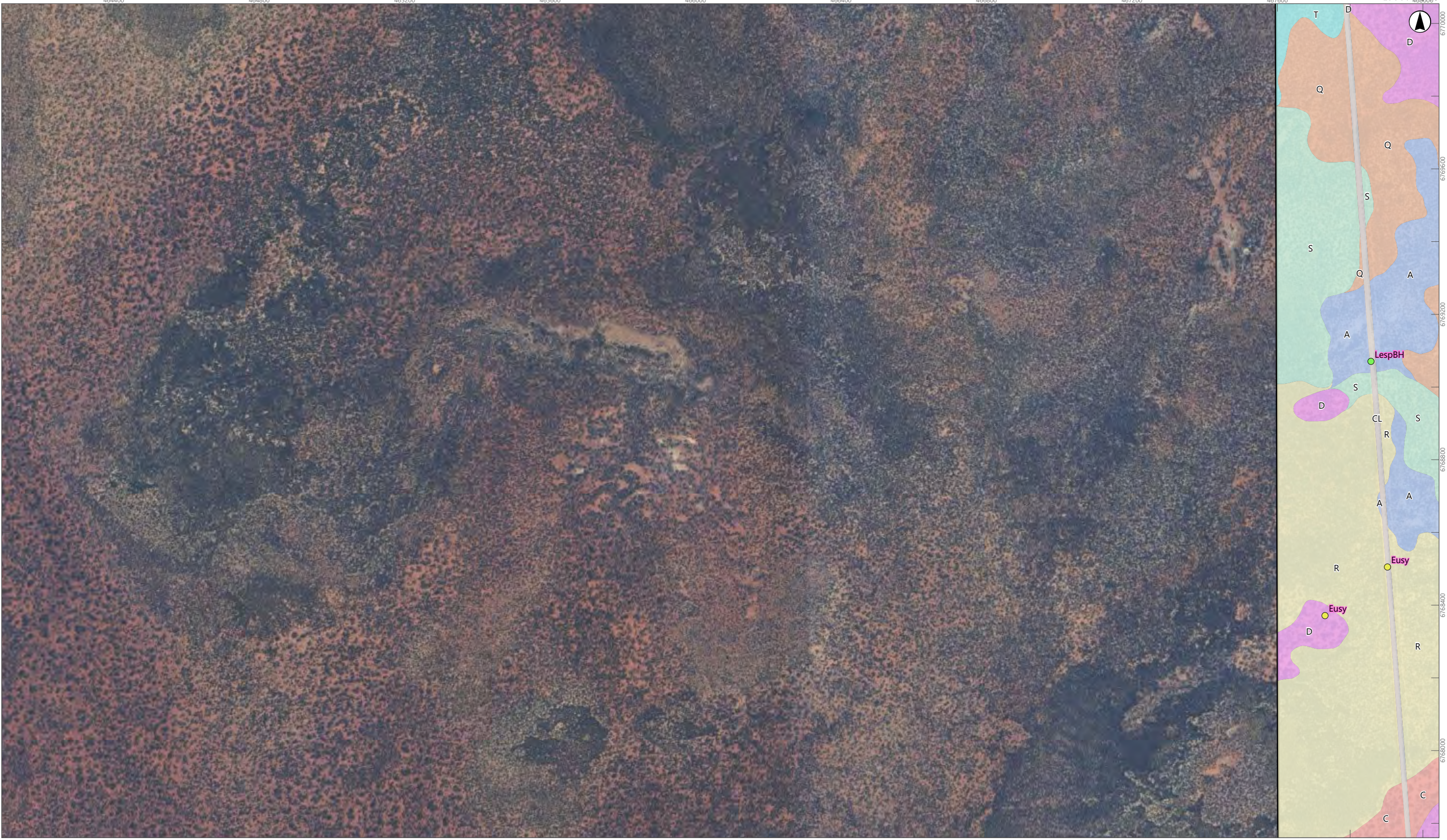


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464400 464800 465200 465600 466000 466400 466800 467200 467600

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

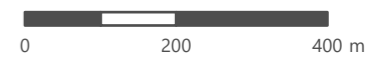
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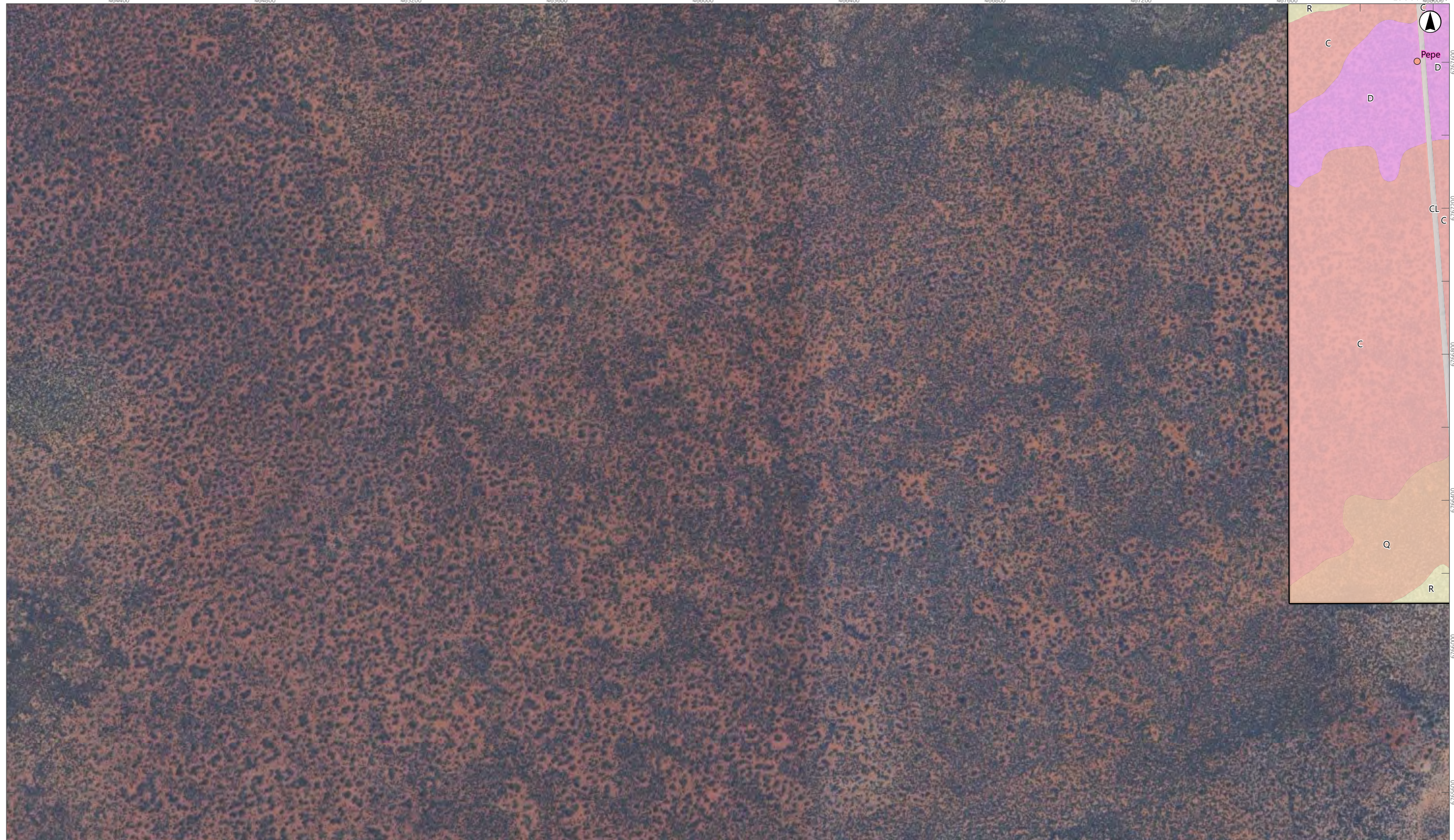
- | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|--|------------------------|----|---|
| | Survey Area | Significant Flora Taxa | Vegetation Type | | T |
| | Eusy | <i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T) | | A | |
| | LespBH | <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) | | C | |
| | | | | D | |
| | | | | Q | |
| | | | | R | |
| | | | | S | |
| | | | | CL | |

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 43

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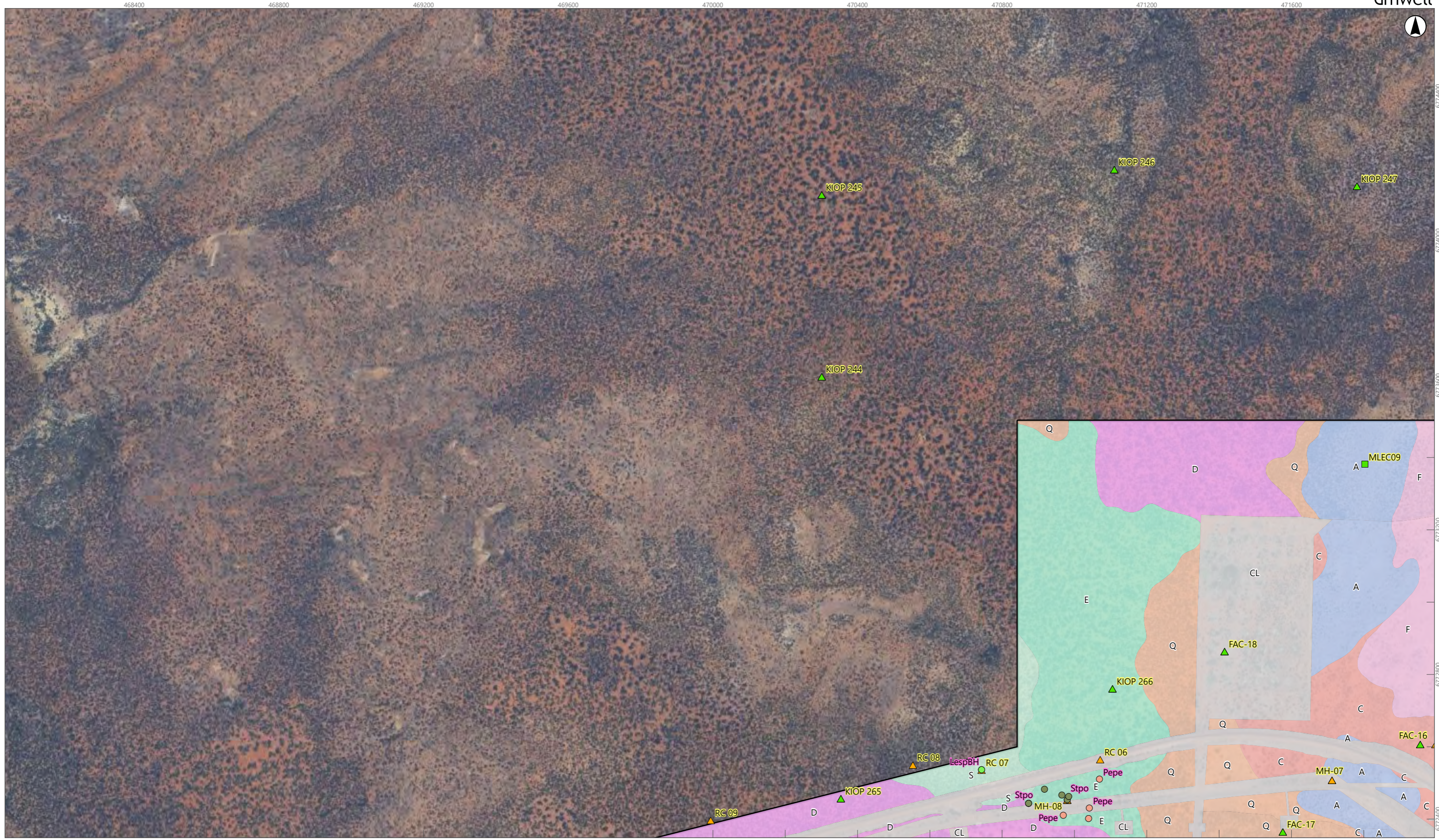
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	C	D
	Q	R
	CL	

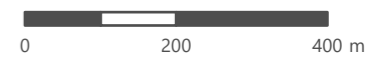
APPENDIX J Vegetation Types of the Survey Area Sheet 44

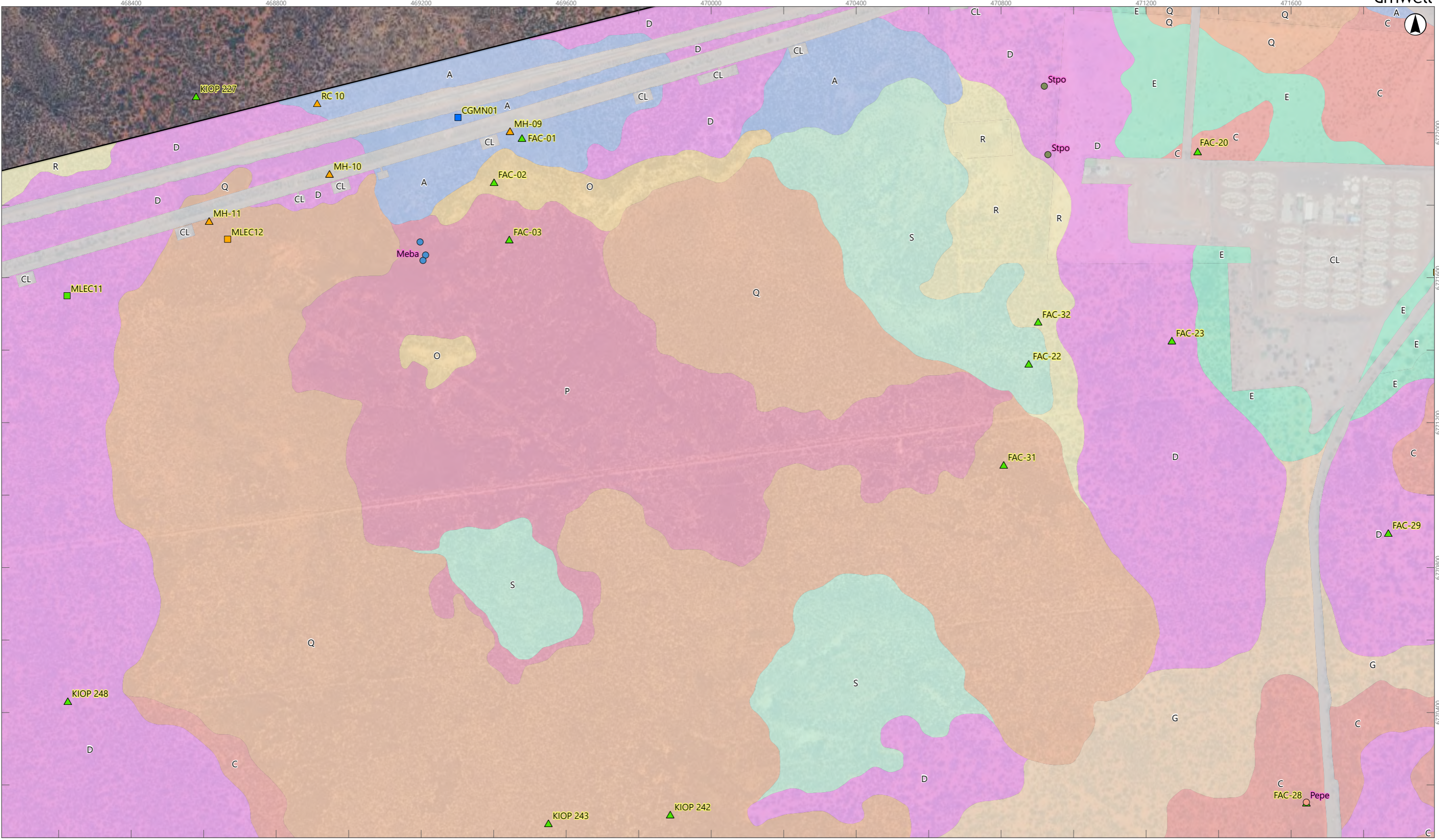




Legend			
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	A
Quadrat	Relevé	Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	C
		Stpo <i>Stenanthemum poecilum</i> (P3)	D
			E
			F
			Q
			S
			CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 45





Legend

Observations – 2023/2024

- Quadrat
- Relevé
- Vegetation Mapping Note

Observations – Historic

- ▲ Quadrat
- ▲ Relevé

Significant Flora Taxa

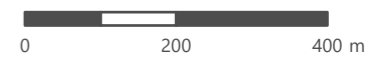
- Meba *Melaleuca barlowii* (P3)
- Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
- Stpo *Stenanthemum poecilum* (P3)

Vegetation Type

- A
- C
- D
- E
- G
- O
- P
- Q
- R
- S
- CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 46

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

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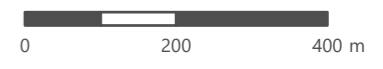
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Legend

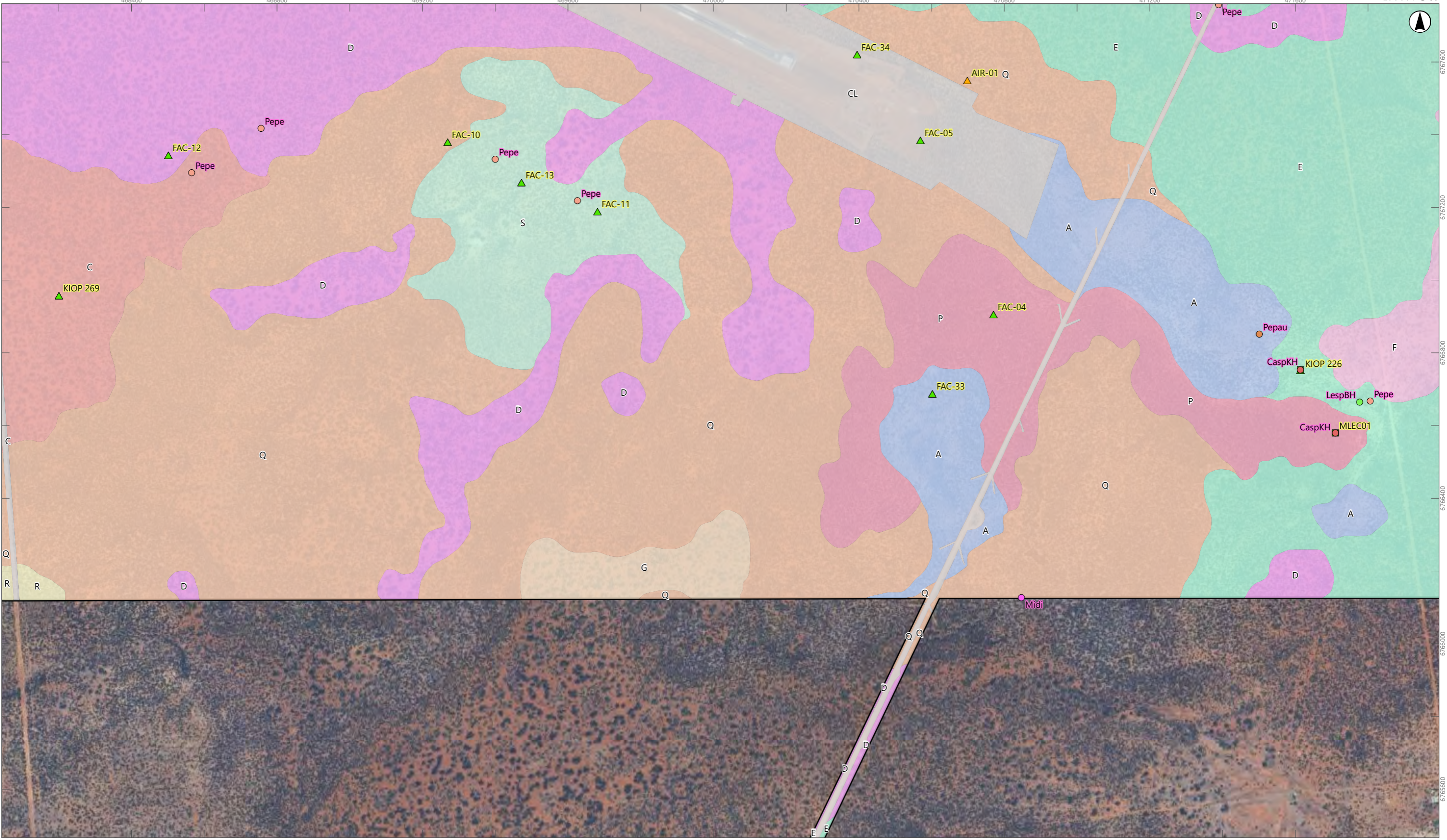
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type	Q
	Quadrat	Eusy <i>Eucalyptus synandra</i> (T)	A	R
	Relevé	Medr <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	C	S
		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	D	CL
			E	
			F	
			G	

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Sheet 47

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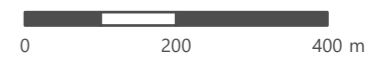
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

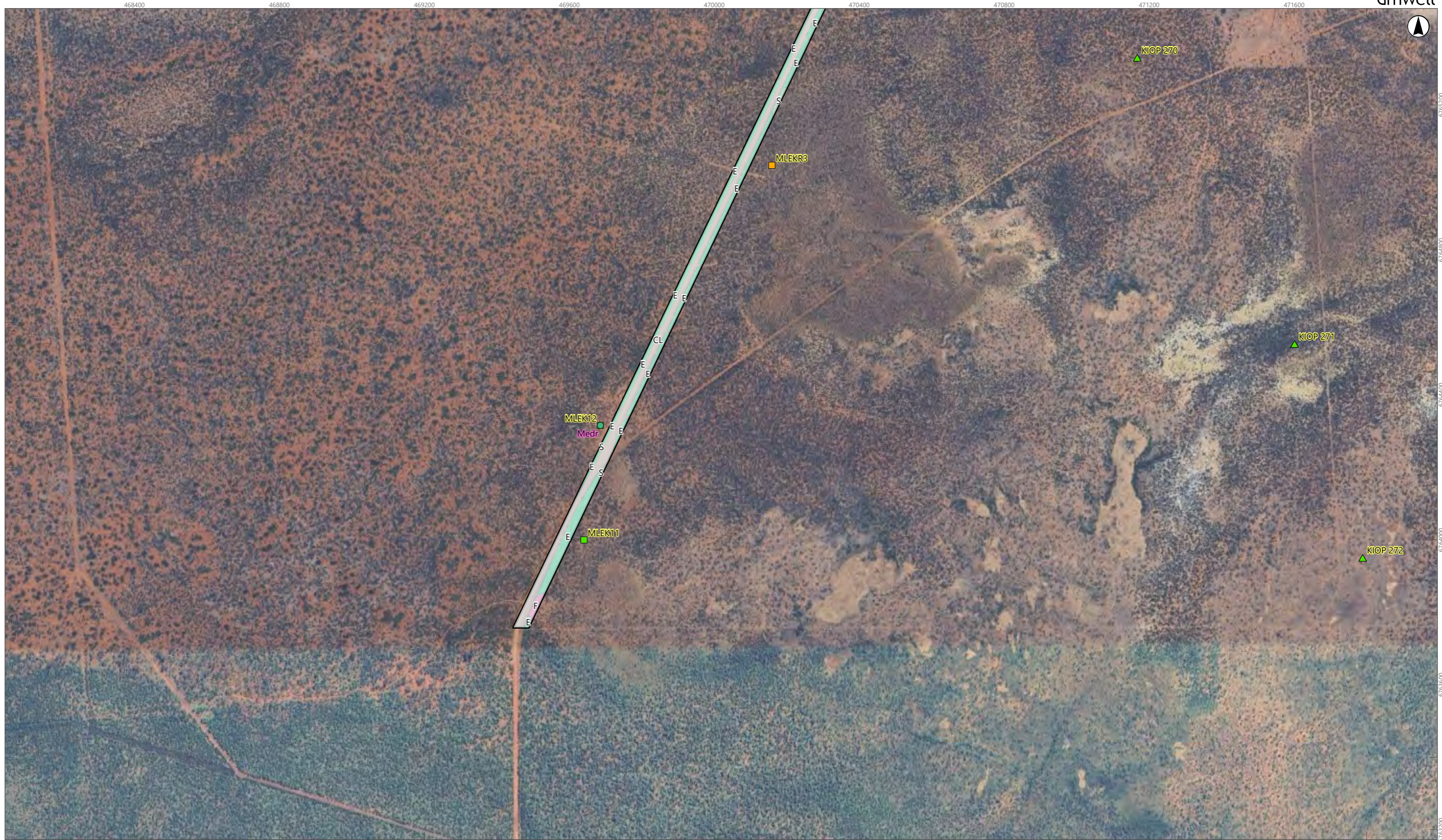
Legend			
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	P
Quadrat	Relevé	LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	Q
		Midi <i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)	R
		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	S
		Pepau <i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)	CL
			A
			C
			D
			E
			F
			G

APPENDIX J
 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 48

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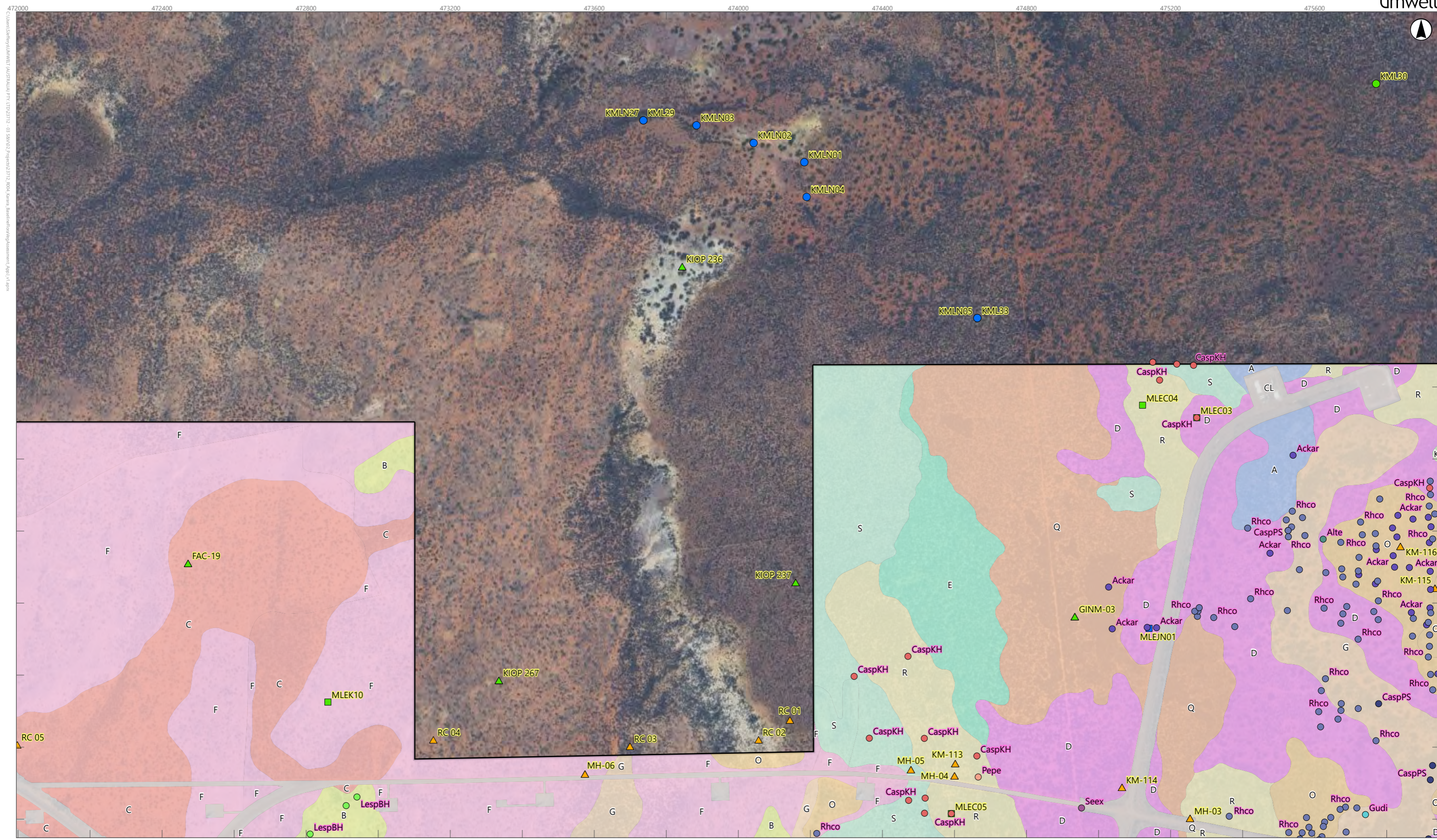
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic Quadrat	Significant Flora Taxa Medr <i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)	Vegetation Type E
Observations – 2023/2024 Quadrat	Relevé		F
			S
			CL

APPENDIX J
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 Area
 Sheet 49

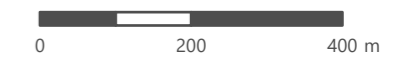


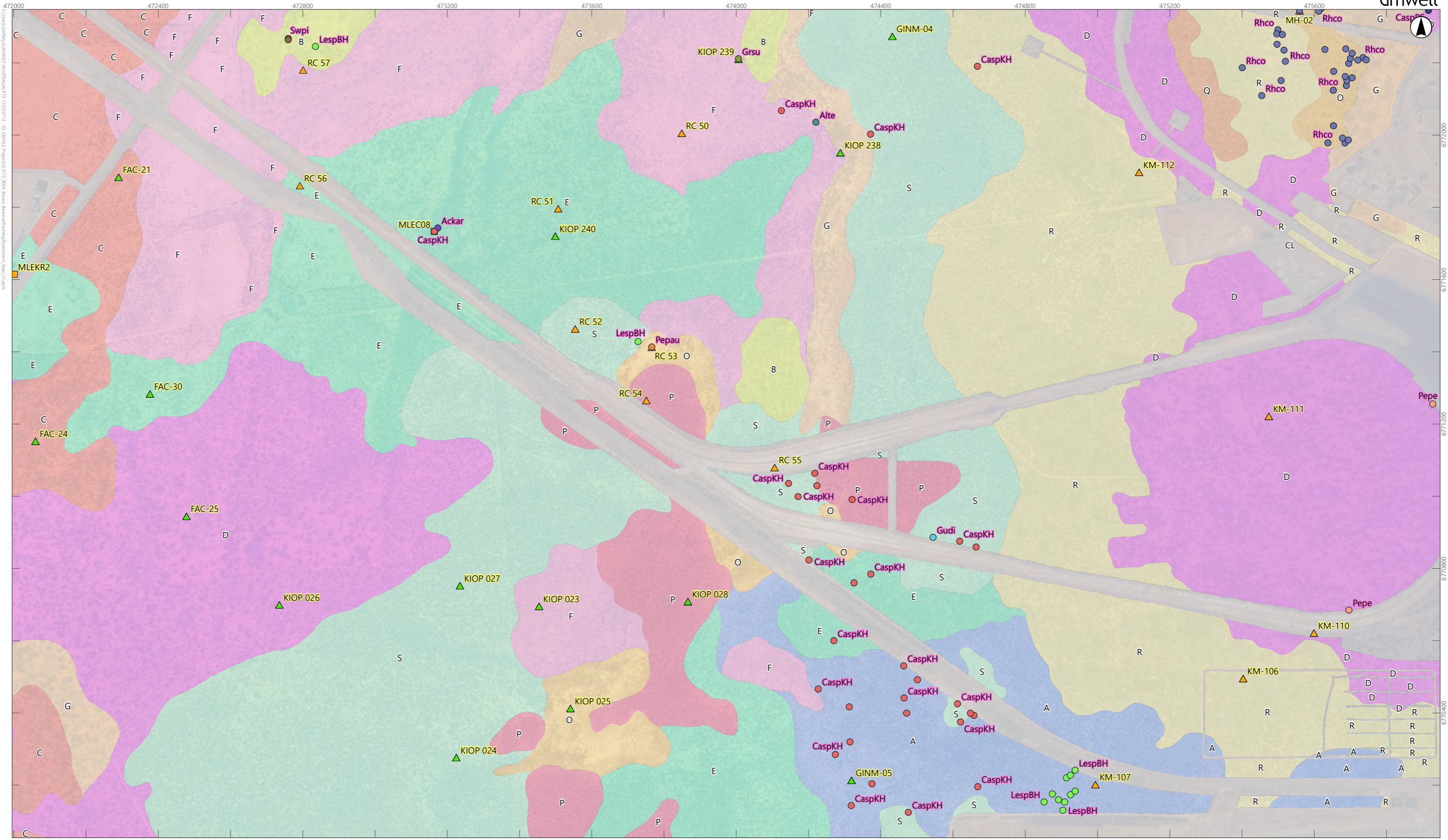


- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Observations – 2023/2024**
 - Quadrat
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
 - Observations – 2020**
 - Quadrat
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
 - Observations – Historic**
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Significant Flora Taxa**
 - Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - Alte *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
 - CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - CaspPS *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
 - Gudi *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
 - Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)
 - Seex *Seringia exastia* (EPBC – CR)

- Vegetation Type**
- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
 - F
 - G
 - K
 - O
 - Q
 - R
 - S
 - CL

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Sheet 50





Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024
- Relevé

- Observations – Historic**
- Quadrat
 - Relevé

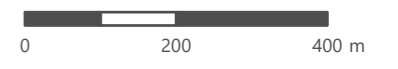
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - Alte *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
 - CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - CaspPS *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
 - Grsu *Grevillea subtiliflora* (P3)
 - Gudi *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)

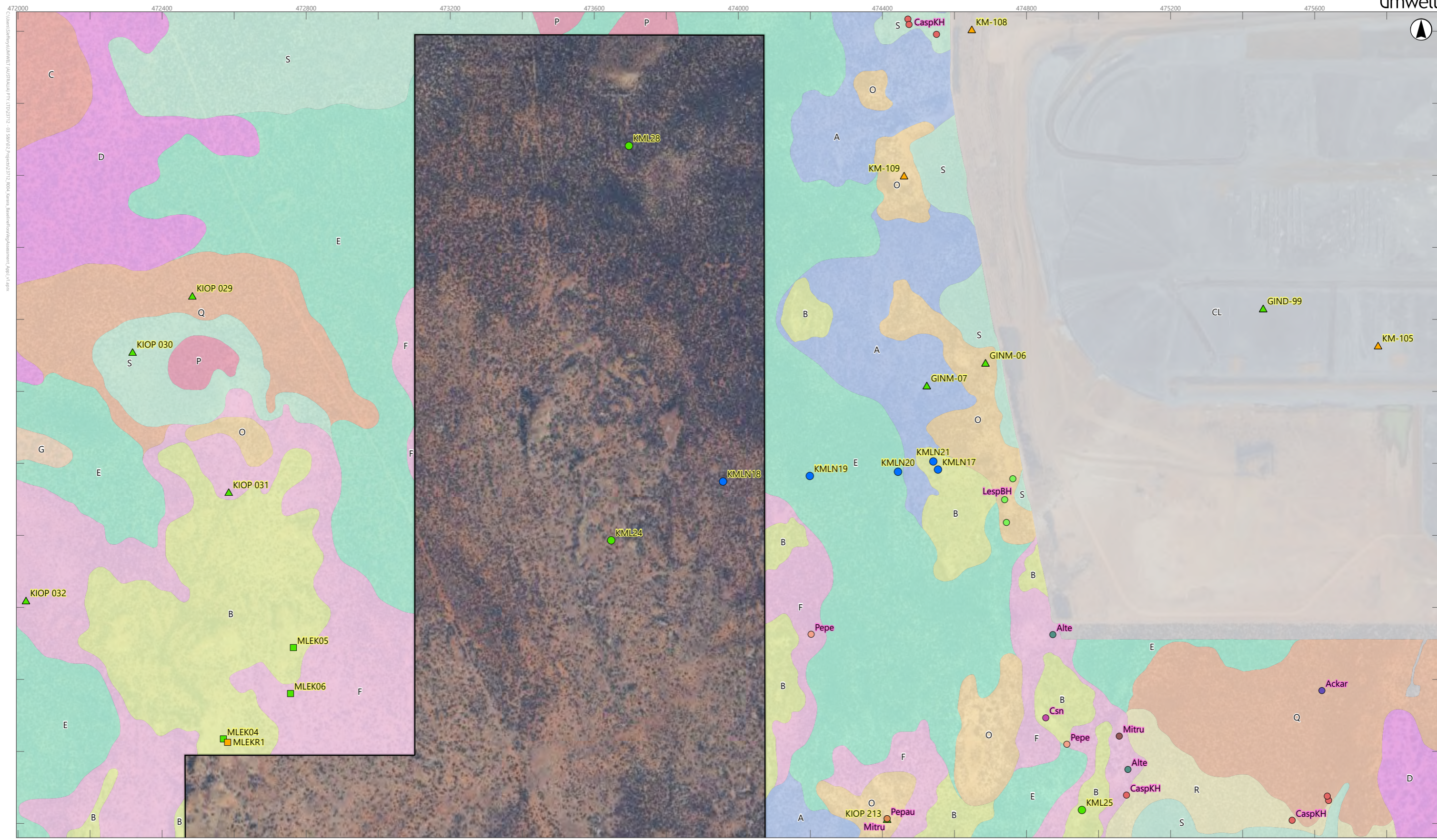
- LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
- Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
- Pepau *Petrophile pauciflora* (P3)
- Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)
- Swpi *Swainsona picta* (P1)

- Vegetation Type**
- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
 - F
 - G
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - R
 - S
 - CL

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024**
- Quadrat
- Vegetation Mapping Note
- Relevé
- Observations – 2020**
- Quadrat
- Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
- ▲ Quadrat
- ▲ Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Akkar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
- Alte *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
- CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
- Csn *Crassula* sp. nov. (PU)
- LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
- Mitru *Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)

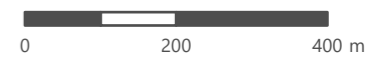
- Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
- Pepau *Petrophile pauciflora* (P3)

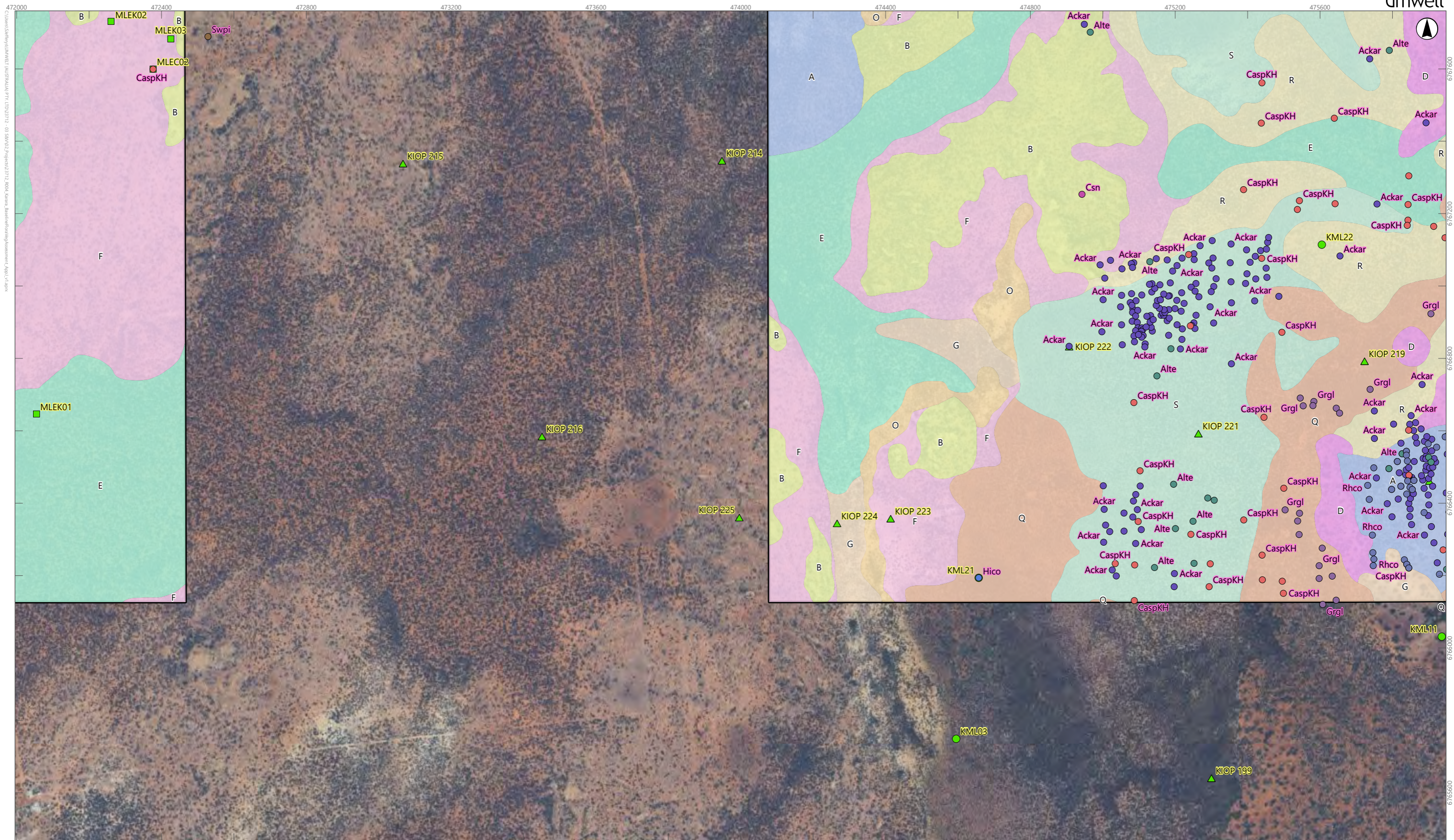
- Vegetation Type**
- A
 - B
 - C
 - D
 - E
 - F
 - G
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - R
 - S
 - CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 52

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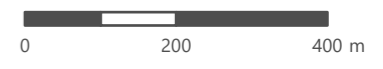


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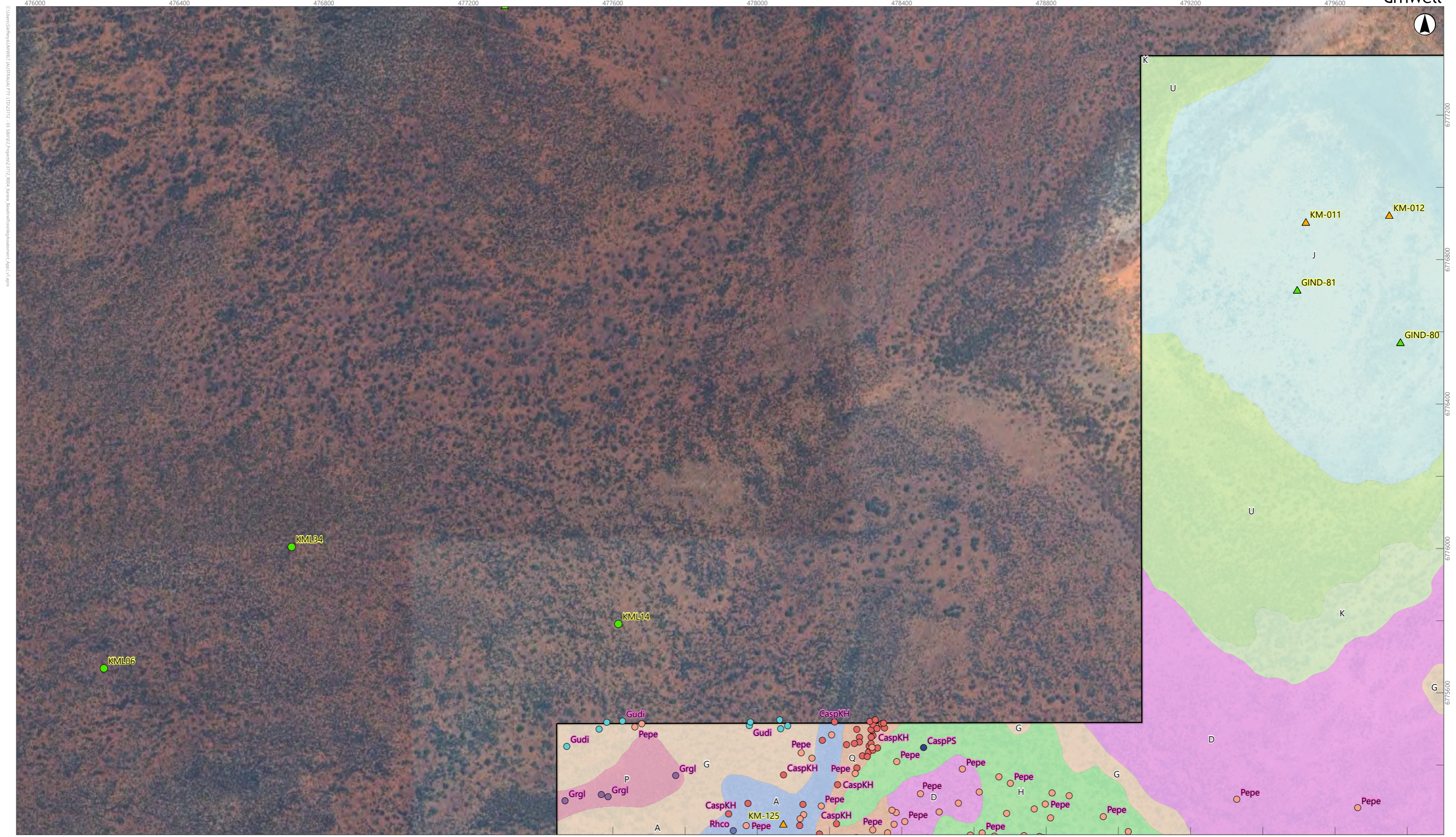
- | | | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|
| Survey Area | Observations – 2023/2024 | Observations – Historic | Significant Flora Taxa |
| Quadrat | Quadrat | Quadrat | Ackar <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) |
| Quadrat | | | Alte <i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3) |
| | | | CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1) |
| | | | Csn <i>Crassula</i> sp. nov. (PU) |
| | | | Grgl <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) |
| | | | Hico <i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3) |
| | | | Rhco <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) |
| | | | Swpi <i>Swainsona picta</i> (P1) |

- Vegetation Type**
- | | |
|---|---|
| A | O |
| B | Q |
| D | R |
| E | S |
| F | |
| G | |

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
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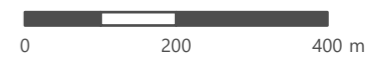


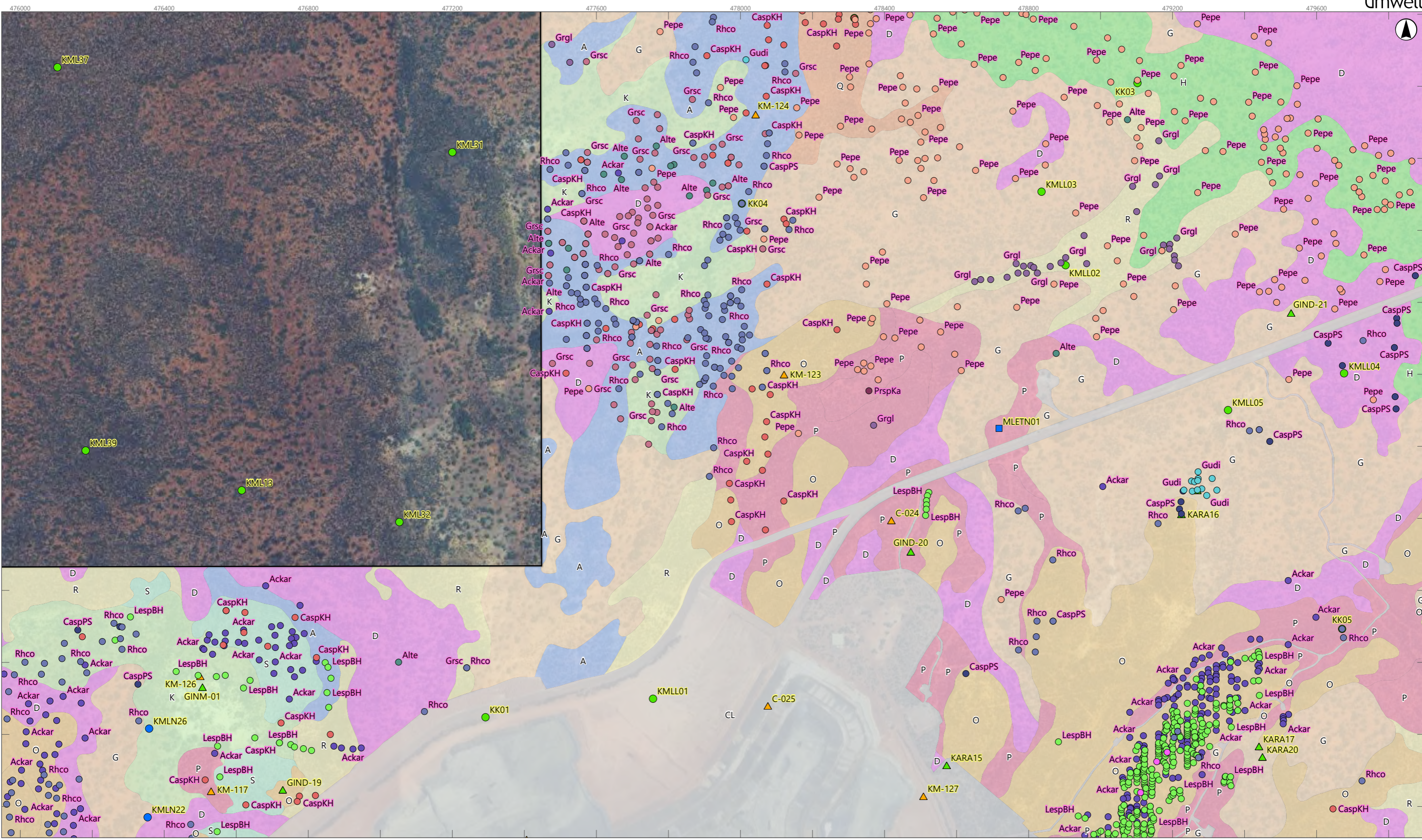
Legend

Survey Area	Observations – 2020	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type	P
	Quadrat	CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	A	Q
	Observations – Historic	CaspPS <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)	D	U
	Quadrat	Grgl <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	G	
	Relevé	Gudi <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	H	
		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	J	
		Rhco <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	K	

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Sheet 54

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- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Observations – 2023/2024
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
 - Observations – Historic
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé

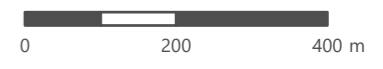
- Observations – 2020**
- Quadrat
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
- Quadrat
 - Relevé

- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - Alte *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
 - CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - CaspPS *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
 - Grgl *Grevillea globosa* (P3)
 - Grsc *Grevillea scabrada* (P3)

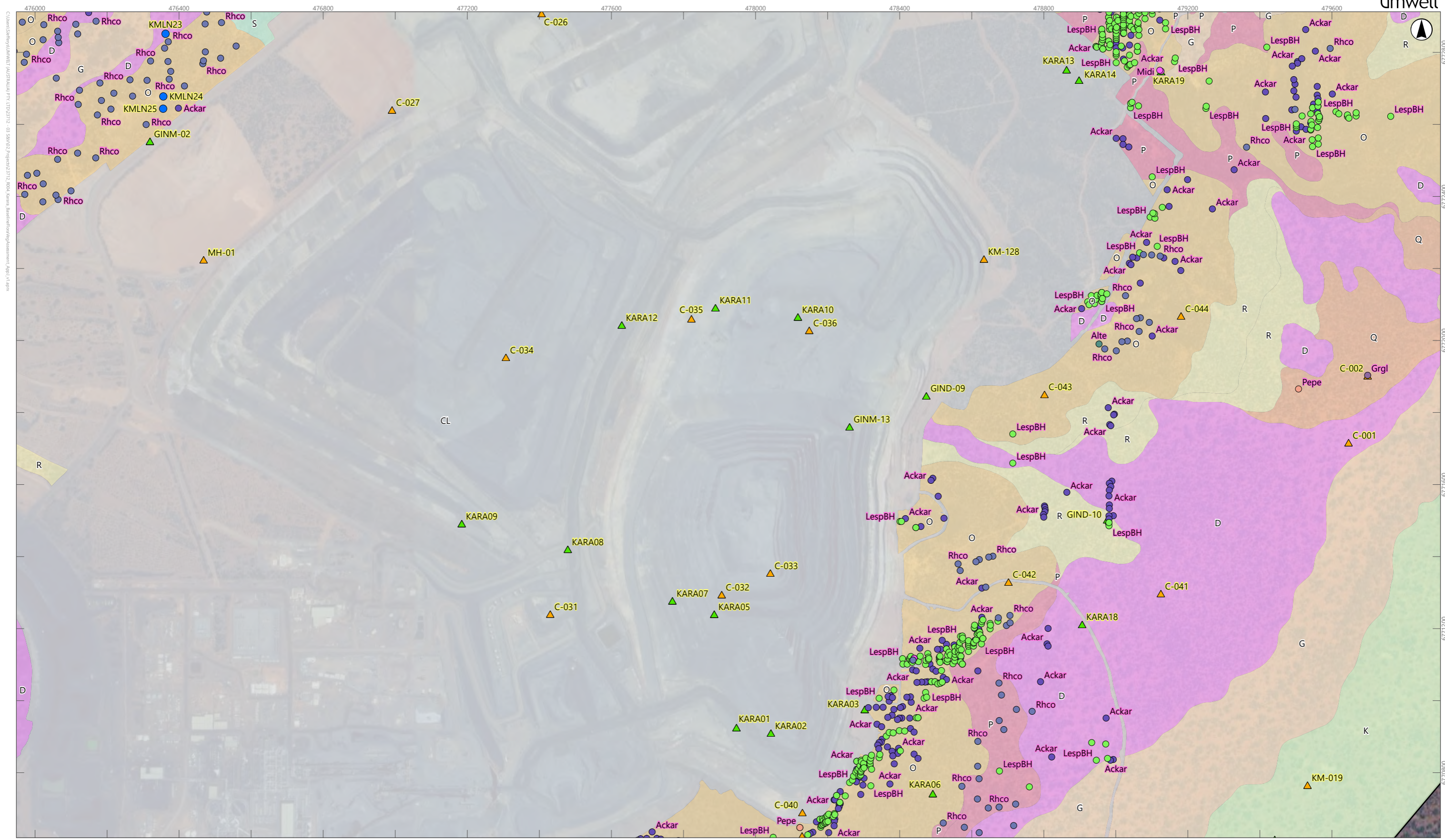
- Gudi *Gunniopsis divisa* (P3)
- LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
- Midi *Millotia dimorpha* (P1)
- Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
- PrspKa *Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
- Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)

- Vegetation Type**
- A
 - D
 - G
 - H
 - K
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - R
 - S
 - CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

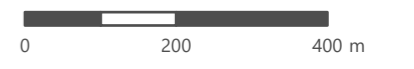
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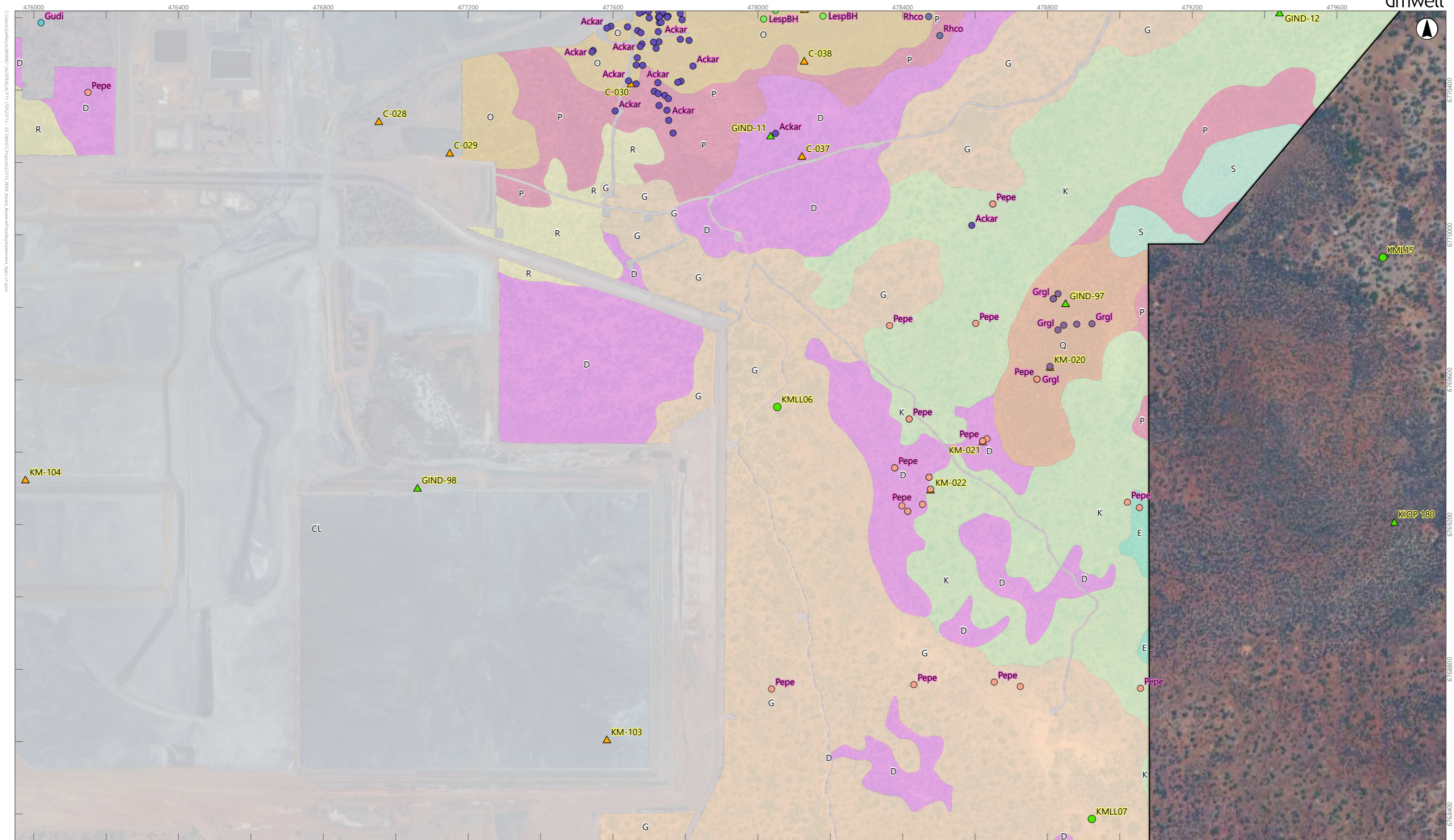
Survey Area	Observations – 2020	Significant Flora Taxa
Vegetation Mapping Note	Ackar	<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)
Observations – Historic	Alte	<i>Allocasuarina tessellata</i> (P3)
Quadrat	Grgl	<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)
Relevé	LespBH	<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
	Midi	<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)
	Pepe	<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)

Rhco	<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	Vegetation Type	R
		D	S
		G	CL
		K	
		O	
		P	
		Q	

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 56

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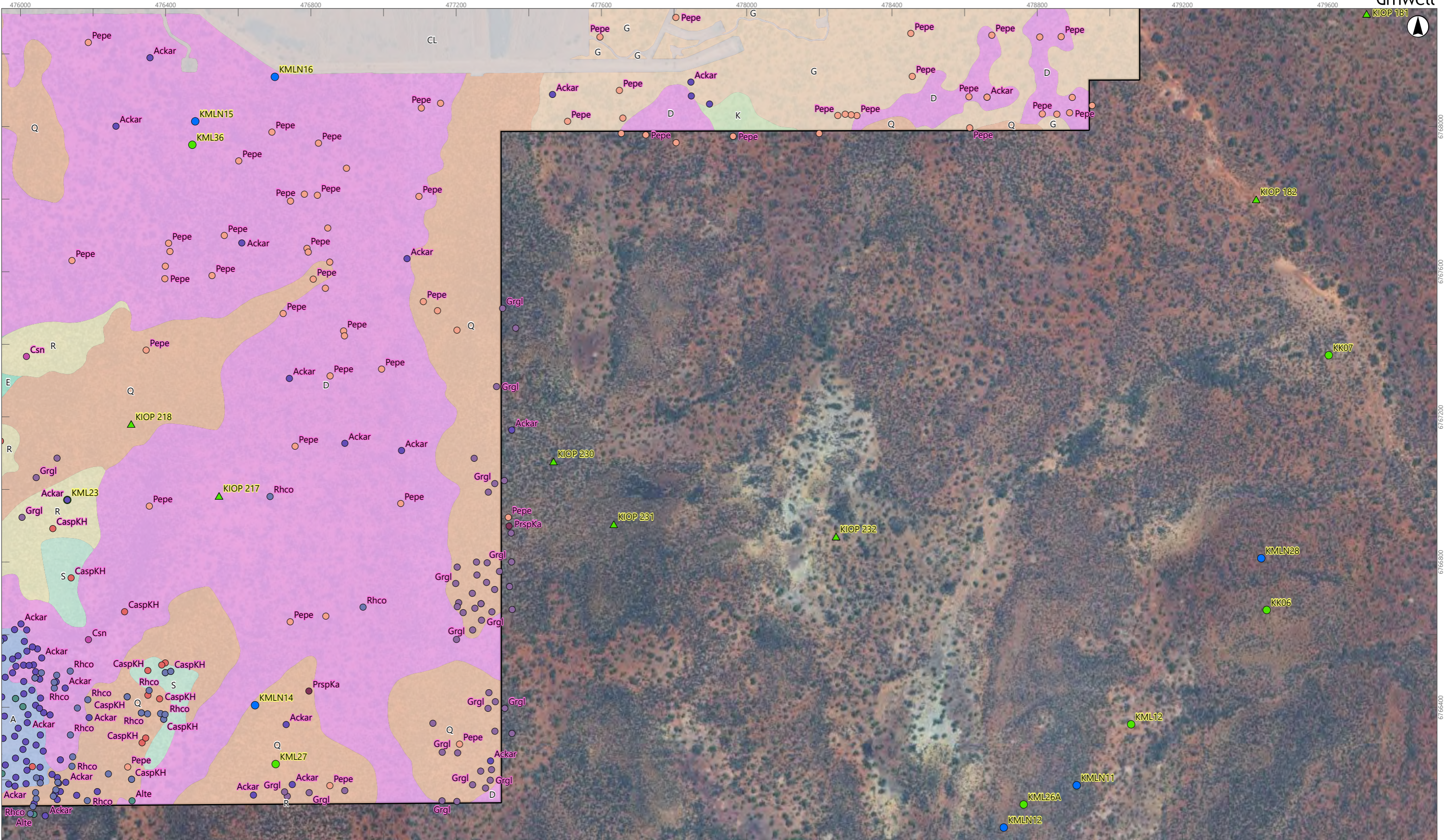




- Survey Area
 - Observations – 2020
 - ▲ Observations – Historic
 - ▲ Relevé
- | Significant Flora Taxa | |
|---|--|
| ● Ackar | <i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3) |
| ● Grgl | <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3) |
| ● Gudi | <i>Gunnopsis divisa</i> (P3) |
| ● LespBH | <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) |
| ● Pepe | <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) |
| ● Rhco | <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) |
- | Vegetation Type | |
|-----------------|----|
| | D |
| | E |
| | G |
| | K |
| | O |
| | P |
| | Q |
| | R |
| | S |
| | CL |

APPENDIX J
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 57





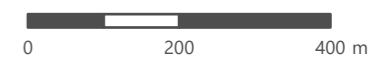
Legend

- Survey Area
 - Observations – 2020
 - Quadrat
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
 - ▲ Observations – Historic
 - ▲ Quadrat
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - Alte *Allocasuarina tessellata* (P3)
 - CaspKH *Caesia* sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)
 - Csn *Crassula* sp. nov. (PU)
 - Grgl *Grevillea globosa* (P3)
 - Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
 - PrspKa *Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
 - Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)

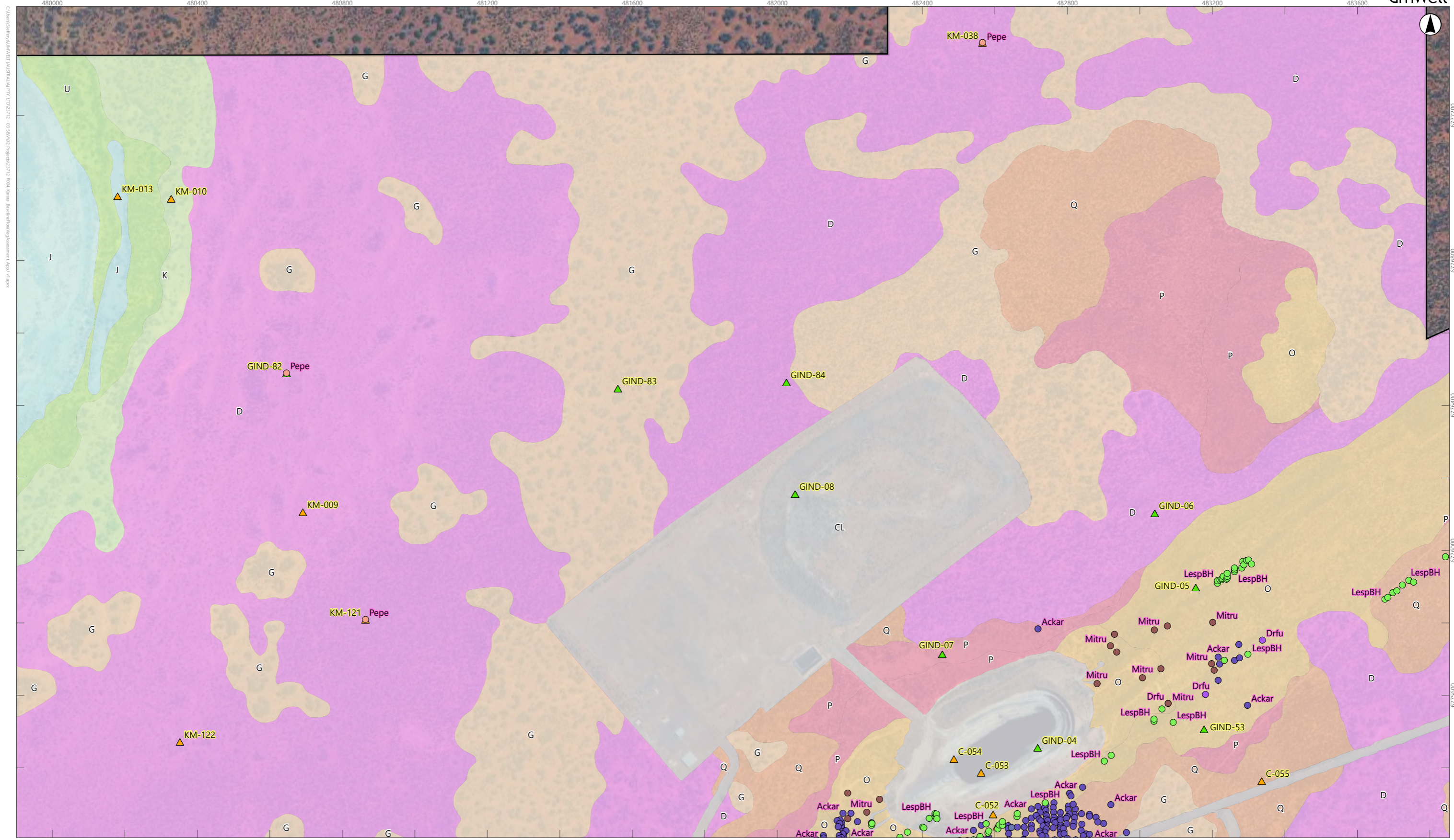
Vegetation Type

- A
- D
- E
- G
- K
- Q
- R
- S
- CL

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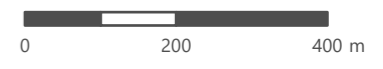


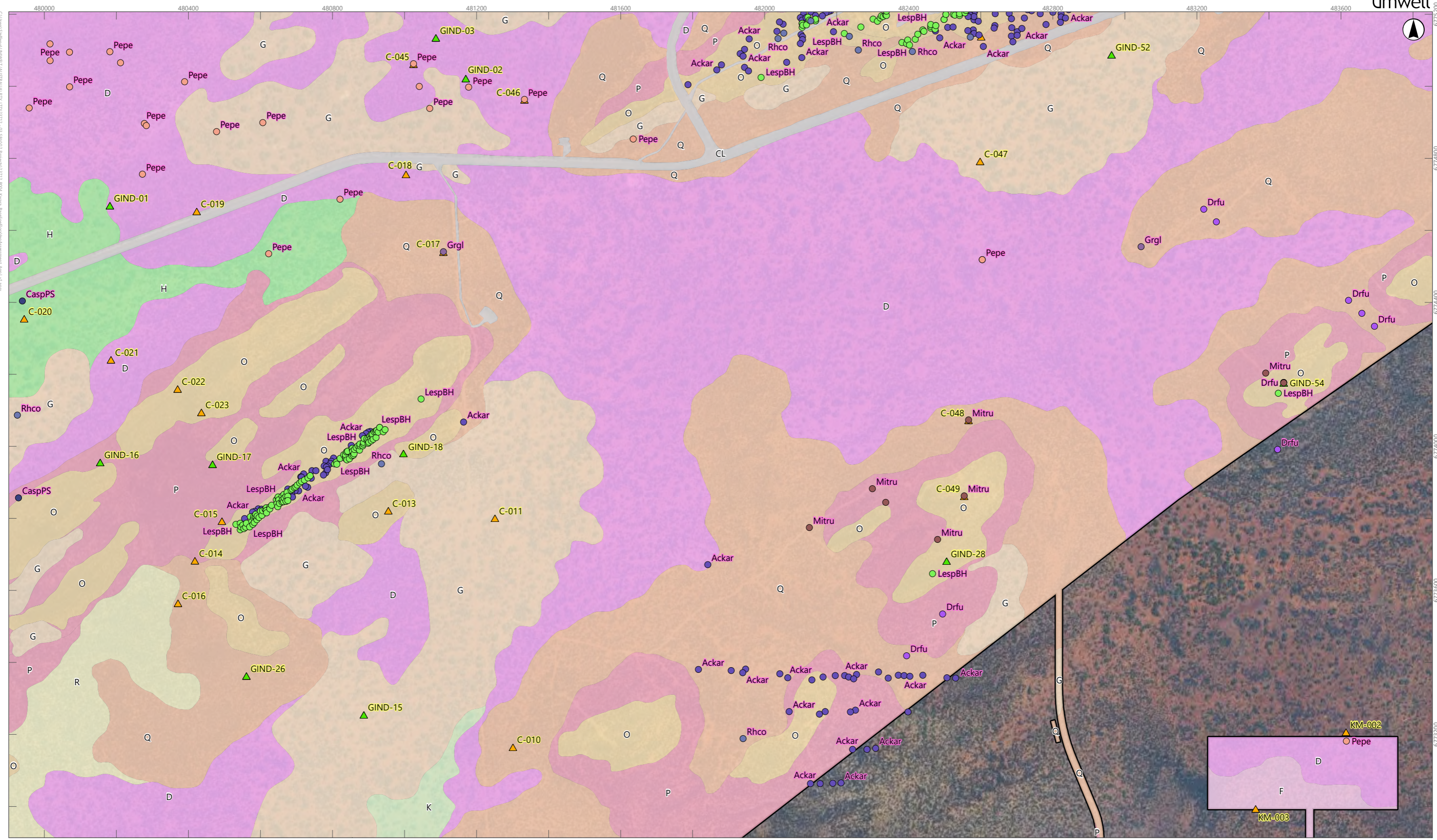
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Observations – Historic**
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Significant Flora Taxa**
 - Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - Drfu *Drummondita fulva* (P3)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Mitru *Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)
 - Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
 - Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)

- Vegetation Type**
- D
 - G
 - J
 - K
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - U
 - CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
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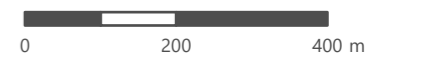


- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Observations – Historic**
 - ▲ Quadrat
 - ▲ Relevé
 - Significant Flora Taxa**
 - Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - CaspPS *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
 - Drfu *Drummondita fulva* (P3)
 - Grgl *Grevillea globosa* (P3)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Mitru *Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)

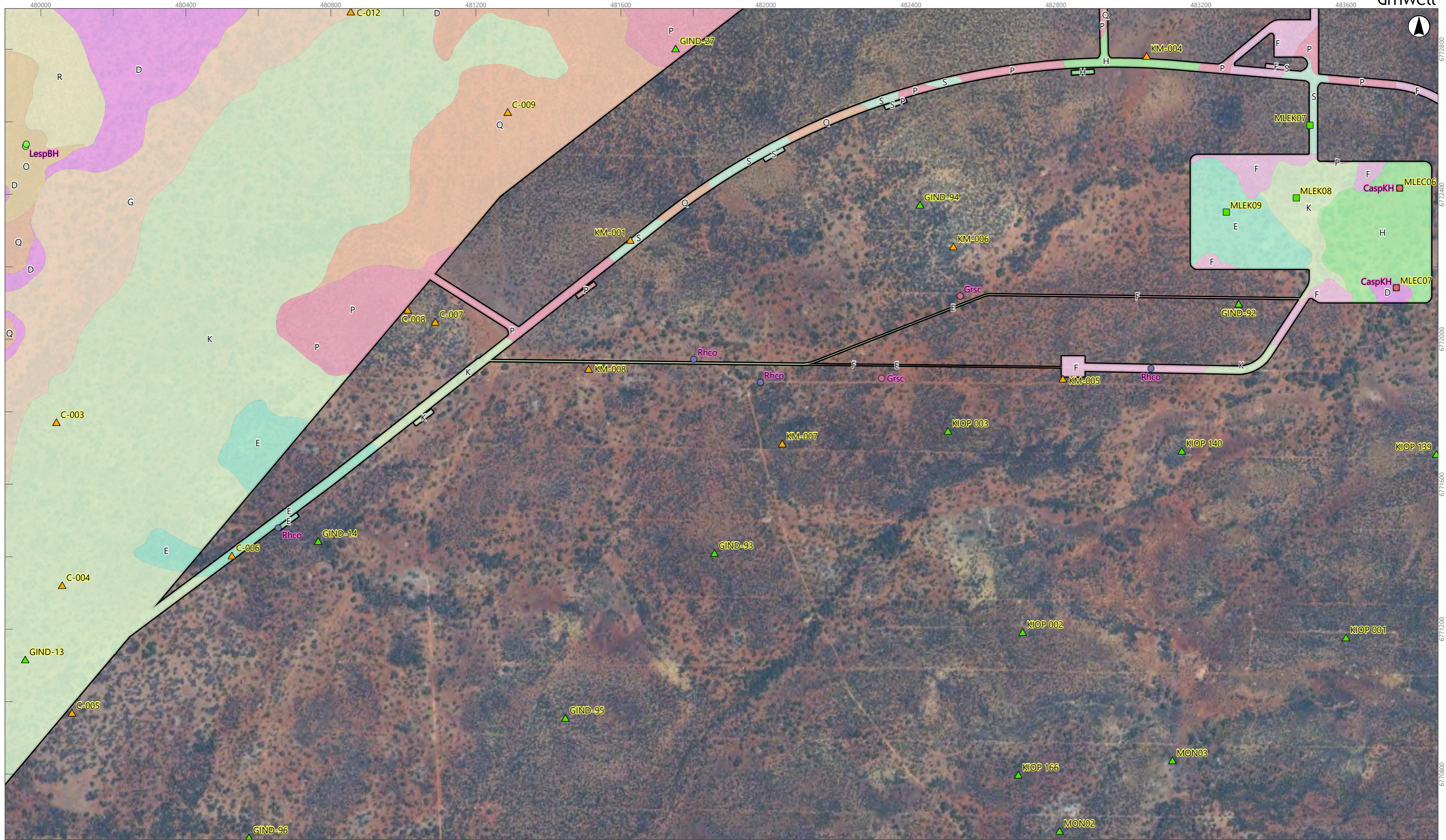
- Pepe *Persoonia pentasticha* (P3)
 - Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)
- Vegetation Type**
- P
 - Q
 - R
 - CL
 - D
 - F
 - G
 - H
 - K
 - O

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Sheet 61

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend		Significant Flora Taxa		Vegetation Type	
Survey Area		CaspKH <i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)	D	O	
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	Grsc <i>Grevillea scabrada</i> (P3)	E	P	
Relevé		LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	F	Q	
		Rhco <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	G	R	
			H	S	
			K		

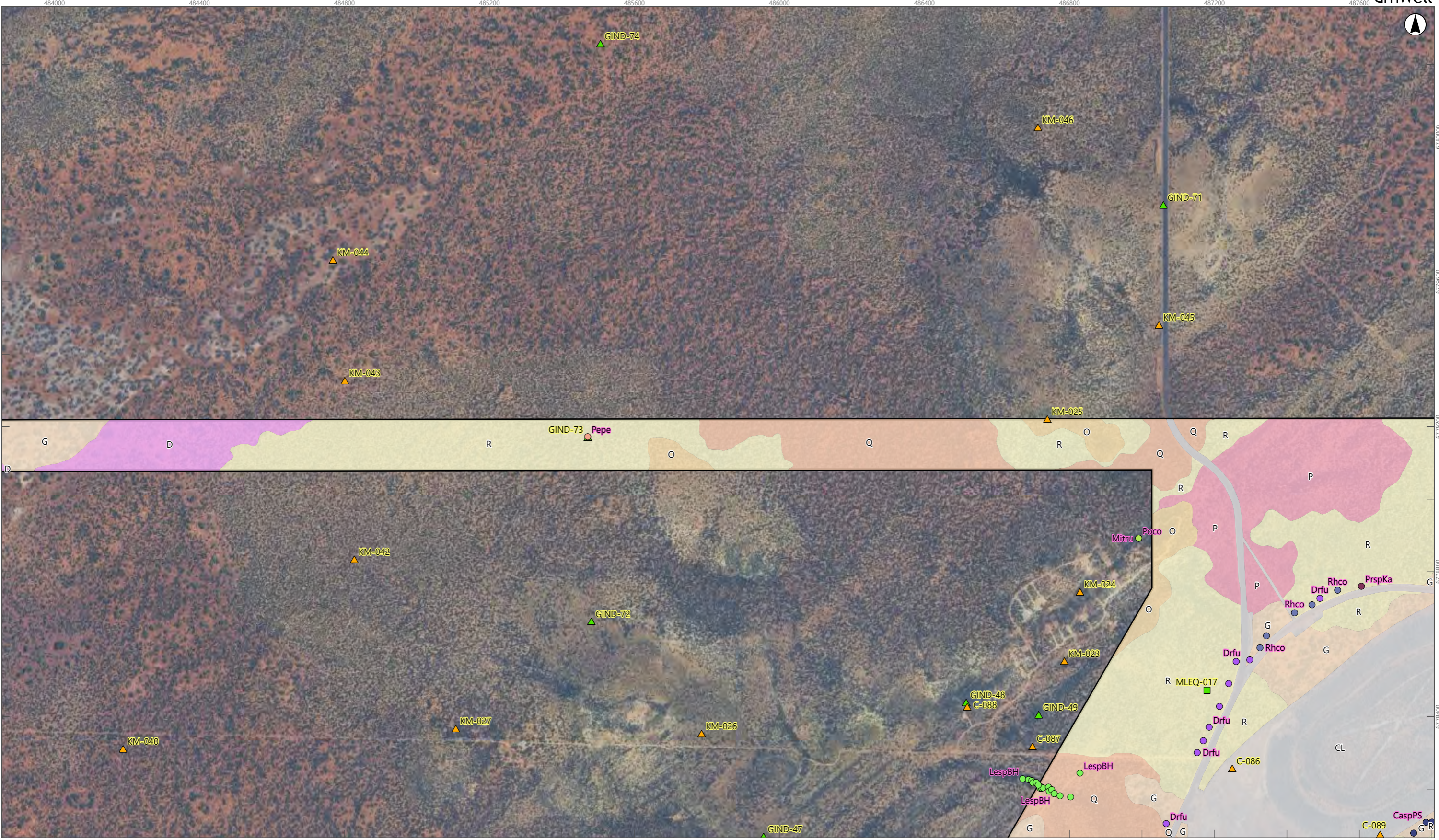
APPENDIX J
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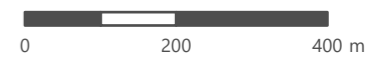
Client: Scoping Environment Assessment Pty Ltd (ESMA) Pty Ltd (ESMA) - 03 5890 2772 Project: 3172 Road Karara Station Environmental Assessment April 24 2024



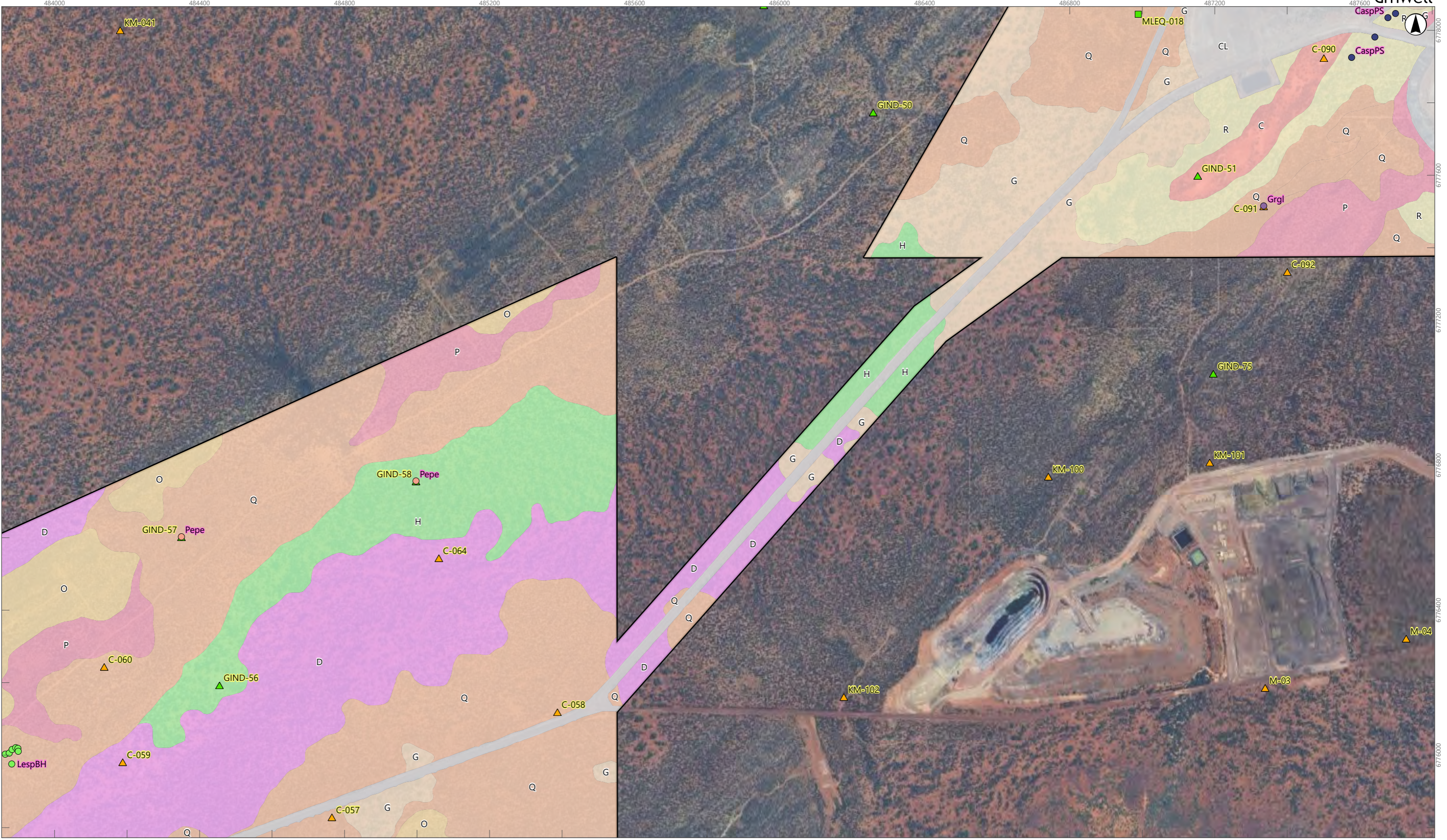
Legend

- | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|----|
| Survey Area | Observations – Historic | Significant Flora Taxa | PrspKa <i>Prostanthera</i> sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1) | Vegetation Type | CL |
| Observations – 2023/2024 | Quadrat | CaspPS <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3) | Rhco <i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3) | D | |
| Quadrat | Relevé | Drfu <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3) | | G | |
| | | LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1) | | O | |
| | | Mitru <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3) | | P | |
| | | Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) | | Q | |
| | | Peco <i>Polianthion collinum</i> (P3) | | R | |

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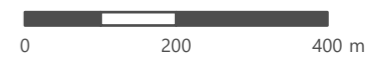
Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

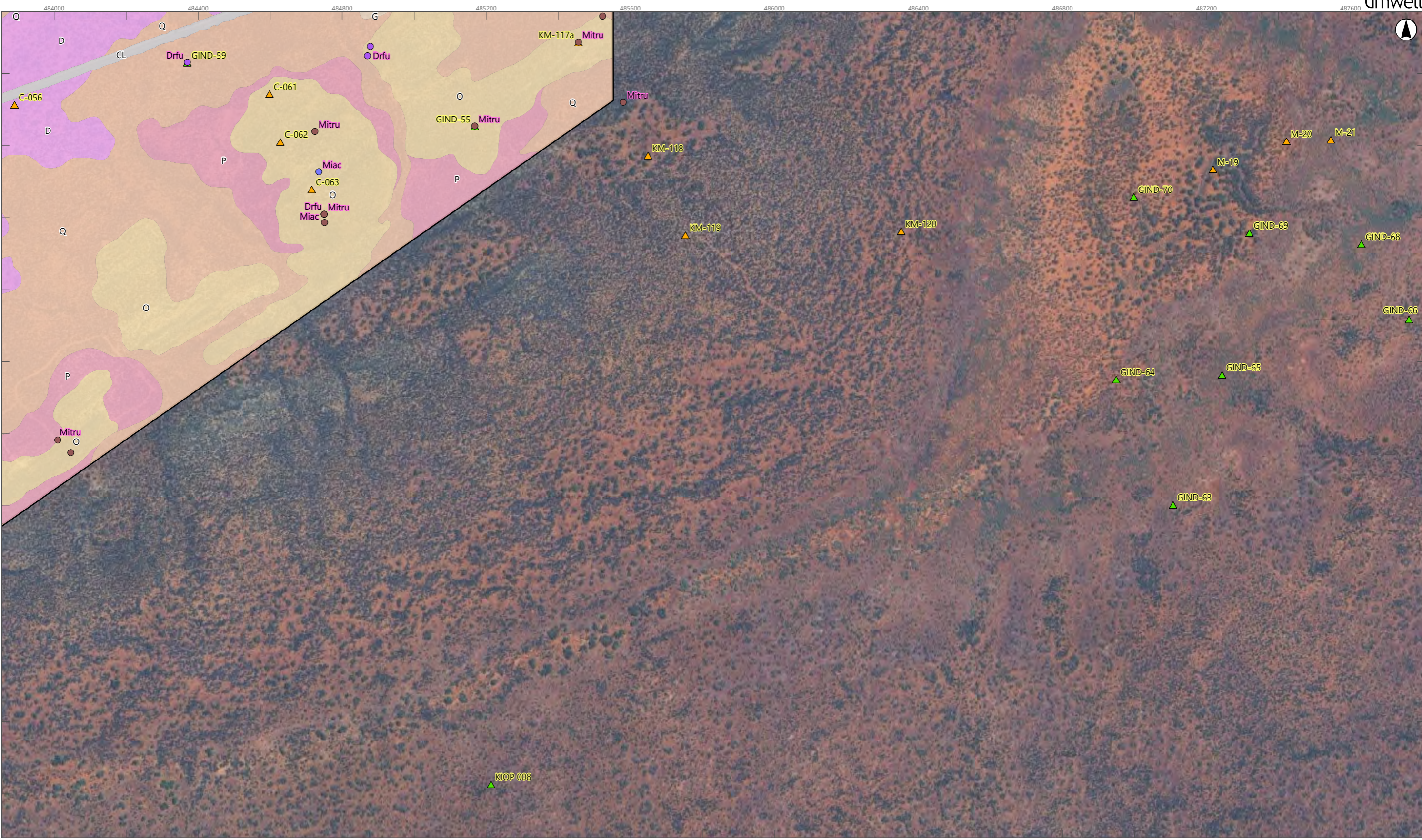
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	CaspPS <i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)	C
Quadrat	Relevé	Grgl <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	D
		LespBH <i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)	G
		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	H
			O
			P
			CL

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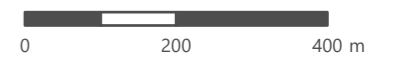
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Legend

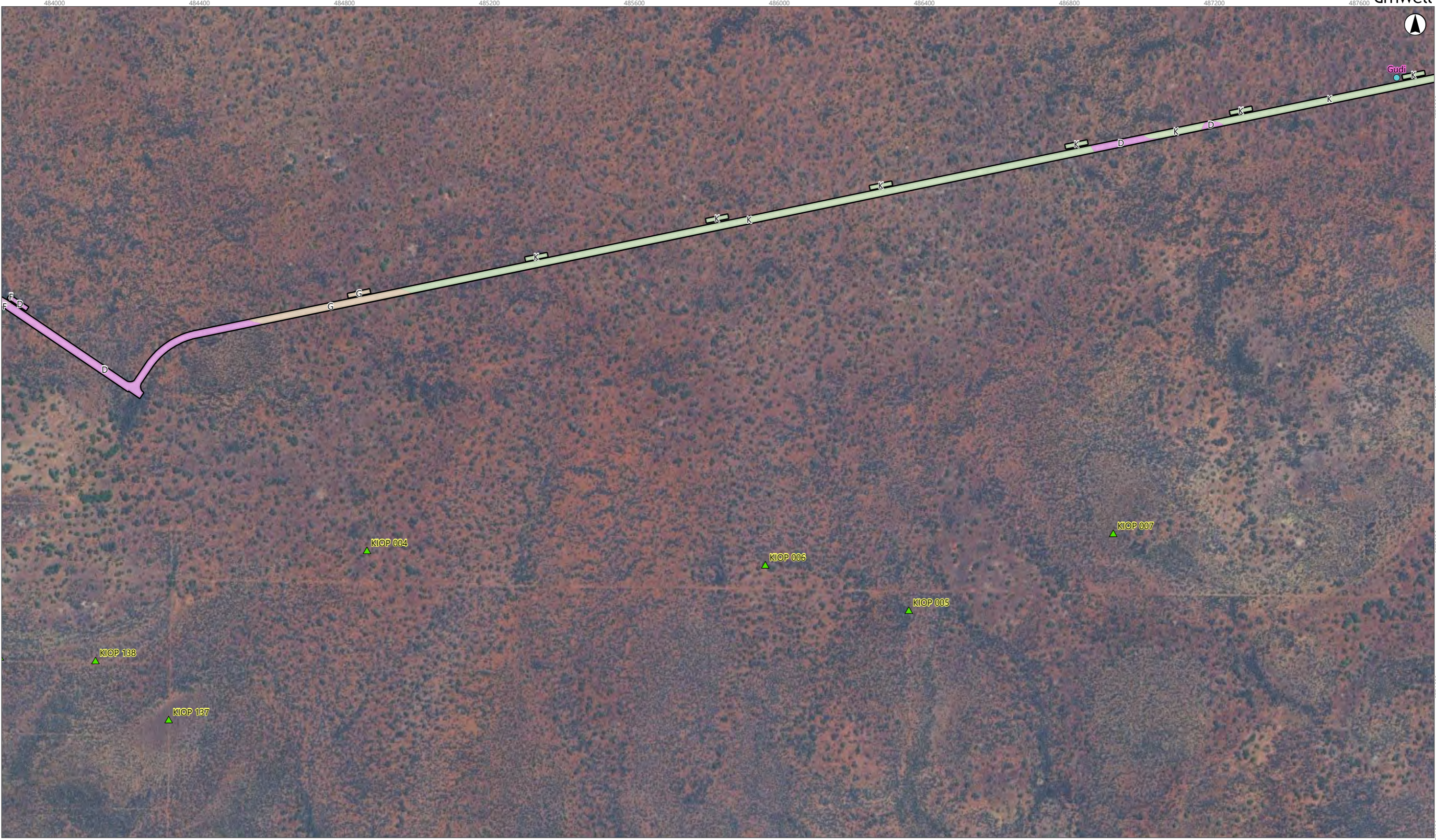
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
	Quadrat	Drfu <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	D
	Relevé	Miac <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)	G
		Mitru <i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)	O
			P
			Q
			CL

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 Sheet 65

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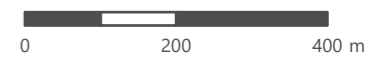


Legend

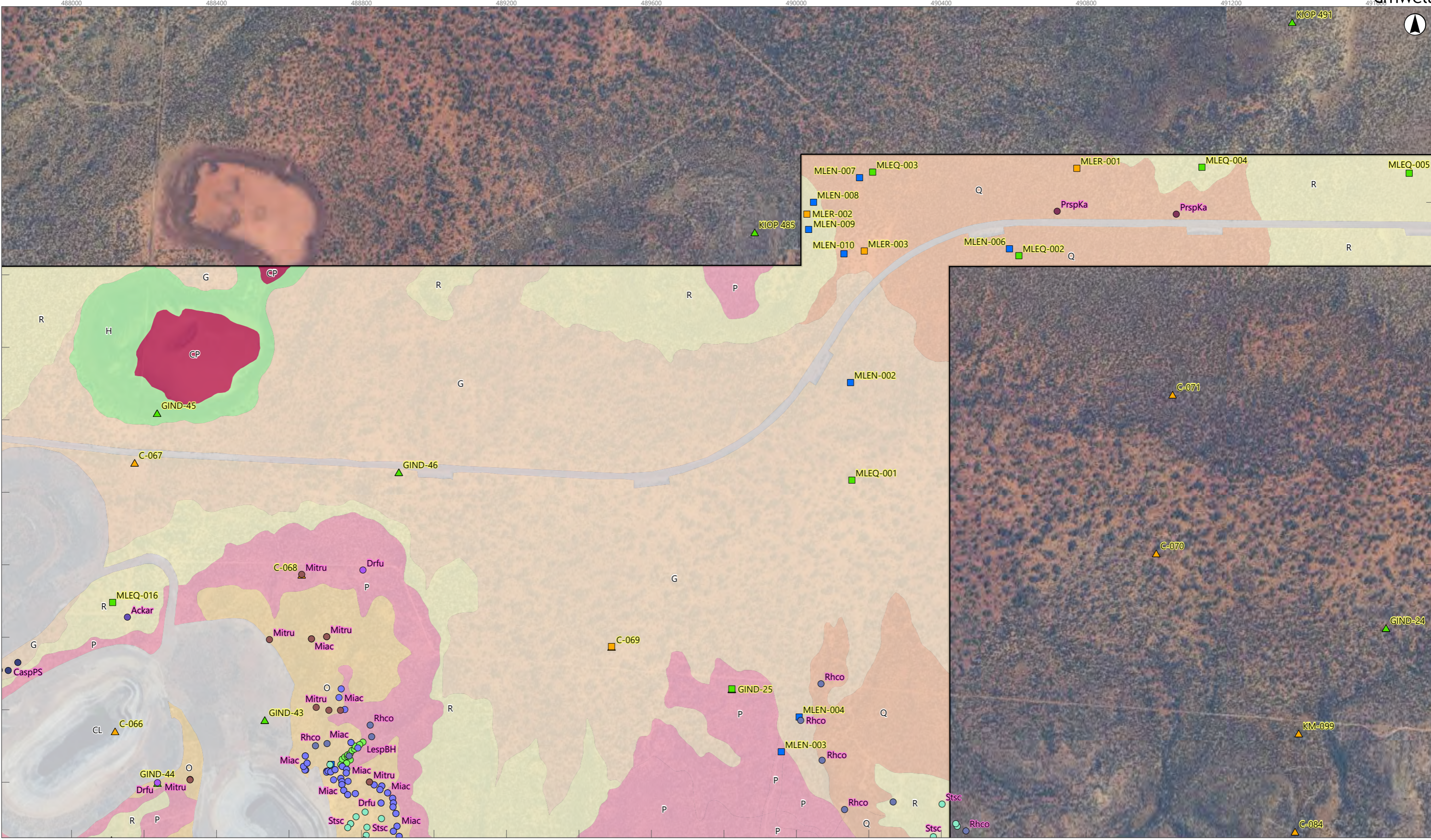
Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
	Quadrat	Gudi <i>Gunnopsis divisa</i> (P3)	D
			F
			G
			K

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
Sheet 66

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50



- Legend**
- Survey Area
 - Observations – 2023/2024
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Vegetation Mapping Note

- Observations – Historic**
- Quadrat
 - Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
- Ackar *Acacia karinae* (P3)
 - CaspPS *Calotis* sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096) (P3)
 - Drfu *Drummondita fulva* (P3)
 - LespBH *Lepidosperma* sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)
 - Miac *Micromyrtus acuta* (P3)
 - Mitru *Micromyrtus trudgenii* (P3)

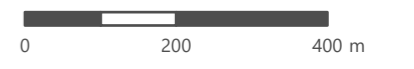
- PrspKa *Prostanthera* sp. Karara (D. Coultas & K. Greenacre Opp 8) (P1)
- Rhco *Rhodanthe collina* (P3)
- Stsc *Stylidium scintillans* (T)

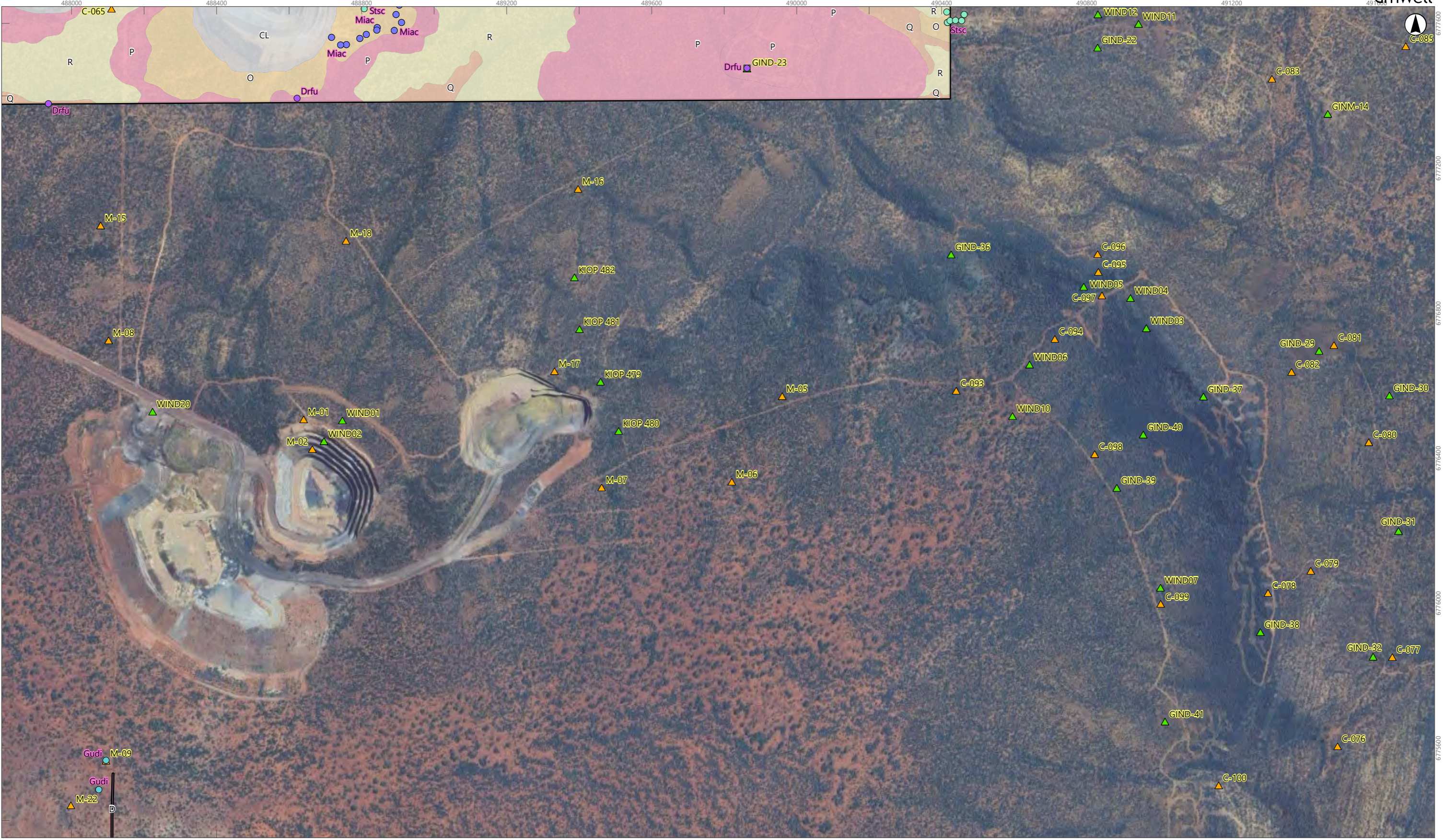
- Vegetation Type**
- G
 - H
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - R
 - CP
 - CL

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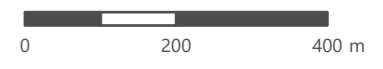


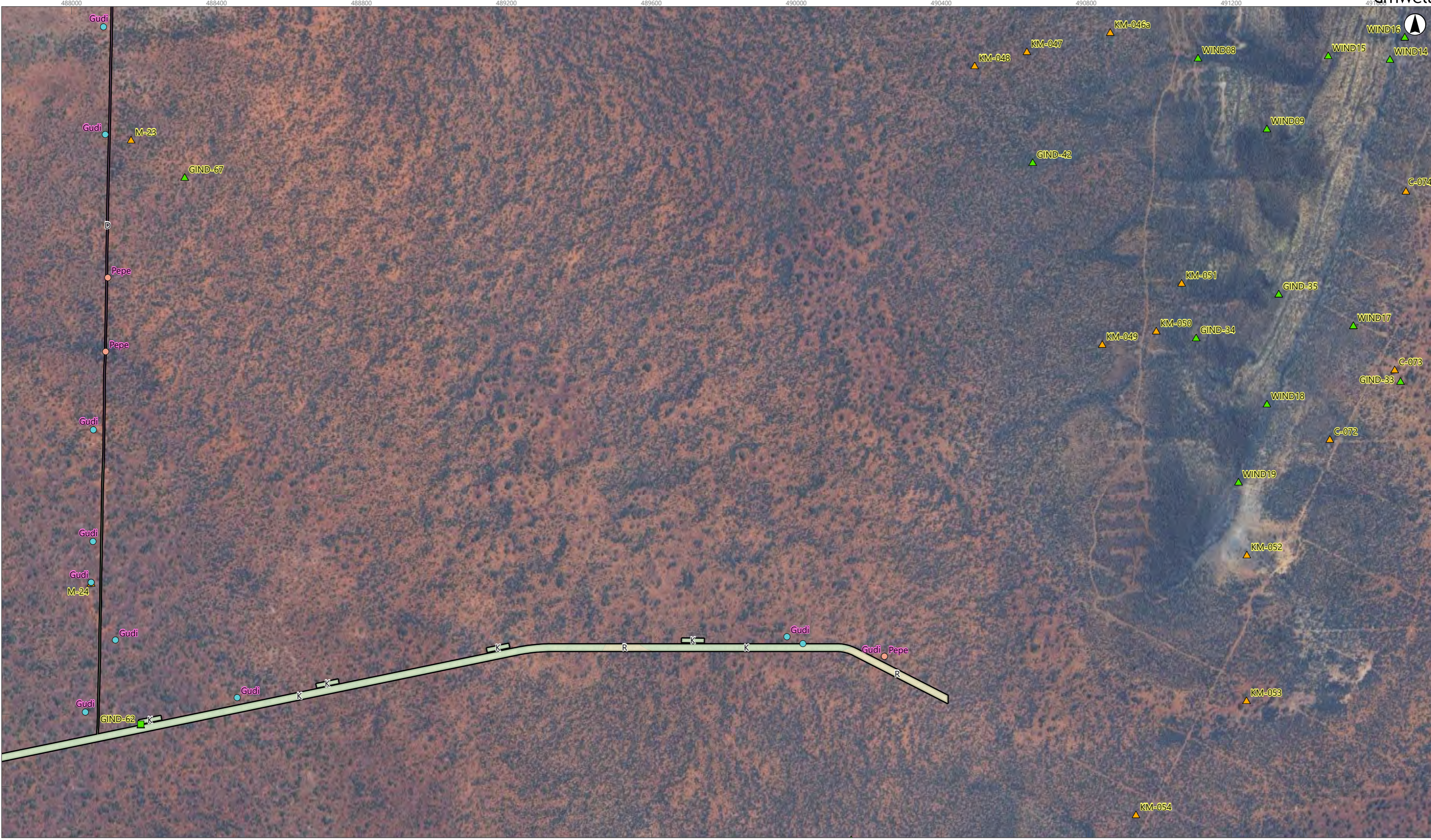


Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	Drfu <i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)	D
Quadrat	Relevé	Gudi <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)	O
		Miac <i>Micromyrtus acuta</i> (P3)	P
		Stsc <i>Stylidium scintillans</i> (T)	Q
			R
			CL

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Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend		Observations – Historic		Significant Flora Taxa		Vegetation Type	
	Survey Area		Quadrat		Gudi <i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)		D
	Quadrat		Relevé		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)		K
							R

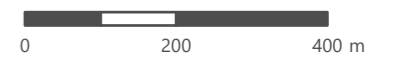
APPENDIX J

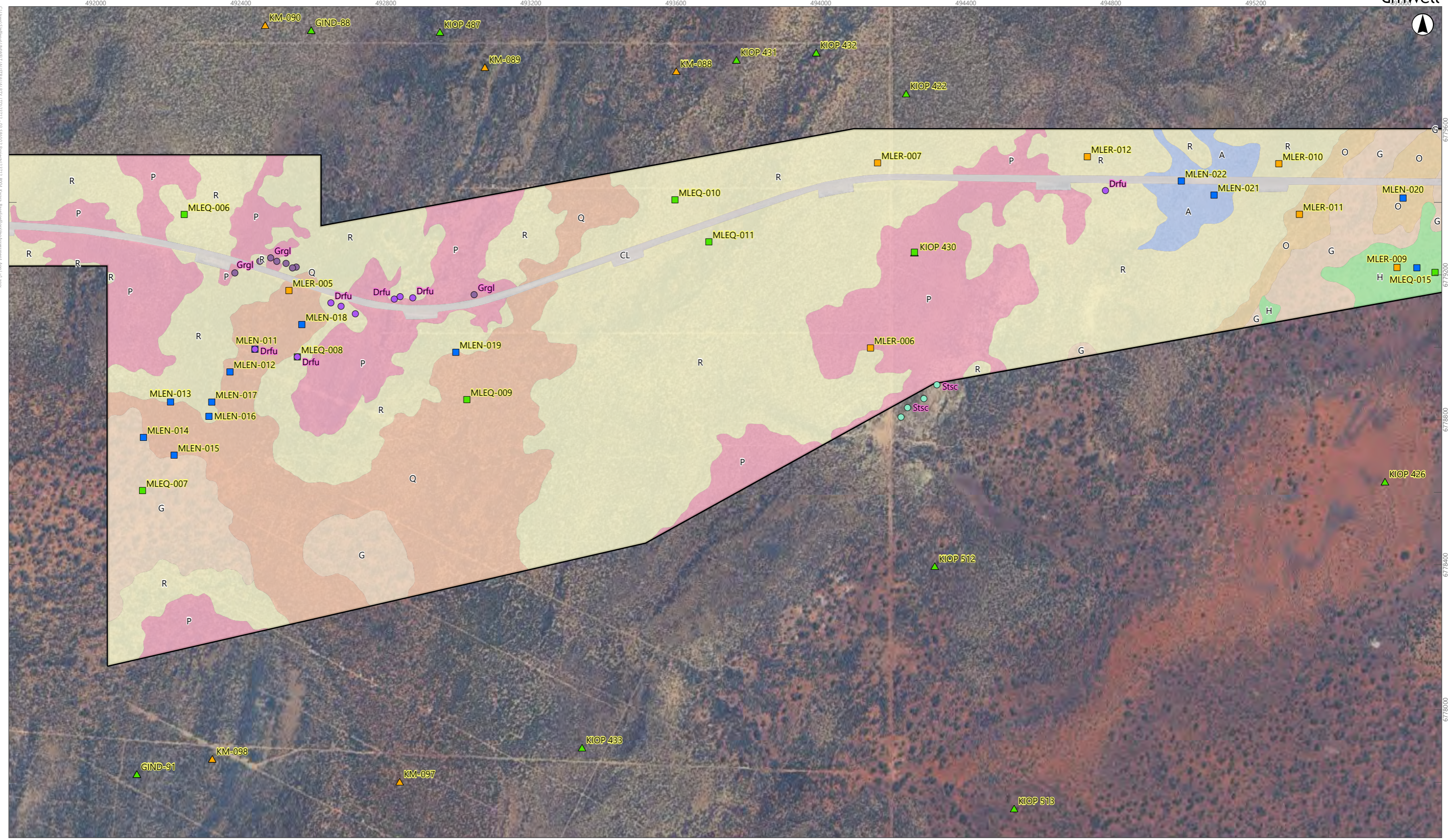
Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

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Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

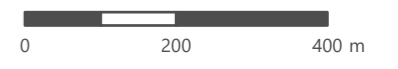
- Survey Area
- Observations – 2023/2024**
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
 - Vegetation Mapping Note
- Observations – Historic**
 - Quadrat
 - Relevé
- Significant Flora Taxa**
 - Drfu *Drummondita fulva* (P3)
 - Grgl *Grevillea globosa* (P3)
 - Stsc *Stylidium scintillans* (T)
- Vegetation Type**
 - A
 - G
 - H
 - O
 - P
 - Q
 - R
 - CL

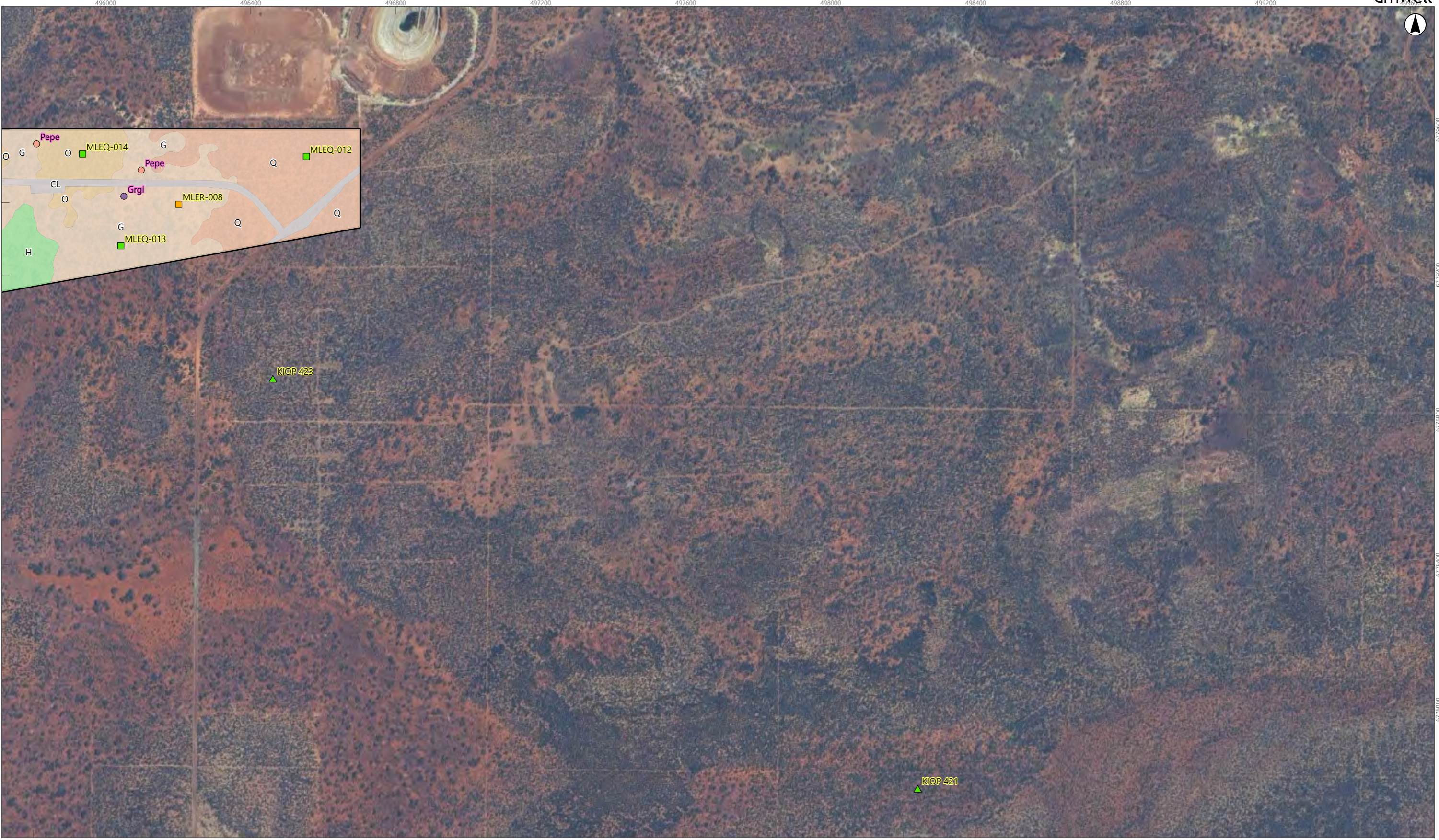
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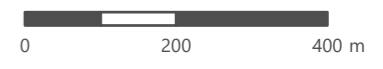


Scale: 1:10,000 at A3, GDA2020 MGA Zone 50

Legend

Survey Area	Observations – Historic	Significant Flora Taxa	Vegetation Type
Observations – 2023/2024	Quadrat	Grgl <i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)	G
Quadrat		Pepe <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)	H
Relevé			O
			Q
			CL

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 Vegetation Types of the Survey Area
 Sheet 71



Vegetation Type

	A	Tall sparse shrubland to isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia acuminata</i> / <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> and/or <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Thryptomene costata</i> and <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> , over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> , <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Eremophila ericalyx</i> , over low sparse formland of mixed species including <i>Schoenia cassiniana</i> , <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , on red-brown clay loam, sometimes with granite surface stones, on plains and gentle slopes
	B	Low open formland of <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and other species including <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i> , <i>Calotis hispidula</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , in pockets of red clayey sand on and immediately adjacent to granite sheet outcropping
	C	Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i> or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over occasional tall isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i> , <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , and/or <i>Acacia colletioides</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> , over low open tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i> , <i>Helipterum craspedioides</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> and <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , on red clayey sand or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
	D	Occasional low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , <i>Callitris columellaris</i> , and/or <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over tall open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia acuminata</i> , <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , over low sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia humilis</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , over low sparse formland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown sandy clay loam, sometimes with occasional ironstone or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
	E	Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> and <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Maireana planifolia</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260), over low isolated clumps of grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse formland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> , <i>Calotis multicaulis</i> and <i>Panaetia lessonii</i> , on red clay loam, usually with ironstone, granite and/or quartz surface stones, on undulating plains and flats
	F	Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia burkittii</i> and <i>Thryptomene costata</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i> , over low sparse shrubland of <i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , over low sparse formland of mixed species including <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> , <i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i> and <i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam, sometimes with small amounts of granite outcropping and granite surface stones, on simple slopes and plains
	G	Mid to low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and occasionally <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> , <i>Acacia obtecta</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over an occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210), <i>Scaevola spinescens</i> and/or <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species including <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Maireana georgei</i> , <i>Maireana carnosa</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , <i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, usually with ironstone and/or granite and/or quartz surface stones, on flats and plains
	H	Occasional low open woodland to isolated trees of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> , <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , over tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia obtecta</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> and <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Acacia exocarpoides</i> , over occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , <i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3) and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of mixed species dominated by <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> and <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> and occasionally <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Enchylaena lanata</i> , on red-brown clay loam, with occasional ironstone surface stones, on flats and plains
	I	Low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus horistes</i> and <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> , over tall open shrubland of <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acutaria</i> and <i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i> , over mid sparse tussock grassland of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated forbs of mixed species including <i>Goodenia rosea</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i> , <i>Podolepis aristata</i> subsp. <i>aristata</i> and <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> , on red sandy clay, on plains and low rises
	J	Occasional tall to mid isolated shrubs of <i>Acacia obtecta</i> , <i>Duma florulenta</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila glabra</i> , over low sparse shrubland of <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Corchorus</i> sp., over mid open to sparse samphire shrubland of <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species including <i>Maireana carnosa</i> , <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> , <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Atriplex semilunaris</i> and <i>Maireana brevifolia</i> , on brown or red-brown clay loam or silty clay loam, in saline claypans
	K	Occasional low woodland to open woodland of mixed species including <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> , <i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus salubris</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i> , <i>Acacia erinacea</i> , <i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i> and <i>Eremophila pantonii</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Senna stowardii</i> , <i>Scaevola spinescens</i> , <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> and <i>Olearia pimeleoides</i> , over low isolated clumps of chenopod shrubs of <i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i> , <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Maireana thesioides</i> , <i>Maireana georgei</i> and <i>Maireana marginata</i> , on red-brown silty clay loam or clay loam, sometimes with ironstone surface stones, on plains
	L	Tall sparse shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> and occasionally <i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i> , <i>Acacia erimaea</i> and <i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> , <i>Rhagodia drummondii</i> , <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i> , <i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i> and <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Gunnipopsis quadrifida</i> , <i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i> , <i>Calandrinia granulifera</i> , <i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i> and <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i> , on slightly saline brown sandy clay, on flats and lower slopes
	M	Occasional low isolated clumps of shrubs of <i>Lawrenxia squamata</i> and <i>Frankenia pauciflora</i> , over low open to sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species including <i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i> , <i>Tecticornia loriae</i> , <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4' and <i>Tecticornia peltata</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of <i>Atriplex vesicaria</i> , <i>Maireana eriosphaera</i> , <i>Maireana glomerifolia</i> and <i>Maireana atkinsiana</i> , over isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i> , <i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i> , <i>Stenopetalum salicola</i> , <i>Lawrenxia squamata</i> , <i>Siemssenia capillaris</i> and <i>Cotula cotuloides</i> , on brown or orange sandy clay, in saline depressions

APPENDIX J

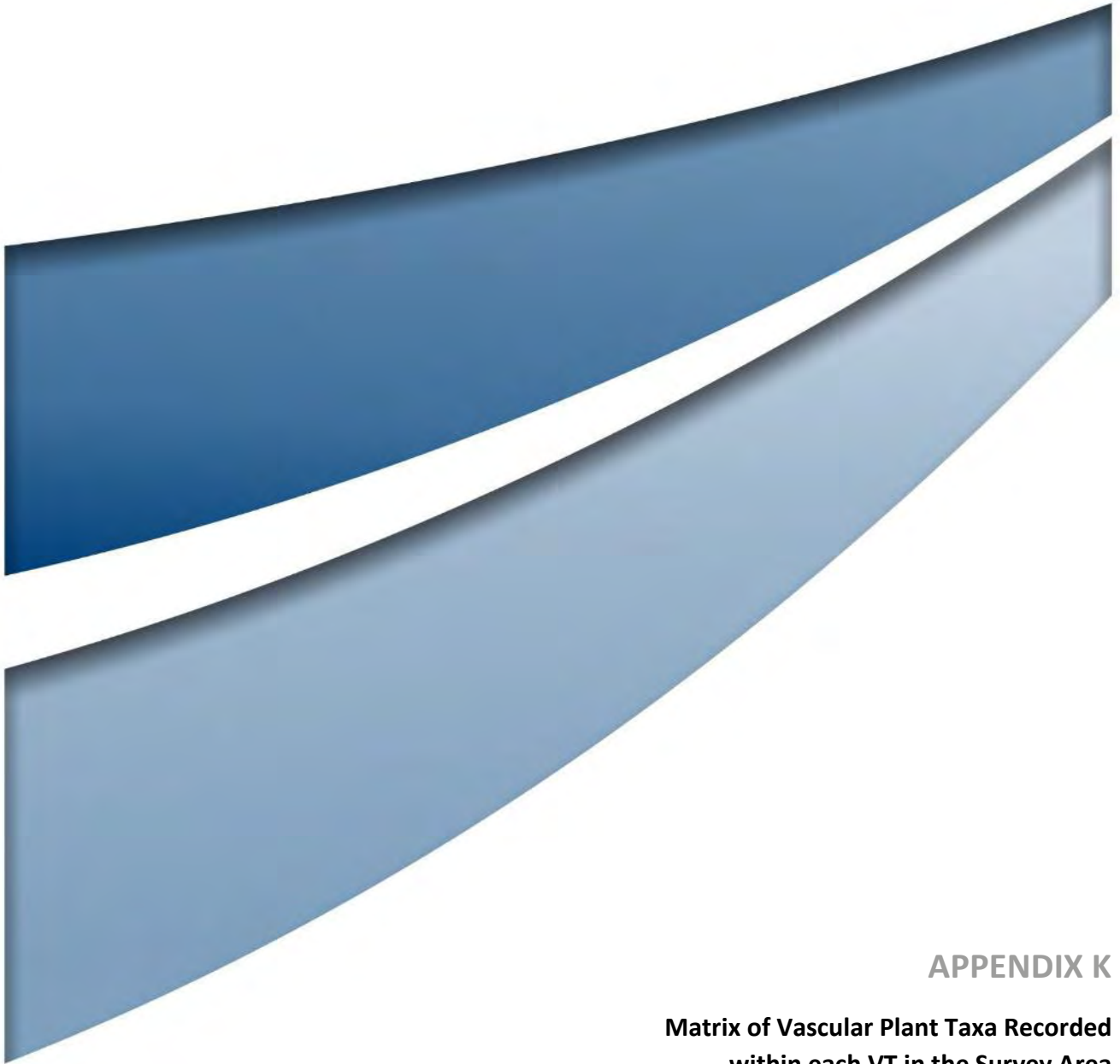
LEGEND: Vegetation Types of the Survey Area

Vegetation Type

	N	Low sparse samphire shrubland of mixed species, including <i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i> , <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (PU), <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (PU), and occasionally <i>Tecticornia peltata</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Triglochin mucronata</i> , <i>Senecio lacustrinus</i> , <i>Cotula cotuloides</i> , <i>*Parapholis incurva</i> and <i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i> , on grey-brown or brown sandy clay, in saline depressions
	O	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over tall sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i> , <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> , and/or <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , over mid sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Philotheca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i> , <i>Philotheca sericea</i> , <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>aspera</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> , over low isolated shrubs of <i>Xanthosia kochii</i> , <i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260) and <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> , over low isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> , <i>Podolepis lessonii</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i> , on red-brown silty loam or silty clay loam with ironstone, BIF or granite stones, and sometimes with ironstone, BIF or granite outcropping, on slopes and crests
	P	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i> , <i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i> , over mid shrubland to open shrubland dominated by <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and occasionally with <i>Philotheca sericea</i> , <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and/or <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i> , over occasional low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Xanthosia kochii</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Trachymene ornata</i> , <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> and <i>Lawrencella rosea</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, and occasionally with ironstone or BIF outcropping, on lower to upper slopes
	Q	Occasional low open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia sibina</i> , and occasionally <i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i> , <i>Acacia longispinea</i> and <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , over occasional mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over low isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> , <i>Cryptandra imbricata</i> , <i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i> and <i>Enekbatus stowardii</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> and occasionally <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i> and <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , on brown or red clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone surface stones, on lower slopes, plains and flats
	R	Occasional low open woodland of <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia incognita</i> and <i>Acacia sibina</i> , over mid sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i> , <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> and <i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i> , over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> , <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> , and occasionally <i>Chamaelucium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181) and <i>Olearia humilis</i> , over low sparse tussock grassland of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Erodium cygnorum</i> , <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i> and <i>Gilruthia osbornei</i> , on red or red-brown clay loam with ironstone and sometimes quartz surface stones, on plains and simple slopes
	S	Tall sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over mid shrubland to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> , <i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i> , <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> and <i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207), over low sparse shrubland to isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i> , <i>Mirbelia microphylla</i> , <i>Hibbertia arcuata</i> and <i>Grevillea pityophylla</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> and/or <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> , over low sparse forbland to isolated clumps of forbs of mixed species including <i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Goodenia rosea</i> , <i>Brachyscome ciliocarpa</i> and <i>Podolepis lessonii</i> , on red or brown clay loam, sandy clay loam or silty loam with ironstone or BIF surface stones, on flats, plains and slopes
	T	Tall open to sparse shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia sibina</i> , <i>Melaleuca hamata</i> , <i>Acacia latior</i> , <i>Acacia acuminata</i> and <i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i> , over mid isolated shrubs of mixed species including <i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i> , <i>Philotheca glabra</i> , <i>Philotheca deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i> and <i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i> , over low isolated clumps of shrubs of mixed species including <i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3), <i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i> , <i>Darwinia capitella</i> and <i>Malleostemon roseus</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i> , over low sparse sedgeland of <i>Ecdiocola monostachya</i> , over low sparse forbland of mixed species including <i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i> , <i>Bellida graminea</i> , <i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i> , <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> and <i>Lawrencella davenportii</i> , on orange, brown or red sandy loam or sandy clay loam, occasionally with ironstone and quartz surface stones, on plains and flats
	U	Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i> or tall shrubland of <i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i> , over low sparse chenopod shrubland of mixed species dominated by <i>Maireana thesioides</i> , <i>Maireana carnosa</i> , <i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i> and <i>Maireana georgei</i> , on red-brown silty clay loam, occasionally with calcrete stones, in drainage depressions and on the edges of saline claypans
	V	Tall open shrubland to shrubland of <i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i> , <i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i> and occasionally <i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> and <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , over mid open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i> , <i>Grevillea paradoxa</i> , <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> and <i>Acacia kochii</i> , occasionally over low isolated shrubs of <i>Solanum cleistogamum</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , over low open forbland dominated by <i>Borya sphaerocephala</i> , on red or brown silty soil with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes
	W	Low woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> , over tall shrubland to open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Acacia burkittii</i> , over low open shrubland of mixed species including <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i> , <i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> and <i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i> , on red-brown silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on low to mid slopes
	X	Occasional low isolated trees of <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> , over tall shrubland dominated by <i>Senna charlesiana</i> and occasionally <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i> , <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Melaleuca cordata</i> , over mid to low open to sparse shrubland of <i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i> , <i>Eremophila clarkei</i> , <i>Hakea multilineata</i> , <i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i> and <i>Ptilotus obovatus</i> , on red-brown silty loam with ironstone and granite surface stones, on low to mid slopes
	Y	Low woodland to open woodland of <i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i> and/or <i>Eucalyptus arctata</i> , over tall open shrubland of <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i> , <i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i> and occasionally <i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i> and <i>Senna charlesiana</i> , over occasional mid sparse shrubland of <i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i> , <i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i> , <i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i> and <i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i> , over low isolated clumps of tussock grasses of <i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i> and <i>Monachather paradoxus</i> , on red, brown or orange loam or silty-sands with ironstone surface stones, on plains and lower slopes

APPENDIX J

LEGEND: Vegetation Types of the Survey Area



APPENDIX K

**Matrix of Vascular Plant Taxa Recorded
within each VT in the Survey Area**

Vegetation types defined by floristic composition classification (species data from quadrats only)

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Abutilon cryptopetalum</i>				X		X														
<i>Abutilon oxycarpum</i> subsp. Prostrate (A.A. Mitchell PRP 1266)							X													
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>					X		X													
<i>Acacia acuaria</i>				X			X	X	X						X			X		
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X							X	X			X	X
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>							X				X									
<i>Acacia aneura</i>				X			X								X					
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>				X			X	X												
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			X	X	X		X				X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Acacia aulacophylla</i>															X					
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X							X	X		X	X	
<i>Acacia caesaneura</i>			X					X							X	X	X			
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>			X	X	X		X													
<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i>				X	X										X		X	X		
<i>Acacia duriuscula</i>	X																	X	X	X
<i>Acacia effusifolia</i>				X																
<i>Acacia eremaea</i>												X								
<i>Acacia erinacea</i>							X				X									
<i>Acacia exocarpoides</i>				X	X			X							X	X		X		
<i>Acacia inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>				X							X									
<i>Acacia incognita</i>			X	X	X		X	X							X	X		X	X	
<i>Acacia jibberdingensis</i>	X					X														
<i>Acacia karinae</i> (P3)	X														X			X	X	

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Acacia kochii</i>	X	X				X	X													
<i>Acacia latior</i>			X	X				X							X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>			X												X		X			X
<i>Acacia obtecta</i>				X			X	X		X	X									
<i>Acacia prainii</i>				X																
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Acacia sibina</i>				X	X										X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>																		X		
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X			X				X			X	X	
<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	X					X	X									X	X		X	
<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>									X			X								
<i>Actinobole uliginosum</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X		X						X				X	X
<i>Allocasuarina acutivalvis</i> subsp. <i>prinsepiana</i>	X			X	X	X					X				X	X	X	X		X
<i>Allocasuarina dielsiana</i>						X														
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>					X										X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>				X				X							X		X			
<i>Amphibromus nervosus</i>														X						
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Amyema gibberula</i> var. <i>tatei</i>					X										X					
<i>Angianthus tomentosus</i>							X								X					
<i>Anthosachne scabra</i>	X						X								X					
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>	X		X		X	X	X		X			X		X						
<i>Aristida contorta</i>	X	X			X	X	X		X			X			X	X				
<i>Aristida ?holathera</i>			X																	
<i>Arthropodium curvipes</i>															X			X		

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>	X			X	X		X		X		X				X		X			
<i>Asplenium subglandulosum</i>															X					
<i>Atriplex codonocarpa</i>							X						X							
<i>Atriplex holocarpa</i>														X						
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>					X		X			X										
<i>Atriplex stipitata</i> subsp. <i>stipitata</i>							X													
<i>Atriplex ?suberecta</i>											X									
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>								X				X	X							
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X		X	X	X	X
<i>Austrostipa eremophila</i>															X					
<i>Austrostipa hemipogon</i>															X					
<i>Austrostipa macalpinei</i>												X								
<i>Austrostipa nitida</i>							X													
<i>Austrostipa scabra</i> subsp. <i>scabra</i>			X	X	X	X	X		X						X		X	X	X	
<i>Austrostipa ?tenuifolia</i>										X										
<i>Austrostipa trichophylla</i>	X		X	X			X	X							X					
<i>Austrostipa variabilis</i>					X		X													
<i>Bellida graminea</i>			X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Blennospora drummondii</i>	X	X		X	X		X								X	X		X	X	
<i>Blennospora phlegmatocarpa</i>									X											
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	X	X			X	X	X								X				X	X
<i>Brachyscome iberidifolia</i>					X				X			X		X						
<i>Brachyscome perpusilla</i>	X		X	X		X						X			X					
* <i>Brassica tournefortii</i>				X			X					X								
<i>Bromus arenarius</i>												X	X		X					

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>*Bromus diandrus</i>						X									X					
<i>*Bromus rubens</i>	X						X		X			X		X						
<i>Brunonia australis</i>	X			X											X	X	X			
<i>Bulbine semibarbata</i>		X			X	X	X												X	X
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>				X			X													
<i>Caesia micrantha</i>																			X	
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Koolanooka Hills (R. Meissner & Y. Caruso 78) (P1)				X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X
<i>Caesia</i> sp. Wongan (K.F. Keneally 8820)	X						X								X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Caladenia hirta</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>	X		X		X										X	X		X	X	X
<i>Caladenia petrensis</i>				X	X													X		
<i>Caladenia roei</i>																X			X	
<i>Calandrinia baccata</i>			X	X			X		X						X					
<i>Calandrinia calyptrata</i>							X								X					
<i>Calandrinia disperma</i>				X		X			X											
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X		X	X	X		X		X			
<i>Calandrinia eremaea</i> s. lat. (non-papillate variant)				X																
<i>Calandrinia</i> aff. <i>eremaea</i>				X			X													
<i>Calandrinia flava</i>							X													
<i>Calandrinia granulifera</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X						
<i>Calandrinia</i> ? <i>polyandra</i>	X																X		X	
<i>Calandrinia primuliflora</i>						X														
<i>Calandrinia ptychosperma</i>													X							
<i>Calandrinia pumila</i>				X	X	X											X			
<i>Calandrinia remota</i>			X																	
<i>Calandrinia translucens</i>	X		X	X			X													

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Bungalbin (G.J. Keighery & N. Gibson 1656)	X		X	X	X	X	X		X						X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Needilup (K.R. Newbey 4892)														X						
<i>Calandrinia</i> sp. Truncate capsules (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3474)	X		X		X	X									X					
<i>Callitris columellaris</i>			X	X											X		X			
<i>Calocephalus multiflorus</i>				X			X								X			X		
<i>Calothamnus gilesii</i>															X					
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X				X		X	X	X	
<i>Calotis multicaulis</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	X		
<i>Calotis</i> sp. Perrinvale Station (R.J. Cranfield 7096)															X					
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>	X	X			X										X	X		X		
<i>Calytrix</i> sp. Paynes Find (F. & J. Hort 1188)				X																
* <i>Carrichtera annua</i>							X													
<i>Cassytha nodiflora</i>															X			X		X
* <i>Centaurea melitensis</i>							X													
<i>Centrolepis aristida</i>															X					
<i>Centrolepis cephaloformis</i> subsp. <i>cephaloformis</i>	X				X	X			X			X	X	X						
<i>Centrolepis pilosa</i>												X								
<i>Centrolepis polygyna</i>												X		X						
<i>Centrolepis</i> sp. Kalannie (B.J. Lepschi et al. BJL 3517)	X																			
<i>Cephalopterum drummondii</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X				X		X	X	X	
<i>Ceratogyne obionoides</i>	X														X	X		X		
<i>Chamaexeros fimbriata</i>				X																
<i>Chamaexeros macranthera</i>				X				X									X	X	X	

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Chamaelium pauciflorum</i> subsp. <i>Perenjori</i> (B.J. Conn 2181)																		X		
<i>Cheilanthes adiantoides</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Cheilanthes brownii</i>															X					
<i>Cheilanthes sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>	X	X		X	X	X	X	X			X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>				X				X							X	X		X		
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>			X		X	X														
<i>Chrysitrix distigmata</i>																				X
<i>Chthonocephalus pseudevax</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X			X			X	X	X	X	X	X
* <i>Cleretum papulosum</i> subsp. <i>papulosum</i>	X			X	X	X	X								X					
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X							X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Comesperma volubile</i>															X					
<i>Convolvulus ?remotus</i>										X										
<i>Corchorus</i> sp.										X										
<i>Cotula cotuloides</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Crassula closiana</i>	X			X	X		X								X	X		X		
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>colorata</i>	X		X	X			X								X	X	X		X	
<i>Crassula colorata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X		X		X
<i>Crassula exserta</i>		X					X					X		X						
<i>Crassula extrorsa</i>		X													X					
<i>Crassula tetramera</i>							X								X					
<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>																		X		
<i>Cryptandra imbricata</i>			X	X	X		X										X	X	X	
* <i>Cuscuta epithymum</i>	X		X	X											X	X				
* <i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	X	X			X	X	X		X			X				X	X	X	X	X
<i>Cyanicula amplexans</i>	X		X												X	X	X	X	X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>																	X			X
<i>Daucus glochidiatus</i>			X	X	X		X		X		X				X					
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i>				X				X								X				
<i>Daviesia hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>subnuda</i>	X														X		X		X	
<i>Dendrophyllanthus erwinii</i>		X				X									X					
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>	X			X	X	X		X	X						X	X	X	X		X
<i>Didymanthus roei</i>												X		X						
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>	X																			
<i>Dithyrostegia amplexicaulis</i>													X	X						
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>				X	X	X	X								X					
<i>Dodonaea petiolaris</i>															X					
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>				X				X												
<i>Drosera bulbosa</i> subsp. <i>bulbosa</i>	X	X			X	X									X		X	X	X	
<i>Drosera ermaea</i>	X				X	X											X		X	X
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>	X				X	X			X			X				X	X		X	X
<i>Drosera macrantha</i>	X		X	X		X									X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Drosera major</i>	X	X			X	X	X												X	
<i>Drosera</i> sp. Branched styles (S.C. Coffey 193)	X			X	X	X	X								X	X		X	X	X
<i>Drummondita fulva</i> (P3)															X	X		X		
<i>Drummondita microphylla</i>																	X			
<i>Duma florulenta</i>										X										
<i>Duperreya sericea</i>	X					X														
<i>Dysphania glandulosa</i>	X				X												X	X		
<i>Dysphania melanocarpa</i>		X																		
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>				X															X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>*Echium plantagineum</i>	X	X				X				X										
<i>*Ehrharta longiflora</i>			X			X														
<i>Enchylaena lanata</i>				X		X	X	X				X			X			X		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>				X	X		X					X						X		
<i>Enekbatus stowardii</i>																	X			X
<i>Epitriche demissus</i> (P2)														X						
<i>Eragrostis dielsii</i>									X				X	X						
<i>Eragrostis falcata</i>												X								
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>				X	X	X	X								X		X	X	X	X
<i>Eremophila compacta</i> subsp. <i>compacta</i>	X														X				X	
<i>Eremophila eriocalyx</i>	X		X	X	X													X	X	X
<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>				X	X	X	X								X		X		X	
<i>Eremophila georgei</i>																		X		
<i>Eremophila glabra</i>				X						X										
<i>Eremophila granitica</i>				X				X												
<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>				X	X						X				X	X	X	X		
<i>Eremophila oldfieldii</i> subsp. <i>oldfieldii</i>					X	X	X													
<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>				X			X				X									
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>				X			X				X									
<i>Eremophila serrulata</i>						X														
<i>Eriachne pulchella</i> subsp. <i>pulchella</i>	X	X				X	X													
<i>Ericksonella saccharata</i>																				X
<i>Eriochiton sclerolaenoides</i>																	X			
<i>*Erodium cicutarium</i>							X			X										
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Erymophyllum glossanthus</i>					X		X								X					
<i>Erymophyllum ramosum</i> subsp. <i>ramosum</i>							X													
<i>Erymophyllum tenellum</i>							X													
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>															X		X	X		
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>					X			X			X									
<i>Eucalyptus ewartiana</i>																		X		
<i>Eucalyptus horistes</i>				X					X											
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>			X	X			X									X	X	X		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i>				X											X		X	X		
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i>				X			X											X		
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>			X	X	X		X	X	X		X				X					
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>							X	X			X									
<i>Euphorbia drummondii</i>										X	X									
<i>Euphorbia porcata</i>		X				X	X													
<i>Euphorbia tannensis</i> subsp. <i>eremophila</i>	X																			
<i>Exocarpos aphyllus</i>				X			X	X		X	X									
<i>Feldstonia nitens</i>					X															
* <i>Ficinia marginata</i>	X				X		X					X								
<i>Fitzwillia axilliflora</i> (P2)															X					
<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>													X	X						
<i>Frankenia setosa</i>												X								
* <i>Galium aparine</i>						X									X					
<i>Gastrolobium laytonii</i>															X					
* <i>Gazania linearis</i>		X			X	X														
<i>Gilberta tenuifolia</i>	X			X	X	X									X	X	X	X	X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Gilruthia osbornei</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Glossostigma diandrum</i>														X						
<i>Glycine canescens</i>						X														
<i>Gnephosis angianthoides</i>									X			X		X						
<i>Gnephosis brevifolia</i>	X		X	X	X		X					X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Gnephosis macrocephala</i>									X			X								
<i>Gnephosis setifera</i> (P1)													X							
<i>Gnephosis tenuissima</i>	X				X		X		X								X		X	X
<i>Gnephosis trifida</i>													X							
<i>Gomphrena verecunda</i>													X							
<i>Gonocarpus nodulosus</i>	X					X			X						X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Goodenia berardiana</i>	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X		X				X	X	X	X		X
<i>Goodenia capillosa</i>	X		X	X											X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Goodenia cynopotamica</i>	X	X		X	X	X	X				X				X	X		X	X	X
<i>Goodenia havilandii</i>	X	X				X	X													
<i>Goodenia krauseana</i>	X																			
<i>Goodenia mimuloides</i>	X																			
<i>Goodenia occidentalis</i>	X								X						X	X	X	X		
<i>Goodenia pusilliflora</i>	X		X		X		X								X	X	X		X	
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X						X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Goodenia</i> sp. Midwest (K.A. Shepherd & C.F. Wilkins KS 1609)				X	X		X											X		
* <i>Gorteria personata</i>			X																	
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>	X					X									X				X	
<i>Grevillea globosa</i> (P3)																	X			
<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)																		X	X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Grevillea hakeoides</i> subsp. <i>stenophylla</i>				X	X															
<i>Grevillea juncifolia</i> subsp. <i>temulenta</i>																				X
<i>Grevillea levis</i>	X					X														
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>	X														X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>															X	X		X		
<i>Grevillea pityophylla</i>	X		X		X	X											X		X	
<i>Grevillea sarissa</i> subsp. <i>sarissa</i>							X													
<i>Grevillea scabrifa</i> (P3)						X														
<i>Grevillea subtiliflora</i> (P3)						X														
<i>Gunniopsis divisa</i> (P3)							X					X		X						
<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>									X			X								
<i>Gunniopsis rubra</i>		X	X	X	X		X				X							X		
<i>Gunniopsis septifraga</i>												X		X						
<i>Hakea invaginata</i>																X	X		X	X
<i>Hakea minyma</i>			X														X	X		
<i>Hakea preissii</i>				X			X								X					
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>				X	X	X	X													
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X							X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i>																	X		X	
<i>Haloragis odontocarpa</i> forma <i>pterocarpa</i>	X				X										X			X		
<i>Haloragis trigonocarpa</i>	X						X													
<i>Helipterum craspedioides</i>	X		X	X	X	X									X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Hemigenia benthamii</i>															X	X	X			
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>			X	X	X												X	X		X
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. aff. <i>botryphylla</i> (Potentially undescribed)	X																			

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Hemigenia</i> sp. Yalgoo (A.M. Ashby 2624)	X																	X	X	X
<i>Hemigenia yalgensis</i>	X																			
<i>Hibbertia arcuata</i>				X							X				X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Hibbertia cockertoniana</i> (P3)																	X			
<i>Hibbertia glomerosa</i>	X														X					
<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>			X														X	X		X
<i>Homalocalyx thryptomenoides</i>																	X			
* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>												X		X						
<i>Hyalochlamys globifera</i>		X										X	X							X
<i>Hyalosperma demissum</i>	X	X		X	X		X								X		X		X	X
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i>	X					X									X				X	
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>					X		X		X											
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>venustum</i>	X			X	X		X					X			X			X		
<i>Hydrocotyle callicarpa</i>															X					
<i>Hydrocotyle glochidiata</i>														X						
<i>Hydrocotyle intertexta</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X			X				X		X	X		
<i>Hydrocotyle rugulosa</i>	X														X					
* <i>Hypochaeris glabra</i>	X		X			X	X		X			X		X	X					
<i>Hysterobaeckea setifera</i> subsp. <i>setifera</i>																X	X			X
<i>Isoetopsis graminifolia</i>	X	X			X	X	X								X				X	
<i>Isolepis congrua</i>	X				X	X	X					X		X						
<i>Isotoma scapigera</i>													X							
* <i>Juncus bufonius</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Lachnagrostis plebeia</i>							X								X					
* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>												X			X					

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Lawrencella davenportii</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X	X			X			X	X	X	X		X
<i>Lawrencella rosea</i>	X		X	X	X										X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Lawrencella squamata</i>												X	X							
<i>Lemooria burkittii</i>				X	X	X	X								X					
* <i>Leontodon rhagadioloides</i>	X								X											
<i>Lepidium oxytrichum</i>							X													
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>									X											
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp. Blue Hills (A. Markey & S. Dillon 3468) (P1)						X									X	X			X	
<i>Leucopogon</i> sp. Clyde Hill (M.A. Burgman 1207)															X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Levenhookia leptantha</i>	X						X		X											
* <i>Limonium lobatum</i>	X				X		X					X		X						
<i>Lithotoma petraea</i>															X					
<i>Lobelia cleistogamoides</i>	X																			
<i>Lobelia rhytidosperma</i>	X														X				X	
<i>Lobelia winfridae</i>	X			X																
* <i>Lolium perenne</i>	X				X		X		X			X		X						
<i>Lomandra effusa</i>								X	X											
<i>Lomandra marginata</i>					X															X
<i>Lysiana casuarinae</i>																		X		
* <i>Lysimachia arvensis</i>	X														X					
<i>Maireana amoena</i>												X	X							
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>													X							
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>										X										
<i>Maireana carnosa</i>			X	X	X		X	X	X	X		X	X					X		
<i>Maireana convexa</i>							X													

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Maireana diffusa</i>				X																
<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Maireana georgei</i>				X			X	X			X									
<i>Maireana glomerifolia</i>													X							
<i>Maireana marginata</i>					X		X				X				X					
<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	X			X	X	X	X	X							X					
<i>Maireana planifolia x villosa</i>				X																
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>				X	X		X				X									
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>				X	X		X	X				X	X				X			
<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>				X			X													
<i>Maireana villosa</i>				X			X				X				X					
<i>Malleostemon roseus</i>																				X
<i>Malleostemon tuberculatus</i>	X																X		X	X
* <i>Medicago minima</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X		X											
* <i>Medicago polymorpha</i>			X	X																
<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>												X								
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>																				X
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>			X		X							X						X		
<i>Melaleuca fulgens</i> subsp. <i>steadmanii</i>	X																			
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>	X		X	X	X	X		X			X					X	X	X	X	X
<i>Melaleuca leiocarpa</i>				X				X							X		X	X		
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>															X	X	X	X		
<i>Melaleuca radula</i>	X														X					
<i>Melaleuca stereophloia</i>	X				X				X			X								
<i>Menkea australis</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X			X							X	X	

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Menkea draboides</i> (P3)					X															
* <i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	X	X	X		X		X		X			X	X	X						
<i>Microcorys</i> sp. Mt Gibson (S. Patrick 2098)																		X		
<i>Micromyrtus trudgenii</i> (P3)															X					
<i>Millotia dimorpha</i> (P1)															X					
<i>Millotia myosotidifolia</i>	X			X		X	X								X					
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	X				X	X									X			X	X	
<i>Mirbelia ramulosa</i>			X	X																
<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. Bursarioides (T.R. Lally 760)				X		X	X								X	X		X		
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X						X	X	X	X	X	X
* <i>Monoculus monstrosus</i>	X		X				X		X			X	X							
<i>Myriocephalus guerinae</i>	X	X		X	X	X	X				X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Myriocephalus pygmaeus</i>	X				X		X													
<i>Myriocephalus rudallii</i>															X					
<i>Nicotiana karara</i>	X			X	X	X	X		X											
<i>Nicotiana rosulata</i> subsp. <i>rosulata</i>							X								X	X				
<i>Nicotiana rotundifolia</i>	X			X																
<i>Nicotiana salina</i> (P1)												X								
<i>Olearia humilis</i>	X			X			X	X							X		X	X		
<i>Olearia muelleri</i>											X									
<i>Olearia pimeleoides</i>				X			X	X			X						X	X		
<i>Olearia</i> sp. Eremicola (Diels & Pritzel s.n. PERTH 00449628)							X	X												
<i>Omphalolappula concava</i>							X													
<i>Ophioglossum lusitanicum</i>		X			X	X	X													
<i>Panaetia lessonii</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>*Parapholis incurva</i>												X		X						
<i>*Parentucellia latifolia</i>							X													
<i>Parietaria cardiostegia</i>			X	X	X	X	X								X			X		
<i>Paspalidium clementii</i>						X														
<i>Pauridia glabella</i>	X				X															
<i>Pauridia glabella</i> var. <i>glabella</i>					X														X	
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>	X			X	X	X	X		X			X			X	X				X
<i>Persoonia hexagona</i>				X							X				X		X	X	X	
<i>Persoonia manotricha</i>						X											X		X	
<i>Persoonia pentasticha</i> (P3)			X	X				X										X		
<i>Petrophile pauciflora</i> (P3)															X					
<i>*Petrorhagia dubia</i>			X						X											
<i>Pheladenia deformis</i>	X				X	X									X	X		X	X	
<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>				X											X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>				X											X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Philothea glabra</i>																	X	X		X
<i>Philothea sericea</i>				X											X	X		X		
<i>Philothea tomentella</i>																	X			
<i>Phlegmatospermum drummondii</i>					X			X			X									
<i>Phyllangium sulcatum</i>	X			X		X	X								X					
<i>Pimelea avonensis</i>															X					
<i>Pimelea forrestiana</i>															X					
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>			X	X	X	X	X											X		
<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	X			X											X				X	
<i>Plantago debilis</i>			X	X	X	X	X	X	X						X	X	X	X	X	X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Plantago ?drummondii</i>															X					
<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>																				X
<i>Podolepis aristata</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X		X						X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Podotheca gnaphalioides</i>							X		X						X					
<i>Podotheca uniseta</i> (P3)												X								
<i>Pogonolepis muelleriana</i>	X	X			X	X	X					X	X	X	X					X
<i>Pogonolepis stricta</i>							X					X		X	X					
<i>Poranthera leiosperma</i>																		X		
<i>Poranthera microphylla</i>															X					
<i>Prostanthera althoferi</i> subsp. <i>althoferi</i>															X			X	X	
<i>Prostanthera campbellii</i>																		X		
<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>				X											X					
<i>Prostanthera patens</i>					X										X			X		
<i>Prostanthera prostantheroides</i>																	X			
<i>Pterostylis setulosa</i>	X			X	X										X				X	
<i>Ptilotus divaricatus</i>				X			X								X					
<i>Ptilotus drummondii</i> var. <i>drummondii</i>				X											X		X			
<i>Ptilotus eremita</i>		X																		
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>			X	X	X		X	X			X							X		
<i>Ptilotus gaudichaudii</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X			X	X		X	X	
<i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>												X								
<i>Ptilotus helipteroides</i>															X					
<i>Ptilotus humilis</i>									X			X								
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X				X			X	X	
<i>Ptilotus polystachyus</i>	X				X		X		X			X			X			X		

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>	X			X		X														
<i>Ranunculus sessiliflorus</i> var. <i>sessiliflorus</i>							X													
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>			X	X	X		X	X	X		X	X			X			X		
<i>Rhagodia preissii</i>								X												
<i>Rhodanthe battii</i>						X	X								X					
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>rosea</i>							X													
<i>Rhodanthe chlorocephala</i> subsp. <i>splendida</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Rhodanthe citrina</i>					X				X							X				
<i>Rhodanthe collina</i> (P3)	X														X	X				
<i>Rhodanthe laevis</i>	X			X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Rhodanthe manglesii</i>				X	X		X								X	X		X	X	
<i>Rhodanthe maryonii</i>	X			X	X	X	X								X			X		
<i>Rhodanthe oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>						X														
<i>Rhodanthe polycephala</i>			X												X				X	
<i>Rhodanthe pygmaea</i>						X	X													
<i>Rhodanthe spicata</i>	X				X		X													
<i>Rhodanthe stricta</i>							X													
<i>Roebuckiella cheilocarpa</i>	X						X	X				X	X		X		X			X
<i>Roebuckiella ciliocarpa</i>			X	X	X										X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Roebuckiella halophila</i> (P3)	X				X		X					X			X	X		X		
<i>Roepera apiculata</i>								X												
<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>							X	X		X										
<i>Roepera eremaea</i>				X	X		X													
<i>Roepera fruticulosa</i>						X														
<i>Roepera iodocarpa</i>				X																

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Roepera lobulata</i>					X		X	X			X									
<i>Roepera ovata</i>				X			X													
<i>Roepera similis</i>							X													
* <i>Rostraria pumila</i>	X		X				X					X	X		X					
* <i>Rumex hypogaeus</i>			X																	
* <i>Rumex vesicarius</i>						X	X													X
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>				X	X	X	X			X										
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>					X															
<i>Rytidosperma</i> sp. Goomalling (A.G. Gunness et al. OAKP 10/63)															X					
<i>Salsola australis</i>	X						X	X		X										
<i>Santalum acuminatum</i>				X	X			X												
<i>Santalum spicatum</i>				X			X								X					
<i>Sarcozona praecox</i>												X	X							
<i>Scaevola spinescens</i>	X			X	X		X	X			X	X								X
<i>Schoenia cassiniana</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X		X						X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Schoenus humilis</i>														X						
<i>Schoenus nanus</i>	X				X		X		X						X	X		X	X	
<i>Schoenus sculptus</i>														X						
<i>Schoenus variicellae</i>	X				X	X													X	
<i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>									X											
<i>Sclerolaena alata</i>	X					X														
<i>Sclerolaena densiflora</i>			X				X													
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>			X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X								
<i>Sclerolaena drummondii</i>					X		X													
<i>Sclerolaena eurotioides</i>	X				X	X	X				X									

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>				X			X	X		X	X									
<i>Sclerolaena gardneri</i>				X			X													
<i>Senecio glossanthus</i>				X	X		X					X	X							
<i>Senecio lacustrinus</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Senecio pinnatifolius</i>			X				X								X					
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>				X			X				X							X	X	
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>x petiolaris</i>				X																
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>				X	X	X	X	X							X			X	X	
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>					X	X														
<i>Senna stowardii</i>											X									
<i>Senna</i> sp. Austin (A. Strid 20210)				X			X								X					
<i>Sida</i> sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X							X		X	X	X	
<i>Sida</i> sp. Golden calyces glabrous (H.N. Foote 32)															X					
<i>Siemssenia capillaris</i>		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X	X					
* <i>Silene nocturna</i>							X													
* <i>Sisymbrium erysimoides</i>			X		X	X	X													
* <i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>							X													
* <i>Sisymbrium runcinatum</i>							X													
<i>Solanum cleistogamum</i>				X	X											X				
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>	X	X	X	X	X	X	X				X				X		X	X	X	
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>	X			X	X		X	X	X	X		X								
* <i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X			X	X	X					X	
<i>Sondottia connata</i>							X						X							
* <i>Spargula pentandra</i>		X					X					X	X							
<i>Spargularia marina</i>		X												X						

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>*Spergularia rubra</i>	X													X						
<i>Stachystemon intricatus</i>						X											X		X	
<i>Stenopetalum anfractum</i>	X		X	X			X								X			X		
<i>Stenopetalum filifolium</i>	X	X	X	X			X		X						X			X		
<i>Stenopetalum pedicellare</i>							X													
<i>Stenopetalum salicola</i>												X	X							
<i>Stenopetalum sphaerocarpum</i>					X	X									X					
<i>Stylidium perpusillum</i>															X					
<i>Stylidium warriedarens</i>															X	X	X	X		X
<i>Stylobasium australe</i>												X								
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.	X										X				X				X	
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>										X			X							
<i>Tecticornia fimbriata</i> (P3)												X		X						
<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>													X	X						
<i>Tecticornia loriae</i>													X							
<i>Tecticornia peltata</i>													X	X						
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)														X						
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 2' (Potentially undescribed)														X						
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 3'													X							
<i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 4'													X							
<i>Tecticornia syncarpa</i>														X						
<i>Tetragonia diptera</i>			X	X			X		X			X								
<i>Tetragonia eremaea</i>					X															
<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	X					X									X					
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>	X		X	X	X		X								X	X	X	X		X

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Thysanotus pyramidalis</i>	X				X	X	X								X	X	X		X	
<i>Thysanotus speckii</i>				X			X				X					X				
<i>Trachymene ceratocarpa</i>	X								X										X	
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>	X			X	X	X	X		X		X				X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Trachymene ornata</i>	X		X	X	X	X	X								X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Trachymene pilosa</i>				X													X			
<i>Trichanthodium skirrophorum</i>				X																
<i>Tricoryne soullierae</i> (P3)									X											X
<i>Tricoryne ?tenella</i>																			X	
<i>Tricoryne tuberosa</i>																		X	X	X
<i>Triglochin isingiana</i>	X	X				X	X		X			X	X							
<i>Triglochin longicarpa</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Triglochin mucronata</i>												X	X	X						
<i>Triglochin nana</i>													X							
<i>Triglochin</i> sp. A Flora of Australia (G.J. Keighery 2477)	X																			
<i>Triodia danthonioides</i>									X											
<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>		X				X														
* <i>Ursinia anthemoides</i> subsp. <i>anthemoides</i>						X														
<i>Vincetoxicum lineare</i>				X	X	X	X								X		X		X	
* <i>Vulpia myuros</i> forma <i>myuros</i>	X				X		X		X			X		X						
<i>Wahlenbergia gracilentia</i>					X		X								X					
<i>Wahlenbergia preissii</i>	X				X				X						X			X		
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i> var. <i>acuminata</i>	X			X	X		X	X	X						X	X	X	X	X	X
<i>Waitzia nitida</i>	X				X		X									X				
<i>Walshia kendallii</i>	X					X														

Taxon	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
<i>Wurmbea densiflora</i>	X	X			X	X									X				X	
<i>Wurmbea dilatata</i>					X															
<i>Wurmbea flavanthera</i>	X				X													X		
<i>Wurmbea tenella</i>																X	X		X	
<i>Xanthosia kochii</i>											X				X	X				
<i>Xerolirion divaricata</i>											X									

Vegetation types defined by structural composition classification (species data from all sample site types)

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>Acacia acanthoclada</i> subsp. <i>glaucescens</i>			X	X	X				X						
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>							X		X	X	X	X	X	X	
<i>Acacia aestivalis</i>												X			
<i>Acacia andrewsii</i>						X									
<i>Acacia anthochaera</i>					X	X			X	X					
<i>Acacia assimilis</i> subsp. <i>assimilis</i>			X	X											
<i>Acacia burkittii</i>			X												
<i>Acacia colletioides</i>													X		
<i>Acacia daphnifolia</i>												X			
<i>Acacia dielsii</i>									X						
<i>Acacia ericksoniae</i>											X				
<i>Acacia ?inceana</i> subsp. <i>conformis</i>										X					
<i>Acacia kochii</i>		X	X												
<i>Acacia longispinea</i>					X										
<i>Acacia ?nigripilosa</i> subsp. <i>nigripilosa</i>			X												
<i>Acacia prainii</i>			X						X						
<i>Acacia quadrimarginea</i>		X													
<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>		X	X		X	X									
<i>Acacia restiacea</i>							X								
<i>Acacia rostelifera</i>										X	X				
<i>Acacia saligna</i> subsp. <i>Wheatbelt</i> (B.R. Maslin 8602)											X				
<i>Acacia sibina</i>									X						
<i>Acacia stereophylla</i> var. <i>stereophylla</i>			X	X	X										

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>		X			X		X				X	X			
* <i>Aira ?caryophyllea</i>										X					
<i>Allocauarina campestris</i>							X				X				
<i>Allocauarina dielsiana</i>		X													
<i>Allocauarina huegeliana</i>		X		X											
<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>			X	X											
<i>Alyogyne ?pinoniana</i>									X						
<i>Alyxia buxifolia</i>		X													
<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>			X	X											
<i>Amyema fitzgeraldii</i>												X			
* <i>Arctotheca calendula</i>											X				
<i>Aristida contorta</i>		X								X					
<i>Arthropodium dyeri</i>														X	
<i>Atriplex ?bunburyana</i>						X		X							
<i>Atriplex ?lindleyi</i> subsp. <i>inflata</i>													X		
<i>Atriplex semibaccata</i>													X		
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>													X		
<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>											X				
<i>Atriplex</i> sp.									X						
<i>Austrostipa elegantissima</i>		X		X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X	X		
<i>Austrostipa nodosa</i>										X					
* <i>Avena barbata</i>											X	X	X		
* <i>Avena ?sativa</i>													X		
<i>Baeckea</i> sp. <i>Perenjori</i> (J.W. Green 1516) (P2)							X								
<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>		X													

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>*Briza maxima</i>											X				
<i>*Bromus diandrus</i>											X	X	X		
<i>Burchardia congesta</i>														X	
<i>Bursaria occidentalis</i>						X									
<i>Calotis hispidula</i>														X	
<i>Calycopeplus paucifolius</i>		X													
<i>*Carthamus lanatus</i>											X				
<i>Cephalipterum drummondii</i>											X				
<i>Cheilanthes ?sieberi</i> subsp. <i>sieberi</i>							X								
<i>Cheiranthra simplicifolia</i>									X						
<i>Chenopodium gaudichaudianum</i>		X			X	X						X	X		
<i>Chrysitrix distigmatosa</i>									X						
<i>Comesperma integerrimum</i>		X		X										X	
<i>Cryptandra apetala</i> var. <i>apetala</i>			X												
<i>*Cynodon dactylon</i>											X				
<i>Cyperus gymnocaulos</i>											X				
<i>Dampiera lavandulacea</i>									X						
<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>									X						
<i>Daviesia benthamii</i> subsp. <i>benthamii</i>					X				X						
<i>Dianella revoluta</i> var. <i>divaricata</i>					X	X			X						
<i>Dioscorea hastifolia</i>							X								
<i>Dodonaea inaequifolia</i>		X	X											X	
<i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> subsp. <i>angustissima</i>	X														
<i>Drosera glanduligera</i>														X	
<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>									X						

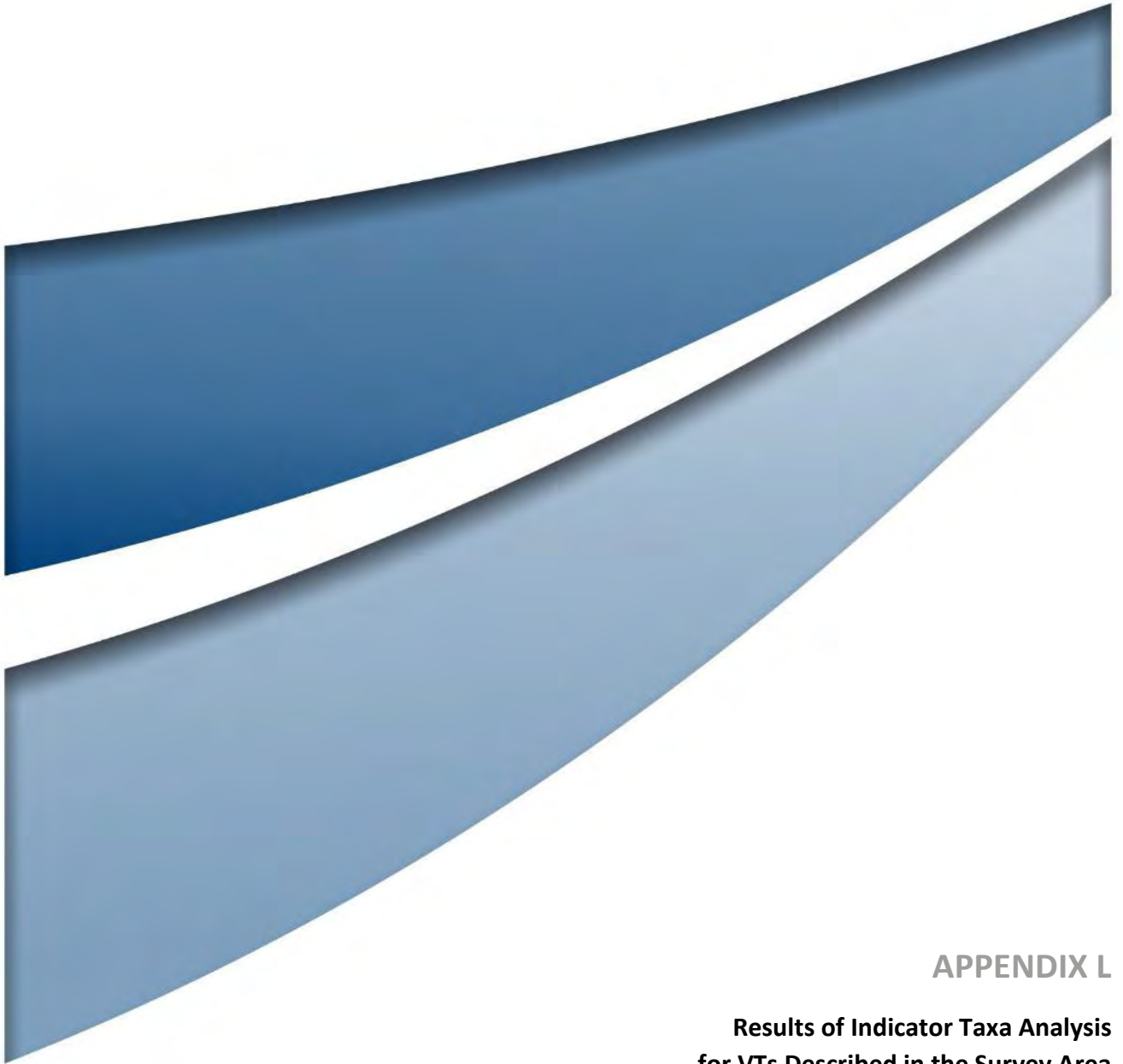
Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>*Echium plantagineum</i>											X	X	X		
<i>*Ehrharta calycina</i>											X			X	
<i>*Ehrharta longiflora</i>														X	
? <i>Enchylaena lanata</i>										X	X	X	X		
<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>					X	X		X		X	X	X		X	
<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>		X	X	X										X	
<i>Eremophila</i> ? <i>decipiens</i> subsp. <i>decipiens</i>								X							
<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	X														
<i>Erodium cygnorum</i>														X	
<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>				X	X				X						
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>											X				
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>obtusa</i>											X				
<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	X														
<i>Eucalyptus ebbanoensis</i> subsp. <i>ebbanoensis</i>			X		X	X									
<i>Eucalyptus gomphocephala</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>						X									
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>											X	X	X		X
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>						X	X				X				
<i>Eucalyptus</i> ? <i>redunca</i> subsp. <i>pluricaulis</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus rigidula</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus</i> ? <i>sargentii</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus todtiana</i>															X
<i>Eucalyptus</i> sp.															X
<i>Gahnia drummondii</i>									X						

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>Glischrocaryon ?flavescens</i>									X						
<i>Goodenia rosea</i>				X											
<i>Grevillea extorris</i>									X						
<i>Grevillea ?levis</i>									X						
<i>Grevillea obliquistigma</i> subsp. <i>obliquistigma</i>			X	X	X				X						
<i>Grevillea paradoxa</i>		X		X											
<i>Hakea minyma</i>									X						
<i>Hakea multilineata</i>				X											
<i>Hakea preissii</i>											X	X			
<i>Hakea recurva</i> subsp. <i>recurva</i>		X			X	X					X	X		X	
<i>Hakea scoparia</i>							X								
<i>Halgania ?cyanea</i> var. <i>cyanea</i>				X											
<i>Hemigenia botryphylla</i>				X					X						
* <i>Hordeum ?glaucum</i>											X		X		
* <i>Hordeum leporinum</i>											X				
<i>Hyalosperma glutinosum</i> subsp. <i>glutinosum</i>														X	
* <i>Hypochoeris glabra</i>					X										
<i>Jacksonia ?acicularis</i>									X						
<i>Juncus radula</i>											X				
* <i>Lamarckia aurea</i>											X				
<i>Lawrenzia</i> sp.	X														
<i>Lepidosperma costale</i>											X				
<i>Lepidosperma</i> sp.		X													
* <i>Lolium ?rigidum</i>													X		
* <i>Lupinus cosentinii</i>											X	X			

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>*Lysimachia arvensis</i>											X				
<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>						X		X	X	X	X	X	X		
<i>Maireana carnosus</i>	X														
<i>Maireana georgei</i>						X									
<i>Maireana ?planifolia</i>					X	X									
<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	X														
<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>											X				
<i>Melaleuca ?atroviridis</i>									X						
<i>Melaleuca concreta</i>											X			X	
<i>Melaleuca cordata</i>				X	X										
<i>Melaleuca eleuterostachya</i>	X						X		X	X					
<i>Melaleuca hamata</i>		X													
<i>Melaleuca marginata</i>											X				
<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>							X								
<i>*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>						X		X			X		X		
<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>		X		X											
<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>			X		X		X		X						
<i>Olearia</i> sp. Kennedy Range (G. Byrne 66)											X	X			
<i>Paspalidium basicladum</i>								X							
<i>*Pentameris airoides</i> subsp. <i>airoides</i>		X										X	X		
<i>*Phalaris ?minor</i>													X		
<i>Philoteca brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>		X													
<i>?Pigea floribunda</i>							X								
<i>Pimelea microcephala</i> subsp. <i>microcephala</i>					X							X			
<i>Pityrodia viscida</i> (P4)									X						

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>*Plantago coronopus</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i>													X		
<i>Platysace trachymenioides</i>									X						
<i>*Polypogon monspeliensis</i>											X				
<i>Ptilotus exaltatus</i>	X														
<i>Ptilotus obovatus</i>		X		X		X	X								
<i>Ptilotus schwartzii</i>					X										
<i>*Raphanus raphanistrum</i>											X				
<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>					X				X	X		X	X	X	
<i>Ricinocarpos velutinus</i>				X	X		X								
<i>Rytidosperma caespitosum</i>											X				
<i>Rytidosperma setaceum</i>												X			
<i>Salsola australis</i>								X		X	X	X	X		
<i>Scholtzia uniovulata</i>														X	
<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	X										X				
<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>										X					
<i>Senna charlesiana</i>		X	X	X	X	X									
<i>Senna glutinosa</i> subsp. <i>chatelainiana</i>			X		X	X									
<i>Seringia velutina</i>									X						
<i>Sida</i> ?sp. dark green fruits (S. van Leeuwen 2260)								X							
<i>*Sisymbrium</i> ? <i>orientale</i>											X		X		
<i>Solanum ellipticum</i>		X					X								
<i>Solanum lasiophyllum</i>		X			X				X						
<i>Solanum nummularium</i>							X								
<i>*Sonchus oleraceus</i>											X		X		
<i>Styphelia serratifolia</i> s. lat.		X													

Taxon	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	AA	HMVT A	HMVT B	HMVT C	HMVT D	HMVT E	HMVT F	HMVT G	PL
<i>Tecticornia pergranulata</i> subsp. <i>pergranulata</i>								X							
<i>Thryptomene hyporhytis</i>														X	
<i>Thysanotus manglesianus</i>														X	
<i>Thysanotus patersonii</i>					X										
<i>Thysanotus</i> sp.				X											
<i>Trachymene cyanopetala</i>														X	
<i>Typha orientalis</i>											X				
<i>Waitzia acuminata</i>				X											



APPENDIX L

**Results of Indicator Taxa Analysis
for VTs Described in the Survey Area**

Note: INDVAL values are only shown for taxa that are significant at $p < 0.05$, and for VTs that are sampled by more than one quadrat.

p values are indicated by:

* = $p < 0.05$

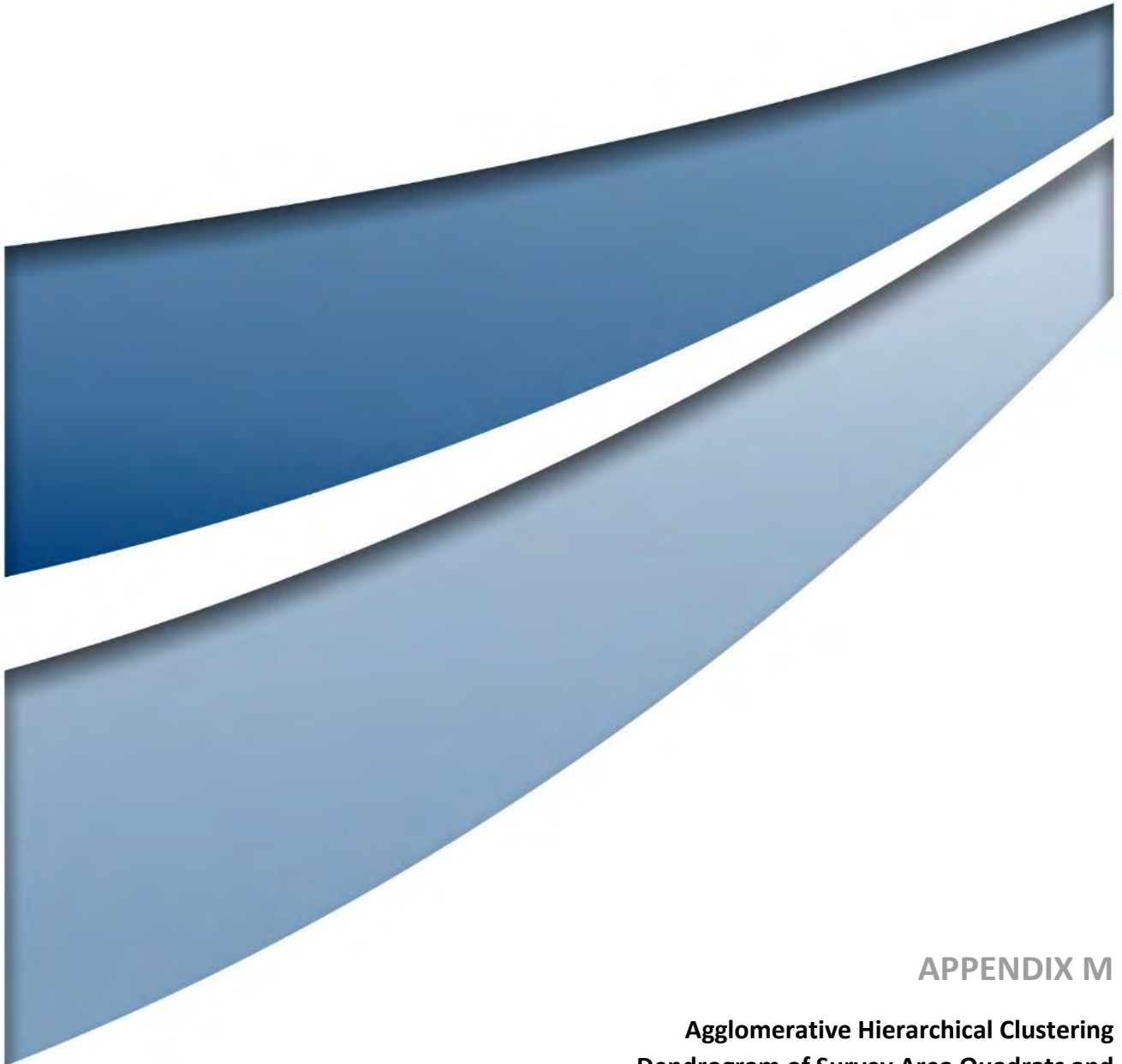
** = $p < 0.01$

*** = $p < 0.001$.

VT	Taxon	INDVAL (%)	p Value	Significance
A	<i>Mirbelia microphylla</i>	0.3390	0.0068	**
	<i>Thryptomene costata</i>	0.2966	0.0136	*
B	<i>Borya sphaerocephala</i>	0.2695	0.0226	*
	<i>Tripogonella loliiformis</i>	0.8667	0.0002	***
C	<i>Acacia colletioides</i>	0.2365	0.0434	*
	<i>Monachather paradoxus</i>	0.1498	0.0002	***
D	<i>Callitris columellaris</i>	0.2125	0.0464	*
	<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> , <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>amaryssia</i> , <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> , <i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	0.2488	0.0236	*
	<i>Olearia humilis</i>	0.2844	0.0166	*
E	<i>Acacia ramulosa</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>linophylla</i> , <i>Acacia ramulosa</i> var. <i>ramulosa</i>	0.1397	0.0066	**
	<i>Maireana planifolia</i>	0.4329	0.0002	***
F	<i>Acacia umbraculiformis</i>	0.5068	0.0012	***
	<i>Acacia tetragonophylla</i>	0.1646	0.0002	***
G	<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	0.3459	0.0058	**
	<i>Maireana trichoptera</i>	0.2856	0.0172	*
	<i>Senna artemisioides</i> subsp. <i>filifolia</i>	0.2652	0.0244	*
H	<i>Acacia obtecta</i>	0.2797	0.0104	*
J	<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>	0.2966	0.0240	*
	<i>Corchorus</i> sp.	1.0000	0.0002	***
	<i>Duma florulenta</i>	0.5000	0.0054	**
	<i>Eremophila glabra</i>	0.4444	0.0028	***
	<i>Maireana brevifolia</i>	0.5000	0.0080	**
	<i>Maireana carnosa</i>	0.3515	0.0082	**
	<i>Roepera aurantiaca</i> subsp. <i>aurantiaca</i>	0.3356	0.0242	*
	<i>Sclerolaena diacantha</i>	0.3279	0.0110	*
	<i>Sclerolaena fusiformis</i>	0.3197	0.0124	*
<i>Tecticornia disarticulata</i>	0.6000	0.0010	***	

VT	Taxon	INDVAL (%)	p Value	Significance
K	<i>Acacia erinacea</i>	0.6957	0.0008	***
	<i>Eremophila oppositifolia</i> subsp. <i>angustifolia</i>	0.6514	0.0010	***
	<i>Eremophila pantonii</i>	0.4521	0.0012	***
	<i>Eucalyptus clelandiorum</i>	0.4520	0.0026	***
	<i>Maireana thesioides</i>	0.3427	0.0098	**
	<i>Senna stowardii</i>	0.6000	0.0014	***
L	<i>Acacia eremaea</i>	0.3333	0.0440	*
	<i>Acanthocarpus canaliculatus</i>	0.3333	0.0446	*
	<i>Atriplex vesicaria</i>	0.4706	0.0024	***
	<i>Didymanthus roei</i>	0.3810	0.0148	*
	<i>Enchylaena tomentosa</i> var. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.3279	0.0070	**
	<i>Frankenia setosa</i>	0.3333	0.0424	*
	<i>Gunniopsis quadrifida</i>	1.0000	0.0002	***
	<i>Maireana amoena</i>	0.4444	0.0038	***
	<i>Maireana eriosphaera</i>	0.4444	0.0036	***
	<i>Maireana tomentosa</i> subsp. <i>tomentosa</i>	0.2809	0.0198	*
	<i>Melaleuca acutifolia</i>	0.6667	0.0002	***
	<i>Ptilotus halophilus</i>	0.6667	0.0004	***
	<i>Rhagodia drummondii</i>	0.2293	0.0042	***
	M	<i>Lawrenzia squamata</i>	0.4444	0.0026
<i>Maireana atkinsiana</i>		0.3333	0.0426	*
<i>Maireana glomerifolia</i>		0.6667	0.0004	***
N	<i>Frankenia pauciflora</i>	0.3000	0.0224	*
	<i>Tecticornia ?halocnemoides</i> , <i>Tecticornia</i> sp. 'Karara 1' (Potentially undescribed)	0.7500	0.0002	***
	<i>Tecticornia indica</i> subsp. <i>bidens</i>	0.5192	0.0018	***
O	<i>Eremophila clarkei</i>	0.2404	0.0002	***
	<i>Eremophila latrobei</i> subsp. <i>latrobei</i>	0.4409	0.0002	***
	<i>Mirbelia</i> sp. <i>Bursarioides</i> (T.R. Lally 760)	0.2546	0.0230	*
	<i>Philothea brucei</i> subsp. <i>brucei</i>	0.4323	0.0002	***
	<i>Philothea sericea</i>	0.2538	0.0146	*
	<i>Prostanthera magnifica</i>	0.3827	0.0046	***
	<i>Xanthosia kochii</i>	0.2610	0.0160	*
P	<i>Aluta aspera</i> subsp. <i>hesperia</i>	0.3122	0.0002	***
	<i>Melaleuca nematophylla</i>	0.2970	0.0196	*
Q	<i>Acacia coolgardiensis</i> , <i>Acacia effusifolia</i> , <i>Acacia incognita</i>	0.1967	0.0002	***
	<i>Eucalyptus arctata</i>	0.2662	0.0226	*
R	<i>Philothea deserti</i> subsp. <i>deserti</i>	0.1968	0.0314	*

VT	Taxon	INDVAL (%)	p Value	Significance
S	<i>Amphipogon caricinus</i> var. <i>caricinus</i>	0.2309	0.0002	***
	<i>Eremophila forrestii</i> subsp. <i>forrestii</i>	0.2769	0.0214	*
	<i>Pimelea spiculigera</i> var. <i>thesioides</i>	0.3474	0.0096	**
T	<i>Darwinia capitellata</i>	0.2691	0.0330	*
	<i>Ecdeiocolea monostachya</i>	0.8034	0.0002	***
	<i>Grevillea granulosa</i> (P3)	0.4997	0.0016	***
	<i>Hakea invaginata</i>	0.2788	0.0390	*
	<i>Hibbertia stenophylla</i>	0.4251	0.0020	***

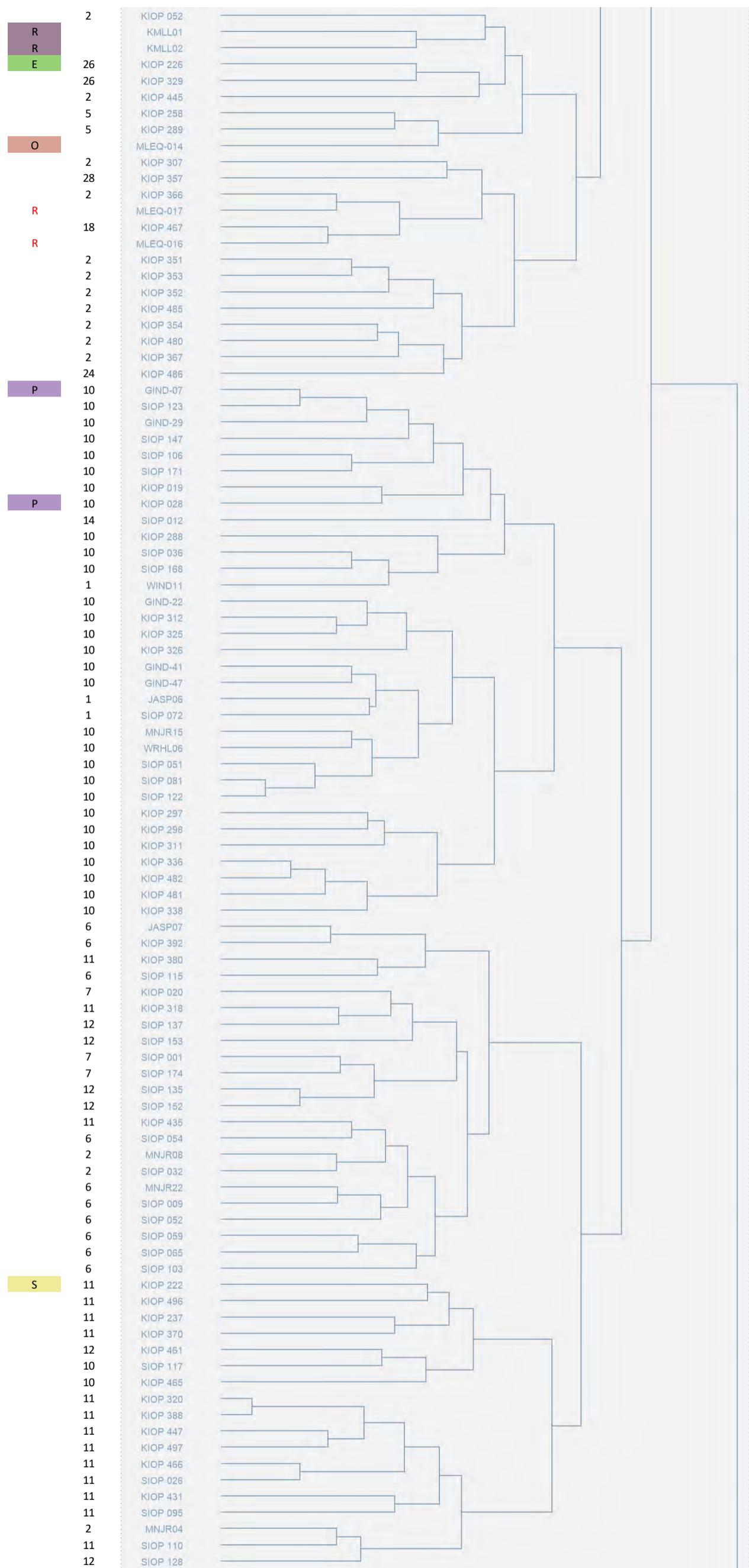


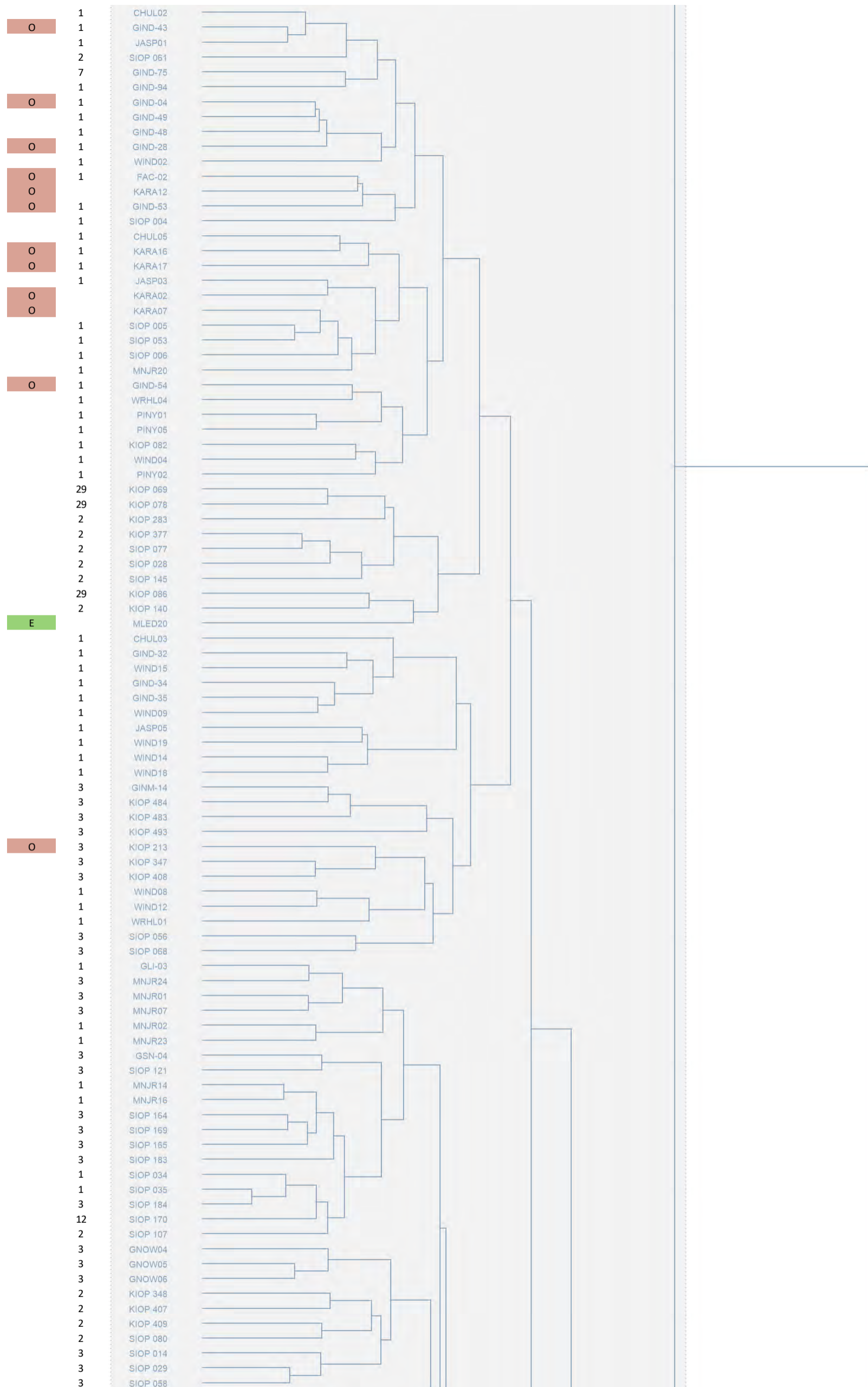
APPENDIX M

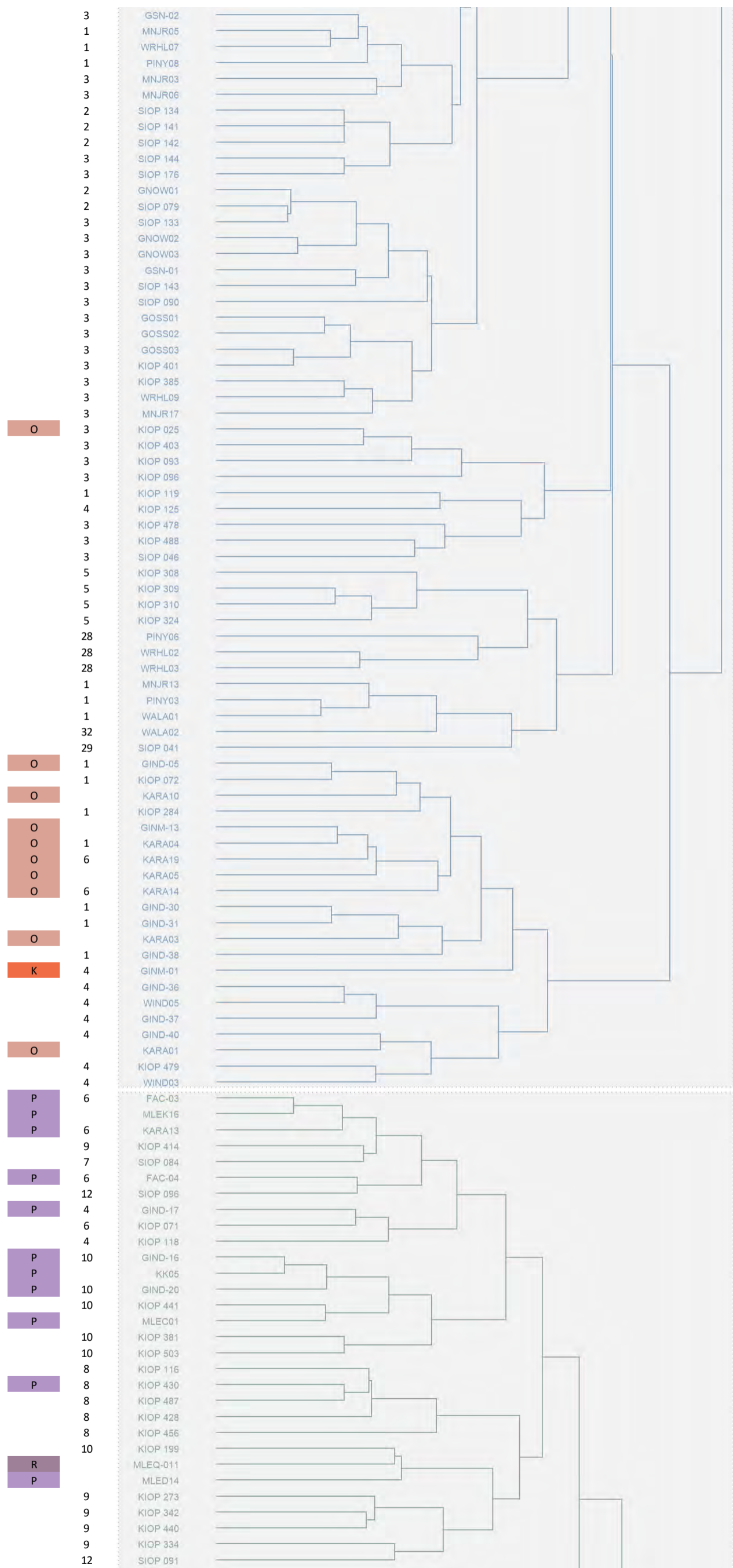
**Agglomerative Hierarchical Clustering
Dendrogram of Survey Area Quadrats and
Quadrats from Regional Mapping Assessment**

Including Survey Area VT allocations, as well as FCT allocations from the Regional Mapping Assessment

Survey Area VT	Regional FCT	
	1	CHUL01
	1	KIOP 073
	1	GIND-39
O	6	KARA06
O		KARA09
R		MLEC04
	2	GSN-05
	2	KIOP 319
	2	KIOP 339
	1	SIOP 033
	10	KIOP 420
	10	KIOP 211
P	10	KIOP 429
	2	GIND-23
	2	KIOP 498
	2	KIOP 337
	2	KIOP 477
	10	SIOP 101
	2	KIOP 292
R	2	KIOP 492
	2	MLEQ-008
	2	KIOP 464
	2	KIOP 489
	2	KIOP 500
O	12	GIND-44
	2	KIOP 395
	1	SIOP 180
	2	GINM-08
	2	SIOP 108
	1	WIND20
	2	SIOP 139
	2	KIOP 299
	2	SIOP 073
	1	SIOP 015
	1	WRHL05
	1	MNJR18
	12	SIOP 172
	2	SIOP 024
	1	SIOP 030
	1	SIOP 136
O	1	SIOP 158
	1	GIND-55
	1	SIOP 071
	1	SIOP 111
	1	GIND-91
	1	SIOP 003
	2	SIOP 070
	1	MNJR21
	1	MNJR26
	1	SIOP 050
O		KARA08
O		KARA11
	1	WIND01
	1	WIND06
	1	WIND17
	1	KIOP 002
O	1	WIND07
	2	GINM-02
	2	SIOP 045
	1	PINY07
	1	WRHL08
	2	GLI-04
	2	SIOP 057
	1	JASP02
	2	SIOP 044
	2	GSN-03
	2	SIOP 027
	2	SIOP 048
O	2	SIOP 053
	7	GIND-18
O	6	KIOP 079
O		MLED21
P	26	GIND-25
	2	GIND-42
	2	KIOP 345
	2	SIOP 116
	12	SIOP 173
	12	GIND-50
	12	MNJR09
	12	GIND-72
O	12	GINM-06
	2	SIOP 016
	12	SIOP 150
	12	SIOP 159
	12	SIOP 149
	12	SIOP 132
	12	SIOP 138

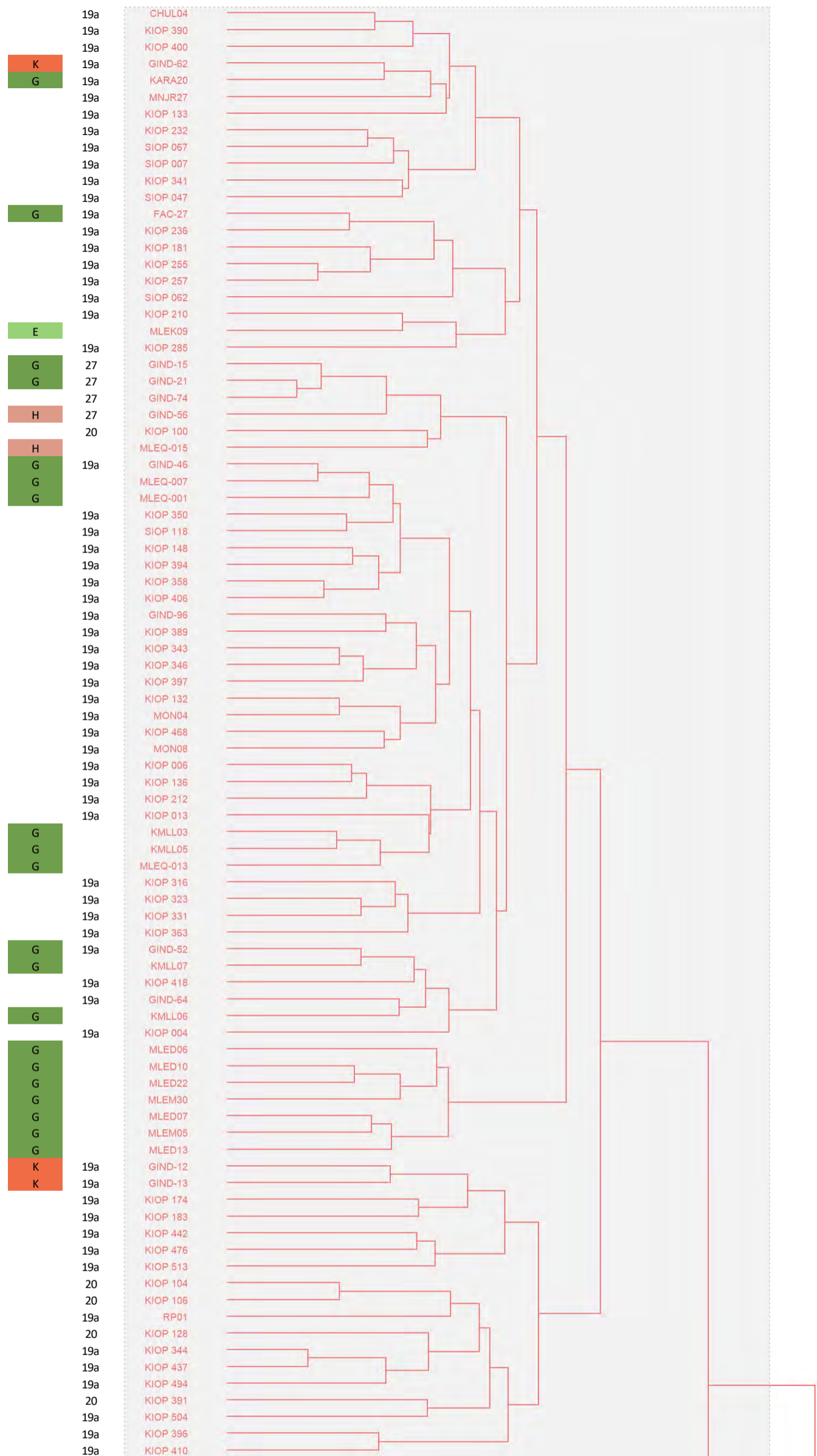


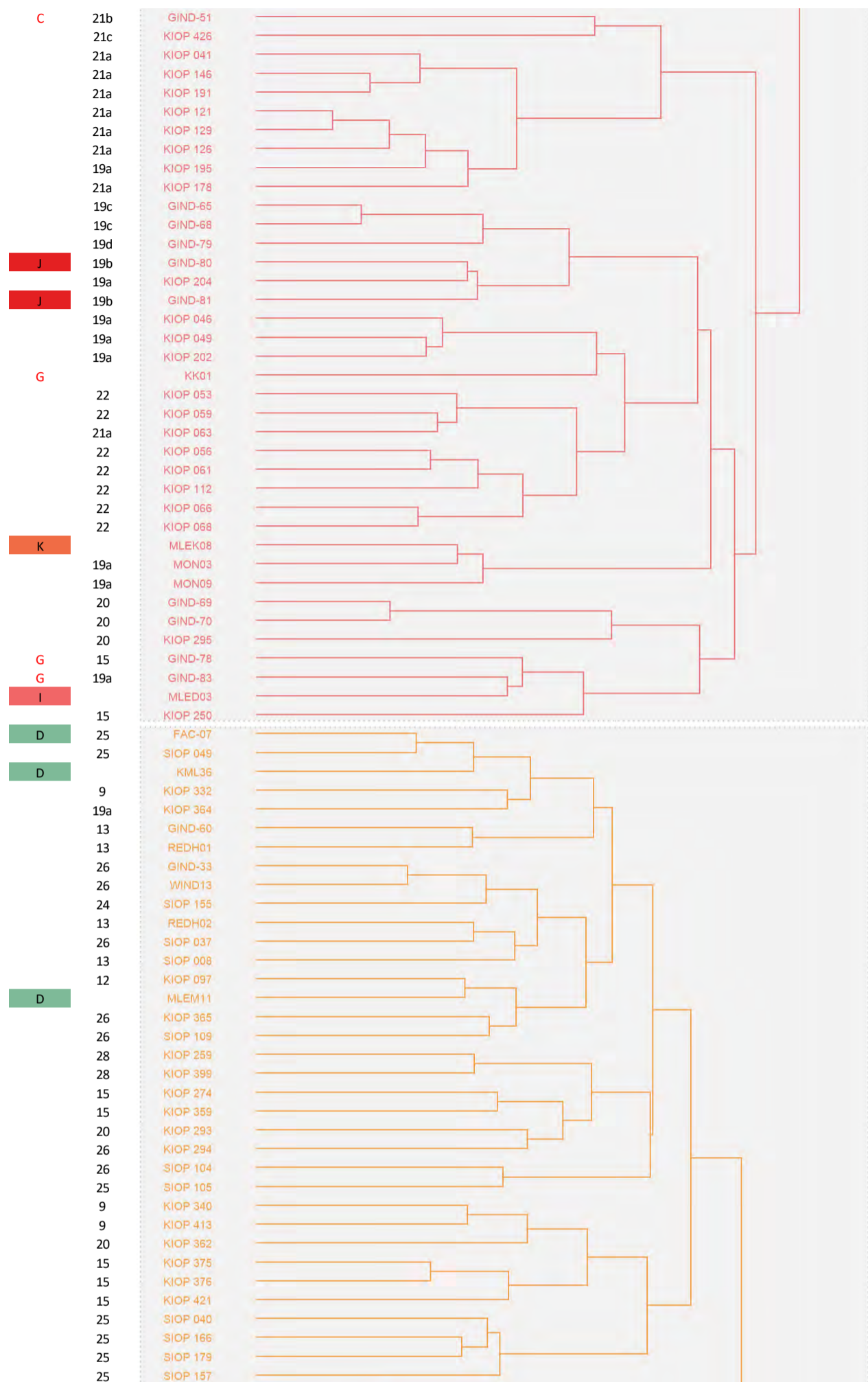


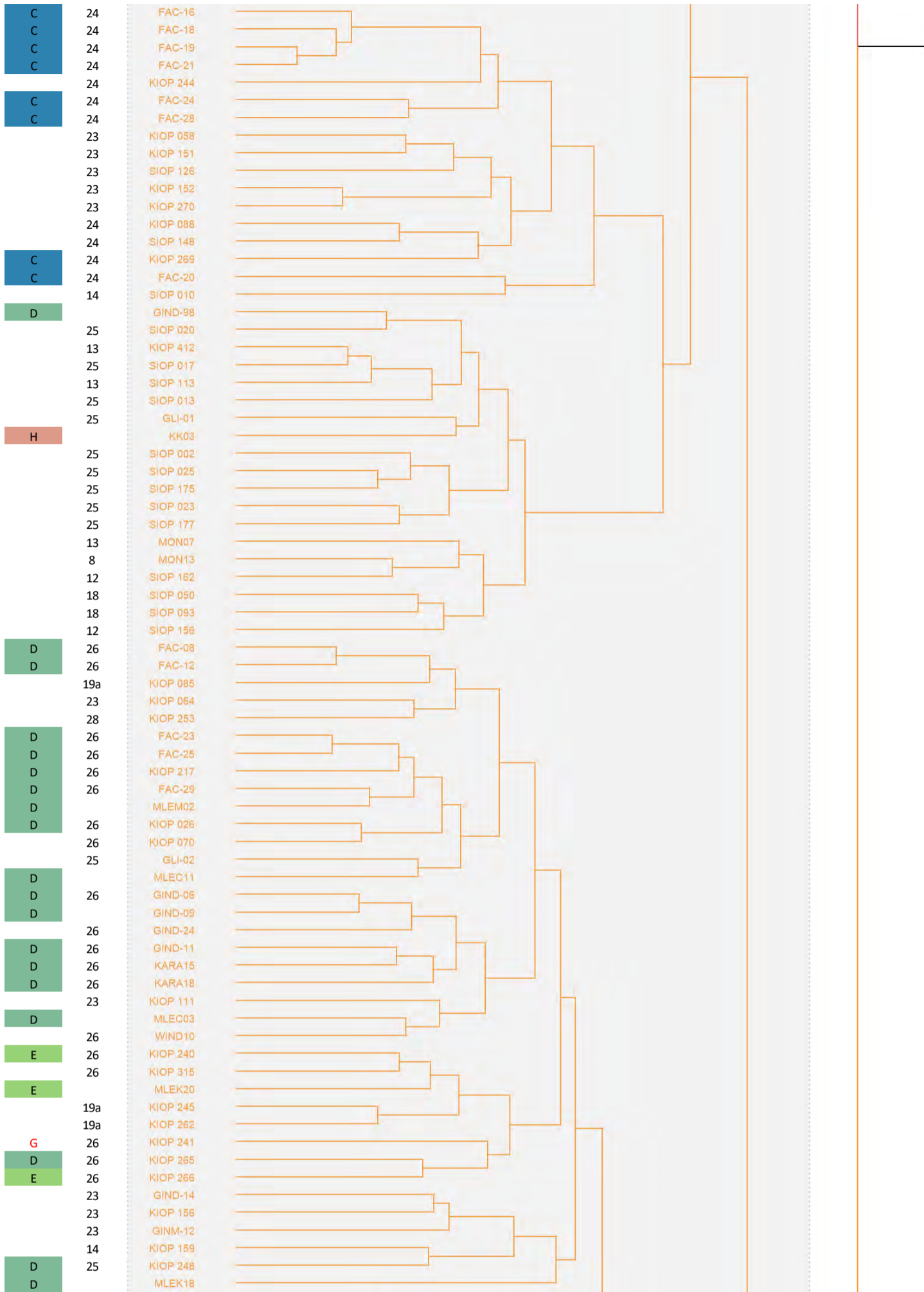


	6	KIOP 076	
	9	KIOP 201	
	9	KIOP 379	
	7	KIOP 103	
T		MLEC13	
T		MLEK13	
	7	KIOP 378	
	8	KIOP 508	
Q		FAC-06	
	9	KIOP 333	
	9	KIOP 321	
	13	SIOP 078	
	13	SIOP 083	
	13	SIOP 082	
Q		KIOP 314	
	13	MLEQ-003	
Q		KIOP 443	
Q		MLEQ-009	
	7	KIOP 105	
Q		KIOP 218	
Q		KML27	
	23	KIOP 109	
	9	KIOP 328	
	14	SIOP 042	
	12	SIOP 092	
	9	KIOP 185	
	9	KIOP 291	
	9	KIOP 327	
	9	KIOP 411	
	9	KIOP 349	
	9	KIOP 423	
	9	KIOP 371	
T		MLEC15	
	9	KIOP 090	
	9	KIOP 102	
	14	KIOP 094	
	13	MON06a	
	9	SIOP 085	
	9	KIOP 382	
	9	KIOP 438	
	9	KIOP 425	
	9	KIOP 472	
Q		MLEQ-018	
Q		MLEQ-012	
	9	KIOP 335	
	18	KIOP 360	
	6	KIOP 368	
	6	KIOP 369	
	7	KIOP 383	
	11	KIOP 303	
	15	KIOP 444	
	9	SIOP 075	
	13	KIOP 446	
	13	KIOP 509	
Q		FAC-06	
Q		KIOP 029	
	13	SIOP 022	
	17	KIOP 197	
Q		MLEM08	
Q		FAC-10	
Q		KK02	
Q		KIOP 055	
Q		MLEQ-002	
Q		MLEM13	
	7	KIOP 246	
	7	KIOP 439	
	7	SIOP 182	
R		MLEC17	
	7	KIOP 261	
	17	KIOP 277	
R		MLED11	
	7	GHI-02	
	7	KIOP 422	
P		GIND-27	
	7	KIOP 386	
	7	KIOP 252	
	7	KIOP 139	
	7	KIOP 398	
R		GIND-73	
	7	KIOP 247	
	4	GIND-95	
	6	SIOP 086	
	9	KIOP 275	
	6	SIOP 074	
Q		GIND-26	
	7	SIOP 185	
	11	MON01	
	7	GIND-89	
Q		GIND-89	
	6	REDH03	
	7	SIOP 181	
	7	GIND-88	
	11	GIND-90	
	7	GINM-11	

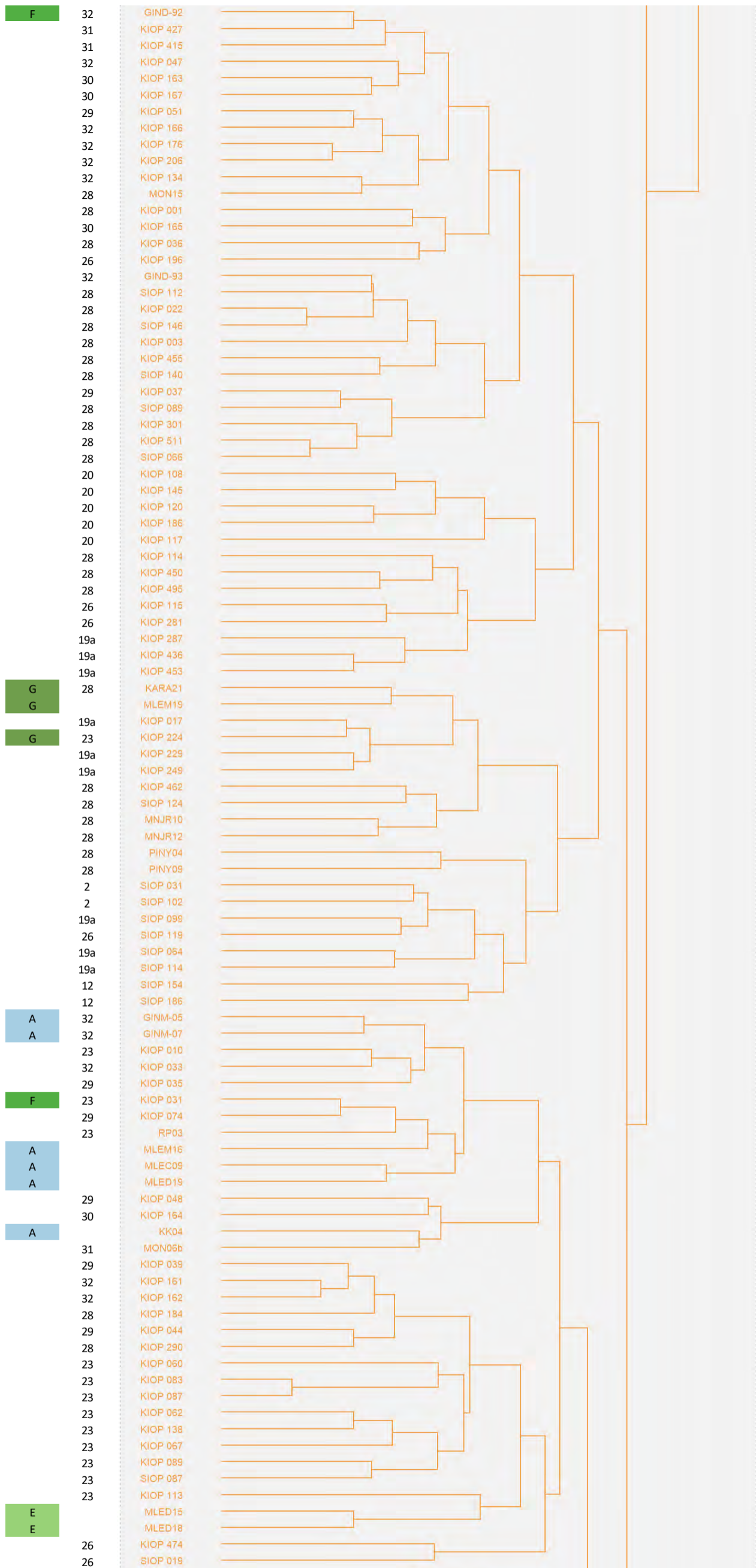
R	23	FAC-09
	7	GINM-00
Q	7	GIND-57
	7	GIND-87
Q	7	GINM-03
Q	7	KIOP 219
Q		KML21
	7	KIOP 230
C	7	FAC-14
Q	7	FAC-15
Q	7	FAC-34
Q	7	KIOP 242
Q	7	KIOP 243
	7	KIOP 251
	14	SIOP 011
Q	7	FAC-17
	7	KIOP 110
Q	7	FAC-31
	7	KIOP 038
	7	KIOP 306
	13	KIOP 095
	13	SIOP 151
	13	SIOP 163
Q	7	GIND-97
	7	KIOP 018
	7	KIOP 313
	7	KIOP 057
	10	SIOP 167
	6	SIOP 038
Q	8	GIND-59
Q		MLEM15
	6	KIOP 007
	6	KIOP 084
	6	KIOP 080
	12	SIOP 131
	13	GIND-85
	14	KIOP 092
	13	GINM-09
	13	KIOP 330
	13	KIOP 075
	13	RP04
	13	SIOP 076
S	10	FAC-11
S		MLEK07
S	11	FAC-26
	11	GHI-01
S	11	KIOP 221
S	11	KIOP 030
S		MLEM06
S	11	GINM-04
	11	KIOP 263
R		MLEC05
	11	KIOP 433
	11	KIOP 434
T		MLEC14
T		MLEK14
T		MLEK19
T		MLEM04
T		MLEC18
T		MLEC19
T		MLEM03
	7	GIND-86
	17	KIOP 402
	23	RP02
	11	KIOP 231
	11	KIOP 304
R		KML22
R		MLEQ-005
R		MLEQ-006
R		MLEQ-010
R		MLEQ-004
	23	FAC-32
	17	KIOP 172
	17	KIOP 490
	13	KIOP 279
	13	KIOP 372
	13	KIOP 374
O	7	GIND-19
	7	GINM-10
	17	KIOP 254
R		KML23
R		MLEC16
	18	KIOP 256
	18	KIOP 469
	18	KIOP 470
	18	KIOP 459
	18	KIOP 302
	18	KIOP 460
	18	KIOP 502
	18	KIOP 506
	18	KIOP 356
	18	KIOP 491
	18	KIOP 457
	18	KIOP 473
	17	KIOP 454
	17	KIOP 510
	17	KIOP 501

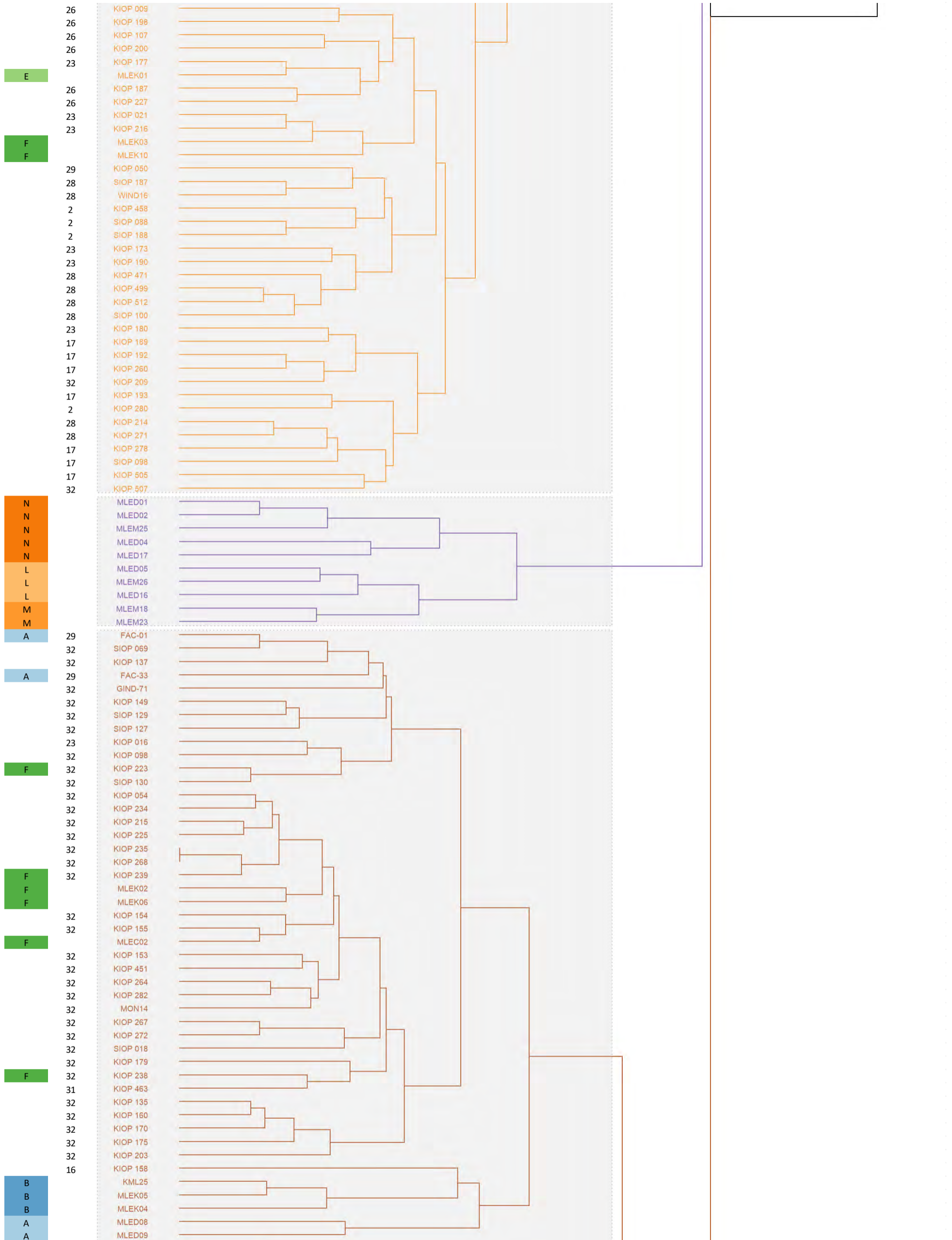


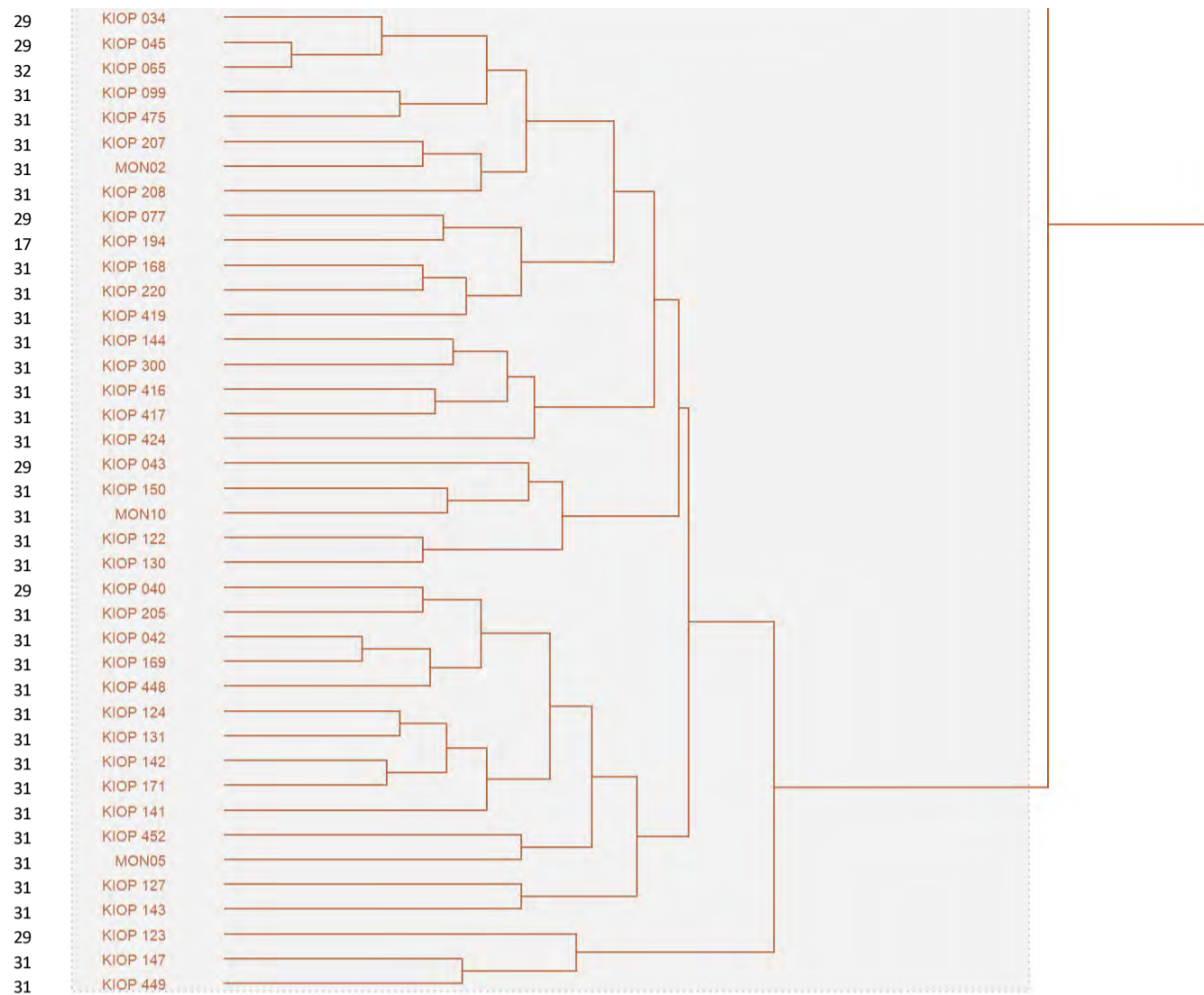




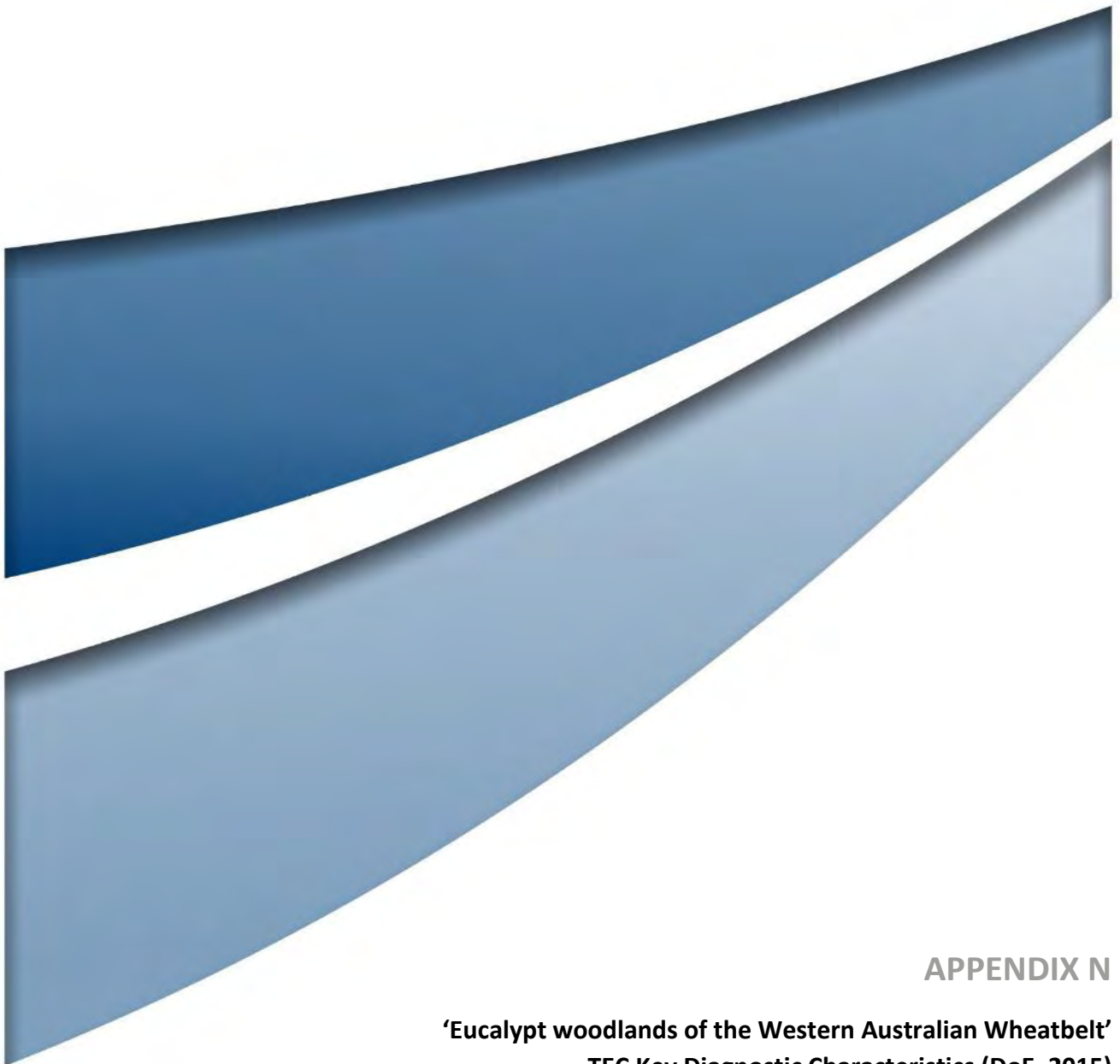
D	27	GIND-01
D	27	GIND-08
D	27	GIND-84
D	27	GIND-02
D	27	GIND-03
	27	GIND-66
	27	GIND-67
	26	SIOP 021
D	27	GIND-76
D		KMLL04
D		MLEC07
	24	JASP04
	27	GIND-63
	27	KIOP 157
	27	KIOP 182
	19a	KIOP 008
D	27	GIND-77
D	27	GIND-82
H	24	GIND-45
H	24	KIOP 081
	27	GIND-58
	26	KIOP 361
	26	KIOP 384
	26	KIOP 432
H		MLEC06
	19a	KIOP 317
	19a	KIOP 322
	19a	KIOP 404
	19a	SIOP 125
	19a	KIOP 405
	19a	KIOP 355
	19a	KIOP 373
	26	KIOP 101
	26	KIOP 393
	26	KIOP 286
	26	KIOP 305
	26	KIOP 296
S	23	FAC-13
S		MLEK17
S	23	FAC-22
	23	KIOP 228
	23	KIOP 005
R	26	GIND-10
R		MLED12
R		MLEK15
	27	GIND-61
	23	SIOP 043
	9	KIOP 276
	23	KIOP 387
	23	SIOP 178
E	23	FAC-30
S	23	KIOP 024
S	23	KIOP 027
	23	KIOP 014
E		MLEK11
	25	SIOP 120
	23	KIOP 012
F	23	KIOP 032
	23	KIOP 233
E		MLEM07
	23	KIOP 091
E		MLEC08
E		MLEK12
F		MLEM09
	23	KIOP 011
F	23	KIOP 023
	25	SIOP 039
	25	SIOP 055
	25	SIOP 161
	28	MNJR11
	25	SIOP 094
	28	MNJR19
	2	MNJR25
	23	KIOP 015
	23	KIOP 188
	23	SIOP 097







A



APPENDIX N

**'Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt'
TEC Key Diagnostic Characteristics (DoE, 2015)**

The following text and key diagnostic characteristics of the 'Eucalypt woodlands of the Western Australian Wheatbelt' TEC have been taken from the Approved Conservation Advice (DoE, 2015). With this conservation advice document in mind, as stated on page 19 of DoE (2015):

- 'For EPBC Act referral, assessment and compliance purposes, the national ecological community is limited to patches that meet the key diagnostic characteristics in Section 3.2. PLUS the condition thresholds in Section 3.3. The additional factors noted in Section 3.4. and critical areas noted in Section 3.5 also should be taken into consideration.'
- The key diagnostic characteristics are based on location, structure of the upper stratum, species in the upper stratum, and understorey components.

The distribution of the ecological community is limited to the below IBRA bioregions and subregions:

- Avon Wheatbelt - subregions AVW01 Merredin and AVW02 Katanning.
- Mallee - MAL02 Western Mallee only.
- Jarrah Forest - outlying patches in the eastern parts of JAF01 Northern Jarrah Forests and JAF02 Jarrah Forests adjacent to the Avon Wheatbelt, that are off the Darling Range, and receive less than 600 mm mean annual rainfall. These areas are effectively an extension of the Avon Wheatbelt landscape in that they comprise vegetation subject to similar climate, landscape and threats.

The ecological community generally occurs within the 300–600 mm rainfall isohyets. Within the Jarrah Forest bioregion, the ecological community occurs on landscapes that fall below the 600 mm isohyet, are off the Darling Range, associated with the Yilgarn Craton geology, and are generally heavily cleared.

The structure of the ecological community is a woodland in which the minimum crown cover of the tree canopy in a mature woodland is 10 % (crowns measured as if they are opaque).

Note: The maximum tree canopy cover is typically up to 40 %. It may be higher in certain circumstances, for instance: trees with a mallet growth form may be more densely spaced; or disturbances such as fire may result in an increased cover of canopy species during regeneration.

Recent disturbances such as fire may cause the loss of a mature tree canopy and a shift to a different, regenerative state for a woodland. Under these circumstances, the loss of a tree canopy is likely to be a temporary phenomenon, if natural regeneration is not interrupted. There should be evidence that: (1) the key eucalypt species typical of the ecological community were formerly present at a site by the presence of stumps, logs, photos, past surveys/knowledge; and (2) that the tree canopy will regenerate from seedlings, saplings or epicormic regrowth. Some wheatbelt woodland eucalypts, including the mallets, gimlet and salmon gum, are killed by fire and regenerate from seeds only, so it may take decades for a mature woodland structure to re-establish (Gosper et al., 2013). This temporary regenerative state is included as part of the ecological community where seedling and sapling eucalypts are clearly present, and the other diagnostic features and condition thresholds are met.

The key species of the tree canopy of the TEC are species of *Eucalyptus* as identified in **Table M.1**. These are species that typically have a single trunk. One or more of the tree species in **Table M.1** must be dominant or co-dominant within a patch of the ecological community. If other species are present in the tree canopy (e.g. species in **Table M.2** or other taxa), then these collectively must not occur as dominants in the tree canopy.

Note: Some woodlands may have a lower tree layer of mallee or non-eucalypt tree species. In this case, the upper tree canopy must comprise mainly of key woodland species in **Table M.1** and have an upper canopy cover of 10 % or more. This helps distinguish woodland with a mallee subcanopy, from true mallee communities which may have woodland trees as sparse or occasional emergents.

A native understorey is present but is of variable composition, being a combination of grasses, other herbs and shrubs, as specified in section 2.3.2 of DoE (2015), and in **Table M.1**.

Note: Given the WA wheatbelt is a region of high natural biodiversity, this plant species list does not include all plant species that may be encountered in the WA Wheatbelt Woodland ecological community.

Contra-indicators: the presence of the following features in the vegetation indicates that the ecological community is not likely to be present:

- A dominant presence of eucalypts with a mallee growth form. However, mallee species can occur as an understorey or minor canopy component of the ecological community, as noted in the diagnostic features, above.
- A dominant presence of non-eucalypt species in the tree canopy, for instance *Acacia acuminata* (Jam) or *Allocasuarina huegeliana* (Rock sheoak). However, these non-eucalypt species can be present as an understorey or minor canopy component of the ecological community.
- Shrublands or herblands in which the tree canopy layer is very sparse to absent, either naturally or maintained so through long-term disturbance. Native vegetation where a tree canopy was formerly present is often referred to as ‘derived’ or ‘secondary’ vegetation. These sites would fall below the 10 % minimum canopy cover threshold for a woodland, noted in the diagnostic features, above.
- Woodlands that have the same key eucalypt species but occur in adjacent bioregions, notably the Coolgardie, Esperance Sandplains, Yalgoo and Geraldton Sandplains bioregions. These are not part of the national ecological community. All woodlands that occur in bioregions outside the wheatbelt, as defined in this conservation advice, are not part of the WA Wheatbelt Woodland ecological community.
- Woodlands dominated by eucalypts that are restricted to granite outcrops and rocky rises, for instance *Eucalyptus caesia* (Caesia or Gungurru). However, some woodlands occur on the base around rock outcrops, but not on the actual outcrop, and these may be part of the ecological community; for instance, York gum – jam woodlands.

Condition thresholds: Minimum condition thresholds for patches of the WA Wheatbelt Woodlands ecological community (as per Table 3 of DoE (2015)) are presented in **Table M.3**.

Table M.1 Key Eucalypt Species (presented as Table 2a in DoE (2015))

One or more of these species are dominant or co-dominant within a given patch of the ecological community

Scientific Name	Common Name(s)
<i>Eucalyptus accedens</i>	Powder-bark; powder-bark wandoo
<i>Eucalyptus aequioperta</i>	Welcome Hill gum
<i>Eucalyptus alipes</i>	Hyden mallet
<i>Eucalyptus astringens</i> subsp. <i>astringens</i>	Brown mallet
<i>Eucalyptus capillosa</i>	Wheatbelt wandoo
<i>Eucalyptus densa</i> subsp. <i>densa</i>	Narrow-leaved blue mallet
<i>Eucalyptus extensa</i>	Yellow mallet
<i>Eucalyptus falcata</i>	Silver mallet
<i>Eucalyptus gardneri</i> subsp. <i>gardneri</i>	Blue mallet
<i>Eucalyptus goniocarpa</i>	Lake King mallet
<i>Eucalyptus kondininensis</i>	Kondinin blackbutt
<i>Eucalyptus longicornis</i>	Red morrel
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>loxophleba</i>	York gum
<i>Eucalyptus melanoxydon</i>	Black morrel
<i>Eucalyptus mimica</i> subsp. <i>continens</i>	Hooded mallet
<i>Eucalyptus mimica</i> subsp. <i>mimica</i>	Newdegate mallet
<i>Eucalyptus myriadena</i>	Small-fruited gum; blackbutt
<i>Eucalyptus occidentalis</i>	Flat-topped yate
<i>Eucalyptus ornata</i>	Ornamental silver mallet; ornate mallet
<i>Eucalyptus recta</i>	Mt Yule silver mallet; Cadoux mallet
<i>Eucalyptus rudis</i> subsp. <i>rudis</i>	Flooded gum
<i>Eucalyptus salicola</i>	Salt gum; salt salmon gum
<i>Eucalyptus salmonophloia</i>	Salmon gum
<i>Eucalyptus salubris</i>	Gimlet
<i>Eucalyptus sargentii</i> subsp. <i>sargentii</i>	Salt river gum
<i>Eucalyptus singularis</i>	Ridge-top mallet
<i>Eucalyptus spathulata</i> subsp. <i>spathulata</i>	Swamp mallet
<i>Eucalyptus spathulata</i> subsp. <i>salina</i>	Salt River mallet
<i>Eucalyptus urna</i>	Merrit
<i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i> subsp. <i>pulverea</i>	Wandoo
<i>Eucalyptus wandoo</i> subsp. <i>wandoo</i>	Wandoo

Table M.2 Associated Canopy Species (presented as Table 2b in DoE (2015))

May be present within the ecological community but are not dominant or co-dominant

Scientific Name	Common Name(s)
<i>Acacia acuminata</i>	Jam
<i>Allocasuarina huegeliana</i>	Rock sheoak
<i>Corymbia calophylla</i>	Marri
<i>Eucalyptus annulata</i>	Prickly-fruited mallee
<i>Eucalyptus arachnaea</i> subsp. <i>arachnaea</i>	Black-stemmed mallee

Scientific Name	Common Name(s)
<i>Eucalyptus arachnaea</i> subsp. <i>arrecta</i>	Black-stemmed mallet
<i>Eucalyptus armillata</i>	Flanged mallet
<i>Eucalyptus calycogona</i> subsp. <i>calycogona</i>	Square-fruited mallee
<i>Eucalyptus camaldulensis</i> subsp. <i>arida</i>	River red gum
<i>Eucalyptus celastroides</i> subsp. <i>virella</i>	Wheatbelt mallee
<i>Eucalyptus cylindrifolia</i>	Goldfields white mallee
<i>Eucalyptus decipiens</i>	Redheart; moit
<i>Eucalyptus drummondii</i>	Drummond's mallee
<i>Eucalyptus eremophila</i>	Sand mallee
<i>Eucalyptus erythronema</i> subsp. <i>erythronema</i>	Red-flowered mallee
<i>Eucalyptus eudesmioides</i>	Kalbarri mallee
<i>Eucalyptus flocktoniae</i> subsp. <i>flocktoniae</i>	Flockton's mallee
<i>Eucalyptus gittinsii</i> subsp. <i>illucida</i>	Northern sandplain mallee
<i>Eucalyptus incrassata</i>	Ridge-fruited mallee
<i>Eucalyptus kochii</i> subsp. <i>plenissima</i>	Traying mallee
<i>Eucalyptus leptopoda</i> subsp. <i>leptopoda</i>	Merredin mallee; Tammin mallee
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>gratae</i>	Lake Grace mallee
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>lissophloia</i>	Smooth-barked York gum
<i>Eucalyptus loxophleba</i> subsp. <i>supralaevis</i>	Blackbutt York gum
<i>Eucalyptus macrocarpa</i>	Mottlecah
<i>Eucalyptus marginata</i>	Jarrah
<i>Eucalyptus moderata</i>	Redwood mallee
<i>Eucalyptus obtusiflora</i>	Dongara mallee
<i>Eucalyptus olivine</i>	Olive-leaved mallee
<i>Eucalyptus orthostemon</i>	Diverse mallee
<i>Eucalyptus perangusta</i>	Fine-leaved mallee
<i>Eucalyptus phaenophylla</i>	Common southern mallee
<i>Eucalyptus phenax</i> subsp. <i>phenax</i>	White mallee
<i>Eucalyptus pileata</i>	Capped mallee
<i>Eucalyptus platypus</i> subsp. <i>platypus</i>	Moort
<i>Eucalyptus polita</i>	Parker Range mallet
<i>Eucalyptus sheathiana</i>	Ribbon-barked mallee
<i>Eucalyptus sporadica</i>	Burngup mallee
<i>Eucalyptus subangusta</i> subsp. <i>subangusta</i>	Grey mallee
<i>Eucalyptus tenera</i>	Glazed mallee
<i>Eucalyptus tephroclada</i>	Holleton mallee
<i>Eucalyptus thamnoides</i>	Brown mallee
<i>Eucalyptus transcontinentalis</i>	Redwood
<i>Eucalyptus vegrandis</i>	Ongerup mallee; Cranbrook mallee
<i>Eucalyptus wubinensis</i>	Wubin mallee
<i>Eucalyptus yilgarnensis</i>	Yorrel

Table M.3 Minimum Condition for Patches of the WA Wheatbelt Woodlands Ecological Community

For each category, both the weed cover and mature tree presence criteria must apply plus one of either patch size or patch width, depending on whether the patch is a roadside remnant or not

Cover of exotic plants (weeds) AND	Mature trees ¹ AND	Minimum patch size (non-roadside patches) ² OR	Minimum patch width (roadsides only) ³
Category A: Patches likely to correspond to a condition of Pristine / Excellent / Very Good (B. J. Keighery, 1994) or a High RCV (RCC, 2015)			
Exotic plant species account for 0 to 30 % of total vegetation cover in the understorey layers (i.e. below the tree canopy)	Mature trees may be present or absent	2 ha or more	5 m or more
Category B: Patches likely to correspond to a condition of Good (B. J. Keighery, 1994) or a Medium-High RCV (RCC, 2015), AND retains important habitat features			
Exotic plant species account for more than 30, to 50 % of total vegetation cover in the understorey layers (i.e. below the tree canopy)	Mature trees are present with at least 5 trees per 0.5 ha	2 ha or more	5 m or more
Category C: Patches likely to correspond to a condition of Good (B. J. Keighery, 1994) or a Medium-High RCV (RCC, 2015)			
Exotic plant species account for more than 30, to 50 % of total vegetation cover in the understorey layers (i.e. below the tree canopy)	Mature trees either absent or less than 5 trees per 0.5 ha are present	5 ha or more	5 m or more
Category D: Patches likely to correspond to a condition of Degraded to Good (B. J. Keighery, 1994) or a Medium-Low to Medium-High RCV (RCC, 2015) BUT retains important habitat features			
Exotic plant species account for more than 50 to 70 % of total vegetation cover in the understorey layers (i.e. below the tree canopy)	Mature trees are present with at least 5 trees per 0.5 ha	5 ha or more	5 m or more

Note:

¹: Mature trees have a diameter at breast height (DBH) of 30 cm or above. The DBH for mature trees aligns with the EPBC referral guidelines for the breeding habitat of threatened black cockatoo species (DSEWPaC, 2012). These note that, for salmon gum and wandoo trees, suitable nest hollows can develop in trees with a DBH of 30 cm or more. Note that larger trees may be killed by factors such as intense fire or flood, but the patch may still be in reasonable condition if there are immature trees regenerating.

²: The minimum patch size thresholds apply to native vegetation remnants that do not occur along roadsides.

³: Minimum patch width applies only to vegetation remnants along roadsides and tend to be long but narrow. The width here is based on the native understorey component rather than width of the tree canopy. Some allowance must be made for small breaks or variations in native species cover along linear patches. Given the generally open nature of the tree canopy and some understorey structures, a break in the continuity of native vegetation cover of 50 m or more, is likely to indicate that separate patches are present. An exception is for main, often bitumen-covered, roads that bisect otherwise continuous vegetation; most local government roads in the wheatbelt have a road reserve of 20 m. In these cases, native vegetation along either side of the road is considered to be a separate patch.

Further information to assist in determination of presence of ecological community

As per section 3.4 of DoE (2015), the following further information will apply:

Patch: A patch is defined as a discrete and mostly continuous area of the ecological community. A patch may include small-scale variations and disturbances, such as tracks or breaks, watercourses/drainage lines or localised changes in vegetation that do not act as a permanent barrier or significantly alter its overall functionality. A large break in native vegetation cover, for instance a gap dominated by non-native weed or crop species, is considered to indicate that separate patches occur.

Buffer zone: A buffer zone is the area that lies immediately outside the edge of a patch but is not part of the ecological community. The recommended minimum buffer zone for the ecological community is 40 metres from the edge of a patch as determined from the outer edge of the tree canopy.

Revegetated areas: Revegetated or replanted sites or areas of regrowth are not excluded from the listed ecological community so long as the patch meets the key diagnostic characteristics and condition thresholds.

Sampling protocols: Thorough and representative on-ground surveys are essential to accurately assess the extent and condition of the ecological community. Sampling should begin with a quick reconnaissance to determine the key variations in vegetation, landscape qualities and management history (where possible) across the site. The site should then be thoroughly sampled on a representative basis for vegetation cover and plant species diversity. Sampling based upon an area of at least 10 m x 10 m, or an equivalently sized shape (i.e. 100 m² = 0.01 ha) would be suitable. Larger and more variable areas of vegetation will need more samples or quadrats to assess a site accurately. Recording the sampling effort (identifying the number of person hours spend per plot across the patch, along with the surveyors' level of expertise) is recommended for referral.

Timing of surveys: Whilst identifying the ecological community and its condition is possible at most times of the year, consideration must be given to the role that season and disturbance history may play in an assessment. For example, flowering may be necessary to identify shrub species; native herbaceous species may not be evident in summer, autumn, or particularly dry winter and spring seasons; and active growth will indicate population sizes of annual weeds. Immediately after a fire, one or more vegetation layers, or groups of species (e.g. obligate seeders), may not be evident for a time. Timing of surveys should allow for a reasonable interval after a disturbance (natural or human-induced) to allow for regeneration of species to become evident, and be timed to enable diagnostic species to be identified. At a minimum, it is important to note climate conditions and what kind of disturbance may have happened within a patch, and when that disturbance occurred, as far as possible.

